## Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form Intercounty Connector Project

DOE	yes	no

1. Name: (indicate	preferred name)	
historic Willard Marlow Hous	se I & II	
and/or common William Ellin F	Property	
2. Location:		
street & number 2700 Fairland	d Road	not for publication
city, town Silver Spring	x vicinity of	congressional district
state Maryland	county Mo	ntgomery
3. Classification	on:	
Category district publicx building(s)structuresiteobjectin procesbeing comex_not applicdistrictpublicin procesbeing comex_not applicin procesbeing comex_not applicin procesbeing comex_not applicin procesbeing comex_not application	ss <u>x</u> yes: restricte nsidered <u>y</u> es: unrestric	dentertainment residence dgovernmentreligious
4. Owner of Prop		mailing addresses of <u>all</u> owners)
name William Ellin c/o David		
street & number 11920 Lynnord		telephone no.:
city,town Monrovia		state and zip code MD
5. Location of	Legal Description	
Land Records Office of Montgor	nery County	liber 2333
street & number Montgomery (	County Judicial Center	folio 200
city,town Rockville		state MD
6. Representation	on in Existing Hi	storical Surveys
title		
date	feder	ralstatecountylocal
denository for survey records		
city,town		state

## 7. Description

Survey No. M:34-21 (PACS E5.21)

ndition excellent	deteriorated	Check one x_unaltered	Check one _x_original site	
good _x_fair	ruins unexposed	altered	moved	date of move

Resource Count: 5

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Willard Marlow House I is a 2-story, 3-bay side-gable cottage on the north side of Fairland Road in the Silver Spring vicinity, Montgomery County. Constructed circa 1920, the building has a 1-story, full-width, hipped-roof porch on the front facade, with brick columns and a low brick wall, and a 1-story addition on the rear elevation. The structure has a side gable, asphalt shingle roof and is of wood frame construction with asbestos siding. It has a concrete foundation and double-hung wood windows. An exterior brick chimney is located on the west elevation and an interior brick chimney is located on the north side of the roof ridge.

The south, or front facade has a symmetrical fenestration pattern with a panelled wood door with twelve fixed lights centered between two, triple, 4/1, double-hung windows on the first story. The second story has two, paired 6/1 double-hung windows.

The west elevation has an exterior brick chimney and an irregular fenestration pattern, with one, fixed sash window on the basement level and one, paired 6/1 double-hung window on the first ory. Six-light casement windows are located on both sides of the chimney on the first story. a second story has two 6/1, double-hung windows and 6-light casement windows on both sides of the chimney. There is also a 6-light casement window in the gable end.

The west elevation of the rear addition has a symmetrical fenestration pattern, with three 3/2, fixed-sash windows.

The north, or rear elevation has a 1-story, full-width, hipped-roof addition. The fenestration pattern of the main house is symmetrical, with one, paired 6/1, double-hung window on the first story. A glass and wood panelled door with four fixed lights is located east of this window. The second story has two 6/1, double-hung windows.

The north elevation of the rear addition has a wood and glass panelled door with four lights. The fenestration pattern is irregular with seven 3/2 fixed-sash windows and one 6/1 double-hung window.

The east elevation has a projecting bay and a wood bulkhead door which provides access to the basement. The fenestration pattern is irregular, with two, 3-light, fixed sash windows on the basement level and two, paired 6/1, double-hung windows on the first story. The paired window in the first bay is projecting and has a shed roof. In addition, one 6/1 double-hung window is centered between the paired windows, at a slightly elevated level. The second story has two, 6/1 double-hung windows and a 6-light casement window is located in the gable end.

The east elevation of the rear addition has no fenestration.

There are three outbuildings associated with this building. The first outbuilding is a garage, the a gable roof covered with asphalt shingles. Constructed circa 1920, it is of wood frame construction. The structure is located north of the house.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Willard Marlow House I & II

**SURVEY NO.:** M:34-21 (PACS E5.21)

ADDRESS: 2700 Fairland Road, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

## 7. Description (Continued)

The second outbuilding is a shed with a gable roof that is partially collapsed. Constructed circa 1920 it is of wood frame construction. The structure is located northeast of the house and east of the garage.

The third outbuilding is a shed with a gable roof covered with asphalt shingles. Constructed circa 1920, it is of wood frame construction and is located east of the house and southeast of the garage and the first shed.

The Willard Marlow House II is a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -story, 3-bay bungalow-style house on the north side of Fairland Road in the Silver Spring vicinity, Montgomery County. Constructed circa 1920, the building is a typical bungalow form with integral porches and symmetrical, inset shed-roof dormers on both the front and rear elevations. The front porch has brick columns and a low brick wall, while the rear porch has been enclosed. The structure has a side-gable roof with asphalt shingles and two brick chimneys; an exterior chimney on the west elevation and an interior chimney at the roof ridge. The house is clad in asbestos siding, has a concrete foundation, and has double-hung wood windows.

south, or front facade has a full-width, integral porch with exposed rafters. The first story trance is a glass and wood panelled door with twelve fixed lights. The fenestration pattern is symmetrical with two, paired 6/1 double-hung windows on the first story. There is a paired 6/1 double-hung window in the shed dormer. Typical elements of the bungalow style, including an integral porch, inset shed dormer, paired windows and exposed rafters are evident on this elevation.

The west elevation has an exterior brick chimney and an irregular fenestration pattern with one 3-light fixed sash window on the basement level and one, paired 6/1 double-hung window on the first story. There is one, paired 6/1 double-hung window and an opening with the sash removed, both in the gable end. Near the north corner of the elevation is a pair of 6-light casement windows, with one-half of the window missing.

The north, or rear elevation has an irregular fenestration pattern with four, paired 6-light casement windows, one 6/1 double-hung window, and a wood door on the first story. There is one, paired 6/1 double-hung window in the inset dormer.

The east elevation has a  $\frac{1}{2}$ -story concrete block structure attached to the facade which supports an oil tank. The fenestration pattern is irregular with two, 3-light fixed sash windows on the basement level and two, paired 6/1 double-hung windows on the first story. The first bay is projecting with a shed roof and a 6/1, double-hung window is centered between the paired windows, at a slightly elevated level. There are two 6/1 double-hung windows and a 6-light casement window in the gable end.

The property is located on the north side of Fairland Road, with residential property to the east and a six-lane highway (Rt. 29) to the south and west. The property's setting is greatly altered the intrusion of modern housing and major roadways.

Page 7.1 P.A.C. Spero & Company October 1996

_1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899	archaeology-prehistoricarcheology-historicagriculturearchitectureartcommercecommunication	conservation	landscape architecturelawliteraturemilitarymusic	sciencesculpturesocial/ humanitariantheater
Specific da	tes circa 1920		Builder/Architect	
check:	and/or Applicable Exception	ABC s:ABC e:national	DEFG	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The location of the Willard Marlow Houses is shown on the 1878 Hopkins Atlas as land near the home of Julius Marlow. The earliest reference to the specific property is a deed which documents that Julius Marlow conveyed a parcel of land to Willard E. Marlow on May 10, 1885. Howard McC. Marlow acquired an adjacent parcel of land from James Viers on September 21, 1899. Willard E. rlow acquired this parcel from Howard McC. Marlow on November 26, 1921, after which, the sidences currently on the property were constructed. Willard E. Marlow subsequently conveyed his 1885 land acquisition to Benjamin Ellin on January 18, 1923. On January 5, 1942, Benjamin Ellin acquired the adjacent parcel of land from Willard E. Marlow. Benjamin Ellin then conveyed the land to William and Adeline Ellin on April 18, 1957. The Ellins are the current owners of the property.

The Willard Marlow Houses are located in the northern Silver Spring neighborhood of Fairland. The houses are located on land originally patented to Archibald Edmonston in 1720 as "Deer Park" in what was then Prince George's County. "Deer Park" was grant of 276 hectares (682 acres) between the Paint Branch and Little Paint Branch, and from approximately Randolph Road to Briggs Chaney Road (Boyd 1879: 38).

By the 1870s the "Gilded Age" (1870-1895) of materialism was beginning. It was during this period of massive land speculation and radical changes in the traditional methods of transportation that the phenomenon known as suburbanization was born. Beginning in the 1880s, the economy of Montgomery and Prince George's counties began to shift away from agriculture, becoming increasingly more dependent upon the federal government and the jobs it provided (M-NCPPC 1993:25). The combined influences of an expanding capital city, speculative developers, and easier, more convenient modes of transportation stimulated suburban growth in both Montgomery and Prince George's counties. However, Fairland was far enough away from the District of Columbia to remain a small and rural community. In the decades after the Civil War, Fairland had a population of about 50 people, an Episcopal church, a schoolhouse, and a store.

The "motor car", first manufactured for sale in 1895, prompted expansive economic and social changes after the turn of the century. The automobile and an improved system of roads offered ther opportunity for suburban expansion; new communities appeared, in some cases quite distant rom railroad and streetcar lines. Although Fairland remained a small community until after the Second World War, development occurred along the Columbia Pike. The historic crossroads of Fairland has been replaced by modern development.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Willard Marlow House I & II

**SURVEY NO.:** M:34-21 (PACS E5.21)

ADDRESS: 2700 Fairland Road, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

## 8. Significance (Continued)

Between 1870 and 1940 the vernacular cottage style, like that exhibited in the Willard Marlow House I, was typically built for Americans of modest means. They are characterized by simple ornamentation and mass-produced components, such as door frames, moldings, sash and window units, and porch decoration. The development of post-Civil War machinery capable of producing large amounts of standardized housing elements, such as those found in cottages, contributed greatly to the development of the modern American housing industry. Designs for vernacular cottages were obtained from popular magazines, such as House Beautiful, or carpenter's and builder's journals, such as American Builder. A variety of front-gabled, side-gable, cross-gable, gable-front-andwing, and hipped roof frame cottages were developed in the early to mid-twentieth century. Front gable and hipped roof cottages are one to two stories tall, 3 bays wide and several rooms deep. Side-gable and cross-gable structures are usually two to two-and-a-half-stories tall, are typically two to three bays in width and vary from one to three rooms deep. They usually include a porch covered with a shed roof. Porches are supported by posts often containing machineproduced Victorian ornamentation. Some cottages feature ornamentation drawn from Craftsman style or Colonial Revival architecture (Gottfried and Jennings 1988, viii-xv).

The bungalow became the dominant style of middle and working class housing in the period between 90 and 1920. It was a style spread primarily by plans sold in popular catalogues, rather than Like the Willard Marlow House II, bungalows are typically one-and-a-half-story structures, with low, horizontal lines and an integral porch on the front of the house. They are also characterized by a series of broad gables that form contiguous and receding planes. Gables often are bracketed and have wide projecting eaves. Roofs are gently pitched and often have either gable or shallow shed dormers. Windows are either sash or casement with many lights or single panes of glass. Bungalows are also notable for their earth-tone stains and use of natural materials such as stones, shingling, or stucco. The bungalow form frequently features Craftsmanstyle detailing, such as exposed rafter tails, wood brackets under eave overhangs, three-over-one double-hung sash windows, and wide wood frames around doors and windows. There are numerous variations to the bungalow style such as the Colonial, Swiss, and Spanish. enormously popular in the early years of the twentieth century because they were inexpensive to design and build. Their emergence coincided with the rise in the number of working and middle class Americans who could afford to purchase a house (Klein 1985, 44).

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Willard Marlow House I & II

**SURVEY NO.:** M:34-21 (PACS E5.21)

ADDRESS: 2700 Fairland Road, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

## 8. Significance (Continued)

### National Register Evaluation:

The Willard Marlow House I and House II, both constructed circa 1920, are not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. The property is not eligible under Criterion A or B, as it has no known association with historic persons or events. It does not meet Criterion C as both structures are common building forms and undistinguished architectural styles. Finally, the property is not known to have any potential to yield important information, and therefore, is not eligible under Criterion D.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST  Eligibility recommended Eligibility Not Recommended Comments						
eviewer, OPS:		Date: Date:	127 98			

Page 8.2 P.A.C. Spero & Company October 1996

May

# 9. Major Bibliographical References Survey No.M:34-21 (PACS E5.21)

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## 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property \_\_\_\_\_Quadrangle name \_Beltsville \_\_\_\_

Quadrangle scale <u>1:24,000</u>

Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code

## 11. Form Prepared By

name/title Caroline Hall

ganization P.A.C. Spero & Company

date October 1996

street & number 40 W. Chesapeake Avenue, Suite 412

telephone (410) 296-1635

city or town Baltimore

state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposed only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

DHCP/DHCD

100 Community Place

Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

(410) 514-7600

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Willard Marlow House I & II

SURVEY NO.: M:34-722 (PACS E5.21)

ADDRESS: 2700 Fairland Road, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

## 9. Major Bibliographical References (Continued)

- Boyd, T.H.S. <u>The History of Montgomery County, Maryland, From its Earliest Settlement in 1650 to 1879</u>. Baltimore: Regional Publishing Company, 1968.
- Brugger, Robert A. <u>Maryland, A Middle Temperament 1634-1980</u>. Baltimore and London: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1988.
- Coleman, Margaret Marshall. <u>Montgomery County: A Pictorial History</u>. Norfolk and Virginia Beach: The Donning Company Publishers, 1984, rev. 1990.
- Daniels, Lee A. "Burtonsville: A town of the past trapped between the future." <u>Washington Post</u>. no date.
- Dixon-Williams, Gail. "Originally Burtons, this suburb has come a long way from 1800's."

  <u>Burtonsville Gazette</u>, 14 September 1994: A-4.
- Farquhar, Roger Brooke. <u>Old Homes and History of Montgomery County, Maryland</u>. Washington: Judd and Detweiller, Inc., 1962.
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- Hiebert, Ray Eldon, and Richard K. MacMaster. <u>A Grateful Remembrance: the Story of Montgomery County, Maryland</u>. Rockville, Maryland: Montgomery County Government and the Montgomery County Historical Society, 1976.
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- Klein, Marilyn W. and David P. Fogle. <u>Clues to American Architecture</u>. Washington D.C. and Philadelphia: Starrhill Press, 1986.
- Land Records of Montgomery County, Maryland.
- Martenet, Simon J. <u>Martenet and Bond's Map of Montgomery County, Maryland</u>. Baltimore, Maryland: Simon J. Martenet, 1865; reprint, Rockville, Maryland: Montgomery County Historical Society.
- Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission. <u>Landmarks of Prince George's County</u>.

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- Tindall, George Brown. <u>America: A Narrative History</u>. 2 vols. New York: W.W. Norton & Company, Inc., 1984.

Page 9.1

P.A.C. Spero & Company

October 1996

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

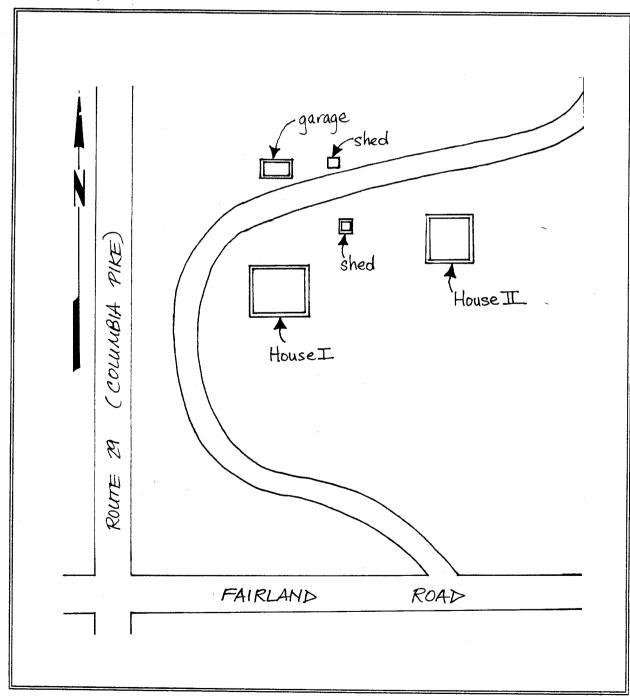
PESOURCE NAME: Willard Marlow House I & II

JRVEY NO.: M:34-12 (PACS E5.21)

ADDRESS: 2700 Fairland Road, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

### 10. Geographical Data (Continued)

### Resource Sketch Map



Page 10.1 P.A.C. Spero & Company October 1996

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Willard Marlow House I & II

JURVEY NO.: M:34-122 (PACS E5.21)

ADDRESS: 2700 Fairland Road, Silver Spring, Montgomery County

Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data Sheet

**Historic Context:** 

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization:

Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period Theme (s):

11. Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

2. Architecture

RESOURCE TYPE:

Category (see Section 3 of survey form):

Building

Historic Environment (urban, suburban, village, or rural):

Suburban

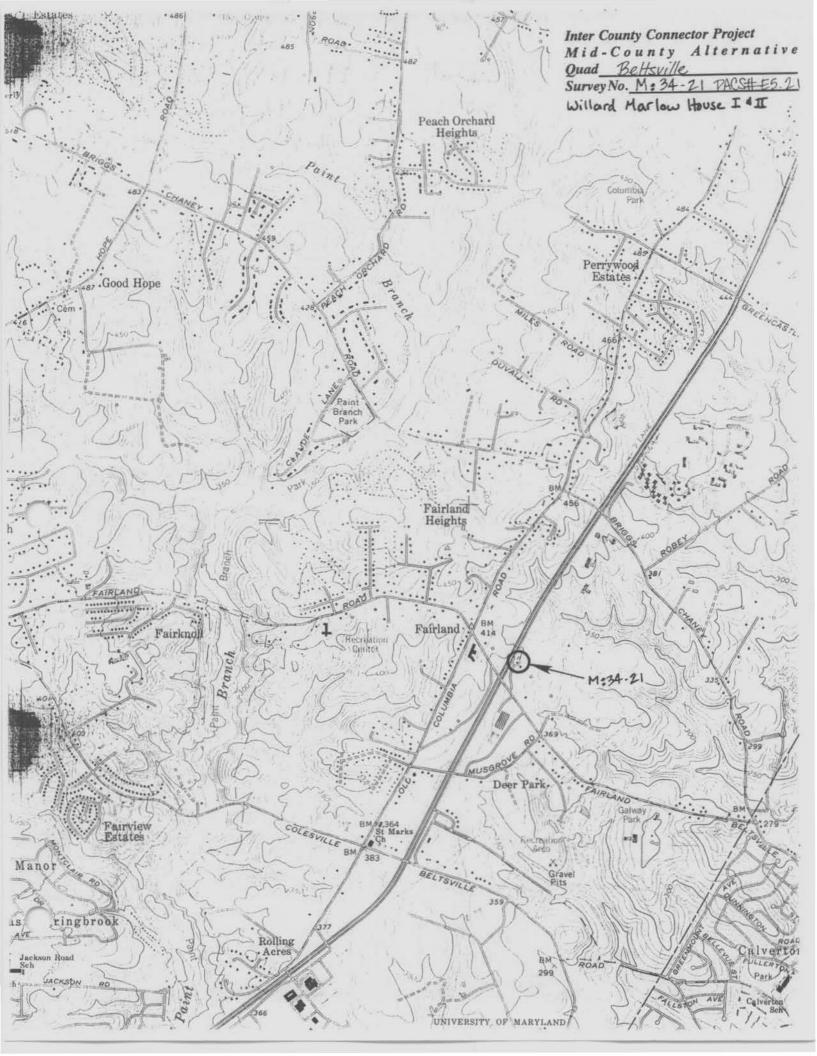
Historic Function(s) and Use(s):

Dwelling

Known Design Source (write none if unknown):

None

Preparer: P.A.C. Spero & Company October 1996





1m3--21 2 Willard Marton House I + II 3 Montgomeny County 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Company, Tavson MD 21204 1 2100 Fairland Road, south elevation House # 1 8/0/11



2 Willard Marlow House I + II 3 Montgomery County 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Company, Tauson MD 21204 12100 Fairland Road, west elevation House #1 82011

1 m 34-21



1 Montgomeny County House It I 4 Cawline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Company, Tausan MD 21207 7 2700 Fairland Road, north elevation House #1 830/11



111134-21 2 Willard Marlow I+ II 3 Montgomey County 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Company, Tawson MD 21204 7 2100 Faciland Road, east elevation, House #1 8 4 % 11



1 M:34-21 2 Willard Marlow House I +TI 3 Montgomery County 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Company, Tawson MD 2120A 12100 Fairland Road, garage House#1 85911



111:34-21 2 Willard Marton Houx I + I 3 Montgomey County 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Speco and Company, Towson MD 21204 72100 Fairland Road, shed #1 - House #1 8601



1 m. 34-21 2 Willord Marlow House II 3 Montgoney oury 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Speco and Company, Towson MD 21204 7 2700 Fairland Road, shed # 2, Howe #1 8 7911



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2 Willard Marlow House I + IL 3 Montgomey County 4 Caroline Hall 5 February 1996 6 PAC Spew and Campany, Tauson UD 21204 7 2100 Fairland Road, east elevation, House #2 8 11 06 11

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