United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entries-	-complete applicat	ole sections			
1. Name	е				
historic Har	nover Farm Ho	use			
and/or common	<u> </u>				
2. Loca	tion				
street & number	19501 Darn	estown Road	(Maryla	and Route 28) _	not for publication
city, town	Beallsvill	e <u>X</u> vid	cinity of	congressional district	Eighth
state	Maryland	code 24	county	Montgomery	code 031
3. Class	sification				
district _X building(s) structure	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considere	<u>X</u> yes: re	upied n progress e estricted	Present Use X agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
street & number	2k Brothers, 19501 Darne Beallsville	stown Road	cinity of		aryland 20704
	tion of Le				aryrand 20704
courthouse, regist	ry of deeds, etc.	Montgome	ry Coun	ty Courthouse	
street & number					
city, town		Rockvill	.e	state ¹	Maryland 20850
6. Repr	esentatio	n in Exis	sting	Surveys	
ntle Historic	American Bui	ldings Surv	Bas this pro	perty been determined ele	gible? yes no
date 1936			<u></u>	x federal state	e county local
depository for sur	vey records Lib	rary of Con	gress		
city. town	Was	hington		state	D.C.

_		_						- 1	
7			0	C	^	21	1	T	n
	•		·	J	v				

Condition Check one Check one excellent deteriorated unaltered original site	
--	--

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Hanover farm is situated 17 miles west of Rockville on the north side of Maryland Route 28, .6 miles east of Beallsville, in Montgomery County, Maryland. The dwelling, situated well back from the road, is reached by a curving drive of about one-half mile. The five acre nominated property is a nearly square tract encompassing the principal residence, garage, office and double corn crib/machinery shed, set within a farm of 281 acres. The dwelling is brick, ell-shaped, of classically influenced Federal period design with simple ornamentation. A two story Queen Anne addition joins the original main block to the original kitchen building.

The house consists of three sections: the main block and kitchen wing dating from 1801-1804, and a l½-story modern kitchen wing added in 1954. The house is built of brick with red brown sandstone foundations. The main block is two stories plus attic, three bays wide by one deep. The brick on the front (south) wall is laid in Flemish bond. The roof is patterned metal. A boxed cornice, supported by a 10" curved molding, covers the rafter ends.

A one-story porch with plain round pillars. Stone foundations of this portico remain beneath the later porch.

The doorway located in the center bay has a four-light transom above the four panel door. Flanking the door are vertical panels each containing three lights with wood paneling beneath. The 12-inch reveals are paneled. The surround of the doorway is fluted with plain square tablets at the top corners.

The two side bays each contain a 9 over 6 Guillotine window at the first floor level with original mullions and hand blown glass. At the second floor level there is a 6 over 6 window in each bay. The walls are carried over the openings by jack arches. The windows and doors have stone sills.

The west wall contains an interior chimney, no windows on the first and second floor levels. Two four-pane attic windows flanking the chimney have brick headers forming the flat arches. The brick on this, the back and east walls, is laid up in common bond, one row of headers to three rows of stretchers.

The back (north) wall contains five windows. The two side bays contain 9 over 6 windows on the first floor and 6 over 6 windows on the second floor corresponding to those on the front of the house. In the center bay there is a 6 over 6 window halfway between the first and second floor levels which lights the stairway. Below this window, a little to the right, is a bricked-in doorway.

The old kitchen wing, originally connected to the main block by a breezeway, runs east and west in line with the main block. The front (south) wall is laid up in Flemish bond. According to family members, after the Civil War, the breezeway was enclosed by a 2-story projecting Queen Anne bay window containing three windows on each story, with exterior of German

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR HCRS USE ONLY
RECEIVED
DATE ENTERED.

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 7

PAGE

(DESCRIPTION, continued)

siding and fishscale shingles. A second story was added above the kitchen and the kitchen made into a dining room. A wooden structure was built to the north of the dining room to house the kitchen. The 6 over 6 windows in the brick second floor addition are surmounted by curved brick arches with recessed wood panels.

The east wall of this wing contains a large stone exterior chimney with brick stack and a doorway with arched opening matching the windows.

The exterior chimney flanked by two four-pane attic windows on the east wall of the main block is visible above the roof of the kitchen wing.

In 1954 the wooden kitchen structure was replaced by a one and a half story brick wing. The roof is pierced by two dormers. This wing contains a kitchen, breakfast room and porch on the first floor and a bedroom, bath and hall above.

On the interior the main block originally contained a large room on each side of a center hall. The center hall had door openings at front and back and a stairway rising in two runs, with a 6 over 6 window at the landing level. Each of the two rooms contained north and south windows and a fireplace. In the 1930s two interior walls were removed and the lower flight of stairs turned to run parallel with the back wall. At this time the back center hall doorway was closed and bricked over. The first floor of the main block is now one large room with the original main entrance in the center of the south wall. On the north side, the stairway rises against the wall, lighted by the landing window, and turns at a right angle to reach the second floor.

At the west end of the living room is the original fireplace with an elaborately carved mantelpiece. The surround of the fireplace is a 2" band with diagonal reeding. On each side slender vertical posts are slightly rounded and reeded. Above each post are rectangles with oval inserts carved in a ray or fan design. The center panel on the front contains fan shaped carving within a rectangle. The panels flanking the center panel of the front are carved in diagonal reeding. Beneath themantel shelf there is a 2" strip carved in a lattice design.

The floorboards in the large living room are tongue in groove, 6 to 10 inches wide and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. The trim on the window openings is four-inch beaded board.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #2

(11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR	HCRS	USE	ONL	1266			
				466			
REC	EIVED						
DAI	E ENT	ERED					

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

(DESCRIPTION, continued)

On the second floor of the main block there is a large center hall with a south-facing 6 over 6 window. The hall was flanked by two large bedrooms, each with north and south windows and each with fireplaces and molded chair rail. The west bedroom still contains its original fireplace, mantelpiece and chair rail.

The attic most clearly shows the age of this house. Totally unaltered, it has a single partition of unpainted beaded vertical boards, beaded board and batten doors with iron thumb latches of very early design, handmade rosehead nails and 15" plank flooring.

The old kitchen wing is built at a lower elevation than the main block. There are three steps descending from the main block to this wing on both the first floor and the second floor levels.

The present dining room was originall the kitchen. On the east wall there is a cooking fireplace, built of stone which contains an iron crane. The mantel at this fireplace is original to the house but was removed from another room. A beaded board surrounds the opening, then two bands of cyma moulding. The front is plain. Beneath the mantel shelf there is an inch wide dentil moulding.

The second floor of this wing contains two large bedrooms and a hall. It is reached by a boxed staircase rising in two runs from the dining room.

The cellar under the main block has stone walls, a dirt floor and is entered from the outside by a bulkhead door.

The main block and kitchen wing of this house are original. The house has been enlarged by the addition of the second floor to the kitchen wing and the story and a half ell to the back.

There are three outbuildings within the boundaries of the nominated property. These are located very near the dwelling and contribute to its setting.

OFFICE. One story frame structure with tin covered gable roof, clapboard siding containing three small rooms with most of the interior partitions removed. Interior decorative detail is simple. There is a chimney between the first and second rooms. Building erected in the

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #3.

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 3

(DESCRIPTION, continued)

late 19th century to serve as servants' quarters. The south end of the office is located 20 feet north of the back steps (north end) of the dwelling and appears to be a continuation of the kitchen ell.

- 2. GARAGE One story rectangular masonry building with gable roof. Build in the 1940s. Located onthe east side of a 30' wide driveway, opposite and parallel to the kitchen ell and the office.
- 3. DOUBLE CORN CRIB/MACHINERY SHED. Three bay frame building with gable roof and vertical board siding. Two stories high at the center of the gable, one story at the two ends of the gable. First story of the center bay is open, designed to store horse-drawn farm machinery. Second floor (above open bay) contains doors on front and back for loading hay. Two enclosed side bays each have one large door. Built late 19th century. Located 100' northwest of the end of the office and about 150' northwest of the rear of the dwelling.

A long drive way crosses the farm from the secondary highway to enter the nominated property running east-west and turning 90 degrees to run north-south to the dwelling. There is extensive planting around the foundations of all the buildings and bordering the driveway. There are many large shade trees including maples, oaks, locusts, and walnuts, surrounding the house and near the driveway.

The farm buildings on the surrounding acreage—two large barns, two small residences, sheds and animal shelters, built in recent years, the earliest in the early 20th century, the latest in 1942, do not contribute to the historical significance of the principal residence so were not included in the nominated acreage. A large barn built around 1850 is deteriorating and will be removed.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #4.

The owner considers five acrews to be a sufficient amount of land to furnish a suitable setting for the house. It includes the hilltop on which the house and nearest outbuildings are situated, surrounding large trees, landscape planting around driveway and buildings, and several acres of lawn. The surrounding farmland, 276 acres, is planted in nursery stock. The owner is seeking a suitable agricultural conservation

The state of the s

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

Hanover Farm Montgomery County Maryland

ITEM NUMBER

4 PAGE

(DESCRIPTION, continued)

CONTINUATION SHEET

plan in which to participate to insure the continued agricultural use of the acreage surrounding the nominated five acres.

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 X 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historicX_ agriculture architecture art commerce communications	 k and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention 	landscape architecture	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1801-1804	Euilder/Architect		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

SIGNIFICANCE

The house on Hanover Farz derives its significance from three major sources: 1) its agricultural association as the residence of five generations of a Maryland family who for over 160 years have made their living farming this land which is one of the earliest tracts platted in Montgomery County; 2) its architecture as an excellent and typical example of Maryland's classical influenced rural architecture of the early nineteenth century and how these buildings were often enlarged and adapt? eto chaming tastes and life styles of the occupants yet still retaining the basic features; and 3) its local and state political associations as the home of a Revolutionary War soldier, William Hempstone, for whom the house was erected; his son Nathan who served on several local county commissions; and a third generation owner and occupant, Charles Greenburg Griffith, who was married to Caroline Hempstone and served one term as a Montgomery County Commissioner and two terms in the Maryland Legislature, 1905 and 1918.

HISTORY AND SUPPORT

For twenty-five years after the first land patent in upper Montgomery County was recorded by Richard Brightwell in 1695, there was no interest accorded this part of Maryland by the settlers in southern Maryland until Daniel Dulaney was granted a patent in 1721 for 1,600 acres. A year later, Dr. Patrick Hepburn, a prosperous Prince George's County resident and a speculator in land as was Daniel Dulaney, received a patent for 1,500 acres situated on the headwaters of the Dry-Seneca. He called his grant, "Hanover," in honor of his English King, George I, who was of the House of Hanover. Samuel Hepburn inherited his father's land, increasing the size of this tract to 2,216 acres. A 1783 Assessment record describes it as "38 miles from Georgetown, a great part arable, some very good and some indifferent." It was assessed at one pound per acre.

In 1790, 1796, and 1801, he sold three contiguous parcels of this early patent to two brothers, Christian Townley Hempstone and William Hempstone. Their father, William Mathias Hempstone, had been one of the earliest settlers of this part of Frederick County which later became Montgomery County.

It was William Hempstone's part of "Resurvey on Hanover" which remained in the same family for five generations, from 1801 to 1964. Each of the owners was distinguished in his time for successful farming endeavors and for service to his community.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #5.

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR HCRS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED.

Hanover Farm Montgomery County

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

(SIGNIFICANCE, continued)

William Hempstone served in the Maryland militia during the Revolutionary War.

He built the brick residence on "Resurvey on Hanover" in the early 19th century. This surmise is based on the construction methods and on an early tax assessment. The use of Flemish bond pattern in the walls of both the main block and the kitchen wing, the mortise and tenon, pegged construction, the width of plank flooring and the sixe of hand hewn timbers indicate very early construction techniques. An 1804 tax assessment of two farms owned by William Hempstone gives a much higher value per acre on one that the other, even though the lands are contiguous and of the same quality. The difference would indicate the presence of buildings on the "Hanover" farm.

In 1804, beside his two farms comprising 524 acres, William Hempstone owned sevenslaves and substantial personal property. The 1810 census shows that he owned 23 slaves. When he died without a will in 1828, his property was divided by court order among his eight children.

Nathan Hempstone, the oldes son, became owner of the part of the property"...being the mansion farm..." Nathan remained a bachelor. When he died and his property was divided by court order in 1852, he had acquired even more land and property than his father.

Nathan's younger brother, Armistead Hempstone, inherited "the residence," where he had lvied his whole life. He was also a successful farmer, owner of slaves, substantial personal property and land. In 1869 he deeded one-half acre of land to the School Board for a school site. He served as District #12 school trustee in 1881, 1882.

His will directed the disposition of his property and the residence farm was bought by his daughter, Caroline, and her husband, Charles Greenbury Griffith, in 1895. A third large family was reared in this house. Charles Greenbury Griffith was a prosperous farmer and miller. He served as County Commissioner in 1903 and was elected to the Maryland Legislature in 1905 and in 1919.

His daughter, Harriet Griffith Bastable, bought the farm from the other heirs of her father's estate. Her nephew, Charles Davis, great-great-grandson of William Hempstone, successfully operated a large dairy farm for Mrs. Bastable and later bought the farm. When he retired from

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #6.

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm

Montgomery County

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 8

8 PAGE

(SIGNIFICANCE, continued)

farming, Charles Davis sold "Hanover Farm" (Resurvey on Hanover") to the present owners, Stock Brothers, Inc.

The house continues to be in a rural setting and the fields and meadows are now planted with nursery stock. Mr. and Mrs. Stock, who occupy the residence, have made some improvements, restored some of the original features, and maintain it in excellent condition.

The property is referred to in deeds as Hanover and Resurvey of Hanover. During the period from 1932 to 1963, it was called "Charline Manor."

 $^{^{9}}$ Montgomery County Tax List 1804, p. 26, 78. SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #7



¹Scharf, History of Western Maryland, Vol. 1, p. 651.

²Inventory, Prince George's County 1728-29, Vol. 13, folio 325/429, Goods and Chattel of Dr. Patrick Hepburn, deceased.

³Land patent 1722, Plat #5, folio 295, Dr. Patrick Hepburn, Maryland Hall of Records.

Encyclopedia Britannica 1910, Vol. 11, p. 737, 11th edition.

⁵Montgomery County Tax List 1783, "Hanover Resurveyed" 2,216 acres, value 2,216 pounds, Samuel Hepburn.

⁶Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland, D. 452; G 298; K 221

Montgomery County Judgement Records L.___ F.___.

⁸a. Braumbaugh, <u>Maryland Records</u>, Vol. II, p. 353.

b. Laws Made & Passed by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland 1819, Resolution 66.

c. Gravestone, William Hempstone, Monocacy Cemetery, Beallsville Maryland.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE	ONILY		
FUR TURS USE	. VIILI		
RECEIVED			
NEGET 1 1110			
DATE CAREDED		•	
DATE ENTERED			

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 7

(SIGNIFICANCE, continued)

- Census of 1810, National Archives and REcords Service, G.S.A. Census date 1790-1890.
 - 11 Montgomery County Judgment Records, BS2/308.
 - 12 Montgomery County Judgment Records, Liber JGHl, folio 103-
 - 13 Ibid. Folio 116.
 - 14 Montgomery County Land Records, Deed, Liber EBP6, folio 91.
 - ¹⁵Scharf, History of Western Maryland, Vol. I, p. 739.
 - 16 Montgomery County Land Records, JA46/229-34.
- The Biographical Cyclopedia of Representative Men of Maryland and District of Columbia, National Publishing Co., Baltimore, Maryland, 1879.
- 18 McMaster, "A Grateful Remembrance," Published by Montgomery County Government, 1976, Rockville, Maryland, p. 400,402.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #8.

10. Geogr	aphical Data		
Acreage of nominated Quadrangle nameUMT References	property <u>5 acres</u> Poolesville Quadrangle	-	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A 1 8 2 9 2 4 1 Zone Easting	7 10 4 13 3 19 0 14 10 Northing	BZone	Easting Northing
C		D H	
Verbal boundary des	scription and justification		
	SEE CONTINUAT	CION SHEET	#10
List all states and c	ounties for properties overlap	pping state or c	ounty boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form	Prepared By		
name/title Mary A	nn Kephart, Luise St	evens	
organization Histor	ic Medley District,	Inc.	late February, 1979
street & number BO2	232	1	elephone (301) 972-8635
city or town Poo	olesville		state Maryland 20837
12. State	Historic Prese	rvation	Officer Certification
The evaluated significa	nce of this property within the sta	ite is:	
nati	onal X state _	_ local	
665), I hereby nominate	e Historic Preservation Officer for this property for inclusion in the a and procedures set forth by the	National Registe	roric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– r and certify that it has been evaluated vation and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preserva	tion Officer signature	Mitt	6-6-80
title STATE H	STORIC PRESERVATION	OFFICER	date
For HCRS use only			
I hereby certify th	at this property is included in the	National Registe	
Keeper of the Nationa	al Register		date
Attest:			date
Chief of Registration	<u> </u>		

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

سب والمنظمة المناسلة المناسلة		THE SAME AND AND	
FOR HCRS USE	UNLI		
RECEIVED			
IMECETAEN			
	review of the control		
a mmenen		1	
DATE ENTERED). (2.00 to 2.00 (2.00	역시하는 수도 기술	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 9

PAGE

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

PRIMARY SOURCES:

Census of 1810, National Archives & Records Service, Washington, D. C.

Gravestone, "Wm. Hempstone," Monocacy Cemetery, Beallsville, Maryland.

Inventory, Prince George's County 1728-20, Volume 13.

Land Patent, Plat #5, Folio 295, 1722, Dr. Patrick Hepburn, Maryland Hall of Records.

Laws Made and Passed by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, printed by Jonas Green, 1819, Annapolis, Maryland.

Montgomery County Assessment Books, 3rd Election District 1869-76, 1876-1896, 1896, 11th Election District 1908-10.

Montgomery County Judgement Records BS2, JGH1, 179-1805.

Montgomery County Land Records, Liber D, Liber G, Liber K, Liber JA46, Liber EBP6.

Montgomery County Regiver of Wills, GCD2/174, Armistead T. Hempston.

Montgomery County Tax List 1783, 1793, 1804, 1845 (3rd District), 1866.

Historical American Buildings Survey, National Park Service, Library of Congress 1941.

SECONDARY SOURCES:

The Biographical Cyclopedia of Representative Men of Maryland and District of Columbia, National Biographical Publishing Company, Baltimore, Maryland, 1879.

Bowman, Eleanor Hempstone, The Hempstone Family, unpublished, Montgomery County Historical Society.

Brumbaugh, Gains Marcus, <u>Maryland Records</u>, Colonial, Revolutionary, County, Vol. II, Geneological Publishing Company, 1967.

Encyclopedia Britannica, Vol. 11, 11th Edition, University Press, Cambridge, 1910.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #9

M: 17-2

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

1.00	457 1252 4 Pro-C States (40	Migration of the control of the cont
FOR HCRS USE	ONLY	
1		
RECEIVED		
DATE ENTERED		

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 9

(MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES, continued)

Farquhar, Roger Brooke, Old Homes & History of Montgomery County,
Maryland, Judd & Detweiler, Inc., Washington, D. C. 1952, 1962,
pp. 112-114.

Forman, H. Chandlee, <u>Maryland Architecture</u>, Tidewater Publishers, Cambridge, Maryland, 1968, pp. 59-66.

Historic American Buildings Survey.

Scharf, <u>History of Western Maryland</u>, Vol. 1, published 1882, Regional Publishing Company, Baltimore, Maryland, 1968.

Archives of Maryland, XVIII, Lord Baltimore Press, Baltimore, Maryland, 1900.



FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

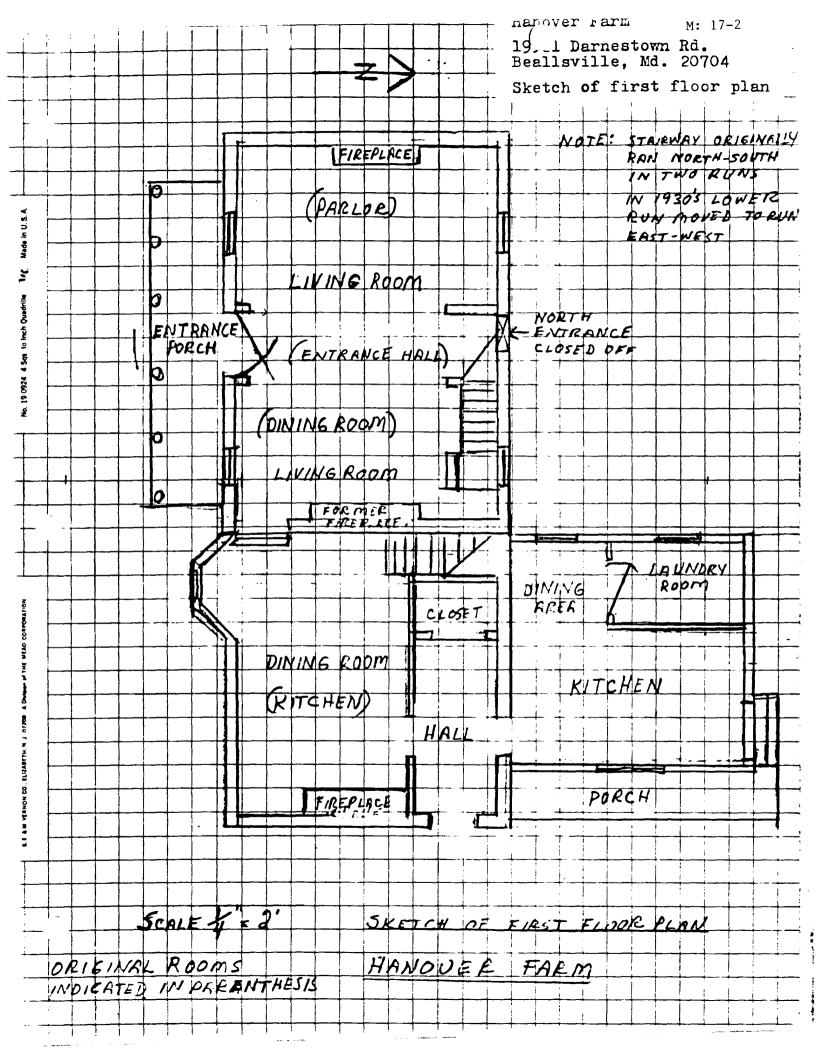
FOR HCRS L	JSE ONL	(
RECEIVED			
DATE ENTER	RED.		

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Hanover Farm
Montgomery County
CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 10

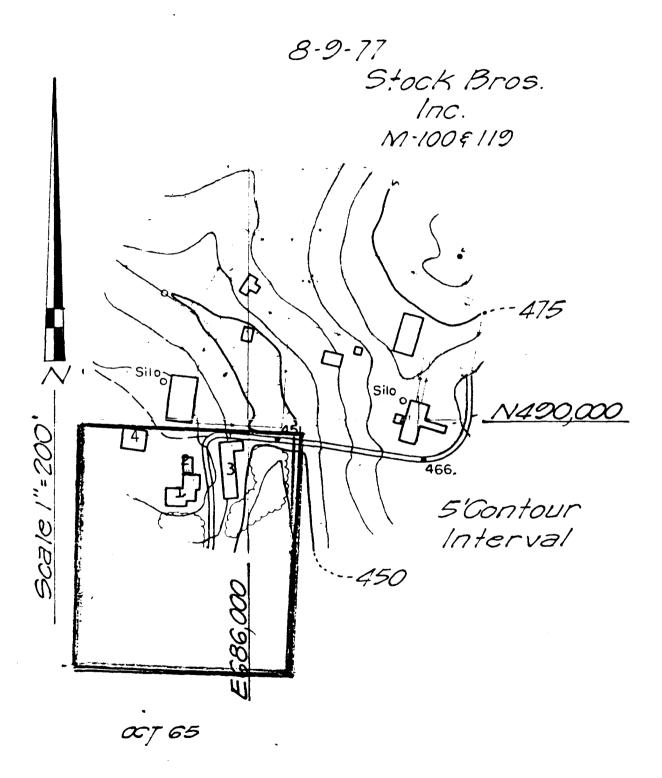
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

The boundary of the nominated 5 acres of Hanover Farm is shown by a red line on the accompanying USGS map entitled "Poolesville Quadrangle", sketch map entitled "Hanover Farm", and contour map by a red and blue line. It is located 17 miles northwest of Rockville, Maryland, .6 mile southeast of Beallsville, Maryland, and approximately 2000' north of Maryland Route 28, a secondary highway. The nominated 5 acres is bounded by a line beginning at a point 175 feet west of the southwest corner of the principal residence then north 300 feet to a point, then east 433 feet to a point, then south 500 feet to a point, then west 433 feet to a point, then north 200 feet to the beginning. See accompanying sketch map.



HANCVER FARL MONTGOMERY CO., A RYLAND
19501 DARNESTOWN ROAD
BEALLSVILLE, ND. 20704

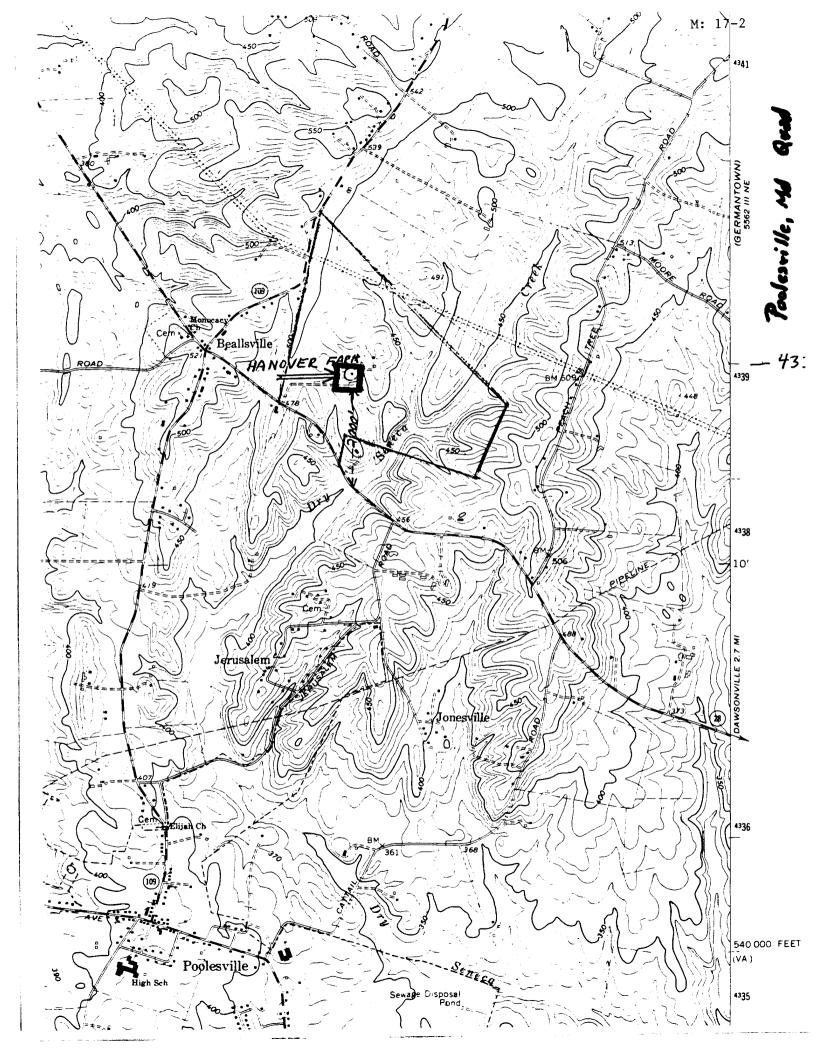
COLFOUR LAP, SCALE 1/200 SHOWING LOCATION OF FIVE ACRE



Boundary of five acre tract

l. Residence

^{3/} Garage 4. Corn Crib



- 1. Name: Charline Manor (Hanover Farm)
- 2. Planning Area/Site Number: 17/2 3. M-NCPPC Atlas Reference: Map 5
- -'. Address: 19501 Darnestown Road, Beallsville
 - 5. Classification Summary

Category building Previous Survey Recording M-NCPPC
Ownership private Title and Date: Inventory of Histor
Public Acquisition NA Sites - 1976 Title and Date: Inventory of Historical occupied Status Federal State X County X Local Accessible no Present use private residence/agriculture

- 6. Date: 1801-1804
- 7. Original Owner: William Hempstone
- 8. Apparent Condition
 - a. excellent b. altered c. original site
- 9. Description: Charline Manor (Hanover Farm) consists of a large brick house and numerous outbuildings. The house has 3 sections: the main block and kitchen wing dating from 1801-04, and a story and a half modern kitchen wing added in 1954. The main block is 2 stories plus attic, 3 bays wide by 1 deep with a box cornice covering the rafter ends and a patterned tin roof. A 1-story porch with plain round pillars extends across the main block. The doorway in the center bay has a 4-light transom above the 4-panel door. The back (north) wall contains 5 windows. The old kitchen wing, originally connected to the main block by a breezeway, runs east in line with the main block, but at a lower elevation. There are 3 steps descending from the main block to this wing. The exterior chimney on the east wall of the main block is visible above the roof of the kitchen wing. In 1954, the wooden kitchen structure was replaced by a l_2 story brick wing.
- 10. Significance Five generations of one Maryland family lived in the brick house and farmed the surrounding acres of Hanover Farm for 160 years. Each of the owners was distinguished in his time for successful farming endeavors and for service to his community. The land from which the house takes its modern name was part of one of the earliest tracts to be patented in Montgomery County (1722). Between 1790 and 1801 two brothers, Christian T. & William Hempstone purchased 3 parcels of the property, "Hanover". It was William Hempstone's part of the "Resurvey on Hanover" which remained in the same family for 5 generations, from 1801-1964. William probably built the brick residence between 1801-1804. When he died in 1828, his property was divided among his 8 children. His son Nathan farmed the land and when he died in 1852, his younger brother Armistead inherited the farm. He was also a successful farmer, as was his daughter Caroline and her husband Charles G. Griffith. Their daughter Harriet Griffith Bastable then owned the farm and finally her nephew, Charles Davis owned it until he sold it to the present owners, Stock Brothers, Inc. The house continues to be in a rural setting; the fields and meadows are now planted with nursery stock. The owners maintain the house in excellent condition.
- 7 , Researcher and date researched: Mary Ann Kephart/Luise Stevens 2/79
- 12. Compiler: Gail Rothrock
- 13. Date Compiled: 2/79 14. Designation
 - Approval____
- 15. Acreage: 281 acres

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

_				
1 NAME				
HISTORIC	Resurvey on Hanover	c, Charline Man	nor	
AND/OR COMMON				
	Hanover Farm			
2 LOCATIO	N			
STREET & NUMBER	19501 Darnestown F	Road		
CITY, TOWN	Beallsville		congressional distr	ист
STATE		VICINITY OF	COUNTY	
	Maryland		Montgomery	
3 CLASSIFI	CATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	X_agriculture	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED		PARK
STRUCTURE SITE	_BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT	X_PRIVATE RESIDENCE
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	ACCESSIBLEYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	RELIGIOUS SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		X NO	MILITARY	_OTHER:
4 OWNER C	OF PROPERTY			
NAME Stock	Brothers, Inc.		Telephone #: 349	9 - 5613
STREET & NUMBER	19501 Darnestown	Road		
CITY, TOWN				ip code
		VICINITY OF	Maryland 2	20704
5 LOCATIO	N OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION	Liber #: 3203	
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEED	os,etc. Montgomery Cour	nty Courthouse	Folio #: 17	
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	D1 1 7 -		STATE	
	Rockville	TALO OLIDAZENO	Maryland	
6 REPRESE	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE	M-NCPPC Inventory o	of Historic Sit	ces	
DATE	1056	77	V V	
	1976	<u>X</u> FEDERAL	XSTATE X COUNTY LOCAL	<u> </u>
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Park Historian's	Office		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Rockville			355
47 mm a TT-1 m	tamia Amamiaan Duil	7	026)	

Also: Historic American Building Survey (1936) Library of Congress, Washington, D.C.

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

Xexcellent __DETERIORATED __GOOD __RUINS __FAIR __UNEXPOSED

_UNALTERED
X_ALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Hanover is situated 17 miles west of Rockville on Maryland Route 28, just east of Beallsville. The house and numerous outbuildings, situated well back from the road, are reached by a curving drive of about ½ mile.

The house consists of three sections: the main block and kitchen wing dating from 1801-1804, and a story and a half modern kitchen wing added in 1954. The house is built of brick with red-brown sandstone foundations.

The main block is two stories plus attic, three bays wide by one deep. The brick on the front (south) wall is laid up in Flemish bond. The roof is patterned tin. A box cornice, supported by a 10 inch curved molding, covers the rafter ends.

A one story porch with plain round pillars extends across the main block. This was built in 1910, replacing a simple 9 foot square projecting portico with square pillars. Stone foundations of this portico remain beneath the later porch.

The doorway located in the center bay has a four-light transom above the four-panel door. Flanking the door are vertical panels each containing three lights with wood panelling beneath. The 12 inch reveals are panelled. The surround of the doorway is fluted with plain square tablets at the top corners.

The two side bays each contain a nine-over-nine Guillotine window at the first floor level with original mullions and hand blown glass. At the second floor level there is a six-over-six window in each bay. The wal are carried over the openings by jack arches. The windows and doors have stone sills. The west wall contains an interior chimney. There are no windows on this wall on the first and second floor levels. Two four-pane attic windows flanking the chimney have brick headers forming the flat arches. The brick on this, the back and east walls is laid up in common bond, one row of headers to three rows of stretchers.

The back (north) wall contains five windows. The two side bays contain nine-over-six windows on the first floor and six-over-six windows on the second floor corresponding to those on the front of the house. In the center bay there is a six-over-six window halfway between the first and second floor levels which lights the stairway. Below this window, a little to the right, is a bricked-in doorway.

The old kitchen wing, originally connected to the main block by a breezeway, runs east and west in line with the main block. The front (south) wall is laid up in Flemish bond. According to family members, after the Civil War, the breezeway was enclosed by a two story projecting bay window containing three windows on each story, a second story was added above the kitchen, and the kitchen made into a dining room. A wooden structure was built to the north of the dining room to house the kitchen. The six-over-six windows in the brick second floor addition are surmounted by curved brick arches with recessed wood panels.

The east wall of this wing contains a large stone exterior chimney with brick stack, and a doorway with arched opening matching the windows.

The exterior chimney flanked by two four-pane attic windows on the

The exterior chimney flanked by two four-pane attic windows on the east wall of the main block is visible above the roof of the kitchen win.

(Continued on Attachment Sheet A)

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

__ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC __COMMUNITY PLANNING __PREHISTORIC __LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE RELIGION __LAW __ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC __CONSERVATION __SCIENCE __1400-1499 X_AGRICULTURE ...LITERATURE 1500-1599 __ECONOMICS __SCULPTURE X_ARCHITECTURE __MILITARY _1600-1699 EDUCATION __SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN __ART _MUSIC __1700-1799 __ENGINEERING THEATER

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __PHILOSOPHY _TRANSPORTATION X_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT _INDUSTRY __OTHER (SPECIFY)

_INVENTION

SPECIFIC DATES

PERIOD

X1800-1899

_1900-

1801 - 1804

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

__COMMERCE

__COMMUNICATIONS

Five generations of one Maryland family lived in the brick residence on Hanover Farm and farmed the surrounding acres for 160 years. The land from which the house takes its name was part of one of the earliest tracts

to be patented in western Montgomery County.

This land, a tract of 1,600 acres situated on the headwaters of the Dry Seneca, was patented in 1722 by Dr. Patrick Hepburn, a prosperous Prince George's County land speculator. He named it "Hanover" in honor of George I. first British ruler from the House of Hanover. Samuel Hepburn inherited his father's land, increasing the size of this tract to 2,216 acres. A 1783 Assessment record describes it as "38 miles from Georgetown, a great part arable, some very good and some indifferent". 2 It was assessed at one pound per acre, a comparatively high figure.

Two brothers, Christian Touneley Hempstone and William Hempstone, pur-chased three contiguous parcels of the property between 1790 and 1801.3 It was William Hempstone's part of "Resurvey on Hanover" which remained in the same family for five generations, from 1801 to 1964. Each of the owners was distinguished in his time for successful farming endeavors and for service to his community. William Hempstone served in the Maryland Militia

during the Revolutionary War.

It appears that William Hempstone built the brick residence on "Resurvey on Hanover" in the early years of the 1800's. This surmise is based on the construction methods and on an early tax assessment. of Flemish bond pattern in the walls of both the main block and the kitchen wing, the mortise and tenon, pegged construction, the width of plank flooring and the size of hand hewn timbers indicate very early construction techniques. An 1804 tax assessment of two farms owned by William Hempstone gives a much higher value per acre on one than the other, even though the lands are contiguous and of the same quality. This difference suggests the presence of buildings on the "Hanover" farm.

In 1804, besides his two farms comprising 524 acres, William Hempstone owned seven slaves and substantial personal property. The 1810 Census shows that he owned 23 slaves. 6 When he died without a will in 1828, his property was divided by court order among his eight children. 7

Nathan Hempstone, the oldest son, became owner of the part of the property "...being the mansion farm...." Nathan remained a bachelor. he died and his property was divided by court order in 1852, he had acquired even more land and property than his father.8

Nathan's younger brother, Armistead Hempstone, inherited "the resience", where he had lived his whole life. He was also a successful farmer,

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY (Continued on Attachment Sheet B)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

See Attachment Sheet C

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHE	ET IF NECESSARY
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	281 acres
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES	FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	COUNTY
STATE	COUNTY
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Mary Ann Kephar	t and Luise Stevens
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Sugarloaf Region	nal Trails February 1979 TELEPHONE
street & number Box 87	926-4510
CITY OR TOWN Dickerson	STATE Maryland 20753

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO:

The Sugar State Circle Annapoli 21401

SUGARLOAF REGIONAL TRAILS

Box 87, Stronghold

Dickerson, i.id. 20753

(301) 925-4510

Hanover Farm

In 1954 the wooden kitchen structure was replaced by a one and a half story brick wing. The roof is pierced by two dormers. This wing contains a kitchen, breakfast room and porch on the first floor, and a bedroom, bath and hall above.

On the interior the main block originally contained a large room on each side of a center hall. The center hall had door openings at front and back and a stairway rising in two runs, with a six-over-six window at the landing level. Each of the two rooms contained north and south windows and a fireplace. In the 1930's two interior walls were removed and the lower flight of stairs turned to run parallel with the back wall. At this time the back center hall doorway was closed and bricked over. The first floor of the main block is now one large room, with the original main entrance in the center of the south wall. On the north side, the stairway rises against the wall, lighted by the landing window, and turns at a right angle to reach the second floor. At the west end of the living room is the original fireplace with an elaborately carved mantelpiece.

The floorboards in the large living room are tongue-in-groove, six to ten inches wide and l_2^1 inches thick. The trim on the window openings is four inch beaded board.

On the second floor of the main block there is a large center hall with a south-facing six-over-six window. The hall was flanked by two large bedrooms, each with north and south windows and each with fireplaces and molded chair rail. The west bedroom still contains its original fireplace mantelpiece, and chair rail.

The old kitchen wing is built at a lower elevation than the main block. There are three steps descending from the main block to this wing on both the first floor and the second floor levels.

The present dining room was originally the kitchen. On the east wall there is a cooking fireplace, built of stone, which contains an iron crane.

The second floor of this wing contains two large bedrooms and a hall. It is reached by a boxed staircase rising in two runs from the dining room.

The cellar under the main block has stone walls, a dirt floor, and is entered from the outside by a bulkhead door.

The main block and kitchen wing of this house are original. The house has been enlarged by the addition of the second floor to the kitchen wing and the story and a half ell to the back.

FOOTNOTES:

- a. Told to Charles Davis, whose mother grew up in the house; (c. 1920).
- b. According to Charles Davis of Beallsville, who had the work done; date inscribed in cement of porch.
- c. Changes made by Mrs. Bastable shortly after she moved in.

Hanover Farm

owner of slaves, substantial personal property and land. In 1869 he deeded became of land to the School Board for a school site.9 He served as district school trustee in 1881 and 1882.10 His will directed the disposition of his property and the residence farm was bought by his daughter, Caroline, and her husband, Charles Greenbury Griffith, in 1895. 11 A third large family was reared in this house. Charles Greenbury Griffith was a prosperous farmer and miller. 12 He served as County Commissioner in 1903 and was elected to the Maryland Legislature in 1905 and in 1919.13

His daughter, Harriet Griffith Bastable, bought the farm from the other heirs of her father's estate. Her nephew, Charles Davis, great-great-grandson of William Hempstone, successfully operated a large dairy farm for Mrs. Bastable, and later bought the farm. his children were grown and he retired from farming. Charles Davis sold "Hanover Farm" ("Resurvey on Hanover") to the present owners, Stock Brothers, Inc.

The house continues to be in a rural setting, and the fields and meadows are now planted with nursery stock. Mr. and Mrs. Stock, who occupy the residence, have made some improvements, restored some of the original features, and maintain it in excellent condition.

FOOTNOTES:

1. Land Patent, Sept. 18, 1722, PL #5 Folio 295, Dr. Patrick Hepburn, 2. Montgomery County Tax List 1783, "Hanover Resurveyed" 2,216 acres

value 2,216 pounds, Samuel Hepburn.

3. Land Records of Montgomery County, Md., D452, Samuel Hepburn to Christian Hempstone (11-12-1790); G298, Samuel Hepburn to Christian Hempstone (9-5-1796); K221, Samuel Hepburn to William Hepburn (8-21-1802).

- 4. a. Braumbaugh, Maryland Records, Vol. II, p. 353. b. Laws Made & Passed by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland 1819, Resolution 66.
 - c. Gravestone, William Hempstone, Monocacy Cemetery, Beallsville, Md.

5. Montgomery County Tax List 1804, p. 26 and p. 78.

- 6. U.S. Census of 1810.
- 7. Montgomery County Judgment Records, BS2/308.

8. Ibid., JGH1/103,116.

- 9. Montgomery Land Records Deed, EBP6/91.

- 10. Scharf, J. Thomas, <u>History of Western Maryland</u>, Vol. 1, p. 739.
 11. Land Records, Op. Cit., JA46/229-34.
 12. The <u>Biographical Cyclopedia of Representative Men of Maryland and</u> District of Columbia, National Publishing Co., Baltimore, Md., pp. 314
- 13. McMaster, Richard K., and Ray Eldon Hiebert, A Grateful Remembrance, Published by Montgomery County Government, 1976, Rockville, p. 400, p. 402.

Hanover Farm

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

Primary Sources:

Census of 1810, National Archives and Records Service.

Gravestone, "Wm. Hempstone", Monocacy Cemetery, Beallsville, Md.

Inventory, Prince George's County 1728-29, Vol. 13.

Land Patent, Plat #5, Folio 295, 1722, Dr. Patrick Hepburn, Maryland Hall of Records.

Laws Made and Passed by the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, printed by Jonas Green 1819, Annapolis, Md.

Montgomery County Assessment Books, 3rd Election District 1869-76, 1876-1896, 1896, 11th Election District 1908-10.

Montgomery County Judgment Records BS2/JGH1, 179/1805.

Montgomery County Land Records, Liber D, Liber G, Liber K, Liber JA46, Liber EBP6.

Montgomery County Register of Wills, GCD2/174, Armistead T. Hempstone. Montgomery County Tax List 1783, 1793, 1804, 1845 (3rd District), 1866. Historical American Buildings Survey, National Park Service, Library of Congress, 1941.

Secondary Sources:

The Biographical Cyclopedia of Representative Men of Maryland and District of Columbia, National Biographical Publishing Company, Ealtimore, Md., 1879.

Bowman, Eleanor Hempstone, <u>The Hempstone Family</u>, unpublished, Montgomery County Historical Society.

Brumbaugh, Gains Marcus, <u>Maryland Records</u>, Colonial, Revolutionary, County Church, Vol. II, Genealogical Publishing Company, 1967.

Encyclopedia Britannica, Vol. 11, 11th Edition, University Press, Cambridge, 1910.

Farquhar, Roger Brooke, Old Homes & History of Montgomery County, Md., Judd & Detweiler, Inc., Washington, D.C. 1952, 1962, p. 112-114.

Forman, H. Chandlee, <u>Maryland Architecture</u>, Tidewater Publishers, Cambridge, Maryland 1968, pp. 59-66.

Historic American Buildings Survey.

Scharf, J. Thomas, <u>History of Western Maryland</u>, Vol. 1, Published 1882, Regional Publishing Company, Baltimore, Md., 1968.

Archives of Maryland.

16032:5404

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

NOMINATION FORM for the

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

	I. NARE										
		COMMON:									
		Hanover Farm									
		A. T. Hempstone House or Charlene Manor									
	[3	LOCATION A. I	. nempscon	e nouse or	Charle	me manor					
	4.	STREET AND NUMBER:		•		- 1					
	.Beallsville Road (Rte. 28)										
٠.		CITY OR TOWN:									
		Beallsville									
		STATE	_	1	INTY:						
		Maryland Montgomery									
	3.	CLASSIFICATION	-			Y	<u> </u>				
^		CATEGORY		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC Yes: Restricted				
Z.		(Check One)		T							
>		District Building	☐ Public 配 Private	Public Acquisition:		Occupied					
		Site Structure Object	Both	Being Cons	idered	Unoccupied	Unrestricted				
-		L Collect				Preservation work	₽ No				
r		PRESENT USE (Check One or &	1	L			<u> </u>				
		1		Perk		-					
_ ¥		- 4			Transportation	Comments					
		Commercial Industrial Private Residence Other (Specify) Educational Military Religious									
_ ^		Entertainment M		Scientific							
z	14.	OWNER OF PROPERTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100	-					
_	È	OWNER'S NAME:	······································			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
_		Stock Broth	ers Nurser	У							
ш		STREET AND NUMBER:									
TI		Rte. 28									
n		CITY OR TOWN:		STATE:							
	F =	Beallsville	The property of the control of the c		Maryland						
	13.	COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:									
		Montgomery	County Cou	rthouse							
		STREET AND NUMBER:									
•											
		CITY OR TOWN:			STATE						
		Rockville Maryland									
	Nitle Reference of Current Deed (Book & Pg. #):										
6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS											
		Historic American Buildings Survey									
		DATE OF SURVEY: 1936			State	County	Local				
		DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RE	CORDS:								
•		Library of	Congress				ا در المعلوم المحمود ا				
		STREET AND HUMBER:									
		10 First St	reet SE		PTATE:	······································					
		i .	<i>ד</i> יכ		STATE:						
Washington, DC											

	(Check One)							
Excellent	₽ Good	☐ Fair	Deteriorate	d 🔲 Ruins	Unexposed			
	(Check C	ne)		(Check One)				
資 Ai	tered	Uncltered		☐ Moved	Criginal Sita			
		資 Aitered	Altered Unclfored	B Altered Uncltored				

The house is a two story, brick structure laid up in Flemish bond on the main facade and common bond on the rear facade and gable ends. The facade is three bays with a central doorway and flanking 9/6 double hung sash. The doorway has a four-light transom and three-light sidelights; the reveals are panelled. The cornice consists of a bed moulding, boxed cornice, and crown moulding.

The west end has a flush gable chimney. At the east end, the chimney is external. East of the house stood the one story, brick kitchen with an external fireplace. It has been connected to the house with a two story, framed, Victorian section; the sheathing is lapped siding and pattern shingles. The kitchen has also had a second story added, and the chimney stack has been raised.

A colonial revival porch has been added across the main facade.

In plan, the house originally had a room on either side of the central stair hall. The partition walls have been removed; however, and the staircase altered. The west mantle, however, remains; it is of an ornate Federal design with reeding and fan motifs.

- 211102	(Check One or More as .			
	Pre-Calumbian	☐ 16th Century	☐ 18th Century	20th Cantury
	☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	19th Century	
SPECIF	TIC DATE(S) (Il Applicabi	e and Known)		
AREAS	OF SIGNIFICANCE (Che	ck One or More as Appropris	ete)	
	Aboriginal	■ Education	Political	Urban Planning
	Prehistoric	☐ Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
	Historic .	☐ Industry	losophy	
	Agriculture	Invention	Science	
	Architecture	■ Landscope	Sculpture	
	□ Arr	Architecture	Social/Human	
	☐ Commerce	Literature	itarian	
	Communications	Military	☐ Theater	
	Conservation	Music	☐ Transportation	
		2	seo li se i .	3.5
•				
				CPD 4 BIN DOES , A
				o ioni e un fi

¥ .	Y. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES											
-												
Ì												
												1
1												
10	10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA											
	DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY											
				TING THE	PROPERTY	R	1	O.F	LESS TH	TEN ACR	ES	ENTY
	CORNER LATITUDE		LONGITUDE Degrees Minutes Seconds		_	<u> </u>	ATITUDE		LONGITUDE			
	NW	Degrees Minutes 3:	econds =	Degrees Mil	nutes Second •	5	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees M	linutes	Seconds
	NE	٠,	•			.						
	SE	٠ ,	-	۰ ,	•	.						
	sw	, ,	•	0	,	<u>. </u>	<u>!</u>					
- 1	APPROXI	MATE ACREAGE		IIKATEU PH	DPERIT:	····						
	Acrea	ege Justif	icat	ion:								
;												
,								İ				
	ļ											. 1
	<u> </u>											
	_											.
11		PREPARED BY					,					
		ID TITLE:		D =1-	***							
;	ORGANIZ	stopher Ow	ens	, Park	Histor	ıa:	\mathbf{n}	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DATE	<u>. :::</u>	
	M-NCI									1	May 7	74
	M-NCPPC 14 May 74 street and number:											
	8787 Georgia Avenue											
	CITY OR						STATE					
175		er Spring					Mar	yland				
12	$^{:]}$ Stat	e Liaison	Off	icer R	eview:	(Office	e Use	Only)			

	S	ignifican										
		National		State [Loca	1 (j					1
												T-day y-a
	1											1
	S	ignature										ĺ
	1	-										



NO. 13 D-10 JAMES BROOKE 1728 LOGS AND FRAME

In 1891 William and Ann Scofield, who then had lived at Charley Forest for many years, moved to Texas and sold the place which then contained about 100 acres of land to Frank J. Downey for \$7,000. In 1913 there was a reunion on the lawn of over 100 members and descendants of the Brooke family to hear reminiscences and to bid farewell to the old house which was moved to one side and replaced by Downey with a modern brick house.

To Mr. Downey we are indebted for a description of the house which he lived in for years. On the first floor there was a long ball, and on one side was a combined dining and living room; adjoining was an old slave kitchen with a huge fireplace with a crane, and a bake oven was on the right-hand side of the fireplace.

Across the hall on the first floor were three bedrooms. On the second floor there were three bedrooms reached by an outside stairway, Many of the old floorboards were sixteen to eighteen inches wide, and the original floor beams were round oak logs flattened only on top to receive the floor. Water had to be carried in from a well in the yard. Following Frank Downey the home was owned for a few years by Charles W. Ray, and in 1940 it was sold to Donald R. Hobbs, a local farmer and contractor. Mr. Donald Hobbs sold this old place of 126 acres just back of Sandy Spring in 1960, to Maran, Inc.—a syndicate said to be contemplating a golf course. Mr. and Mrs. Hobbs now live in the home next to Dr. Beebe, a local dentist.

It is of interest to students of history to record that James Brooke was born when Queen Anne ruled over England, that George II was king when he received his patents for Brooke Grove, and that he lived through the reigns of Anne, George I, George II, and twenty-four in the reign of George III.

Charline Manor

SINCE the earliest days, the Griffith family has played a prominent part in the history of Montgomery County. In peace and in war the name of Griffith is associated with activities which have advanced this area of Maryland to leadership among the counties of the United States.

Charline Manor, the family home south of Beallsville, and about thirty miles northwest of Washington, has been owned by the Griffiths for about 150 years. When Charles Greenbury Griffith married Caroline Hempstone and went there to live, they derived the name from the first part of Charles's name and the last part of Caroline's. The original land grant was known as Hanover, dated March 16, 1722, from the

Lord Proprietor of the Province, to Patrick Hepburn, for 1,500 acres. This is one of the earliest grants so far north in the county.

Other early land acquisitions of the family along the Little Seneca were grants to the Hon. Henry Griffith. They were 854 acres in 1761, known as Cow Pasture, 202 acres conveyed by Caleb Griffith to Charles Greenbury Griffith in 1787, and in 1797 Benjamin Griffith sold to Orlando and Charles Greenbury and John Howard Griffith a tract containing 100 acres.

Charles Greenbury Griffith, a son of the Hon. Howard Griffith, was born in 1792 and died in 1864. Part of the estate passed from him to Charles Greenbury Griffith, Jr., and Charles G. Griffith, Jr., married Caroline V. Hempstone.



NO. 11 D-3 CHARLES G. GRIFFITH CA. 1800 BRICK

In a deed dated July, 1895, the executors of Armistea IT. Hempstone sold to Charles G. Griffith, Jr. six lots aggregating about 369 acres for a consideration of \$10,268, all the real estate of which the said Armistead Hempstone died, seized and possessed. It was from parts of Hanover and Resurvey on Hanover and it joins the lines of Woodstock.

In 1932, by a decree of the court, trustees conveyed to Harriet (Griffith) Bastable, for a cash payment of \$550 and a mortgage of \$11,755.05, "all the lands of which the late Charles G. Griffith died, seized and possessed." This deed called for 302 acres. Harriet Bastable was a daughter of Charles G. and Caroline Hempstone Griffith. Her husband was Alvin Bastable, President of the Union Stockyards of Baltimore.

In 1943 Charline Manor passed to the present ners, Charles H. Davis and his wife, Mabel. This deed dated August 26 conveyed 299 acres, same being parts of Hanover and Resurvey on Hanover, and Resurvey on Disappointment, after deducting a number of lots which had previously been sold off the main tracts by Charles G. Griffith. Charles Davis is a nephew of Mrs. Bastable. After selling the farm Mrs. Bastable moved to Rockville where she died in 1950. The farm is being successfully operated by the Davises as a dairy farm.

Notables of the Griffith name were Greenbury Griffith and Howard Griffith, ancestors of the present owners of the Manor. The former commanded the Alexandria Artillery during the War of 1812, although he was a resident of Montgomery County. The latter, who lived on an adjoining farm, was a member of the Maryland House of Delegates in 1876-1878.

The Manor although so near to the scenes of warfare seemed to have escaped the usual disturbances of the Civil War. A few soldiers were buried on the place, and some animals were stolen. Indian burial grounds, also, have been

located on the property.

The house is of red brick manufactured on the place with the familiar Flemish bond appearing in the front walls. In the main section you enter a large double parlor with fireplaces in each side. In the wing to the right of this, there are a dining room, a kitchen and a pantry. On the second floor are four bedrooms and a bath. The date of the house and the name of the builder, as usual, is unknown, but it was probably built by the elder Charles Greenbury Griffith sometime after 1800. As he died in 1864, it must have been considerably before the Civil War, and details indicate construction early in the nineteenth century. It had a detached kitchen with a breezeway where the bay window is now located.

Cherry Grove



NO. 16 E-10 ORIGINALLY 1729 JOHN THOMAS BURNED AND MAIN HOUSE REBUILT BY RICHARD THOMAS 1773 BRICK

Tidewater half-a-mile south of Ashton on Route 29 and 12 miles north of the District of Columbia line, there has stood for 188 years one of the finest Colonial brick houses in western Maryland. The Cherry Grove house was built in 1773, the year of the Boston "Tea

Party," to replace a log house built on the same site in 1729 which had burned in 1772.

The brick house at Cherry Grove was one of four built by Richard Thomas, (Marse Dicky). It was his own home. The other three were Norwood, Mt. Airy, and Woodlawn. The Cherry Grove property remained in the hands of the R T

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

See correspondence dated May 9, 1988

ACTION TAKEN

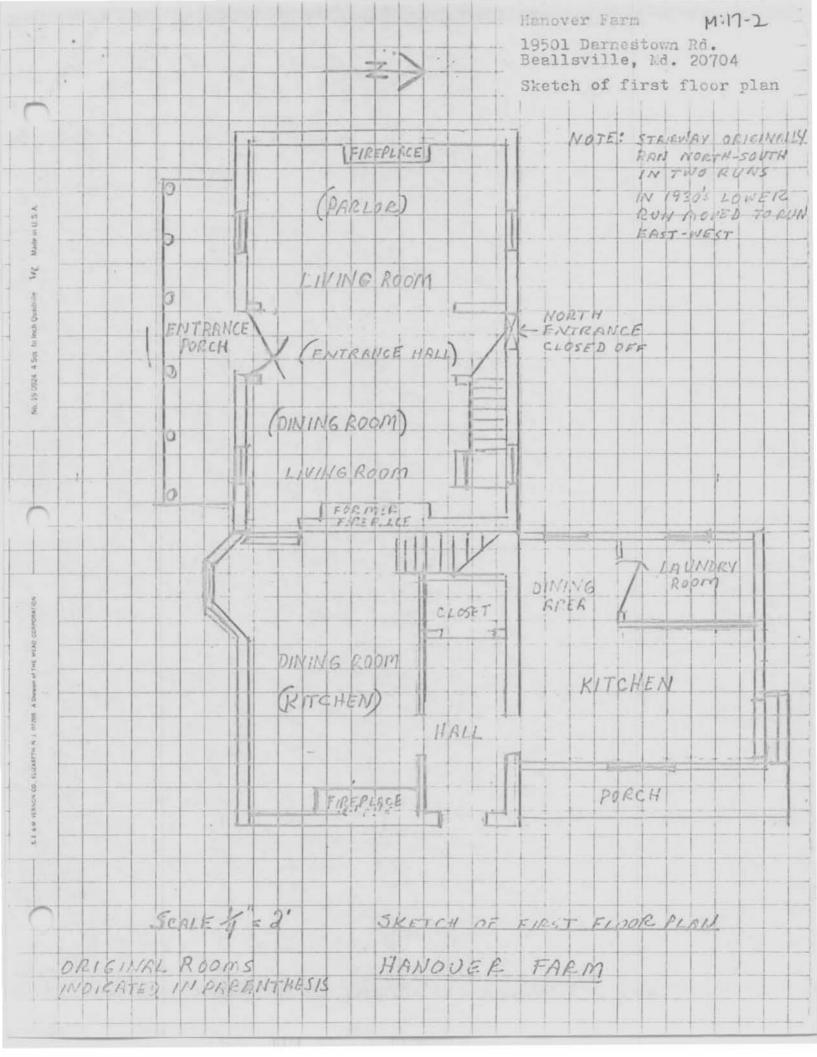
THE AMENDMENT

The purpose of this Amendment is to designate the following sites on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation thereby extending to them the protection of the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

М:	17-01	Beallsville H.D.
M:	17-02	Charline Manor/Hanover
M:	17-24	East Oaks
M :	17-26	Stoney Castle
М:	17-58	Montevideo
М:	17-61	Upton Darby House
M :	17-62	Pooles General Store
· M:	18-13	White/Turner Farm
М:	18-14	Joseph White House
M :	18-15	Friends Advice
M :	18-17	Greenwood/Day House
M :	18-19	Hilary Pyles Farm

. **-** ⁻

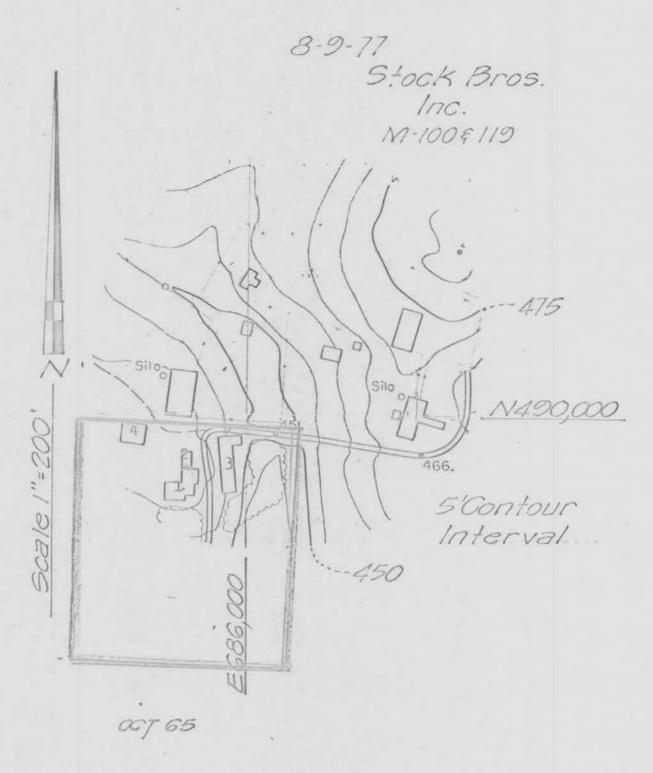




HANGVER FARM

19501 DARNESTOWN ROAD'
BEALLSVILLE, MD. 20704

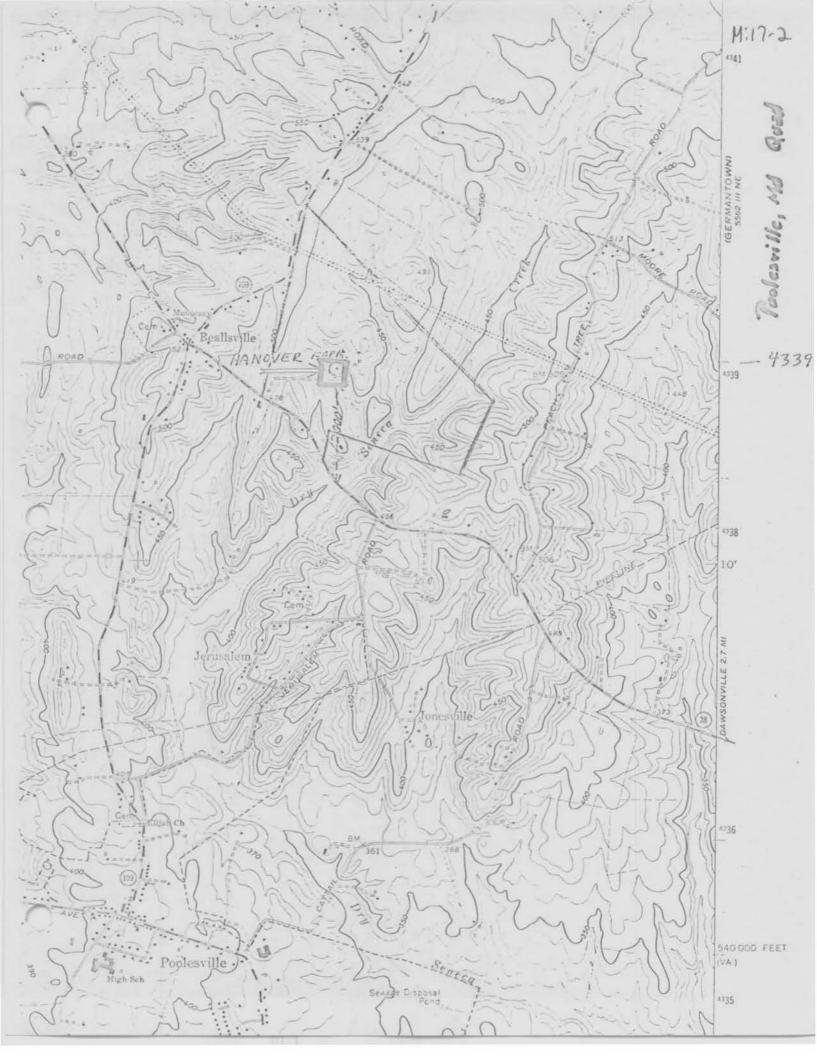
CONTOUR 1AP, SCALE 1/200 SHOWING LOCATION OF FIVE ACRE



Boundary of five acre tract

^{1.} Residence 2. Office

^{3/} Garage 4. Corn Crib





NAME CHARLINE MANOR (HANDISE FARM HOUSE) #17-2

LOCATION Rt 28 BEALLSVILLE, McL

FACADE S

PHOTO TAKEN 5/17/74 MOWYER



NAME CHARLINE MANOR

LOCATION Rt. 28 BEALLSVILLE, Md.

FACADE S

PHOTO TAKEN 5/17/74 M DWYER



NAME CHARLINE MANOR - BARN

LOCATION Rt 28 BEALLSVILLE Md

PHOTO TAKEN 5/17/74 MOWYER