4415 Brookeville Road, Brookeville HPC Case # 23/59-11,A Marter Plan Site #23/59, Lorust Hill



HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION

Isiah Leggett County Executive Leslie Miles
Acting-Chairperson

Date: March 14, 2011

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Carla Reid, Director

Department of Permitting Services

FROM:

Josh Silver, Senior Planne

Historic Preservation Section

Maryland-National Capital Park & Planning Commission

SUBJECT:

Historic Area Work Permit #560199, solar array installation

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) has reviewed the attached application for a Historic Area Work Permit (HAWP). This application was **approved** at the March 9, 2011 meeting.

The HPC staff has reviewed and stamped the attached construction drawings.

THE BUILDING PERMIT FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE ISSUED CONDITIONAL UPON ADHERENCE TO THE ABOVE APPROVED HAWP CONDITIONS AND MAY REQUIRE APPROVAL BY DPS OR ANOTHER LOCAL OFFICE BEFORE WORK CAN BEGIN.

Applicant:

John Fuller

Address:

4415 Brookeville Road, Brookeville

This HAWP approval is subject to the general condition that the applicant will obtain all other applicable Montgomery County or local government agency permits. After the issuance of these permits, the applicant must contact this Historic Preservation Office if any changes to the approved plan are made. Once the work is complete the applicant will contact the staff person assigned to this application at 301-563-3400 or joshua.silver@mncppc-mc.org to schedule a follow-up site visit.







PETURN TO DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES
255 ROCKVILLE PIKE 2nd FLOOR ROCKVILLE MD 20050
240 777 - NTO

DPS - #8

HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION 301/563-3400

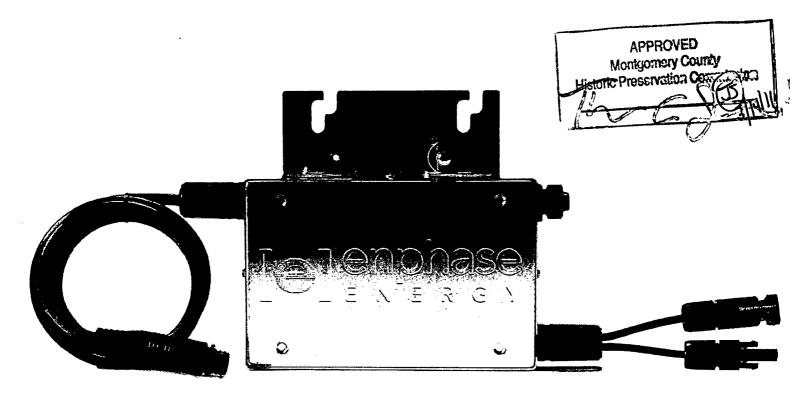
APPLICATION FOR HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT

			Contact Person:	Duane Glass c/o Standard Solar, I
			Daytime Phone No.:	240-479-1514
Tax Account No.: 08-0264556	3			
Name of Property Owner: John	-uller		Daytime Phone No.:	301-840-1100
Address: 4415 Brookeville F	₹d.	Brookeville		ID 20833
Street Number		City	Stee	- ,
Contractor: Standard Solar,	Inc.		Phone No.:	301-944-1200 x 5106
Contractor Registration No.: MH	C 124908			
Agent for Owner: Duane Gla	ss		Daytime Phone No.:	240-479-1514
LOCATION OF BUILDING/PRE	VIISE			
House Number: 4415	IIIOL	Chanada	Brookeville Rd.	
	····			·
Town/City: Brookeville			21011111	
Lot: Block:				
Liber: 7196 Folio: 7	Parcel:			
PART ONE: TYPE OF PERMIT	ACTION AND USE		 .	
1A. CHECK ALL APPLICABLE:		CHECK ALL	APPLICAELE:	
☐ Construct ☐ Extend	☐ Alter/Renovate	□ A/C	☐ Slab ☐ Room	Addition
☐ Move Ø install	☐ Wreck/Raze	Ø Solar	☐ Firenlace ☐ Wood	burning Stove Single Family
☐ Revision ☐ Repair	☐ Revocable	_		Other:
1B. Construction cost estimate:		2	rall (complete occurs, 4)	- Valor.
1C. If this is a revision of a previou		ean Darmit #		·
				
PART TWO: COMPLETE FOR	VEW CONSTRUCTION AN	ND EXTEND/ADDIT	IONS	
2A. Type of sewage disposal:	01 🗆 WSSC	02 🗷 Septic	03 🗆 Other:	
2B. Type of water supply:	01 🗆 WSSC	02 🗹 Well	03 🗆 Other:	
PART THREE: COMPLETE ON	V END EENICE/DETAINING	CINIALS		
_		UVVALL	•	
3A. Heightfeet				
3B. Indicate whether the fence o			following locations:	•
On party line/property line	☐ Entirely on la	and of owner	On public right of	f way/easement
approved by all agencies listed an	hority to make the foregoing d I hereby acknowledge and	application, that the d accept this to be a d	application is correct, an condition for the issuance	a /3 /2011
Signature of the	A SUMMING AND A SUMMING AND A SUMMING AND ASSESSMENT OF SUMMING ASSESSMENT OF SUMMING AND ASSESSMENT OF SUMMING ASSESSMENT OF SUMING ASSESSMENT OF SUMMING ASSESSMENT OF SUMING ASSESSMENT OF SUMING ASSESSMENT OF SUMING ASSESS			/ / Date
Approved:	k 1	For Chair	Decson, Historic Preserve	tion Commission
Disapproved:	Signature:		V (i	5) Date: 3/14/11
Application/Permit No.: 50	70149 T	Date #	alled: 214/2017	Nate Issued:

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

ENPHASE MICROINVERTER

M 2 1 0



The Enphase Energy Microinverter System improves energy harvest, increases reliability, and dramatically simplifies design, installation and management of solar power systems. The Enphase System includes the microinverter, the Envoy Communications Gateway, and the web-based Enlighten monitoring and analysis website.

PRODUCTIVE

- Maximum energy production
- Resilient to dust, debris and shading
 Performance monitoring per module

RELIABLE

- MTBF of 331 years
- System availability greater than 99.8%
- No single point of system failure

SMART

- Quick & simple design, installation and management
- 24/7 monitoring and analysis



MICROINVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

Input Data (DC)	M210-84-208-512	M2:10-84-240-512/
Recommended input power (STC)	240W	240W
Maximum input DC voltage	62V	62V
Peak power tracking voltage	31V – 50V	31V – 50V
Min./Max. start voltage	38V/62V	38V/62V
Max. DC short circuit current	12A	12A
Max. input current	10A	10A
Output Data (AC)		
Maximum output power	210W	210W
Nominal output current	1.00 A	.88 A
Nominal voltage/range	208V/183V-229V	240V/211V-264V
Extended voltage/range	208V/179V-232V	240V/206V-269V
Nominal frequency/range	60.0/59.3-60.5	60.0/59.3-60.5
Extended frequency/range	60.0/59.2-60.6	60.0/59.2-60.6
Power factor	>0.95	>0.95
Maximum units per branch	18	13
Efficiency		
Peak inverter efficiency	96.0%	96.0%
CEC weighted efficiency	95.5%	95.5%
Nominal MPP tracking	99.6%	99.6%
Mechanical Data		
Operating temperature range	-40°C to +65°C	-40°C to +65°C
Night time power consumption	30mW	30mW
Dimensions (WxHxD)	8" x 5.25" x 1.25"	,
Weight	4.4 lbs	
Cooling	Natural Convection – N	lo Fans
Enclosure environmental rating	Outdoor – NEMA 6	5
Features		
Communication	Powerline	
Warranty	15 Years	
Compliance	UL1741/IEEE1547	7 , .
	FCC Part 15 Class	В

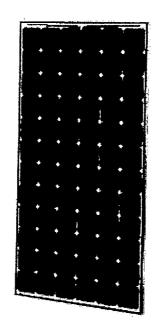
Enphase Energy, Inc.

142-00006 REV 03



HIT Power 215A

Module Efficiency: 17.1% Cell Efficiency: 19.3% Power Output - 215 Watts



Photovoltaic Module

High Efficiency

HIT® Power solar panels are leaders in sunlight conversion efficiency. Obtain maximum power within a fixed amount of space. Save money using fewer system attachments and racking materials, and reduce costs by spending less time installing per watt. HIT Power models are ideal for grid-connected solar systems, areas with performance based incentives, and renewable energy credits.

Power Guarantee

SANYO's power ratings for HIT Power panels guarantee customers receive 100% of the nameplate rated power (or more) at the time of purchase, enabling owners to generate more kWh per rated watt, quicken investments returns, and help realize complete customer satisfaction.

Temperature Performance

As temperatures rise, HIT Power solar panels produce 10% or more electricity (kWh) than conventional crystalline silicon solar panels at the same temperature.

--- Valuable Features -

The packing density of the panels reduces transportation, fuel, and storage costs per installed watt.

American Made Quality

SANYO silicon wafers located inside HIT solar panels are made in California and Oregon, and the panels are assembled in an ISO 9001 (quality), 14001 (environment), and 18001 (safety) certified factory. Unique eco-packing minimizes cardboard waste at the job site. The panels have a Limited 20-Year Power Output and 5-Year Product Workmanship Warranty.

SANYO HIT * Solar Cell Structure

Ultra-thin amorphous silicon layer

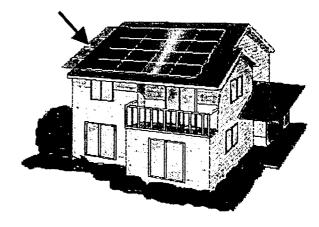
Thin mono crystalline silicon wafer

Ultra-thin amorphous silicon layer

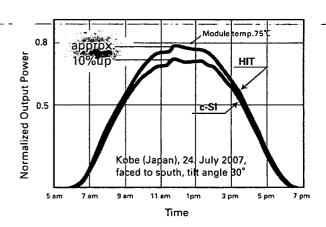
SANYO'S Proprietary Technology

HIT solar cells are hybrids of mono crystalline silicon surrounded by ultra-thin amorphous silicon layers, and are available solely from SANYO.

Unnecessary Section When Using SANYO



Increased Performance with SANYO



HIT Power 215A

Electrical Specifications

Model	HIT Power 215A or HIT-N215A01
Rated Power (Pmax) ¹	215 W
Maximum Power Voltage (Vpm)	42.0 V
Maximum Power Current (Ipm)	5.13 A
Open Circuit Voltage (Voc)	51.6 V
Short Circuit Current (Isc)	5.61 A
Temperature Coefficient (Pmax)	-0.336%/ °C
Temperature Coefficient (Voc)	-0.143 V/ °C
Temperature Coefficient (Isc)	1.96 mA/ °C
NOCT	114.8°F (46°C)
CEC PTC Rating	199.6 W
Cell Efficiency	19.3%
Module Efficiency	17.1%
Watts per Ft. ²	15.85 W
Maximum System Voltage	600 V
Series Fuse Rating	· 15 A
Warranted Tolerance (-/+)	-0% / +10%

Mechanical Specifications

Internal Bypass Diodes	3 Bypass Diodes
Module Area	13.56 Ft² (1.26m²)
Weight	35.3 Lbs. (16kg)
Dimensions LxWxH	62.2x31.4x1.8 in. (1580x798x46 mm)
Cable Length +Male/-Female	46.45/40.55 in. (1180/1030 mm)
Cable Size / Connector Type	No. 12 AWG ⁻ / MC4 [™] Locking Connectors
Static Wind / Snow Load	60PSF (2880Pa) / 39PSF (1867Pa)
Pallet Dimensions LxWxH	63.2x32x72.8 in. (1607x815x1850 mm)
Quantity per Pallet / Pallet Weight	34 pcs./1234.5 Lbs (560 kg)
Quantity per 53' Trailer	952 pcs.

Operating Conditions & Safety Ratings

	
Ambient Operating Temperature	-4°F to 115°F (-20°C to 46°C) ²
Hail Safety Impact Velocity	1" hailstone (25mm) at 52 mph (23m/s)
Fire Safety Classification	Class C
Safety & Rating Certifications	UL 1703, cUL, CEC
Limited Warranty	5 Years Workmanship, 20 Years Power Output
ISTC: Cell temp 25°C AM1.5 1000V	N/m² 2Monthly average low and high of the installation site

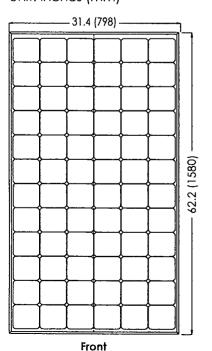
'STC: Cell temp. 25°C, AM1.5, 1000W/m² ²Monthly average low and high of the installation site.

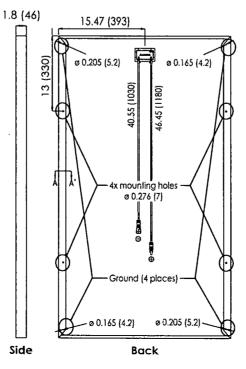
Note: Specifications and information above may change without notice.

All modules connected in the solar array should be of the same model number.

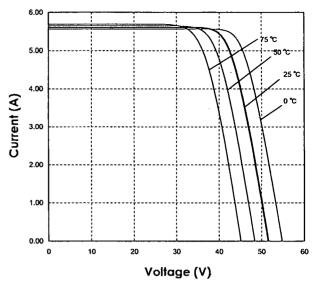
Dimensions

Unit: inches (mm)

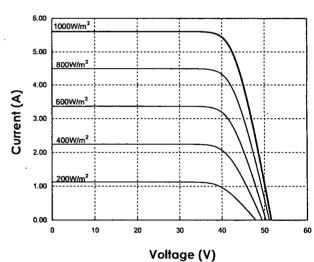


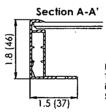


Dependence on Temperature



Dependence on Irradiance





HiT® is a registered trademark of SANYO Electric Co.,LTd.. The name "HIT®" comes from "Heterojunction with intrinsic Thin-layer" which is an original technology of SANYO Electric Co.,Ltd..





SANYO North America Energy System Solutions Division

550 S. Winchester Blvd., Suite 510 San Jose, CA 95128, U.S.A. www.sanyo.com/solar solar@sec.sanyo.com

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Green-Fasten Attachments secure, roof intact.

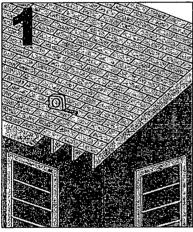
Roof Attachment Specialists Attachments Secure — Roof Intact

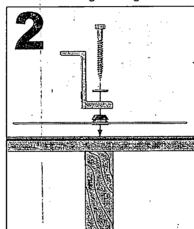
Installing Green-Fasten on a Composition Shingle Roof

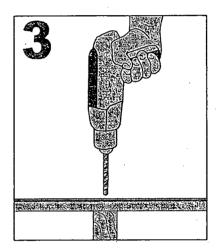
No need to remove any shingles if you can locate the rafters.

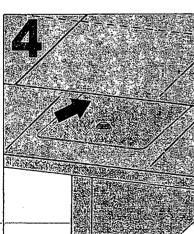
- **Tools Required:**
 - Drill, socket drive for lag bolt, tape measure, stud finder, chalk line, etc.
- 1. Locate the rafters and snap horizontal and vertical lines to mark the installation position for each Green-Fasten. Note: vertical location is for illustration only, generally items are not installed at the eave.
- 2. Center the Green-Fasten over the rafter.
- 3. Drill a pilot hole for the lag bolt.
- 4. Insert the flashing so the top part is under the next row of shingles and the hole lines up with the pilot hole.
- 5. Insert the lag bolt through the neoprene-bonded washer, the top compression component (Z-Bracket pictured) and the Gasketed hole in the flashing and into the rafter.

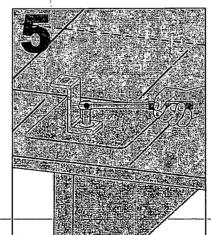
Consult an engineer or go to www.eco-fasten.com for engineering data.

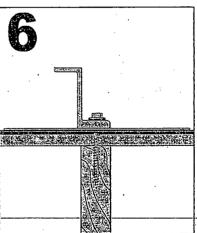












Document version: 04.22.2009

Eco-Fasten
289 Harrel Street • Morrisville, VT 05661
Toll Free Phone 1.888.766.4273 • Toll Free Fax 1.888.756.9994
E-mail info@eco-fasten.com



Made in Vermont, USA from recycled materials

JAC-RACK PV MODULE MOUNTING SYSTEM

SECTION 1. SERIES 150 & 250 COMPONENTS

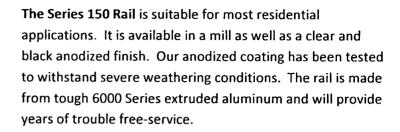
SECTION 2. SERIES 150 & 250 INSTALLATION GUIDE

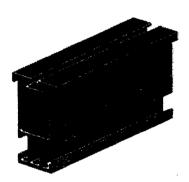
SECTION 3. DESIGN LOAD CALCULATION GUIDE

SECTION 4. ENGINEERING CERTIFICATIONS

SECTION 1: SERIES 150 & 250 COMPONENTS



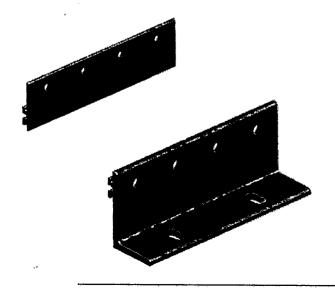




The Series 250 Rail is suitable for residential and commercial applications and is available in a mill or clear anodized finish. Our anodized coating has been tested to withstand severe weathering conditions. The rail, like the Series 150, is made from tough 6000 Series extruded aluminum and will provide years of trouble-free service.



The Mounting Brackets are designed for roof mount installations and can also be used with stanchions or risers. They are made from 6000 Series extruded aluminum and are available in a mill finish or a clear or black anodized finish. The back of the bracket is serrated to interlock with the Rail, providing a more positive attachment of the Rail to the bracket.



The Splice Plate or Splice Plate Mounting Bracket the bracket serves a dual purpose: 1) as an Extension Device to create a longer rail, and 2) as a Mounting Bracket supporting the extended Rail at its most critical point. The Splice Plate Mounting Bracket is made from 6000 Series extruded aluminum and is available in a mill finish or a clear or black anodized finish. The interlocking dovetail provides a very positive connection between the rail sections.



MODULE MOUNTING BRACKETS



End Mounting Brackets are made of 6000 Series extruded aluminum and are available in a mill finish or a clear or black anodized finish. They are designed to fit specific PV modules. Please consult our fit chart for the specific part number for your application. For top down installations, four (4) clamps are required for each row of modules, and they should be installed with a minimum of ¼ inch clearance from the end of the rail.



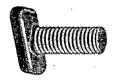
Top Mounting Clamps are made of 6000 Series extruded aluminum and are available in a mill finish or a clear or black anodized finish. One part number is designed to fit PV modules. We recommend the use of our "Ground Control" Clip and ¼ turn, 5/16" bolt and nut with the clamp. The clamp must be torqued to 10 to 12 ft/lbs. to insure proper grounding of the module.



Bottom Mounting Bracket is designed to mount to the lower flange of most PV modules; and, like our other brackets, available in mill, clear or black anodized finish

FASTENERS

Our stainless steel fasteners feature a ¼ turn bolt head for easy, on-site installation, and Armor*Galv*® coating that provides a barrier to the galvanic reaction that occurs between aluminum and stainless steel, causing corrosion and thread galling.



Mounting Bracket "T" Bolt,

3/8x1x1" ArmorGalv® coated



3/8x16", ArmorGalv® Nut



End Mounting Bracket "T" Bolt,

5/16x16x1" ArmorGalv® coated



5/16x18", ArmorGalv® Nut



Top Mounting Bracket "T" Bolt,

5/16x16x2 1/4" &

5/16x16x2 7/8" Armor Galv®



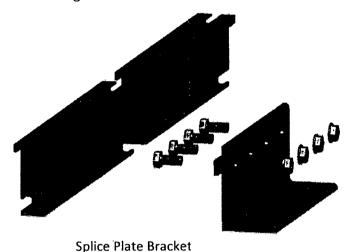
The "Ground Control" Clip comes assembled to the Top Mounting t-bolt and its spring feature positions the bolt on the Rail. It also grounds the module and the Rail when properly assembled.

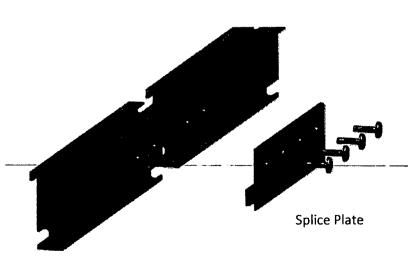
Splice Plate ¼ x20 x1", Armor*Galv*® coated, Self-drilling, Self-tapping Bolt

SECTION 2: SERIES 150 & 250 INSTALLATION GUIDE

This installation guide provides instructions for the mounting of the Series 150 and 250 Rails on a roof or wall, and can be used as supporting documentation for permit applications. JAC-RACK Inc. certifies that the Series 150 and 250 PV Mounting System described herein will meet building codes and structural requirements when installed in accordance with these instructions. JAC-RACK provides a limited warranty of the components.

- 1. Determine the layout of your installation and inventory all components.
- 2. If your installation requires splices to lengthen the Rails, use our Splice Plate or Splice Bracket. The Splice Plate is installed as shown with (4) self-drilling and self-tapping screws. The Splice Bracket is installed with (4) ¼ turn, 3/8x16x1" bolts. Any splices must be done prior to mounting the Rail onto the Mounting Brackets.



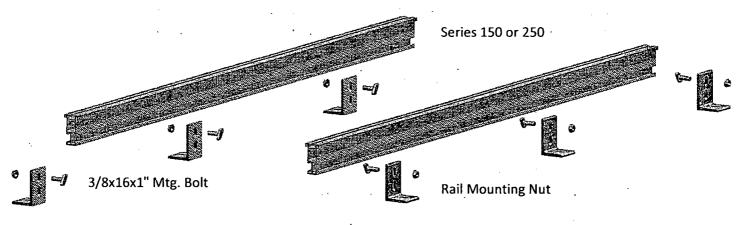


3. After determining the number of Mounting Brackets required for your installation, and providing for the bracket attachments, lay out the Rails and Mounting Brackets on the roof or job surface. Attach the Mounting Brackets to the roof structure or alternative mounting configuration.

Consult your local building codes for acceptable methods of attachment to the roof.

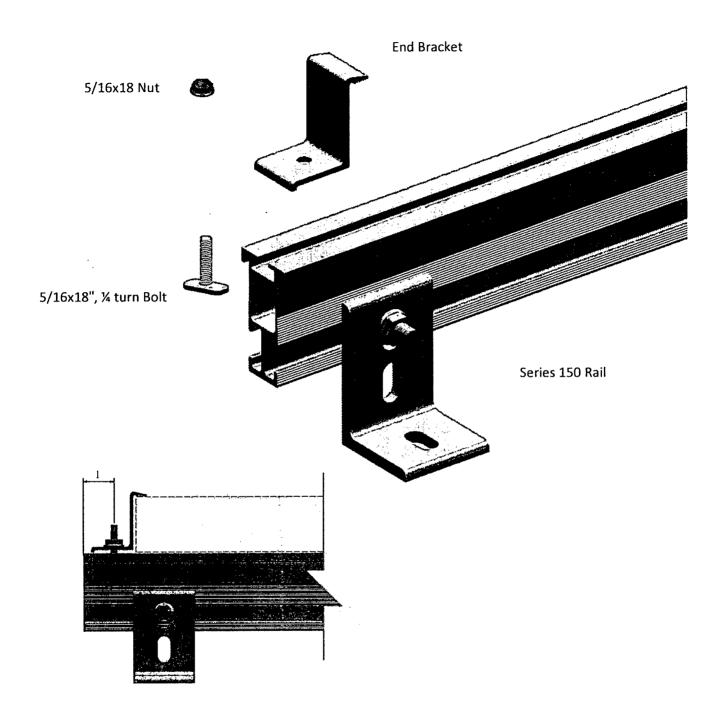
Refer to Series 150 and Series 250 Rail Span Tables on pages 9 and 10.

4. Using JAC-RACK's ¼ turn, 3/8x18x1" Bolts (or standard 3/8x18/x1" bolts), attach the Rails to the Mounting Brackets as shown.

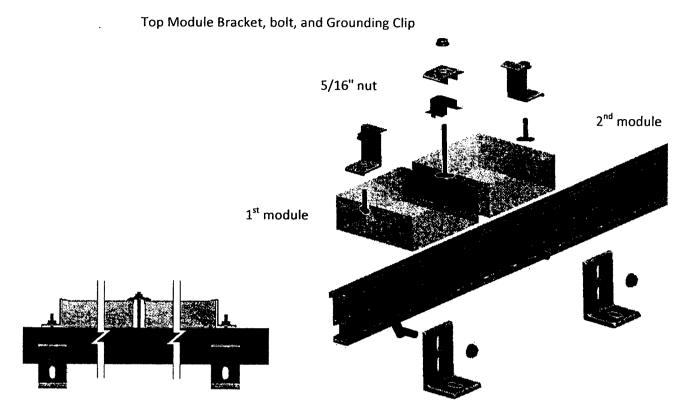


Rail Mounting Brackets

Note: When the Rails are mounted in longitudinal mode (the rails are oriented left to right vs. top to bottom), the Mounting Brackets must be oriented to the outside surface of the Rail and be installed with the mounting leg pointing down the roof surface.



5. Locate the End Mounting Bracket and 5/16x18x1.5" mounting bolts and assemble the brackets to the Rails 1" from the end of the Rail. for portrait installation (Rails running top to bottom), start from the lowest point on the roof. For landscape installations (Rails running left to right) start from either the left or right edge of the Rail and progress to the end of the row.



After each bracket has been loosely fastened to each Rail, position the 1st module under the end clamp and tighten the 5/16" nut to "finger tight".

- 6. Along the Rail and opposite to the End Mounting Clamp, position the top clamp, Mounting Bolt and Grounding Clip assembly by depressing the head of the bolt into the channel of the Rail and rotating the bolt head ¼ turn. The patented spring feature will firmly retain the bolt.
- 7. Before tightening the bolt, place the 2nd module on the Rails and position it so that the grounding lugs are under both the 1st and 2nd module. Snug the nut to retain the modules and repeat the process to the end of the row.
- 8. At the end of the row, assemble the End Mounting Bracket to retain the last module.
- 9. Once all modules in the row are in position, the End Mounting Brackets are snug, the Grounding Clips are positioned under adjacent modules; then, starting from one end of the row, torque all of the 5/16" nuts to 10 to 12 ft/lbs to insure engagement of the barbs on the Grounding Clips with the Rail and modules and proper grounding of the modules.
- 10. Repeat the process to install the remaining modules in the array.

JAC RACK

Series 150 Rail Span Table

(Refer to page 15 for an example of how to determine the proper span.)

(A) Rail spacing (ft)	(B) Span . (ft)	Allowable Load (plf)		
	5	130		
	5.5	98		
	6	74		
3	6.5	59		
	7	47		
	7.5	38		
	8	31		
	4.5	178		
	5	131		
	5.5	98		
5	6	73		
	6.5	58		
	7	46		
	7.33	41		

Total Load: TL = DL + LL (psf)

Allowable Load (plf) = TL x Rail Spacing

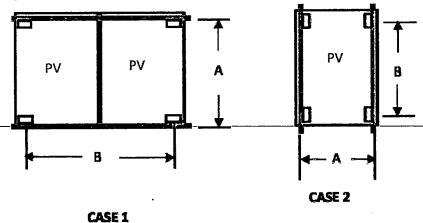
Allowable load based on total load deflection of L/180

Allowable load is for simple spans loading only.

Other loading conditions can be provided upon request.

Do not exceed spans

Refer to Section 3 for calculating allowable design loads.



JAC RACK

Series 250 Rail Span Table

(A) Rail spacing	(B) Span	Allowable		
(ft)	(ft)	Load (plf)		
	7	105		
	7.5	85		
	8	70		
3	8.5	58		
	9	49		
	9.5	42		
	10	36		
	6	169		
	6.5	131		
	7	106		
5	7.5	86		
	8	71		
	8.5	59		
	9	49		

Total Load: TL = DL + LL (psf)

Allowable Load (plf) = TL x Rail Spacing

Allowable load based on total load deflection of L/180

Allowable load is for simple spans loading only.

Other loading conditions can be provided upon request.

Do not exceed spans

Refer to Section 3 for calculating allowable design loads.

Section 3: DESIGN LOAD CALCULATION GUIDE

This portion of the installation manual will guide you through the selection of rail support spacing by calculating the appropriate design load. Design loads are primarily due to self weight, snow and wind.

JAC-RACK RAILS, when installed in accordance with this manual, will meet or exceed the structural requirements of the 2006 International Building Code, ASCE-7-05, 2005 Aluminum Design Manual and California Building Code 2007.

It is the installer's sole responsibility for:

- 1. Verifying that all JAC RACK parts are appropriate for the particular installation including the proper location.
- 2. The appropriate anchorage system. Verify that lag screw/bolt and any other mounting systems are adequately installed for pullout, shear capacity and waterproofing.
- 3. Selection and installation of all waterproofing materials, i.e. flashing, caulking.
- 4. Verification of all design parameters (live and dead loads, snow loads, wind speed and seismic design category). Consult with local building department or a licensed professional engineer.
- 5. Compliance of local mechanical and electrical codes. Verification of correct installation of mechanical and electrical components.
- 6. Safe work site.

Determination of Design Loads

The procedure to determine Design Load is specified by the American Society of Civil Engineers 7-05 and referenced in the 2006 International Building Code. Refer to ASCE 7-05 for additional definitions and procedures not presented in this manual.

ASCE 7-05 Limitations:

- 1. The building height must be less than 60 feet. For installations on structures greater than 60 feet, consult a professional engineer.
- 2. The building must be enclosed, not an open or partially enclosed structure.
- 3. The building must not be irregular in shape like a geodesic dome.
- 5. The building has a flat or gable roof with a pitch less than 45 degrees or a hip roof with a pitch less than 27 degrees.



Determine design wind load

Design wind load for Components and Cladding used Method 1, the simplified Method from ASCE 7-05.

$$P_{net} = \lambda^* K_{zt^*} I^* p_{net30}$$

Where

P_{net} = Design wind load (psf)

 λ = Adjustment factor from Table 6-3

 K_{zt} = Topographic factor at mean roof height, h (ft)

I = Importance factor from Table 6-1.

 p_{net30} = Net design wind pressure for Exposure B, at h = 30 and I = 1.0 from Table 6-3a.

Required information:

V (mph) = Basic wind Speed. See FIGURE 6-1

h (ft) = Total roof height for flat roofs and mean roof height for pitched roofs

Effective Wind Area (ft²) = minimum total area of modules to be installed (A)

Roof Zone = See FIGURE 6-3

Roof Pitch (degrees)

Exposure Category

Calculation of Wind Load:

1. Basic Wind Speed V (mph):

Determine local wind speed using the maps in FIGURE 6-1.

2. Effective Wind Area (ft²)

Determine the smallest contributing area to a rail or support (use this area).

This number is to be rounded to nearest number less than 10, 20, 50, 100 or 500 ft².



3. Roof Zones

- a. Determine the roof zone from FIGURE 6-3.
- 4. Net Wind Pressure, p_{net30} from Table 6-3a.

Required information:

- a. Roof Zone (Zone) from step 3.
- b. Effective Wind Area from step 2.
- c. Basic Wind Speed from step 1.
- d. Roof pitch (degrees)

5. Topographic Factor, Kzt

The topographic factor is assumed to equal 1.0 for all installations with a roof pitch less than 10%. If an installer requires a pitch greater than 10% consult the manual ASCE 7-05, Section 6.5.7 and local building department.

6. Exposure Category

ASCE 7-05 has defined the categories as follows:

Exposure B: Urban and suburban areas, wooded areas, or other terrain with numerous closely spaced obstructions having the size of single family dwellings.

Exposure C: Open terrain with scattered obstructions having heights generally less than 30 feet. This category includes flat open country, grasslands, and all water surfaces in hurricane prone regions.

Exposure D: Flat, Unobstructed areas and water surfaces outside hurricane prone regions. This category includes smooth mud flats, salt flats, and unbroken ice.

Refer to ASCE 7-05 for additional information on exposure category.

7. Adjustment Factor, λ

Use TABLE 6-3

Required-information:

- a. h (ft)
- b. Exposure Category form step 6.

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- 8. Importance Factor, I from TABLE 7-4.
- 9. Design Wind Load Calculation, p_{net} (psf)

$$P_{net} = \lambda K_{zt} I p_{net30}$$

Calculation of Snow Loads:

Required information:

- 1. Ground Snow Load, Pg from FIGURE 7-1.
- 2. Flat Roof Snow Load, Pf = 0.7*Ce*Ct*I*Pg

where

Ce = Exposure factor from TABLE 7-2

Ct = Thermal factor from TABLE 7-3

I = Importance factor from TABLE 7-4

3. For sloped Roof, use Ps = Cs Pf

where

Cs = Roof slope factor from FIGURE 7-2

Refer to ASCE 7-05 for unbalanced roof snow loads, snow drift loads from higher roofs, roof projections and sliding snow.

Determining the Design Load

Use the calculated wind and snow loads for the different load cased listed below.

Case #1: P(psf) = 1.0D + 1.0S (downward force)

Case #2: $P(psf) = 1.0D + 1.0P_{ret}(downward force)$

Case #3: $P(psf) = 1.0D + 0.75S + 0.75P_{net}$ (downward force)

Case #4: P (psf) = $0.6D + 1.0P_{net}$ (uplift force)

where

D = Dead Load (psf) weight of solar panel and rail is usually 5 psf.

S = Snow Load (psf) use Pf for flat roof or Ps for sloped roofs.

P_{net} = Design Wind Load (psf) (Positive for downward force and negative for uplift force)

Design Load is the maximum of the load cases.

Example: Determine the proper span for Series 150 Rail. Refer to Span tables on pages 9 and 10.

1. Given the following:

Rail spacing, Sr = 3ft.

Design Live Load = 16 psf. (Design Live load may be snow or wind)

Design Dead Load = 3 psf (wt of PV panel).

The total load, TL = 19 psf.

- 2. Calculate the allowable load: $L_{allow} = Sr \times TL$: 3 ft x 19 psf = 57 plf.
- 3. In Series 150 Span Table with the corresponding rail spacing and allowable load, the rail can span 6.5 ft having an allowable load of 59 psf.



ASCE 7-05 TABLES AND FIGURES

TABLE 1-1: Occupancy Category of buildings and other structures for wind, snow, earthquakes and ice loads.

TABLE 6-1: Importance Factor for Wind Loads.

TABLE 6-3: Adjustment factor for Building Height and Exposure, λ .

TABLE 6-3a: Net Design Wind Pressure, Pnet30

TABLE 7-2: Exposure Factor, Ce.

TABLE 7-3: Thermal Factor, Ct.

FIGURE 6-1: Basic Wind Speed

FIGURE 6-3: Components and Cladding for Enclosed Buildings with roof height less than 60 ft.

FIGURE 7-1: Ground Snow loads for the United States.

TABLE 7-4: Importance Factor for Snow Loads.

TABLE 1-1 OCCUPANCY CATEGORY OF BUILDINGS AND OTHER STRUCTURES FOR FLOOD, WIND, SNOW, EARTHQUAKE, AND ICE LOADS

Nature of Occupancy	Occupancy Category
Buildings and other structures that represent a low hazzard to human life in the event of failure, including, but not limited to:	
Agricultural facilities Certain temporary facilities Minor storage facilities	I
All buildings and other structures except those listed ir. Occupancy Categories I, III, and IV Buildings and other structures that represent a substant al hazard to human life in the event of failure, including, but not limited to:	III II

- · Buildings and other structures where more than 300 people congregate in one area
- · Buildings and other structures with daycare facilities with a capacity greater than 150
- · Buildings and other structures with elementary school or secondary school facilities with a capacity greater than 250
- · Buildings and other structures with a capacity greater than 500 for colleges or adult education facilities
- · Health care facilities with a capacity of 50 or more resident patients, but not having surgery or emergency treatment facilities
- · Jails and detention facilities

Buildings and other structures, not included in Occupancy Category IV, with potential to cause a substantial economic impact and/or mass disruption of day-to-day civilian life in the event of failure, including, but not limited to:

- · Power generating stationsa
- · Water treatment facilities
- Sewage treatment facilities
- Telecommunication centers

Buildings and other structures not included in Occupancy Category IV (including, but not limited to, facilities that manufacture, process, handle, store, use, or dispose of such substances as hazardous fuels, hazardous chemicals, hazardous waste, or explosives) containing sufficient quantities of toxic or explosive substances to be dangerous to the public if released.

Buildings and other structures containing toxic or explosive substances shall be eligible for classification as Occupancy Category II structures if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the authority having jurisdiction by a hazard assessment as described in Section 1.5.2 that a release of the toxic or explosive substances does not pose a threat to the public. Buildings and other structures designated as essential facilities, including, but not limited to:

· Hospitals and other health care facilities having surgery or emergency treatment facilities

• Fire, rescue, ambulance, and police stations and emergency vehicle garages

Designated earthquake, hurricane, or other emergency shelters

- Designated emergency preparedness, communication, and operation centers and other facilities required for emergency response
- Power generating stations and other public utility facilities required in an emergency
- Ancillary structures (including, but not limited to, communication towers, fuel storage tanks, cooling towers, electrical substation structures, fire water storage tanks or other structures housing or supporting water, or other fire-suppression material or equipment) required for operation of Occupancy Category IV structures during an emergency
- · Aviation control towers, air traffic control centers, and emergency aircraft hangars
- Water storage facilities and pump structures required to maintain water pressure for fire suppression
- · Buildings and other structures having critical national defense functions

Buildings and other structures (including, but not limited to, facilities that manufacture, process, handle, store, use, or dispose of such substances as hazardous fuels, hazardous chemicals, or hazardous waste) containing highly toxic substances where the quantity of the material exceeds a threshold quantity established by the authority having jurisdiction.

Buildings and other structures containing highly toxic substances shall be eligible for classification as Occupancy Category II structures if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the authority having jurisdiction by a hazard assessment as described in Section 1.5.2 that a release of the highly toxic substances does not pose a threat to the public. This reduced classification shall not be permitted if the buildings or other structures also function as essential facilities.

a Cogeneration power plants that do not supply power or the national grid shall be designated Occupancy Category II.

Source: ASCE 7-05

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TABLE 6-1 IMPORTANCE FACTOR FOR WIND LOADS

 Category ^a	Non-Hurricane Prone Regions and Hurricane Prone Regions with V= 85-100 mph and Alaska	Hurricane Prone Regions with V > 100 mph
<u> </u>	0.87	0.77
11	1.00	1.00
111	1.15	1.15
IV	1.15	1.15

Source: ASCE 7-05

a. See Table 1-1

TABLE 6-3 Adjustment factor for Building Height and Exposure, λ

Mean roof		Exposure				
height (ft)	В	С	D			
15	1.00	1.21	1.47			
20	1.00	1.29	1.55			
25	1.00	1.35	1.61			
30	1.00	1.40	1.66			
35	1.05	1.45	1.70			
40	1.09	1.49	1.74			
45	1.12	1.53	1.78			
50	1.16	1.56	1.81			
55	1.19	1.59	1.84			
60	1.22	1.62	1.87			

Source: ASCE 7-05

For Components and Cladding - Method 1

Table 6-3a Net Design Wind Pressure

Components and Cladding - Method 1

Enclosed Buildings h≤ 60 ft

Net Design Wind Pressure, Pnet30 (psf) (Exposure B at h = 30ft with I = 1.0 and Kzt = 1.0)

Basic Wind Speed V (mph)

1		Effortive.						icea v				
	_	Effective wind Area	00		100		105		110		120	
degrees	Zone	(ft²)	90	12.2	100	10.0	105 8.1	-19.8	8.9	-21.8	10.5	-25.9
	1	10	5.9	-13.0	7.3	-18.0			8.3	-21.8	9.9	-25.2
	1	20	5.6	-12.7	6.9	-17.5	7.6	-19.3	7.6	-21.2	9.0	-24.4
	1	50	5.1	-12.2	6.3	-16.9	6.9	-18.7			8.3	-23.7
0.7	1	100	4.7	-11.9	5.8	-16.5	6.4	-18.2	7.0	-19.9		
Roof 0 to 7	2	10	5.9	-21.8	7.3	-30.2	8.1	-33.3	8.9	-36.5	10.5	-43.5
oot	2	20	5.6	-19.5	6.9	-27.0	7.6	-29.7	8.3	-32.6	9.9	-38.8
<u> </u>	2_	50	5.1	-16.4	6.3	-22.7	6.9	-25.1	7.6	-27.5	9.0	-32.7
	2	100	4.7	-14.1	5.8	-19.5	6.4	-21.5	7.0	-23.6	8.3	-28.1
	3	10	5.9	-32.8	7.3	-45.4	8.1	-20.1	8.9	-55.0	10.5	-65.4
	3	20	5.6	-27.2	6.9	-37.6	7.6	-41.5	8.3	-45.5	9.9	-54.2
	3	50	5.1	-19.7	6.3	-27.3	6.9	-30.1	7.6	-33.1	9.0	-39.3
	3	100	4.7	-14.1	5.8	-19.5	6.4	-21.5	7.0	-23.6	8.3	-28.1
	1	10	8.4	-13.3	10.4	-16.5	11.4	-18.2	12.5	-19.9	14.9	-23.7
	1	20	7.7	-13.0	9.4	-16.0	10.4	-17.6	11.4	-19.4	13.6	-23.0
	1	50	6.7	-12.5	8.2	-15.4	9.1	-17.0	10.0	-18.6	11.9	-22.2
27	1	100	5.9	-12.1	7.3	-14.9	8.1	-16.5	8.9	-18.1	10.5	-21.5
2	2	10	8.4	-23.2	10.4	-28.7	11.4	-31.6	12.5	-34.7	14.9	-41.3
Roof > 7 to 27	2	20	7.7	-21.4	9.4	-26.4	10.4	-29.1	11.4	-31.9	13.6	-38.0
)of	2	50	6.7	-18.9	8.2	-23.3	9.1	-25.7	10.0	-28.2	11.9	-33.6
, &	2	100	5.9	-17.C	7.3	-21.0	8.1	-23.2	8.9	-25.5	10.5	-30.3
1	3	10	8.4	-34.3	10.4	-42.4	11.4	-46.7	12.5	-51.3	14.9	-61.0
	3	20	7.7	-32.1	9.4	-39.6	10.4	-43.7	11.4	-47.9	13.6	-57.1
	3	50	6.7	-29.1	8.2	-36.0	9.1	-39.7	10.0	-43.5	11.9	-51.8
	3	100	5.9	-26.9	7.3	-33.2	8.1	-36.6	8.9	-40.2	10.5	-47.9
	1	10	13.3	-14.6	16.5	-18.0	18.2	-19.8	19.9	-21.8	23.7	-25.9
,,,	1	20	13.0	-13.8	16.0	-17.1	17.6	-18.8	19.4	-20.7	23.0	-24.6
to 45	1	50	12.5	-12.8	15.4	-15.9	17.0	-17.5	18.6	-19.2	22.2	-22.8
	1	100	12.1	-12.1	14.9	-14.9	16.5	-16.5	18.1	-18.1	21.5	-21.5
Roof > 27	2	10	13.3	-17.0	16.5	-21.0	18.2	-23.2	19.9	-25.5	23.7	-30.3
oof	2	20	13.0	-16.3	16.0	-20.1	17.6	-22.2	19.4	-24.3	23.0	-29.0
, œ	2	50	12.5	-15.3	15.4	-18.9	17.0	-20.8	18.6	-22.9	22.2	-27.2
	2	100	12.1	-14.6	14.9	-18.0	16.5	-19.8	18.1	-21.8	21.5	-25.9
	3	10	13.3	-17.0	16.5	-21.0	18.2	-23.2	19.9	-25.5	23.7	-30.3
	3-	20 -	- 13:0-	-16:3	16:0-	20:1	- 17:6-	22 . 2-	-19:4	-24:3-	-23.0-	29.0-
	3	50	12.5	-15.3	15.4	-18.9	17.0	-20.8	18.6	-22.9	22.2	-27.2
	3	100	12.1	-14.6	14.9	-18.0	16.5	-19.8	18.1	-21.8	21.5	-25.9
L					l	A C C E		L				



Table 6-3a Net Design Wind Pressure

Components and Cladding - Method 1

Enclosed Buildings h≤ 60 ft

Net Design Wind Pressure, Pnet30 (psf) (Exposure B at h = 30ft with l = 1.0 and Kzt = 1.0)

Basic Wind Speed V (mph)

	F	Effective	T	*********	Basic Willu Speed			pecu v	/ (ilipil)			
4	Zone	wind Area	125		120		140		145		150	
degrees	1	(ft²) 10	11.4	20.1	130	30.4	140	25.2	145	37.0	150	10.5
1	1	20		-28.1	12.4	-30.4	14.3	-35.3	15.4	-37.8	21.1	-40.5
	1	-	10.7	-27.4	11.6	-29.6	13.4	-34.4	14.4	-36.9	19.8	-39.4
		50	9.8	-26.4	10.6	-28.6	12.3	-33.2	13.1	-35.6	18.1	-38.1
	1	100	9.1	-25.7	9.8	-27.8	11.4	-32.3	12.2	-34.6	16.7	-37.0
) t	2	10	11.4	-47.2	12.4	-51.0	14.3	-59.2	15.4	-63.5	21.1	-67.9
Roof 0 to 7	2	20	10.7	-42.1	11.6	-45.6	13.4	-52.9	14.4	-56.7	19.8	-60.7
Ro	2	50	9.8	-35.5	10.6	-38.4	12.3	-44.5	13.1	-47.8	18.1	-51.1
	2	100	9.1	-30.5	9.8	-33.0	11.4	-38.2	12.2	-41.0	16.7	-43.9
		40										-
	3	10	11.4	-71.0	12.4	-76.8	14.3	-89.0	15.4	-95.5	21.1	102.2
	3	20	10.7	-58.5	11.6	-63.6	13.4	-73.8	14.4	-95.5	19.8	-84.7
	3	50	9.8	-42.7	10.6	-46.2	12.3	-53.5	13.1	-79.1	18.1	-61.5
	3	100	9.1	-30.5	9.8	-33.0	11.4	-38.2	12.2	-57.4	16.7	-43.9
	1	10	16.2	-25.7	17.5	-27.8	20.3	-32.3	21.8	-34.6	23.3	-37.0
27	1	20	14.8	-25.0	16.0	-27.0	18.5	-31.4	19.9	-33.7	21.3	-36.0
\$	1	50	12.9	-24.1	13.9	-26.0	16.1	-30.2	17.3	-32.4	18.5	-34.6
Roof > 7 to 27	1	100	11.4	-23.2	12.4	-25.2	14.3	-29.3	15.4	-31.4	16.5	-33.6
) }	2	10	16.2	-44.8	17.5	-48.4	20.3	-56.2	21.8	-60.3	23.3	-64.5
Roc	2	20	14.8	-41.2	16.0	-44.6	18.5	-51.7	19.9	-55.4	21.3	-59.3
	2	50	12.9	-36.5	13.9	-39.4	16.1	-45.7	17.3	-49.1	18.5	-52.5
	2	100	11.4	-32.9	12.4	-35.6	14.3	-41.2	15.4	-44.2	16.5	-47.3
	3	10	16.2	-66.2	17.5	-71.6	20.3	-83.1	21.8	-89.1	23.3	-95.4
	3	20	14.8	-61.9	16.0	-67.0	18.5	-77.7	19.9	-83.3	21.3	-89.2
	3	50	12.9	-56.2	13.9	-60.8	16.1	-70.5	17.3	-75.7	18.5	-81.0
	3	100	11.4	-51.9	12.4	-56.2	14.3	-65.1	15.4	-69.9	16.5	-74.8
	1	10	25.7	-28.1	27.8	-30.4	32.3	-35.3	34.6	-37.8	37.0	-40.5
	1	20	25.0	-26.7	27.0	-28.9	31.4	-33.5	33.7	-35.9	36.0	-38.4
	1	50	24.1	-24.8	26.0	-26.8	30.2	-31.1	32.4	-33.3	34.6	-35.7
0 27	1	100	23.3	-23.3	25.2	-25.2	29.3	-29.3	31.4	-31.4	33.6	-33.6
+	2	10	25.7	-32.9	27.8	-35.6	32.3	-41.2	34.6	-44.2	37.0	-47.3
Roof > 7	2	20	25.0	-31.4	27.0	-34.0	31.4	-39.4	33.7	-42.3	36.0	-45.3
00	2	50	24.1	-29.5	26.0	-32.0	30.2	-37.1	32.4	39.8	34.6	-42.5
"	2	100	23.3	-28.1	25.2	-30.4	29.3	-35.3	31.4	-37.8	33.6	-40.5
	3	10	25.7	-32.9	27.8	-35.6	32.3	-41.2	34.6	-44.2	37.0	-47.3
	3	20	25.0	-31.4	27.0	-34.0	31.4	-39.4	33.7	-42.3	36.0	-45.3
	3	50	24.1	-29.5	26.0	-32.0	30.2	-37.1	32.4	-39.8	34.6	-42.5
	3	100	23.3	-28.1	25.2	-30.4	29.3	-35.3	31.4	-37.8	33.6	-40.5
					23.2	30.4		33.3	J1.4	-57.0	55.0	-40.5



Table 6-3a Net Design Wind Pressure Components and Cladding - Method 1

Roof Overhang

Enclosed Buildings

h< 60 ft

Net Design Wind Pressure, Pnet30 (psf) (Exposure B at h = 30ft with I = 1.0 and Kzt = 1.0)

Basic Wind Speed V

(mph)

		Effective	Γ	(ı	-
degrees	Zone	wind Area (ft²)	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
Roof 0 to	2	10	-21.0	-25.9	-31.4	-37.3	-43.8	-50.8	-58.3
	2	20	-20.6	-25.5	-30.8	-36.7	-43.0	-49.9	-57.3
	2	50	-20.1	-24.9	-30.1	-35.8	-42.0	-48.7	-55.9
	2	100	-19.8	-24.4	-29.5	-35.1	-41.2	-47.8	-54.9
	3	10	-34.6	-42.7	-51.6	-61.5	-72.1	-83.7	-96.0
	3	20	-27.1	-33.5	-40.5	-48.3	-56.6	-65.7	-75.4
	3	50	-17.3	-21.4	-25.9	-30.8	-36.1	-41.9	-48.1
	3	100	-10.0	-12.2	-14.8	-17.6	-20.6	-23.9	-27.4
	2	10	-27.2	-33.5	-40.6	-48.3	-56.7	-65.7	-75.5
Roof > 7	2	20	-27.2	-33.5	-40.6	-48.3	-56.7	-65.7	-75.5
	2	50	-27.2	-33.5	-40.6	-48.3	-56.7	-65.7	-75.5
	2	100	-27.2	-33.5	-40.6	-48.3	-56.7	-65.7	-75.5
Ro								-	
	3	10	-45.7	-56.4	-68.3	-81.2	-95.3	110.6	-126.9
	3	20	-41.2	-50.9	-61.6	-73.3	-86.0	-99.8	-114.5
	3	50	-35.3	-43.6	-52.8	-62.8	-73.7	-85.5	-98.1
	3	100	-30.9	-38.1	-46.1	-54.9	-64.4	-74.7	-85.8
	2	10	-24.7	-30.5	-36.9	-43.9	-51.5	-59.8	-68.6
Roof > 27	2	20	-24.0	-29.6	-35.8	-42.6	-50.0	-58.0	-66.5
	2	50	-23.0	-28.4	-34.3	-40.8	-47.9	-55.6	-63.8
	2	100	-22.2	-27.4	-33.2	-39.5	-46.4	-53.8	-61.7
	3	10	-24.7	-30.5	-36.9	-43.9	-51.5	-59.8	-68.6
	3	20	-24.0	-29.6	-35.8	-42.6	-50.0	-58.0	-66.5
	3	50	-23.0	-28.4	-34.3	-40.8	-47.9	-55.6	-63.8
	3	100	-22.2	-27.4	-33.2	-39.5	-46.4	-53.8	-61.7
						· VCCL			

TABLE 7-2 EXPOSURE FACTOR, Ce

Terrain Category	Fully exposed ^a
В	0.9
С	0.9
D	0.8
Above treeline in windswept mountainous	0.7
areas	

Source: ASCE 7-05

The terrain category and roof exposure condition chosen shall be representative

of the anticipated conditions during the life of th estructure. An exposure factor shall be determined for each roof of a structure.

TABLE 7-3 THERMAL FACTOR, C.

	1
Thermal Condition ^a	C _t
All structures as indicated below:	1.0
Structures kept just above freezing and others with cold, ventilated roofs in which the thermal resistance (R-value) between the ventilated space and the heated space exceeds 25 degrees F x h x ft ² /BTU	1.1
Unheated structures and structures intentionally kept below freezing.	1.2
Commonly heated greenhouse ^b with a roof having a thermal resistance (R-value) less than 2.0 degrees F x h x ft ² /BTU	0.85

Source: ASCE 7-05

For Components and Cladding - Method 1

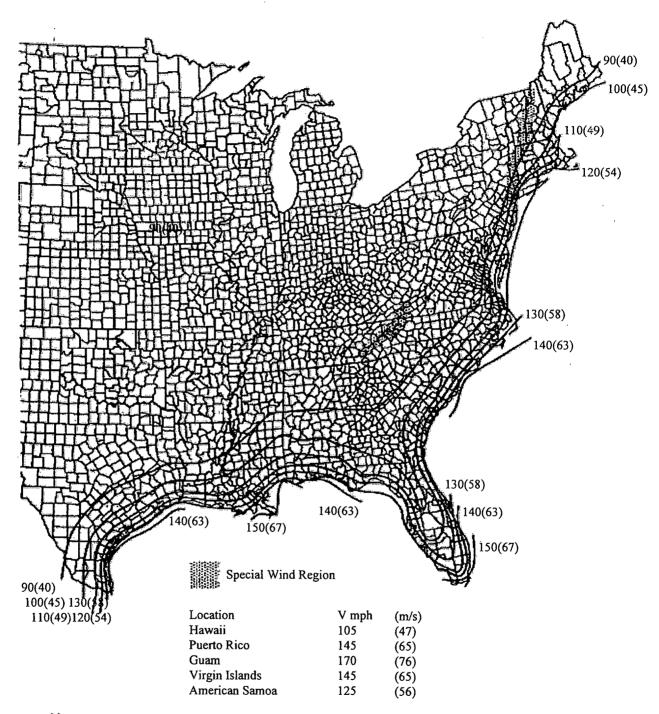
^a Refer to ASCE 7-05 TABLE 7-2 for additional exposure conditions other than fully exposed.

TABLE 7-4 IMPORTANCE FACTOR FOR SNOW LOADS

Category ^a	ı
	0.8
II	1.0
III	1.1
IV	1.2

a. See Table 1-1

FIGURE 6-1 Basic Wind Speed

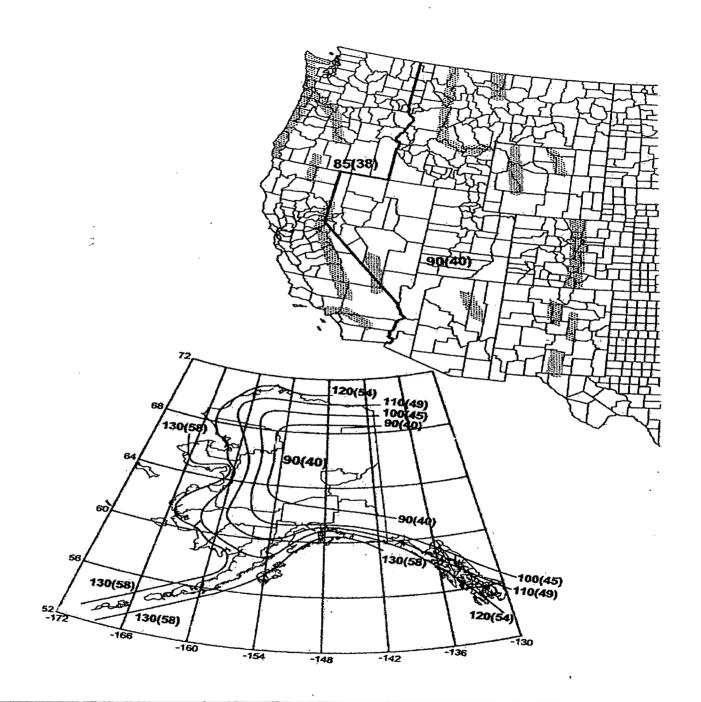


, Notes:

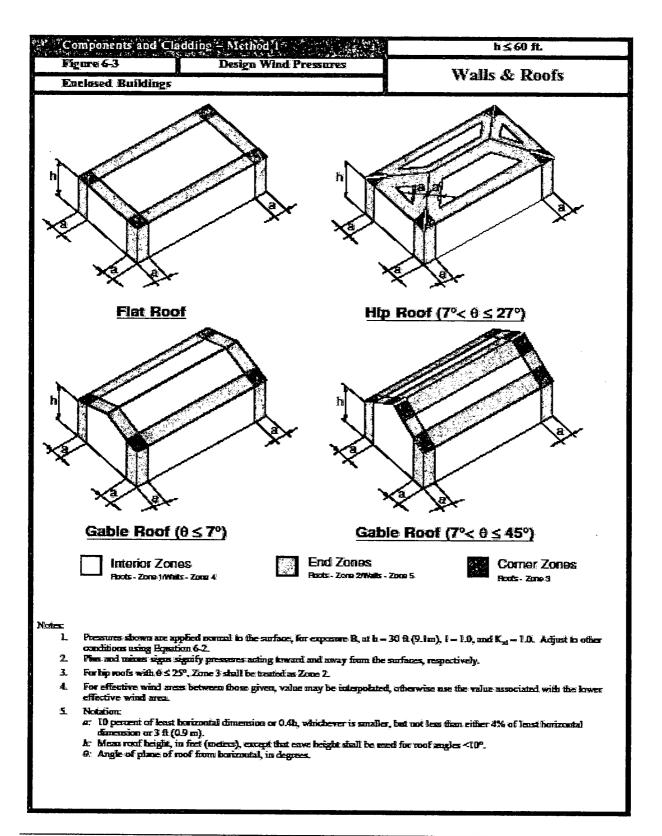
1. Values are nominal design 3-second gust wind speeds in miles per hour (m/s)



FIGURE 6-1 Basic Wind Speed



Source: ASCE 7-05

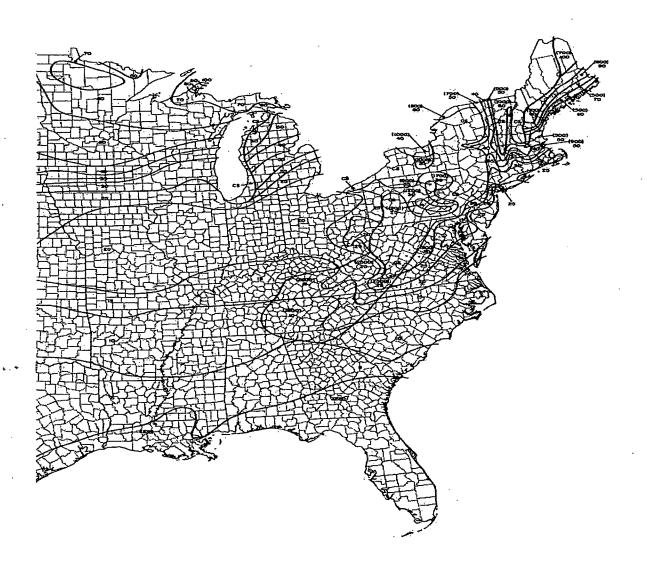


JAC RACK

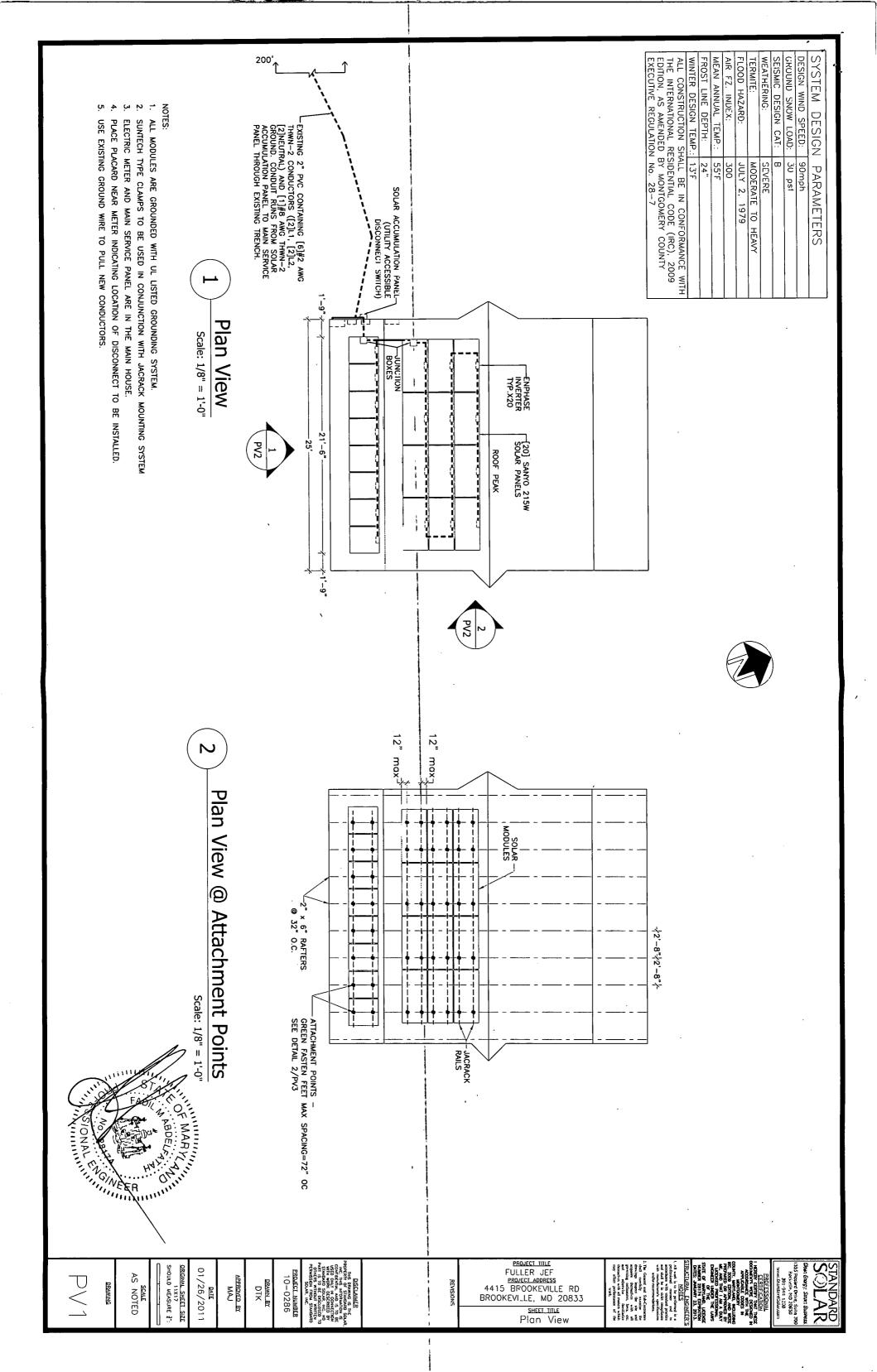
FIGURE 7-1 Ground Snow Load, Pg

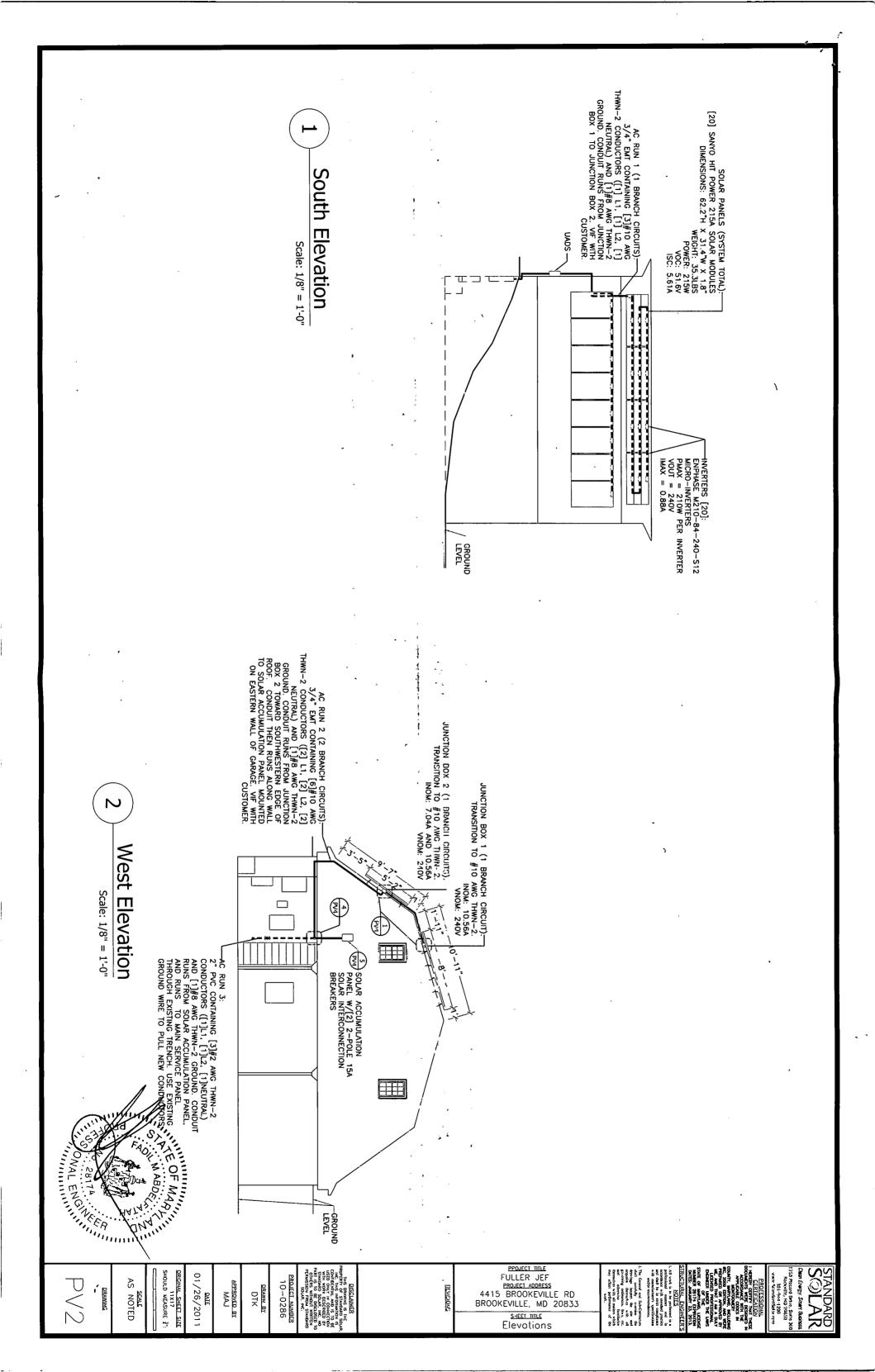


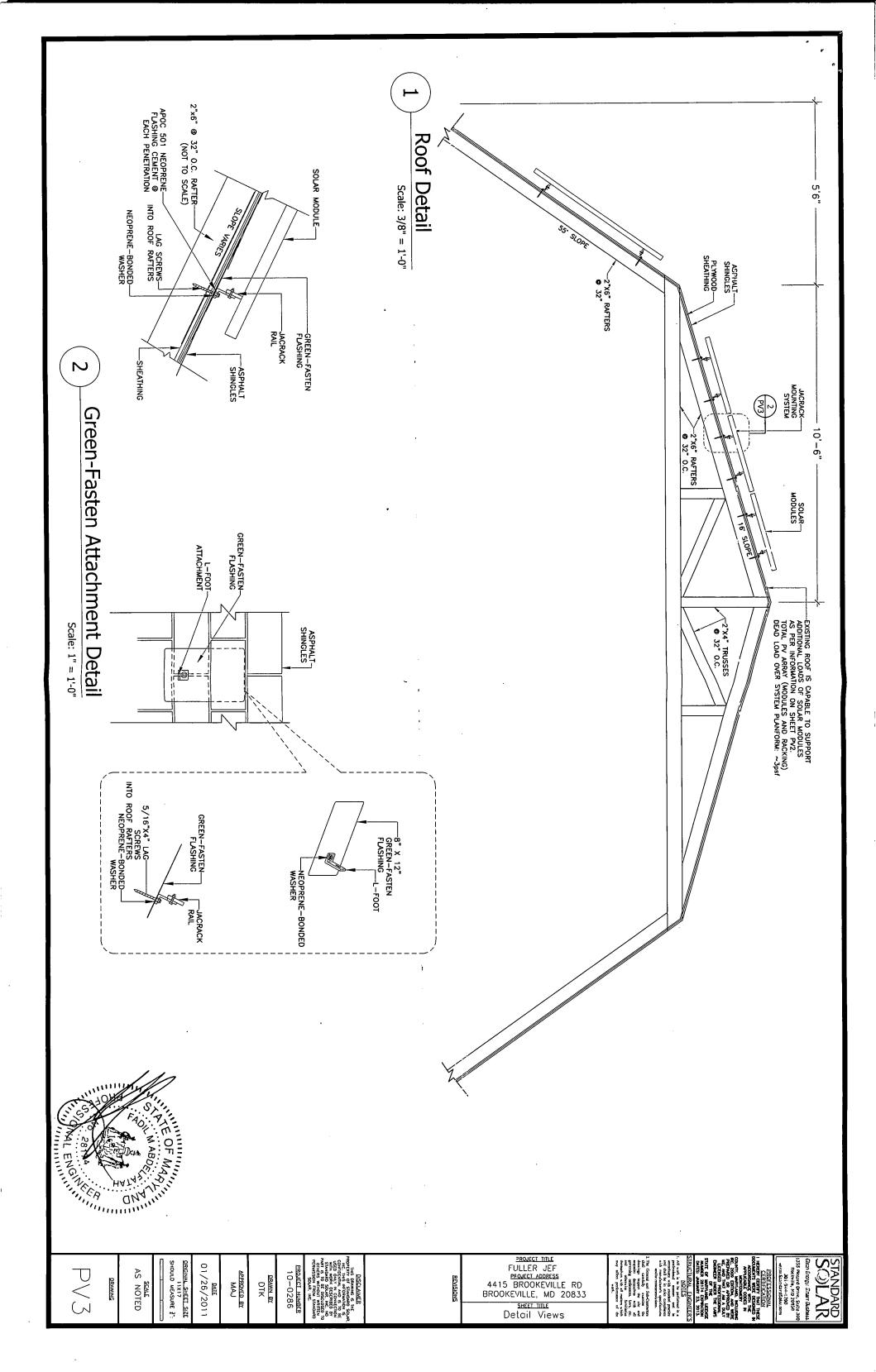
FIGURE 7-1 Ground Snow Load, Pg

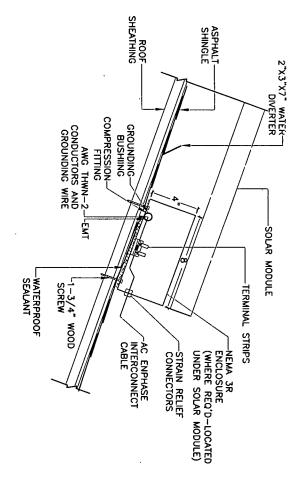








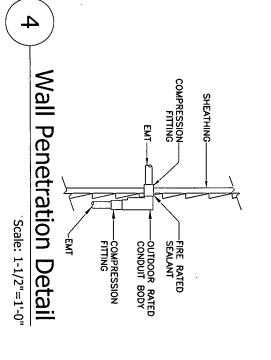




Roof Penetration Detail Scale: 1-1/2"=1'-0"

PROJECT TITLE
FULLER JEF
PROJECT ADDRESS
4415 BROOKEVILLE RD
BROOKEVILLE, MD 20833

SHEET TITLE Detail Views



G

ORIGINAL SHEET SIZE

S

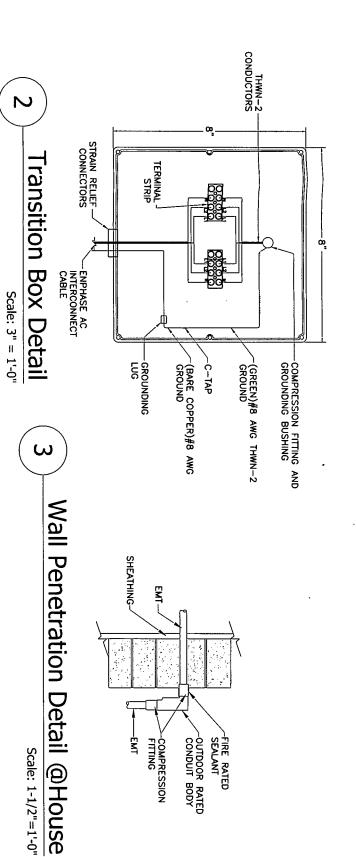
NOTED

DAIE 01/26/2011

APPROVED BY

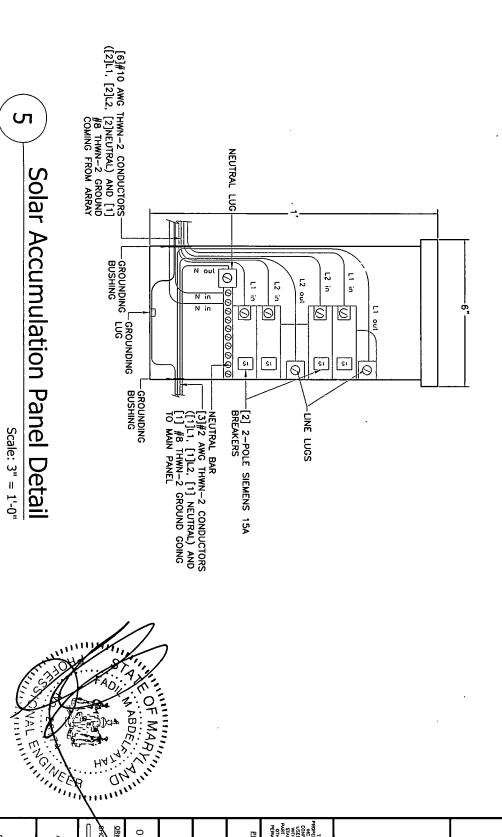
10-0286

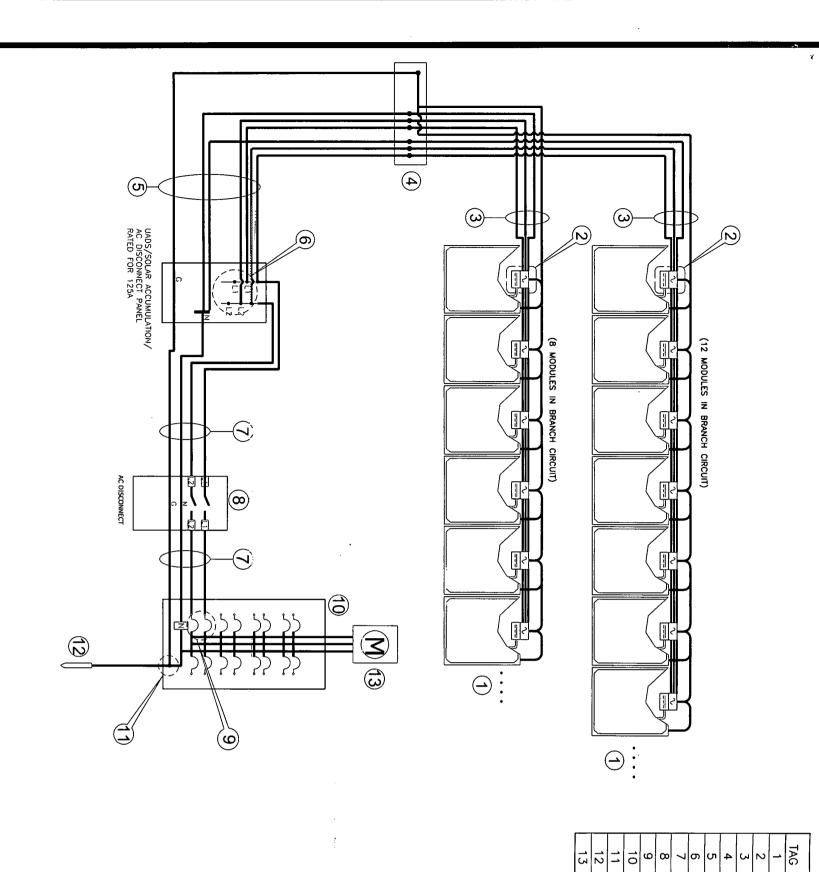
DRAWN BY



Chain Energy, Smart Business, 1355 Propert Drive, State 300 Recreille, prit 20850 201-544-1200 www.StandardSolar.com

STANDARD SOLAR





DESCRIPTION	NOTES
Solar Array	20 Modules Voc: 51.6V Isc: 5.61A
Inverter	20 Enphase Microinverters
Cable	AC ENPHASE INTERCONNECT CABLE
Transition Box	Transition to #10 AWG THWN-2
THWN-2 Wire	[6]#10 AWG; [1]#8 AWG GROUND 10.56 amps max.
Solar Accumulation Panel	[2] 2-pole 15A circuit breakers
THWN-2 Wire	[3]#2 AWG; [1]#8 AWG GROUND 17.6 amps max.
AC DISCONNECT PANEL	RATED FOR 30A
Solar Interconnection Breaker	[1] 2-pole 25A Interconnection breaker
Main Service Panel	150 amps Main Breaker with 200A Busbars
Grounding Electrode Conductor	#8 AWG THWN-2
Grounding Electrode	Existing Grounding Electrode Conductor System
Utility Electric Meter	Net Meter

4.3 kW	SYSTEM SIZE:
[1] BRANCH OF [12] MODULES AND [1] BRANCH OF [8] MODULES	MODULES per BRANCH :
2	BRANCH CIRCUITS:
SANYO HIT POWER 215A SOLAR MODULES	MODULE:

NEC 2008
 NOTE: ALL LABELS WILL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEC 690.51 - 690.56B.
 NOTE: ALL INVERTERS ARE LISTED TO THE UL 1741 AND IEEE 1547 STANDARDS.
NOTE: DISCONNECTS ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LOCAL UTILITIES.
NOTE: INVERTERS' GEC IS #8 BARE CÓPPÉR WIRE ATTACHED TO MANUFACTURER'S LAY-IN-LUG.
* INTERCONNECTION BREAKER SHALL BE LOCATED AT THE OPPOSITE END OF THE BUS FROM THE INDIT FEFTERS

DISCLAIMFR
PRESENT BOWNERS IS HE
PRESENT BOWNERS IS HE
COMPORTING AND IS TO BE
USED DMY IN CONNECTION
WITH WORK DESCRIBED BY
PRIMARION BOUNG MIC DM
PRIMARION FROM STANDARD
PRIMARION FOUND STANDARD
PROJECT NUMBER
10-0286



ORIGINAL SHEET SIZE
11X17
SHOULD MEASURE }":

SCALE AS NOTED

DATE 01/26/2011

APPROVED BY

DRAWN BY

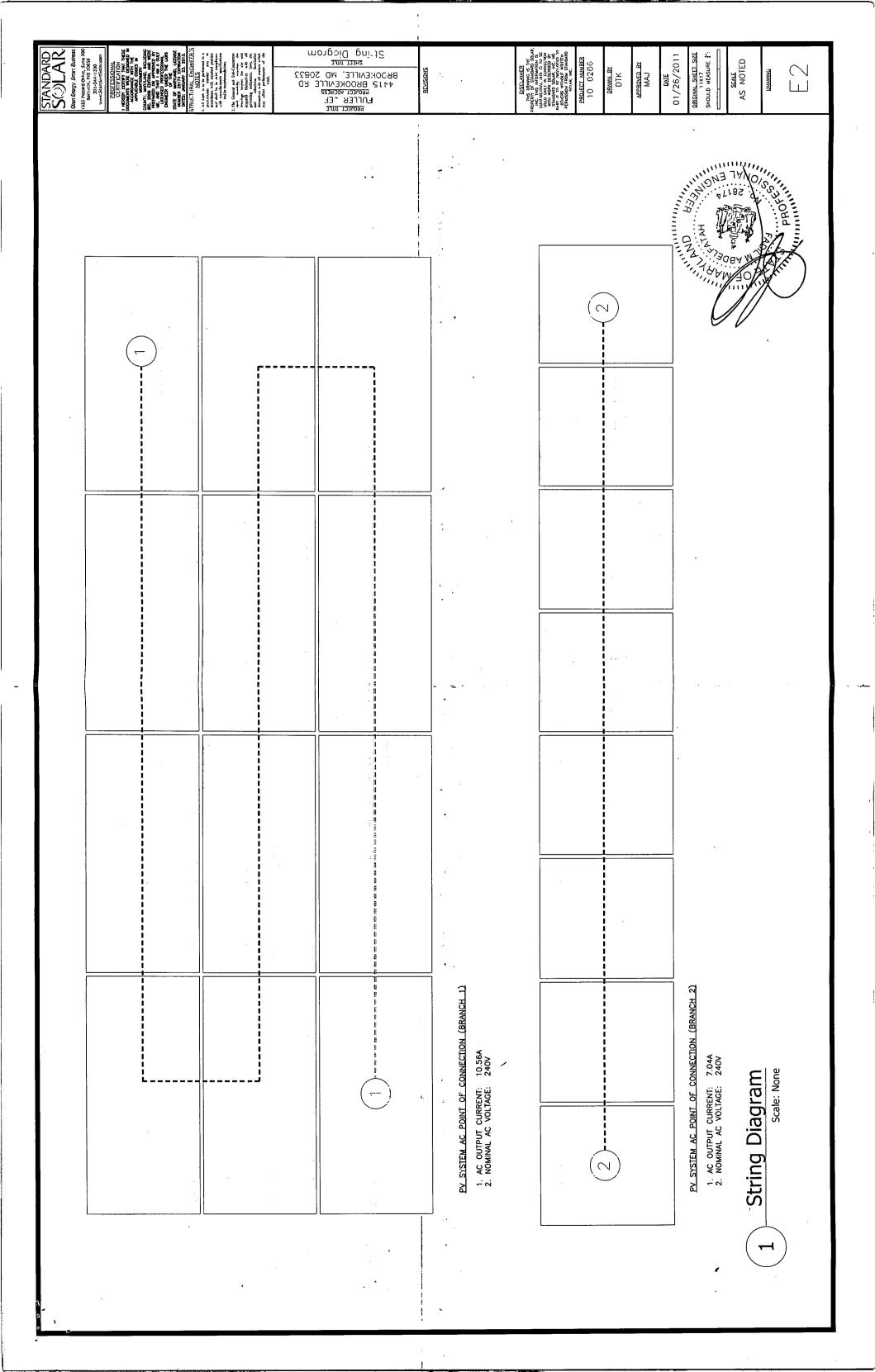
Three Line Diagram with Enphase Micro Inverters

REVISIONS	PROJECT TITLE FULLER JEF PROJECT ADDRESS 4415 BROOKEVILLE RD BROOKEVILLE, MD 20833	themselves with all matter may affect performance work.
	SHEET TITLE Three Line Diagram	of the

PROJECT TITLE FULLER JEF PROJECT ADDRESS 4415 BROOKEVILLE RD BROOKEVILLE, MD 20833	themselves with all matte may affect performance work.
SHEET TITLE Three Line Diagram	of shifts

2. The General and Sub-Contractors thall carefully examine the drawings inspect the site and acquaint themselves with all coveraine ordinances, laws, etc.	 All work is to be performed in a professional manner and in accordance with standard practive and shall be in state compliance with manufacturer's specifications and/or recommendulates. 	STATE OF MARTLAND, LICENSE MAJABER 28174 EXPRAÎDON DATES: JAMANAY 23, 2013, STRUCTURAL ENGINEER'S NOTES	APPLICABLE DOORS IN WONTONERY RC, 2009 DOTION, MODITONERY RC, 2009 DOTION, AND WEST RE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LECAND PROFESSIONAL DAGNEES UNDER THE LAWS	RACHER DEVE, SUITE SEA RACHER, PER 20650 301-944-1300 WWW.StansberdSciancom	Obser Bragge Smart Business

|--|



EXPEDITED

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION STAFF REPORT

Address:

4415 Brookeville Road, Brookeville

Meeting Date:

3/9/2011

Resource:

Master Plan Site #23/59

Report Date:

3/2/2011

Locust Hill

Public Notice:

2/23/2011

Applicant:

John Fuller (Duane Glass, Agent)

Tax Credit:

N/A

Review:

HAWP

Staff:

Josh Silver

Case Number:

23/59-11A

PROPOSAL:

Solar array installation

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:



Approve

Approve with conditions

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

SIGNIFICANCE:

Individually Designated Master Plan Site

STYLE:

Rural Vernacular

DATE:

1868

PROPOSAL:

The applicant is proposing to install 20 flush mount photovoltaic panels on the roof slope of a non-contributing detached accessory structure located to the east of the historic house.

APPLICABLE GUIDELINES:

Montgomery County Code; Chapter 24A-8

- (a) The commission shall instruct the director to deny a permit if it finds, based on the evidence and information presented to or before the commission that the alteration for which the permit is sought would be inappropriate, inconsistent with or detrimental to the preservation, enhancement or ultimate protection of the historic site or historic resource within an historic district, and to the purposes of this chapter.
- (b) The commission shall instruct the director to issue a permit, or issue a permit subject to such conditions as are found to be necessary to insure conformity with the purposes and requirements of this chapter, if it finds that:

- (1) The proposal will not substantially alter the exterior features of an historic site or historic resource within an historic district; or
- (2) The proposal is compatible in character and nature with the historical, archeological, architectural or cultural features of the historic site or the historic district in which an historic resource is located and would not be detrimental thereto or to the achievement of the purposes of this chapter; or
- (3) The proposal would enhance or aid in the protection, preservation and public or private utilization of the historic site or historic resource located within an historic district in a manner compatible with the historical, archeological, architectural or cultural value of the historic site or historic district in which an historic resource is located; or
- (4) The proposal is necessary in order that unsafe conditions or health hazards be remedied; or
- (5) The proposal is necessary in order that the owner of the subject property not be deprived of reasonable use of the property or suffer undue hardship; or
- (6) In balancing the interests of the public in preserving the historic site or historic resource located within an historic district, with the interests of the public from the use and benefit of the alternative proposal. the general public welfare is better served by granting the permit.
 - (c) It is not the intent of this chapter to limit new construction, alteration or repairs to any 1 period or architectural style.
 - (d) In the case of an application for work on an historic resource located within an historic district, the commission shall be lenient in its judgment of plans for structures of little historical or design significance or for plans involving new construction, unless such plans would seriously impair the historic or architectural value of surrounding historic resources or would impair the character of the historic district. (Ord. No. 9-4, § 1; Ord. No. 11-59.)

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the Commission <u>approve the HAWP application</u> as being consistent with Chapter 24A-8(b), (1) and (2):

and with the general condition that the applicant shall present the 3 permit sets of drawings, if applicable, to Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) staff for review and stamping prior to submission for the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services (DPS) building permits;

and with the general condition that the applicant shall notify the Historic Preservation Staff if they propose to make **any alterations** to the approved plans. Once the work is completed the applicant will <u>contact the staff person</u> assigned to this application at 301-563-3400 or <u>joshua.silver@mncppc-mc.org</u> to schedule a follow-up site visit.



RETURN TO DEPARTMENT OF PERGITTING SERVICES
255 ROCKVILLE PIKE 200 FLOOR ROCKVILLE MD 20350
240-777-0370

HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION 301/563-3400

APPLICATION FOR HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT

				Contact Person:	Duane Glass c/o S	tandard Solar, Inc
0.0			٠,	Daytime Phone No.:	240-479-1514	
Tax Account No.: 08				·		
Name of Property Own				Daytime Phone No.:	301-840-1100	
Address: 4415 Bro	ookeville Rd		Brookeville	N	ID .	20833
Contractorn: Standa		c	City	Stee		Zip Code
			** <u></u>	Phone No.:	301-944-1200 x	5106
Contractor Registratio						
Agent for Owner:	Juane Glass			Daytime Phone No.:	240-479-1514	
LOCATION OF BUIL	DING/PREMI	<u>se</u>				
House Number: 441	5		Street	Brookeville Rd.		
Town/City: Brooke	ville		Nearest Cross Street:	Zion Rd		
Lot:		Subdivision:				
	Folio: _718					
						
PART ONE: TYPE O		TION AND USE				
1A. CHECK ALL APPL			<u>CHECK ALL</u>	APPLICABLE:		
☐ Construct	☐ Extend	☐ Alter/Renovate	□ A/C	□ Slab □ Room	Addition 🗆 Porch	☐ Deck ☐ Shed
☐ Move	☑ Install	☐ Wreck/Raze	✓ Solar	☐ Fireplace ☐ Woodl	burning Stove	☐ Single Family
☐ Revision	☐ Repair	Revocable	☐ Fence∧	Wall (complete Section 4)	☐ Other:	
1B. Construction cost	estimate: \$	34,750				
1C. If this is a revision	of a previously	approved active permit, s	ee Permit #		-	
PART TWO: COMP	LETE FOR NE	W CONSTRUCTION AN	D EXTEND/ADDIT	IONS		·
2A. Type of sewage		01 D WSSC	02 🗷 Septic			
2B. Type of water su		. 01	02 🗹 Well			
	•			us 🗀 Omer:		
PARTTHREE: COM	PLETE ONLY	FOR FENCE/RETAINING	WALL			
3A. Height	feet	inches				•
3B. Indicate whether	r the fence or re	etaining wall is to be const	ructed on one of the f	ollowing locations:		
On party line/	property line	☐ Entirely on la	nd of owner	On public right of	way/easement	
I hereby certify that I I approved by all agence	have the author	ity to make the foregoing a hereby acknowledge and	application, that the a	application is correct, and	that the construction	will comply with plans
				onument for the issuance	or this permit.	
					0/-/-	
- Julia	Signature of own	er or authorized agent			<u> </u>	ate
						
Approved:			For Chairp	nerson, Historic Preservat	tion Commission	
Disapproved:		Signature:		·	Date:	
Application/Permit No.	: <u>56</u>	0199	Date F	iled: 2/4/2011	Date Issued:	

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS MUST BE COMPLETED AND THE REQUIRED DOCUMENTS MUST ACCOMPANY THIS APPLICATION.

W	RITTEN DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT
ā.	Description of existing structure(s) and environmental setting, including their historical features and significance:
	The existing structure which the solar will be installed is one of two garages on the property
	that is separate from the main and Historic residence on the property.
b.	General description of project and its effect on the historic resource(s), the environmental setting, and, where applicable, the historic district:
	Installation of flush mounted PV Solar Panels on existing garage.
Si	TE PLAN
	e and environmental setting, drawn to scale. You may use your plat. Your site plan must include:
a .	the scale, north arrow, and date;
b.	dimensions of all existing and proposed structures; and
C.	site features such as walkways, driveways, fences, ponds, streams, trash dumpsters, mechanical equipment, and landscaping.
PL	ANS AND ELEVATIONS
Yo	must submit 2 copies of plans and elevations in a format no larger than 11" x 17", Plans on 8 1/2" x 11" paper are preferred.
8.	Schematic construction plans, with marked dimensions, indicating location, size and general type of walls, window and door openings, and offixed features of both the existing resource(s) and the proposed work.
b.	Elevations (facades), with marked dimensions, clearly indicating proposed work in relation to existing construction and, when appropriate, contex All materials and fixtures proposed for the exterior must be noted on the elevations drawings. An existing and a proposed elevation drawing of eac facade affected by the proposed work is required.
M	ATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS
Ge de:	neral description of materials and manufactured items proposed for incorporation in the work of the project. This information may be included on you
맫	OTOGRAPHS
1.	Clearly labeled photographic prints of each facade of existing resource, including details of the affected portions. All labels should be placed on the front of photographs.
b.	Clearly label photographic prints of the resource as viewed from the public right-of-way and of the adjoining properties. All labels should be placed the front of photographs.

6. TREE SURVEY

1.

2.

If you are proposing construction adjacent to or within the dripline of any tree 6" or larger in diameter (at approximately 4 feet above the ground), you must file an accurate tree survey identifying the size, location, and species of each tree of at least that dimension.

7. ADDRESSES OF ADJACENT AND CONFRONTING PROPERTY OWNERS

For <u>ALL</u> projects, provide an accurate list of adjacent and confronting property owners (not tenants), including names, addresses, and zip codes. This list should include the owners of all lots or parcels which adjoin the parcel in question, as well as the owner(s) of lot(s) or parcel(s) which lie directly across the street/highway from the parcel in question. You can obtain this information from the Department of Assessments and Taxation, 51 Monroe Street, Rockville, (301/279-1355).



HAWP APPLICATION: MAILING ADDRESSES FOR NOTIFING

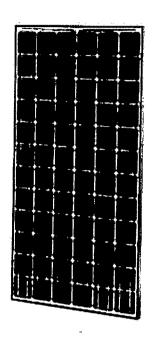
[Owner, Owner's Agent, Adjacent and Confronting Property Owners]

Owner's mailing address	Owner's Agent's mailing address	
John Fuller 4415 Brookeville Rd. Brookeville, MD 20833	Standard Solar, Inc. Attn: Duane Glass 1355 Piccard Dr., #300 Rockville, MD 20850	
Adjacent and confro	nting Property Owners mailing addresses	
Richard Martin 4615 Brookeville Rd. Brookeville, MD 20833	Jane Maller P.O. Box 709 Olney, MD 20830	
Robert Stabler 4401 Brookeville Rd. Brookeville, MD 20833	Stephen White and Lynn Fields 4410 Brookeville Rd. Brookeville, MD 20833	
Brian Lane 4400 Brookeville Rd. Brookeville, MD 20833	Our House Inc. 19715 Zion Rd. Brookeville, MD 20833	



HIT Power 215A

Module Efficiency: 17.1% Cell Efficiency: 19.3% Power Output - 215 Watts



Power

Photovoltaic Module

High Efficiency

HIT® Power solar panels are leaders in sunlight conversion efficiency. Obtain maximum power within a fixed amount of space. Save money using fewer system attachments and racking materials, and reduce costs by spending less time installing per watt. HIT Power models are ideal for grid-connected solar systems, areas with performance based incentives, and renewable energy credits.

Power Guarantee

SANYO's power ratings for HIT Power panels guarantee customers receive 100% of the nameplate rated power (or more) at the time of purchase, enabling owners to generate more kWh per rated watt, quicken investments returns, and help realize complete customer satisfaction.

Temperature Performance

As temperatures rise, HIT Power solar panels produce 10% or more electricity (kWh) than conventional crystalline silicon solar panels at the same temperature.

Valuable Features

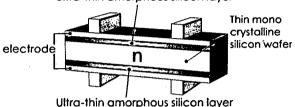
The packing density of the panels reduces transportation, fuel, and storage costs per installed watt.

American Made Quality

SANYO silicon wafers located inside HIT solar panels are made in California and Oregon, and the panels are assembled in an ISO 9001 (quality), 14001 (environment), and 18001 (safety) certified factory. Unique eco-packing minimizes cardboard waste at the job site. The panels have a Limited 20-Year Power Output and 5-Year Product Workmanship Warranty.

SANYO HIT * Solar Cell Structure

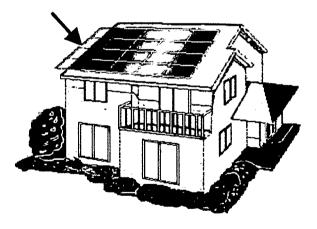
Ultra-thin amorphous silicon layer



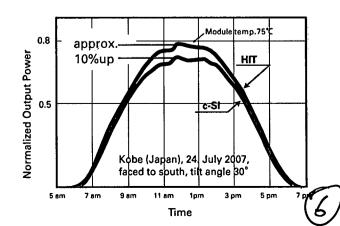
SANYO'S Proprietary Technology

HIT solar cells are hybrids of mono crystalline silicon surrounded by ultra-thin amorphous silicon layers, and are available solely from SANYO.

Unnecessary Section When Using SANYO



Increased Performance with SANYO



HIT Power 215A

Electrical Specifications

Model	HIT Power 215A or HIT-N215A01
Rated Power (Pmax) ¹	215 W
Maximum Power Voltage (Vpm)	42.0 V
Maximum Power Current (Ipm)	5.13 A
Open Circuit Voltage (Voc)	51.6 V
Short Circuit Current (Isc)	5.61 A
Temperature Coefficient (Pmax)	-0.336%/ °C
Temperature Coefficient (Voc)	-0.143 V/ °C
Temperature Coefficient (Isc)	1.96 mA/ °C
NOCT	114.8°F (46°C)
CEC PTC Rating	199.6 W
Cell Efficiency	19.3%
Module Efficiency	17.1%
Watts per Ft. ²	15.85 W
Maximum System Voltage	600 V
Series Fuse Rating	, 15 A
Warranted Tolerance (-/+)	-0% / +10%

Mechanical Specifications

Internal Bypass Diodes	3 Bypass Diodes
Module Area	13.56 Ft ² (1.26m ²)
Weight	35.3 Lbs. (16kg)
Dimensions LxWxH	62.2x31.4x1.8 in. (1580x798x46 mm)
Cable Length +Male/-Female	46.45/40.55 in. (1180/1030 mm)
Cable Size / Connector Type	No. 12 AWG / MC4™ Locking Connectors
Static Wind / Snow Load	60PSF (2880Pa) / 39PSF (1867Pa)
Pallet Dimensions LxWxH	63.2x32x72.8 in. (1607x815x1850 mm)
Quantity per Pallet / Pallet Weight	34 pcs./1234.5 Lbs (560 kg)
Quantity per 53' Trailer	952 pcs.

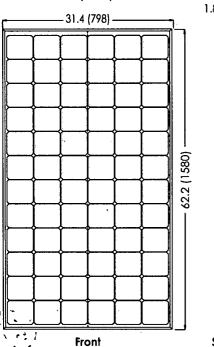
Operating Conditions & Safety Ratings

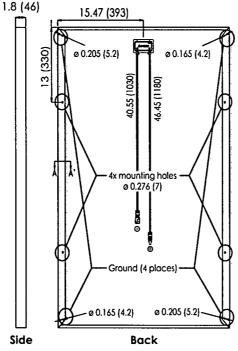
Ambient Operating Temperature	-4°F to 115°F (-20°C to 46°C)²
Hail Safety Impact Velocity	1" hailstone (25mm) at 52 mph (23m/s)
Fire Safety Classification	Class C
Safety & Rating Certifications	UL 1703, cUL, CEC
Limited Warranty	5 Years Workmanship, 20 Years Power Output
1070 0 114 0500 1144 5 40001	Mary 28 6 - 46 6 - 10 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

STC: Cell temp. 25°C, AM1.5, 1000W/m² 2Monthly average low and high of the installation site. Note: Specifications and information above may change without notice. All modules connected in the solar array should be of the same model number.

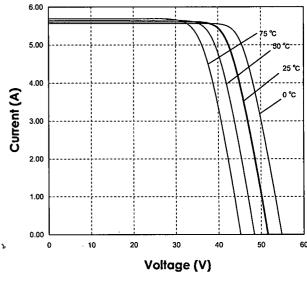
Dimensions

Unit: inches (mm)

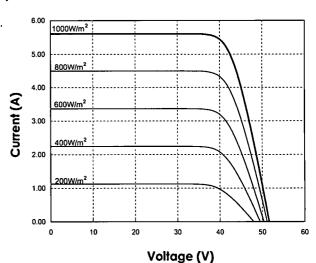




Dependence on Temperature



Dependence on Irradiance



HIT® is a registered trademark of SANYO Electric Co.,LTd..
The name "HIT®" comes from "Haterojunction with
intrinsic Thin-layer" which is an original technology of
SANYO Electric Co.,Ltd..





SANYO North America Energy System Solutions Division

550 S. Winchester Blvd., Suite 510 San Jose, CA 95128, U.S.A. www.sanyo.com/solar solar@sec.sanyo.com

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Maximum Power Current (Ipm)	5.13 A
Open Circuit Voltage (Voc)	51.6 V
Short Circuit Current (Isc)	5.61 A
Temperature Coefficient (Pmax)	-0.336%/ °C
Temperature Coefficient (Voc)	-0.143 V/ °C
Temperature Coefficient (Isc)	1.96 mA/ °C
NOCT	114.8°F (46°C)
CEC PTC Rating	199.6 W
Cell Efficiency	19.3%
Module Efficiency	17.1%
Watts per Ft. ²	15.85 W
Maximum System Voltage	600 V
Series Fuse Rating	15.A
Warranted Tolerance (-/+)	-0% / ± 10%

Mechanical Specifications

Internal Bypass Diodes	3 Bypass Diodes
Module Area	13.56 Ft²-(1.26m²)
Weight	35.3 Lbs. (16kg)
Dimensions LxWxH	62.2x31.4x1.8 in. (1580x798x46 mm)
Cable Length +Male/-Female	46.45/40.55 in. (1180/1030 mm)
Cable Size / Connector Type	No. 12 AWG / MC4™ Locking Connectors
Static Wind / Snow Load	60PSF (2880Pa) / 33PSF (1867Pa)
Pallet Dimensions LxWxH	63.2x32x72.8 in. (1607x815x1850 mm)
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Quantity per 53' Trailer	952 pcs.

Operating Conditions & Safety Ratings

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Hail Safety Impact Velocity	1" hailstone (25mm) at 52 mph (23m/s)
Fire Safety Classification	Class C
Safety & Rating Certifications	UL 1703, cU:_, CEC
Limited Warranty	5 Years Workmanship, 20 Years Power Output

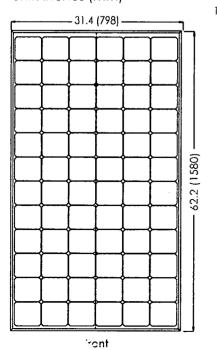
¹STC: Cell temp. 25°C, AM1.5, 1000W/m² ²Monthly average low and high of the installation site.

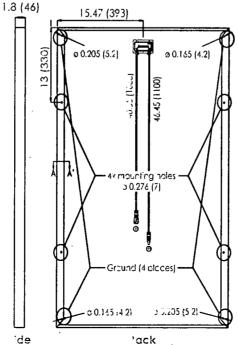
Note: Specifications and information above may change without notice.

All modules connected in the solar array should be of the sarre model number.

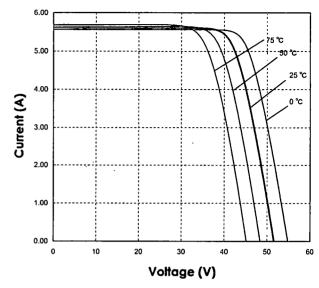
Dimensions

Unit: inches (mm)

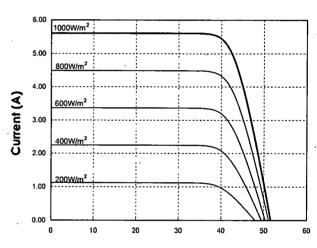




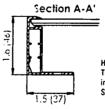
Dependence on Temperature



Dependence on Irradiance



Voltage (V)



HIT® is a registered trademark of SANYO Electric Co.,LTd.. The name "HIT®" comes from "Heterojunction with intrinsic Thin-layer" which is an original technology of SANYO Electric Co.,Ltd..





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Detail: South FIRCING ROOF WHERE SOLAR PROPOSED



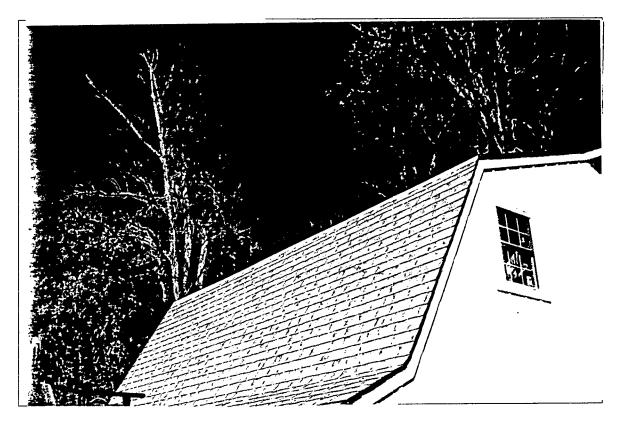
Detail: SOUTH EAST OF POOF

Page 3

Applicant:



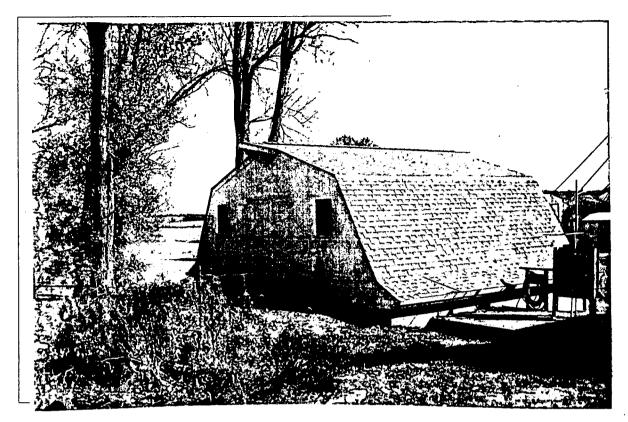
Detail: EBST FACING OF GARAGE



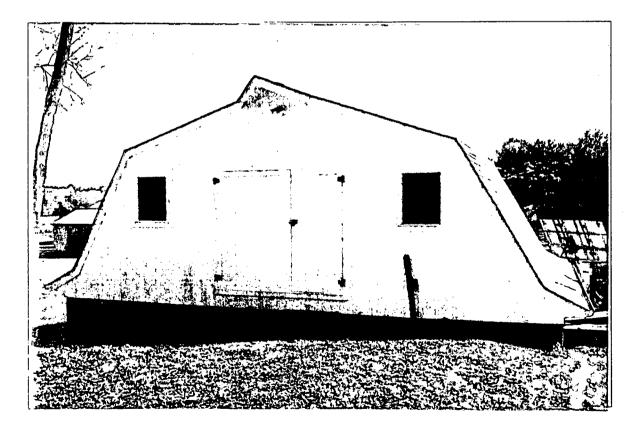
Detail: CLUSE UP OF KOOF

Applicant:





Detail: South WEST FACING OF GARAGE

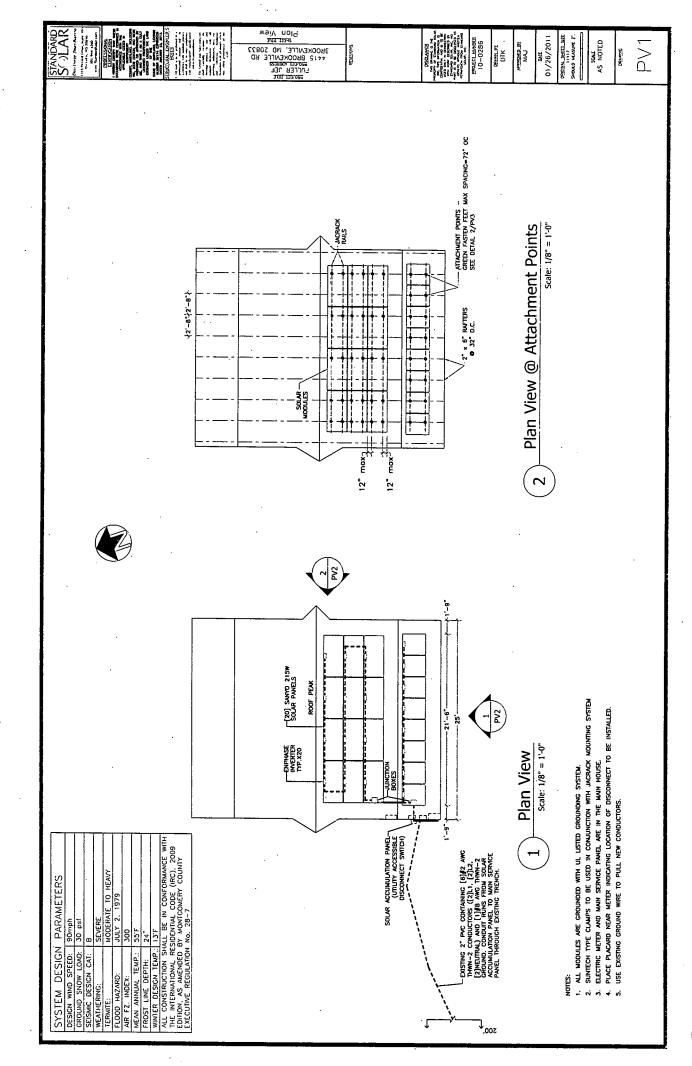


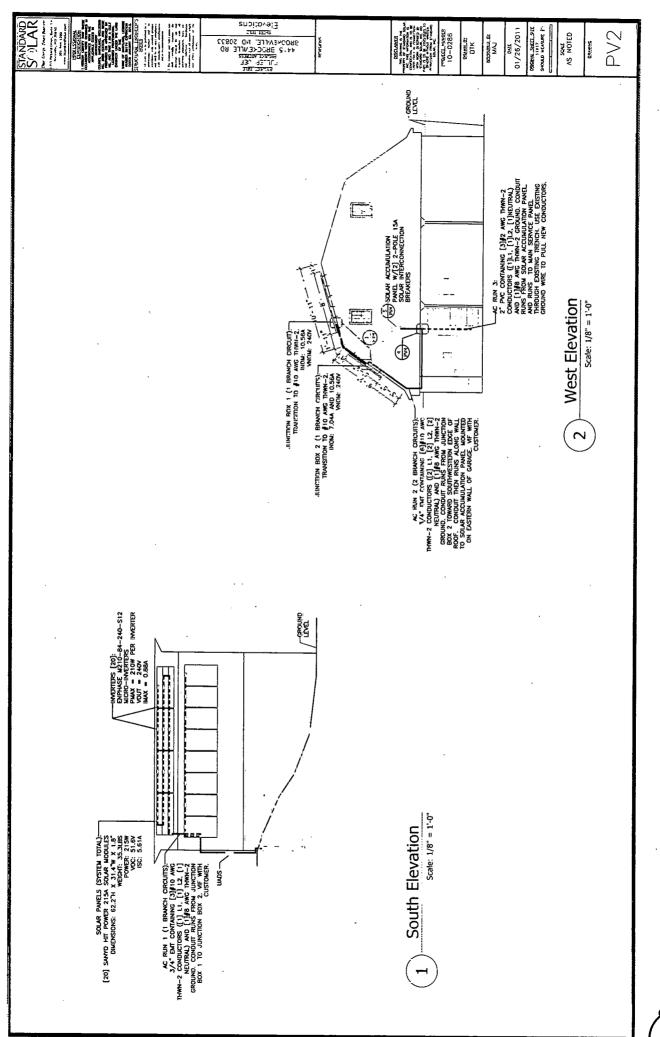
Detail: WEST OF GARAGE

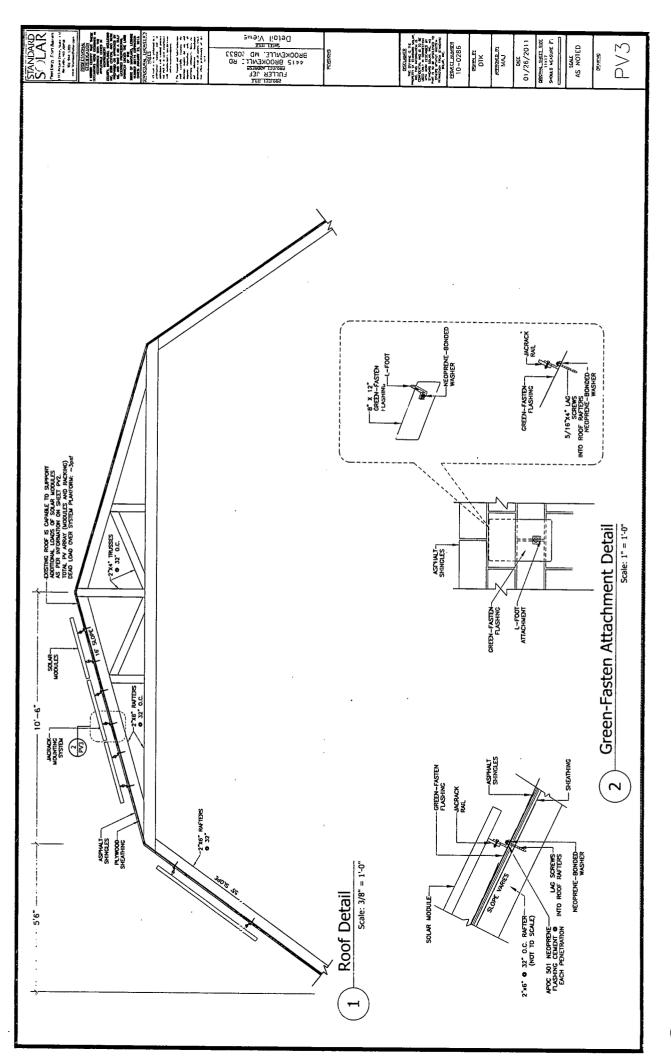
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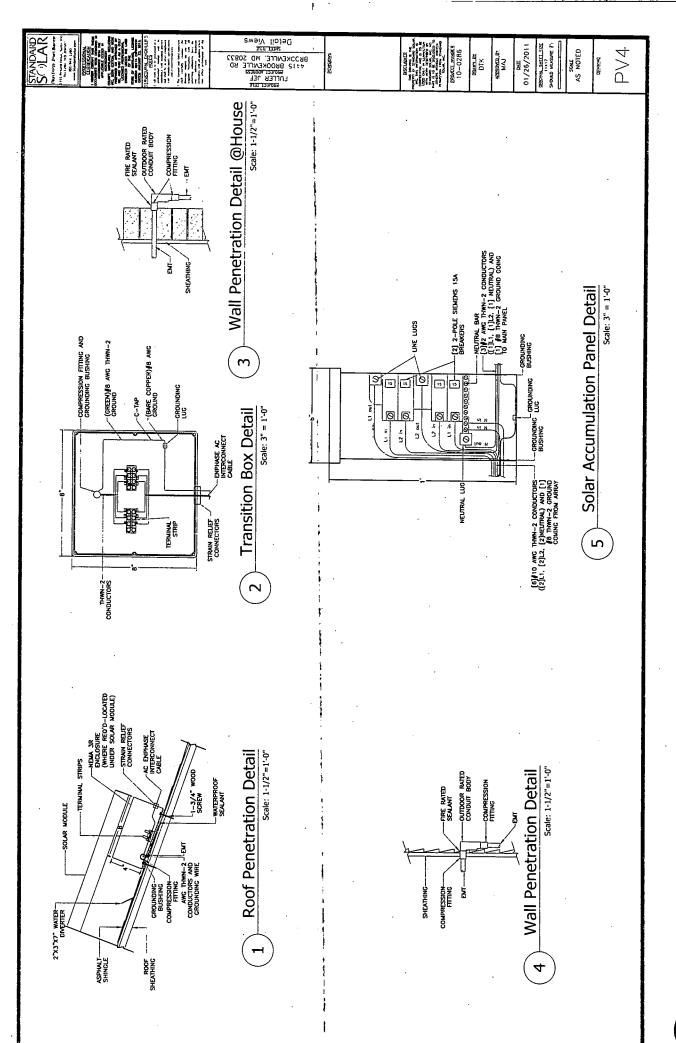




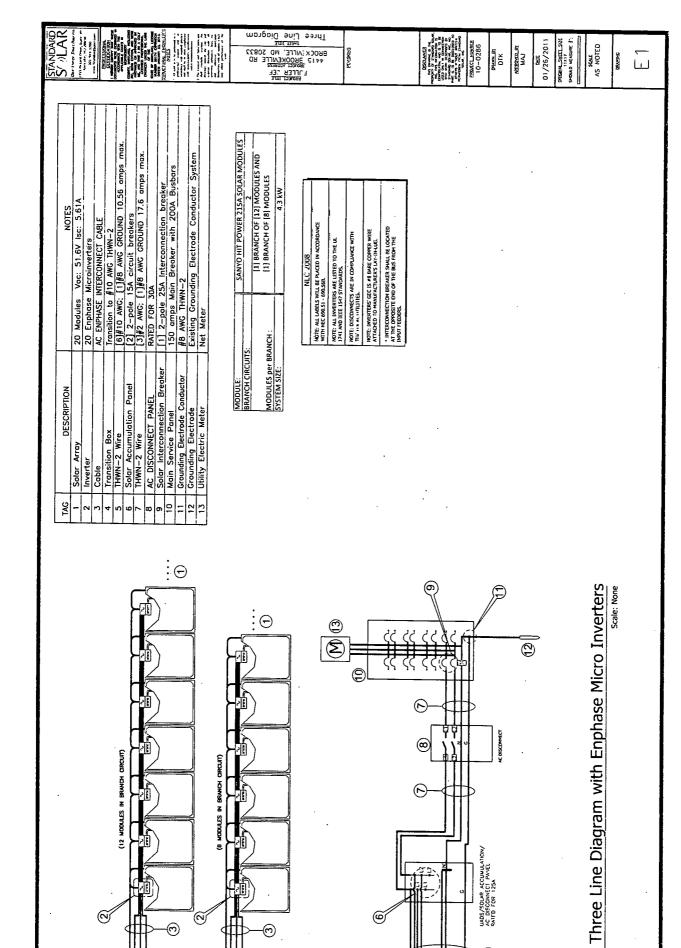












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(V)

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