Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form Intercounty Connector Project

DOE	ves	no

1. Namo	C: (indicate preferr	red name)	
nistoric Jos	eph Edwards Property		
and/or common	Diaz House		
2. Loca	ation:		
street & numb	er 13607 Old Columbia F	Pike not	for publication
city, town S	ilver Spring	x vicinity of	congressional district
state	Maryland	county Mont	gomery
3. Clas	ssification:		
Categorydistrict x building(sstructuresiteobject	Ownershippublic)x_privateboth Public Acquisitionin processbeing considered _x_not applicable er of Property	<u>x</u> no	entertainment residencegovernmentreligious
name Leo Di			
street & numb	er 13607 Old Columbia Pi	Lke	telephone no.:
city,town Si	lver Spring		state and zip code Maryland 20904
5. Loca	ation of Lega.	l Description	
and Records	of Montgomery County		liber 12852
street & numb	er Montgomery County Jud	dicial Center	folio 641
city,town Ro	ckville		state Maryland
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing His	torical Surveys
title			
date		federal	statecountylocal
pository fo	r survey records	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
city,town			state

7. Description

Survey No. M:34-12 (PACS E6.11)

nditionexcellentgoodfair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered _x_altered	Check one _x_original sitemoved	date of move _	
•					

Resource Count: 2

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Joseph Edwards Property is a 2-story, 3-bay side gable cottage on the west side of old Columbia Pike in the Fairland area of Silver Spring, Montgomery County. The house was constructed in 1929.

The structure has a side gable, asphalt shingled roof, with a centered brick chimney. It is of wood frame construction with vinyl siding and it has a stuccoed concrete masonry foundation. The windows are double-hung aluminum sash with simple surrounds. The house has a 1-story shed roof porch on the east elevation. The porch has a wood lattice skirt, brick piers with battered wood columns, turned balusters, and a stone veneer floor, with stone veneer steps.

The east, or front facade has a full width porch. The basement level has no windows. The first story entrance is a panelled wood door with one light located in the south bay. The fenestration pattern is symmetrical, with one paired 1/1, double-hung window on the first story. The second story has three 1/1, double-hung windows.

...e south elevation has an exposed basement. The fenestration pattern is irregular, with one, fixed sash window on the basement level and two 1/1, double-hung aluminum windows with simple surrounds on the first story. The second story has two 1/1, double-hung aluminum windows and a vent in the gable peak. Alterations to the elevation include a stuccoed concrete masonry wall projecting from the facade.

The west, or rear, elevation has a 1-story, shed roof addition at the south and center bay. The fenestration pattern is symmetrical, with no windows on the basement level and one 1/1, double-hung window on the first story. The second story has two 1/1, double-hung windows. Alterations to the elevation include the addition at the south and center bay.

The north elevation has concrete retaining walls projecting from the exposed basement. The fenestration pattern is symmetrical, with one sliding aluminum window and a 33-light glass block window on the basement level, and two 1/1, double-hung windows on the first story. The second story has two 1/1 double-hung aluminum windows and an attic vent in the gable peak. A metal door leads to the basement. Alterations to the elevation include an excavated area with retaining walls accommodating a basement door.

The west elevation of the rear addition has an asymmetrical fenestration pattern, with one 4-light fixed wood window and paired 6-light casement windows.

The south elevation of the rear addition has an asymmetrical fenestration pattern, with one fixed window, and a 9-light wood door.

The north elevation of the rear addition has no fenestration.

There is one outbuilding associated with this property. The outbuilding is a shed, with a gable roof covered with asphalt shingles. Constructed circa 1990, it is of wood frame construction. The structure is located west of the house.

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7. Description (Continued)

The property is located on the west side of Old Columbia Pike, with residential property to the north, west and south. There is one large tree and several smaller trees in the yard. The land slopes steeply up from Old Columbia Pike where it then levels to the west. The property's setting is suburban residential.

8. Significance

Survey No. M:34-12 (PACS E6.11)

Period	Areas of Signif	icance—Check and jus	tify below	
🦳 orehistoric	archaeology-prehistoric_	_Community planning	landscape architectur	ereligion
1400 - 1499 1500 - 1599 1600 - 1699 1700 - 1799 1800 - 1899	archeology-historicagriculturearchitectureartcommercecommunication	_conservation _economics _education _engineering _exploration/settlement _industry	law literature military music	sciencesculpturesocial/ humanitariantheatertransportation
Specific da		_invention	Builder/Architect	other (specify)
check:	Applicable Criteria: and/or Applicable Exceptions		D DEFG	
	Level of Significance	:national	statelocal	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The location of the Joseph Edwards Property is shown on the 1865 Martenet and Bond map, and the 1879 Hopkins atlas, as the Benjamin Marlow house and farm. Deeds indicate that Benjamin Marlow and his wife conveyed property to Harriet E. Roby in September and December 1899. The earliest references to the property are three related deeds. Odorion W. Roby acquired 0.63 hectares (1.56 res) of land from Harriet E. and Thomas J. Roby in May 1907, and then sold that land to Roy H. Ison in February 1910. In March 1907, Thomas J. and Harriet E. Roby conveyed 15.43 hectares (38.12 acres) of adjacent land to Roy Haywood Wilson and Carrie F. Roby Wilson. owned the land until December 1924, during which time a house, which is now 2709 Sherview Lane, was constructed. Joseph W. Edwards acquired a parcel of land from the Robys in 1924, and it was during that time that the house on Old Columbia Pike was constructed. In February 1935, Joseph W. and Marguerite M. Edwards, and Howard McC. Marlow, conveyed approximately 0.40 hectares (1 acre) of land to Oliver M. and Bessie B. Duvall, who in turn conveyed this land to Colin and Jennie E. Timmis in March 1949. James A. Timmis acquired the land from Marion E. Moody, personal representative for the estate of Jennie E. Timmis, in January 1978. In February 1987, Kevin Andrew Moody acquired the land from Marion E. Moody, personal representative for the estate of James A. Timmis; Moody and his wife sold the land to Leonel Carmine and Heidi Eva Diaz in August 1994. Mr. and Mrs. Diaz are the current owners of the property.

The Joseph Edwards Property is located on Sherview Lane, west of Old Columbia Pike, in the Fairland area of Silver Spring. Fairland is located on land originally patented to Archibald Edmonston in 1720 as "Deer Park" in what was then Prince George's County. "Deer Park" was grant of 276 hectares (682 acres) of land between the Paint Branch and Little Paint Branch, and from approximately Randolph Road to Briggs Chaney Road (Boyd 1879: 38).

During the early settlement period, both Prince George's and Montgomery counties had an agriculture-based economy. Directly or indirectly, every resident earned his livelihood from the land and its yield. When Prince George's County was formed in the late seventeenth century, colonists had already begun to clear native forests for fields. Tobacco was the region's principal cash crop, and the economy revolved around its production.

though tobacco was the heart of an agricultural economy, the area was not entirely devoid of industry. Some iron was mined and worked in the Upper Patuxent region (M-NCPPC 1993:9), and the Snowden Iron Works was one of the successful business endeavors of the Snowden family. Although

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8. Significance (Continued)

secondary to tobacco, grains were an important crop in both Prince George's and Montgomery counties. Land in the northern regions of Prince George's County, for example, was particularly suited to the production of grain. Grist mills which ground wheat into flour and corn into meal were important facilities, and water powered mills were built on the various tributaries of the Patuxent and Potomac rivers (M-NCPPC 1993:16).

By the 1870s the "Gilded Age" (1870-1895) of materialism was beginning. It was during this period of massive land speculation and radical changes in the traditional methods of transportation that the phenomenon known as suburbanization was born. Beginning in the 1880s, the economy of Montgomery and Prince George's counties began to shift away from agriculture, becoming increasingly more dependent upon the federal government and the jobs it provided (M-NCPPC 1993:25). The combined influences of an expanding capital city, speculative developers, and easier, more convenient modes of transportation stimulated suburban growth in both Montgomery and Prince George's counties. However, Fairland was far enough away from the District of Columbia to remain a small and rural community. In the decades after the Civil War, Fairland had a population of about 50 people, an Episcopal church, a schoolhouse, and a store.

e "motor car", first manufactured for sale in 1895, prompted expansive economic and social anges after the turn of the century. The automobile and an improved system of roads offered further opportunity for suburban expansion; new communities appeared, in some cases quite distant from railroad and streetcar lines. Although Fairland remained a small community until after the Second World War, development occurred along the Columbia Pike. The historic crossroads of Fairland has been replaced by modern development.

The Joseph Edwards Property is an example of a vernacular cottage. Between 1870 and 1940 the vernacular cottage style was typically built for Americans of modest means. They are characterized by simple ornamentation and mass-produced components, such as door frames, moldings, sash and window units, and porch decoration. The development of post-Civil War machinery capable of producing large amounts of standardized housing elements, such as those found in cottages, contributed greatly to the development of the modern American housing industry. Designs for vernacular cottages were obtained from popular magazines, such as House Beautiful, or carpenter's and builder's journals, such as American Builder. A variety of sidegable frame cottages were developed in the early to mid-twentieth century. Side-gable structures are usually two to two-and-a-half-stories tall, are typically two to three bays in width and vary from one to three rooms deep. They usually include a porch covered with a shed roof. Porches are supported by posts often containing machine-produced Victorian ornamentation. Some cottages feature ornamentation drawn from Craftsman style or Colonial Revival architecture (Gottfried and Jennings 1988, viii-xv).

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8. Significance (Continued)

National Register Evaluation

Constructed in 1929, the Joseph Edwards Property is not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. The property is not eligible under Criterion A; no significant events have been determined to be associated with the property. The property is not eligible under Criterion B; no person significant in local, state, or national history has been determined to be associated with the property. The property is not eligible under Criterion C; the house is a vernacular type that does not embody distinctive characteristics of a particular style. The integrity of the original design of the house has been compromised by the installation of vinyl siding and aluminum windows, by the construction of a curved concrete masonry wall projecting from the house, and by excavation for a basement level door. Finally the property has no known potential to yield important information, and therefore, does not meet Criterion D.

Eligibility recommendedComments	MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST Eligibility Not	Recommended
At the state of		
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Major Bibliographical References survey No. M:34-12(PACS E6.11) e Attached 10. Geographical Data Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle name Beltsville Quadrangle scale 1: 24,000 Verbal boundary description and justification N/A List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code state code ·county code 11. Form Prepared By name/title Caroline Hall/Ryan P. McKay janization P.A.C. Spero and Company date October 1996 street & number 40 West Chesapeake Avenue telephone (410) 296-1635 city or town Baltimore state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposed only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

DHCP/DHCD

100 Community Place

Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

(410) 514-7600

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DDRESS: 13607 Old Columbia Pike, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

9. Major Bibliographical References (Continued)

- Boyd, T.H.S. <u>The History of Montgomery County, Maryland, From its Earliest Settlement in 1650</u> <u>to 1879.</u> 1879. Reprint. Baltimore: Regional Publishing Co., 1968.
- Coleman, Margaret Marshall, and Anne Dennis Lewis. <u>Montgomery County: A Pictorial History.</u>
 Norfolk: Donning Co., 1984.
- Cook, William G. <u>Montpelier & the Snowden Family.</u> Privately Printed, 1976.
- Farquhar, Roger Brooke. <u>Old Homes and History of Montgomery County, Maryland.</u>
 Washington: Judd and Detweiller, Inc., 1962.
- Hiebert, Ray Eldon, and Richard K. MacMaster. <u>A Grateful Remembrance: the Story of Montgomery County, Maryland.</u> Rockville, Maryland: Montgomery County Government and the Montgomery County Historical Society, 1976.
- Hopkins, G.M. <u>Atlas of 15 Miles Around Washington including the County of Montgomery, Maryland.</u> Philadelphia, 1879. Reprint.
 - .d Records of Montgomery County, Maryland.
- Lord, Elizabeth M. <u>Burtonsville Heritage: Genealogically Speaking.</u> Burtonsville, Maryland: Burtonsville Bicentennial Committee, 1976.
- Martenet, Simon J. <u>Martenet and Bond's Map of Montgomery County, Maryland.</u> Baltimore, Maryland: Simon J. Martenet, 1865. Reprint.

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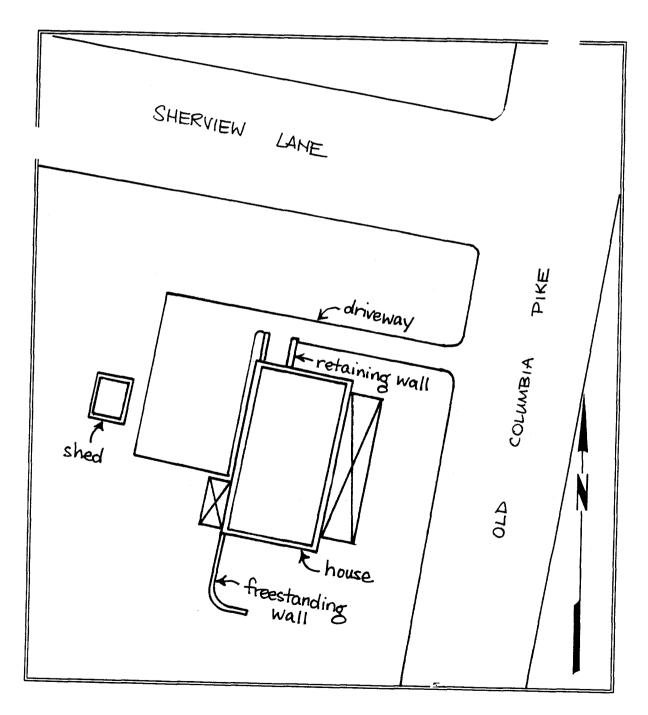
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10. Geographical Data (Continued)

Resource Sketch Map



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Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data Sheet

Historic Context:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization:

Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period Theme (s):

11. Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

2. Architecture

RESOURCE TYPE:

Category (see Section 3 of survey form):

Building

Historic Environment (urban, suburban, village, or rural):

Suburban

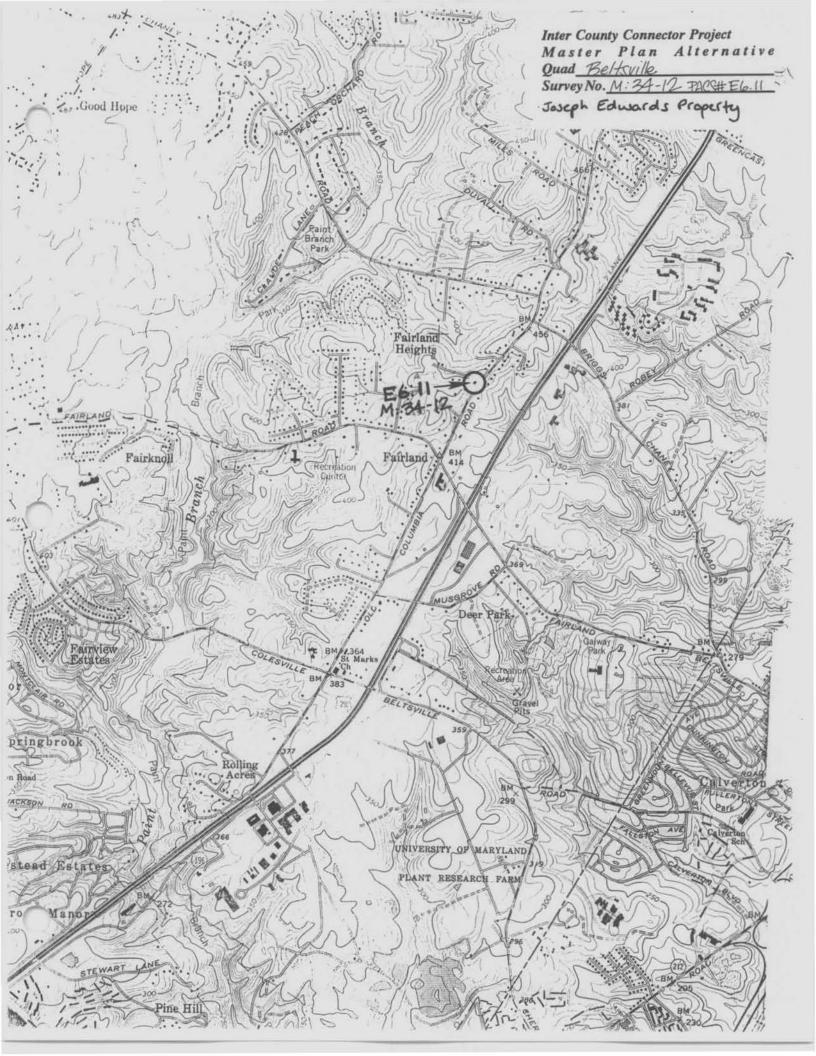
Historic Function(s) and Use(s):

Dwelling

Known Design Source (write none if unknown):

None

Preparer: P.A.C. Spero & Company October 1996





2 Joseph Edward Property 4 Ryan Mc Kay 5 February 1996 1 13607 Old Columbia. Pike, east Jacade 8/4



2 Joseph Eduards Property 3 Montgomery County 4 Ryan McKay 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spero and Company, Towson MIS 1 13607 Ild Columbia Pike, South Jacade

1 13:34-12



1 M:34-12 2 Joseph Edward Property 3 Montgomery County 4 Ryan Mckay 5 February 1996 6 P.A. C. Spew and Company, Towson UD

7 13607 Old Columbia Pike, west Jacade

8 3/4



2 Joseph Edward Property 3 Montgomery Country 4 Ryan Mc Kay 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Company, Touson MD 1 13607 Old Columbia Pike, north Jacade