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MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

July 25, 2001

Dear Property Owner or Interested Party,

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission will hold a public hearing on the date, time, and location listed on the enclosed Notice of Public Hearing to evaluate the historic and architectural significance of the Canada Dry bottling plant at 1201 East-West Highway in Silver Spring. This property is not currently identified on the County's inventory of potential historic recourses – the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites; however, it has been nominated for possible historic designation by the Silver Spring Historical Society.

The Historic Preservation Commission meeting will begin at 7:30 p.m. and will be held in the Maryland-National Park and Planning Commission auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue in Silver Spring.

Following the public hearing, the Historic Preservation Commission will hold a worksession, currently scheduled for September 12. At this worksession, the Commission will make a recommendation to the Montgomery County Planning Board on whether to add the site to the Locational Atlas, and/or place the site on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, based on the criteria set forth in Chapter 24A-3 of the Montgomery County Code. If the property is forwarded to the Montgomery County Council for review, and if it is ultimately included in the Master Plan, all construction, exterior alterations, and demolition plans would be reviewed by the Historic Preservation Commission before issuance of any permits. Properties that are designated on the Master Plan are eligible for State and local tax credits for repair, maintenance and/or restoration projects.

You are encouraged to attend the public hearing. If you wish to testify, you must sign up that night using sign-up sheets that will be provided at the meeting. Alternatively, you may submit written comments to the Historic Preservation Commission at the address listed above.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 301/563-3400.

Sincerely,

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Robin D. Ziek

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Historic Preservation Planner

H:Canada Dry A. G. Barta, p. 3. Maria (1992). The first of the second of

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Pursuant to Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland and Chapter 24A and Chapter 33A of the Montgomery County Code, the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission hereby gives notice that it will hold a public hearing on the following:

ADDITION TO THE LOCATIONAL ATLAS AND INDEX OF HISTORIC SITES AND/OR TO THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF THE CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT

WEDNESDAY
August 15, 2001
at 7:30 p.m.
in the
Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, Maryland

to take testimony on whether or not the following property, which, at present, is not identified on the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County, should be included in the Locational Atlas and/or the Master Plan for Historic Preservation:

Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission will review the architectural and historical significance of this resource according to the criteria listed in the Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code. The Commission will formulate a recommendation on whether or not this property merits historic designation and will transmit that recommendation to the Montgomery County Planning Board.

If ultimately designated on the <u>Master Plan</u>, the property will be protected under the Historic Preservation Ordinance which provides certain controls regarding alteration, demolition, and maintenance of properties.

If ultimately not included on the <u>Locational Atlas</u> or the <u>Master Plan for Historic</u> Preservation, the resource would not be subject to the provisions of Chapter 24A.

The purpose of the public hearing is to allow all interested persons to express their views concerning this action. Persons wishing to testify should attend the meeting and sign up to testify at the door. If you are unable to attend, write your concerns to the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910 and they will be made part of the public hearing record.

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION Montgomery County Department of Park and Planning 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910-3760

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

November 28, 2001

TO:

See Below

FROM:

Denise Smith, Director's Office

SUBJECT:

Transcripts

Staff Member	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Date</u>
Stephanie Oberle	Brookside Gardens Master Plan PH	11/15/01
Cathy Conlon	Forest Conservation Regulations PH	11/15/01
Robin Ziek	Canada Dry Bottling Plant PH	11/15/01

The attached transcripts (copy) are for your files. The originals have been given to the Technical Writers. Let me know if any corrections are needed. Thanks.

Attachment

h:\wp\forms\transcpt.mem

cc:

Ann Daly (with original transcripts)

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PLANNING BOARD

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PUBLIC HEARING - DRAFT AMENDMENT TO THE MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION -CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT 5

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A hearing in the above-entitled matter was held on November 15, 2001, commencing at 7:35 p.m., in the MRO

Auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland

20910, before:

BOARD CHAIR

Arthur Holmes, Jr.

BOARD VICE-CHAIR

Wendy Collins Perdue

BOARD MEMBERS

Meredith K. Wellington Allison Bryant John M. Robinson

C COPY

Deposition Services, Inc.

APPEARANCES

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	SCOTT REILLY		•	4
Ì	STEVEN SPURLOCK			6
l	KIM WILLIAMS			7
l	STACY SILBER			13
l	ROBERT HARRIS			24
ĺ	ROBERT DALRYMPLE		·	25
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PROCEEDINGS

MS. PERDUE: Good evening -- Montgomery County
Planning Board. We have one item, and that's a public
hearing of -- on historic preservation for the Canada Dry
Bottling Plant. This is a public hearing. It is not a
worksession, so there will not be any decision made this
evening or even discussion, other than questions.

MS. WRIGHT: Thank you. For the record, I'm Gwen Wright, historic preservation supervisor of the Countywide Planning Division. With me is Robin Ziek, historic preservation planner in the Historic Preservation Section. Tonight is a public hearing, and for the record, we'd like to enter the following document into the public hearing record by reference: the Master Plan for Historic Preservation as approved, adopted, and amended; the Preliminary Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation for the Canada Dry Bottling Plant; Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code; the nomination form submitted on this property by the Silver Spring Historical Society; and, all correspondence received to date.

As mentioned, this is the public hearing. We anticipate worksession will be in December, although we have not gotten a firm date on that committed. You will receive — the Planning Board will receive a packet prior to the worksession with a staff recommendation and a response to

public hearing testimony as you typically do with all Master Plan public hearings. And with that, I have no further staff comments at this time, and I guess we can just hear from our -- who is here to testify.

MS. PERDUE: We have a number of speakers this evening. Our first speaker is Scott Reilly.

MR. REILLY: Madam Vice Chairman, members of the Montgomery County Planning Board, good evening. For the record, my name is Scott Reilly. I'm assistant chief administrative officer for Montgomery County, Maryland and tonight I'm testifying on behalf of County Executive Douglas Duncan. The County Executive opposes the designation of the Canada Dry building and site in the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. Instead, he recommends that the Planning Board and the site purchaser discuss the possible retention of some of the architectural features of the existing building as part of the development approval process.

We recognize that the Canada Dry building has some architectural interest that may be of significance to the Silver Spring community. The curved glass block corner feature with the Canada Dry sign is interesting and represents the historical architectural style that was used in the design of several buildings throughout downtown Silver Spring. However, the historic designation of this site has been reviewed and rejected many times. We believe

that the significant architectural feature of this building can be preserved, while allowing the site to be redeveloped and contribute to the economic rebirth of Silver Spring.

The site, as you know, is located on East-West
Highway between the NOAA developed to the north and
Discovery's Creative and Technology Center and the future
location of the Innovation Center to the south. There must
continue to be a balance between the desire to preserve
elements of Silver Spring's past and the need to renew our
downtown for the future.

It has been suggested that the proposed historic designation of the Canada Dry site is analogous to the designation and reuse of the Silver Theatre. We were very fortunate that a viable reuse by the American Film Institute allowed us to preserve the theater as a piece of our past. However, the preservation of the Silver Theatre came at great public expense. We cannot make the same financial commitment to every potentially historic building in Silver Spring. We need to do everything we can to encourage the private sector to redevelop this key site. It is one of the few remaining large pieces of land left in downtown.

Again, the County Executive recommends that the Canada Dry site not be designated in the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. I would further request that the county and Planning Board staff work with any developer --

redeveloper of the Canada Dry site to find ways of preserving any of the significant architectural features of the building where practical.

We want to thank you for your consideration of this recommendation and for allowing us to comment on the amendment.

MS. PERDUE: Next speaker is Kim Williams and Steven Spurlock.

MR. SPURLOCK: Good evening Vice Chair Perdue and members of the Montgomery County Planning Board. My name is Steven Spurlock and I'm the Chairman of the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission. The Historic Preservation Commission strongly recommends that the Canada Dry Bottling Plant be designated on the County's Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The Commission voted unanimously to recommend this property for historic designation because the site meets the criteria for designation as set forth in Chapter 24A-3 of the Montgomery County Code. Section (a) of this part of the code describes the purpose of the Master Plan for Historic Preservation; that is, to designate historic sites and describe their boundaries, to propose means to integrate historic preservation into the planning process, and to advance the goals of historic preservation.

HPC Commissioner Kim Williams will now discuss the application of the designation criteria in terms of Canada

Dry, and I will then discuss our other obligations in melding the preservation interests of the county with the overall planning process.

MS. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Good evening. My name is Kim Williams. I'm an architectural historian and a private consultant specializing in historic preservation. I currently serve as a Commissioner on the Historic Preservation Commission. I would like to highlight the principal architectural reasons why the HPC unanimously supports this proposed designation.

To begin, I would like you to know that the building is currently 55 years old, and thus meets the 50-year cut off date for evaluating historic properties established by the National Park Service. This 50-year date has been adopted by the Historic Preservation Commission as a rule for evaluating 20th century properties. When the Historical Atlas was compiled and published in 1976, the Canada Dry Bottling Plan did not meet the 50-year cutoff date and was, thus, not considered for inclusion in the Atlas at that time. Today, however, the building exceeds the 50-year cutoff date and has been determined eligible for listing on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation for the following reasons.

First, the building meets criteria 1(a) and 1(d); that is, "it has character, interest, or value as part of

the development, heritage, or cultural characteristics of the county, and exemplifies the cultural, economic, social, political, or historic heritage of the county." Built and opened in 1946, the Canada Dry Bottling Plant represents a rare example of the post-War industrial development of the county. Prior to the mid-20th century, industry in Montgomery County was limited to agricultural and mining activities. Granaries, mills and bank barns are typical structures which represent these industries, and, as such, several have been designated to preserve this aspect of the county's history.

These early industries reflect the capitalization of the county's natural resources, both for self-consumption, as well as for exportation. After World War II, as our residential market expanded, new industries were established using imported products, transported via the railroad, for the manufacture of goods for the growing local community. The Canada Dry Bottling Plan survives as an excellent example of this type of post-War industry.

Secondly, the building qualifies for designation under criteria 2(a), 2(b), and 2(c); that is it "embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction;" "it represents the work of a master;" and "it possesses high artistic value."

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is a period building

designed by a master architect in a distinctive style. In designing the Silver Spring Bottling Plant, the Canada Dry Corporation chose a notionally prominent architect from New York, Walter Monroe Cory, to design an image building that would announce to the public that the company was in the forefront of the economy. Its choice of the Art Moderne style of architecture -- a building style which looked forward to a new way of living -- did just that. The Art Moderne style embraced progressive new materials, such as glass block and neon lighting, in a way that celebrated the new building technologies, including curtain wall construction and strip windows. Stylistically, the use of curving corners -- an expression of speed and streamlining -- was an Art Moderne design trend found on buildings and objects ranging from locomotives to kitchen toasters.

Thirdly, the building meets criteria 1(e), that is, the building "represents an established and familiar visual feature of the neighborhood, community, or county, due to its singular physical characteristic or landscape."

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is a well-established landmark. The building's neon signs were prominently placed, and are still highly visible from the railroad tracks as well as the surrounding roads. Indeed, the Canada Dry Bottling Plant is completely intact and stands out in this once-industrial section of the county -- south Silver

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Spring -- adjacent to the railroad tracks, where many of its industrial neighbors, now gone, once joined it.

Our Chairman, Steve Spurlock, will now address the proposed designation and issues involved in establishing the environmental setting for this site.

MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you. I am a practicing architect with my own firm and a long-time resident of Silver Spring. My firm works on commercial and residential projects of many sizes. As an HPC Commissioner for the past five years, I've had the opportunity to review and approve a variety of projects in the county. These projects range from small additions on private homes to large commercial ventures such as the ten-story residential tower above the Bethesda Theatre. We have reviewed and approved projects involving properties which sit on a site as small as 6,000 square feet and properties which include well over 100 acres. In each case, the Commission has worked to establish an appropriate environmental setting which will permit new projects to go forward, while protecting the community interests in our mutual past. We have a sound historic preservation program in the county which accommodates new ideas, population growth and changing building functions. We are guided by published set of guidelines and criteria. We believe the consistency in our decisions is an obligation to the county so that expectations that our decisions will

be reasonable, fair, and fall within the context of county law, will be realized.

This law, Chapter 24A, guides all of our decisions, and assigns historic site designation to the County Council. But once a site is designated, the ordinance delegates design review and establishment of an appropriate environmental setting to the HPC. We are the only architectural review board for the county, and we approach our work from a preservation perspective. This is very good for the county. Through the historic preservation process, we have saved the very best of buildings and districts which provide a unique sense of place to our county. These historic resources are the landmarks which will help us literally navigate around the county, and without which we might live anywhere.

As HPC Commissioners, we are trained in the historic preservation process, and have substantial experience in balancing the complexities of historic preservation and the changing needs that are reflected in the projects we review. The rationale for designating the entire parcel is set out on page seven of the public hearing preliminary draft which you have before you. The purpose is to provide the county with adequate review authority to permit development of a property while preserving the historic resource in the community. We can do both because

we have done both many times over.

In our recommendation to you we include a short statement addressing the proposed environmental setting. We clearly endorse the development of the Canada Dry site. We are fully prepared to work with you to further develop this language to provide more specific guidance to both the county and a future owner concerning development of the site.

We are eager to work with someone to assure a high quality proposal which will take full advantage of this great location, including this significant historic structure. We also urge you not to limit any future developer with stipulations that they may not wish to meet. For example, in the new development above the Silver Shopping Center, the designation suggests a setback of approximately 30 feet, but the HPC actually worked with the developer and approved a setback that was less than -- actually about 18 feet, providing the developer with additional commercial space.

In conclusion, we urge you to recommend the Canada Dry Bottling Plant for designation as a 20th century historic site in Silver Spring. It clearly meets the criteria of our county ordinance and the HPC is qualified and experienced in working with a future owner to reduce the environmental setting of the entire parcel to something

smaller to accommodate 21st century development.

Thank you.

MS. PERDUE: Thank you. The next speakers are Stacy Silber, Robert Erickson, Robert Harris and Craig Bruch.

MS. SILBER: Good evening. For the record, my name is Stacy Silber, an attorney with the law firm of Holland & Knight. Bob Harris and I are here on behalf of AT&T, the owner of the property which is the subject of the designation request. With us are Robert Erickson and Craig Bruch from AT&T.

We ask that you reject designation of the property; first, because it is not historically significant; second, it would be inconsistent with all county and Planning Board decisions over the last 26 years, as evidenced most recently by the current Sector Plan for Silver Spring and prior project, site and preliminary plan approvals for the property; third, it would directly thwart budding revitalization efforts in Silver Spring; and, fourth, any designation of part or all of the property will result in subrogation to the HPC of your decision-making authority regarding how and whether the property will be developed.

As background, AT&T purchased the property in 1999 with the intention of demolishing the building and

redeveloping part of the site with a long distance/internet transfers station and providing the remainder for mixed-use development. Given that every section plan (seven in all) since at least 1975 recommended redevelopment of the property and the HPC had previously considered and rejected preservation, AT&T expected, rightfully so, that it's only requirement would be to comply with the requirements of the CBD-2 Zone. Last year, however, the Silver Spring Historical Society filed an application to list the property on the Historic Atlas. This was later expanded to include placement on the Master Plan. In the meantime, after looking at both reuse and redevelopment options, and considering intervening market changes, AT&T decided to locate its property and facilities elsewhere and to sell the property.

Because of the uncertainty created by pending historic designation requests, few purchasers showed interest in the property. One initially signed a contract to buy it, but later terminated the contract because of the threat of designation. AT&T is now pleased to inform you that JBG has agreed to buy the property if it is not declared historic.

All this being said, we respectfully submit that that the Planning Board should encourage redevelopment and reject designation as the Planning Board and Council has

done repeatedly. A property owner deserves such finality and the public is entitled to this consistency in decision making.

Although we believe that the Planning Board and Council have already made their position known regarding the lack of value -- historic value of the Canada Dry building, the facts themselves make it clear that the subject building has no historic significance, and does not meet the criteria of Chapter 24A of the Code. This is supported by research conducted by Kathrine Kuranda, an architectural historian with Goodwin & Associates.

First, contrary to the suggestions in the application, the Goodwin & Associates research shows that the building is not the work of a master architect. As the designation request indicates, Walter Cory designed the building, not his brother Russell or the firm of Cory & Cory. This is an important distinction, because it was under Russell Cory's leadership at Cory & Cory that such buildings as the Starrett-Lehigh Building in New York were designed and patented; some buildings I'm sure you'll be hearing about later. Russell always served as the firm's president. Walter was an engineer by training, and started off in Russell's firm as a draftsman. Walter worked with his brother between the years of 1924 and 1942, except for a two-year period when Walter retired to Florida and actually

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ran a citrus grove.

In 1942, four years before this building existed, the firm of Cory & Cory dissolved, and Walter Cory left to work on his own. Walter Cory's solo work was not on the same scale and prestige as was the work done by Russell and the firm of Cory & Cory. In addition, unlike the firm, Walter Cory's solo work was not reported in architectural periodicals. In fact, Walter focused his work on far less substantial buildings, such as bottling plants.

Second, the subject building is similar in overall form to other basic industrial buildings constructed in the 1940's for the bottling industry. It did not represent a new architectural style, and was not unique. In fact, by 1946 when the building was constructed, the Art Moderne Style had existed for years. The building was merely a copy of other, then common, off-the-shelf bottling plants constructed by Canada Dry throughout the country. For your reference, I'm going to be attaching pictures of the building to my testimony.

Third, according to Canada Dry's records, the company did not select to locate its building in Silver Spring because of Silver Spring's reputation as an industrial center. On the contrary, Canada Dry located its plants in relatively lower rent districts, immediately outside their primary service area. In reality, what we

have in Silver Spring is merely one of Canada Dry's prototypical buildings, whose purpose was to service the established Washington, D.C. market and not the local market.

Fourth, the subject building was not built in the context of industrial development. In fact, Silver Spring is not known for its industrial development, while there might be some pockets. Instead, the area was noted for the scale and architectural quality of its retail development, which the county has, in fact, preserved. While there may have been another bottling plant and warehouse in the area fifty years ago, there is no context today. As such, the building does not exemplify the cultural, economic, social, political or historic heritage of the county.

Fifth, the preservationists muse about how the building might be reused. The building has sat vacant for years, however, and has been listed for sale for months. No one with reuse plans has made a viable offer, however, or presented a proposal to AT&T or the previous owner. This is important because AT&T, at this point, just wants to recoup its investment and is as willing to sell the property to an entity willing to preserve the structure, as to one who may need to demolish the building.

The preservation groups may discuss another Canada

Dry building located in Portland I want to point out,

because I believe it's distinguishable. First, the designation request indicates the Portland building has been placed on the Historic Resource Inventory. Under such "Inventory", however, the local authority has no control over if, or whether the building is modified or demolished, but only must be given 120 days notice before demolition occurs. In Portland, the owner has the final decision regarding the demolition and the ultimate control over the redevelopment of the property. Second, the market supporting such reuse is very different than the market in Silver Spring. The Portland building is in a prime location and has excellent and unusual access to transportation. User demand for the building has remained high due to very low vacancy rates. Unfortunately, these factors do not exist in Silver Spring.

Finally, although a few features of the building may have some architectural interest, the building itself is extremely plain, and does not merit designation. It does not embody the work of a master, nor does it possess high artistic value. Also, if we use 50 years as our baseline in evaluating whether to preserve buildings, this very building as well as perhaps our own Mr. Harris over here may be next in line for preservation.

(Discussion off the record.)

MS. SILBER: The redevelopment of the property, including demolition of the subject building, was considered

by Montgomery County in various ways at least 14 times since 1975. While these reviews have differed in scope or purpose, preservation of the subject building has never been required by any of them. I am going to attach a detailed list of the county's decisions over the years to my submitted testimony. The information contained in this list is compelling and we ask that you review the document. In the interest of time, however, I will try to summarize those actions.

Over the last 26 years, the Planning Board and Council have reviewed and/or amended the Silver Spring Sector Plan repeatedly, the latest being adopted just last year. In all of these plans, the county recommended redevelopment of the property, allowing demolition of the subject building. While the Council during this period designated other Silver Spring sites as historic, the subject property was identified and discussed, yet never listed. Consequently, the property was always considered for redevelopment and, therefore, demolition.

In 1984 the Historic Preservation Commission specifically considered whether the building should be designated. The Commission unanimously rejected such request finding that it "met none of the criteria of the ordinance". The preservation groups may say that the Commission did not have enough information before it to make

a decision. Although we do not agree, even if this were so at that time, certainly by February 2000, when the Council adopted the current Sector Plan, the building was 50 years old and there was virtually the same information that's before you today.

In addition, during this time period, the Planning Board approved a project plan, site plan and preliminary plan for the property. The issue of historic preservation was discussed in depth during the Planning Board's review of the project plan. In fact, the proponents submitted a number of letters — proponents for preservation submitted a number of letters and supporting information explaining why they believed the property should be preserved. Many of these same letters are actually part of the designation request today. Despite these requests, the Planning Board rejected preservation, and unanimously approved the project plan allowing complete demolition of the subject building.

During the February 2000 Silver Spring Sector Plan, the HPC again held hearings on the significance of various structures within Silver Spring. Despite the presence this research, again the Council rejected any designation.

The Master Plan for Preservation indicates that in deciding whether to place a property on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, the Planning Board must "balance the

importance of the historic property with other public interests." On balance, preservation is contrary to the more significant public interest of ensuring the revitalization in south Silver Spring.

While we believe that it is clear that the property does not meet the criteria of Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code, we recognize that the criteria is very broad and subjective. Thus, theoretically, anyone could formulate an argument regarding historic designation for any older building in Silver Spring. The Master Plan for Historic Preservation, therefore, requires the Planning Board to consider these claims and balance them in light of broad county interests, which include revitalization. Silver Spring was known for its retail development. As such, the county has taken steps to ensure that numerous buildings were preserved; for example, Hechts and the Silver Theater and Shopping Center complex.

Unlike the retail development that has already been preserved, preservation of the subject building is not in the public interest. Again, in February 2000, the Council adopted the Silver Spring Sector Plan and very clearly delineated that redevelopment was in the public interest, and not preservation. Specifically, the Council actively took steps to encourage and ensure that revitalization took place in south Silver Spring, and more

specifically on this property.

First, as part of the Sector Plan, the Council rezoned the property from CBD-R2 to CBD-2. The purpose of this rezoning was not only to encourage mixed-use development on the property, but also to facilitate higher density commercial uses near Metro. We understand that the preservation groups have a plan that they're going to be showing you which shows how part of the building could be preserved. Under any preservation scenario, however, the density use cannot be accomplished that would support economic revitalization of this area.

The Council provided that with these higher densities new zoning in these revitalization areas could include various incentives that: (1) capitalize on the momentum created by the proposed projects for Silver Spring's CBD, including what Discovery had already done; (2) create heightened investor interest and an improved investment climate in south Silver Spring; (3) position south Silver Spring to take advantage of their strategic locations near the Silver Spring Metro station and proposed multi-modal transit center; and (4) position south Silver Spring to take advantage of land use options that can be supported by the current real estate market Preservation of all, or even part of the building will not allow a developer to achieve the redevelopment and densities that

the Council has determined to be in the public interest.

Second, the 2000 Sector Plan creates an overlay zone that includes the subject property. The purpose of the overlay zone is to allow flexibility in development standards, and allow increases in density. The Council recognized that there are many large tracts in need of redevelopment in south Silver Spring, including the subject property. The overlay zone even encourages demolition by allowing owners willing to demolish existing buildings to maintain or transfer development credits.

Third, the Sector Plan encourages wide promenades along East-West Highway with development along the street frontage, and parking in the rear. Furthermore, under the standard or optional method of development, 10 to 20 percent of the property, respectively, must be reserved for public use space. These requirements shrink the area within which to place a new building.

Finally, if the building is designated, the message to the development community is that regardless of prior final decisions, any building is fair game. With the market as it is, the result will be that developers will not look to redevelop older, blighted properties in Silver Spring, but will continue to focus on other areas. This certainly is not in the public interest.

In conclusion, we submit that AT&T's building is

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not historic and does not meet the requirements of Chapter 24A of the Code. Redevelopment of south Silver Spring and this property has been the goal of the county since 1975. It is evidenced in all seven amendments to the Silver Spring Sector Plan. As such, we ask that you reject designation in favor of redevelopment. If you were to designate even part of this property, you would be creating a conflict with current development plans and would be delegating to HPC your control over the redevelopment of the property. We ask that you maintain your authority. Furthermore, a recommendation to preserve the building will result in the preservation of a vacant blighted warehouse in the context of such developments as NOAA, Discovery, and the potential adjacent incubator space. Any preservation of the building will not be a reminder of the heyday of Silver Spring; instead, it will merely be a continued reminder of the blight that continues to plague south Silver Spring.

Thank you.

MR. HARRIS: I would simply add to that in conclusion -- Stacy's done a good job summarizing our I appreciate the HPC's sort of eleventh hour offer to reduce the setting from what they have proposed all along, but I don't think that gets us to where we need to The control of the building and whatever environmental setting would still be in the HPC's hands; not in your

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hands, and the appeal from there -- an unsatisfactory ruling by them is simply to the Board of Appeals and to the courts.

You folks don't have the role in that.

And I've been there before. I had a client with an historic building where the HPC was not reasonable as they propose they would be. They would not allow this client to replace the windows in that building because they were going to be built of new wood, although of the same type as the existing windows, and they were going to have two panes of glass in them instead of a single pane of glass. We had to take them to the Board of Appeals where they said the new windows were not going to smell like the old ones and, therefore, they needed to preserve the old ones. Fortunately, the Board of Appeals overturned that position and we were able to replace those windows, but we don't want to be there when we're trying to redevelop in south Silver Spring.

Thank you.

MS. PERDUE: Thank you. Our next speaker is Robert Dalrymple.

MR. DALRYMPLE: Good evening. For the record, Bob Dalrymple with the law firm of Linowes and Blocher, representing JBG Companies. Pete -- of JBG is with me at the table. JBG is the contract purchaser of this property, which we would suggest is a very strategic parcel to the

 overall scheme of redevelopment and economic viability of south Silver Spring.

We're here this evening to urge you to reject designation entirely or any part of designation of this site for historic preservation. I guess to throw in as a footnote I propose designation of Bob Harris for historic preservation as well. We agree with all of the testimony that was given on behalf of AT&T. I think in great detail they set forth a lot of the same arguments that we would make.

JBG also owns the parcels adjacent to this parcel to the south of Blair Mill Road and JBG does have a vision for this area. Their vision is consistent with the goals and objectives of the recently-updated Sector Plan as to create a mix of uses in this area which have some synergy which blend together which make good use of the public spaces and which help each other meet the goals and objectives that I think everybody wants for this area.

This vision does not include designation of this parcel for historic preservation and we would suggest to you that designation would very significantly retard the ability of JBG to move forward on this.

They're under tests and studies in the contract right now. They have had an architect take a look at this property from the standpoint of how they would accommodate

their intended mixed use; primarily residential -- of this site through preservation, either in whole or part, of the existing improvements, and there's been nothing to suggest so far that there would be an economically-viable use of this land for them to continue with the contract if it is designated historic.

And, in fact, what you all do with this designation will go a long way towards JBG's deciding whether they're going to proceed under this contract or not. It's not a threat; it's reality. This site has been out there waiting for redevelopment for a long time. You have a property owner that stepped up and is ready to take the lead on it and will work with the other property owners around to try to make some sense of that portion of Silver Spring that we've all been struggling with for a long period of time. This is not the time to throw more roadblocks or hurdles in the way of it.

I'm not an expert in historic preservation, but I can read all of the past analysis of this site from the standpoint of its use in terms of historic merits of these improvements. There's been nothing that I have read that would suggest to me that there is anything about the use or anything about the improvements which merits protection. The only thing that's changed since 1984 when this was considered and determined not to be worthy of preservation

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is 17 years. At that point in time there was a plan to redevelop this site and this area that would have made all this moot because we would have had reuse of those properties down there, and that didn't occur due to economic conditions of those times. Since that time, there's been nothing about those buildings or about that use that now elevates it to the status of being preserved under the Historic Preservation Ordinance.

I heard earlier that 50 years is the magic period of time. Well, 50 years doesn't, in and of itself, give reason to frustrate the redevelopment of south Silver Spring, and that's exactly what is going to be done if you continue the designation further.

There are significant redevelopment challenges to that area and I don't need to go into them; you're all aware of them, you've been living it as well as many of us in the room have been. The recent Sector Plan Updates were intended to generate incentive to redevelop there. It was intended to generate confidence in the process. It was intended to allow some creative thinking in terms of making good use of the public spaces, and to have some back and forth between the uses that would make for a good mixed-use environmental in that area.

The Sector Plan did not envision taking a significant parcel in that area and burdening it with

historic preservation of a facility that has no merit for preservation. We would ask you to remove the uncertainty that this designation would cause and we ask you to instead reinforce your desire to see that area redeveloped.

I think when you balance the goals of the Sector Plan and the need for revitalization and the rather bootstrap arguments I would suggest for preserving it through the Historic Preservation Ordinance, I think the decision is going to become clear to you. Remove the obstacles, allow this property owner to move forward -- this contract purchaser to move forward to do something that's good and right for this area and that will take us into the next hundred years with a good viable use of that land down there. We've got one change here; let's not blow it.

MR. ROBINSON: Counselor, I have one quick question. You've mentioned your study of public uses and alluded to public uses, in time would you be able to provide us with any details about how you view the concept of public use?

MR. DALRYMPLE: Well, right now we're early in the tests and studies, but I can tell you that we are very upto-date on what the Sector Plan Update and what the zoning changes are encouraging us to do which is to look more holistically at the area, potentially to create some consolidated public use spaces, to allow a better mix of

uses and better pedestrian experiences around. There are a number of tools that have been created through the Sector Plan and the recent zoning changes that we intend to explore, but we need to find out first what the rules of engagement are going to be, and this is a major, major, major obstacle towards doing that.

MR. HOLMES: Any other questions?

MR. DALRYMPLE: Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: The next speaker is Dan Meijer.

MR. MEIJER: Good evening. I am Dan Meijer, recent elected co-chair of the Gateway Coalition. The Gateway Coalition consists of business and civic associations in Maryland and D.C. dedicated to the revitalization of South Silver Spring and upper Georgia Avenue in the District of Columbia. We have been publicly meeting monthly for nearly ten years. At the last monthly Gateway meeting, most of our members were astonished to learn that this large abandoned property could actually be considered for historic preservation. In short, we consider the designation request to be the unintentional preservation of urban blight; thus, the question of preservation received an unfavorable vote.

The property has had no significant historical role in our community. Some of our members, such as myself, have lived and worked in this area since the 1960's, so I'm

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not quite historic, but I'm getting there. We cannot recall any significant event this building has had on our community.

This property is in urgent need of redevelopment.

We are very concerned that the regulations and in particular those who abuse them that can be imposed upon this property by the proposed designation of historic, will greatly limit and restrict its chances for appropriate redevelopment.

This is of particular concern to us now given the recent economic forecasts. We do not want to live and look at an eyesore for the next 10 years or more.

Although we have been meeting publicly for approximately the last 10 years, the historic preservation enthusiasts have only paid attention to our community rather recently. They have come to our meetings and advocated for the preservation of two other buildings in south Silver Spring, the former Institute of Dry Cleaning building, another large industrial facility, and even the abandoned 1950 Silver Spring Post Office near Acorn Park. Again, we were astonished that these structures could even be considered historic.

For that reason we have some serious concerns about their overall agenda for this area. South Silver Spring is not Williamsburg, Virginia. The area has no chance of becoming such a tourist attraction. This area is

in urgent need of redevelopment and not preservation.

We, therefore, ask that the Planning Board exercise its planning wisdom on deciding this matter as it relates to the overall vision and revitalization of south Silver Spring. Can this community afford to set aside such large parcels aside for eternal preservation? We think this is unwarranted, unrealistic and impractical and urge the Planning Board to do the same.

Thank you for listening to our views.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Ray Timmermann.

MR. TIMMERMANN: Good evening. My name is Ray
Timmermann. I am the owner of the Sir Speedy Printing
Center here in downtown Silver Spring. I am also the
president of the Greater Silver Spring Chamber of Commerce,
and represent the Chamber this evening.

As the representative for Silver Spring businesses, the Chamber considers the success of downtown Silver Spring a very high priority. In order for Silver Spring to return to its status as one of the area's most successful commercial centers, we must take care to ensure that decisions are made to allow the success of the development and the redevelopment to occur.

The business community respects Silver Spring's history, and the desire to preserve it, when preservation is appropriate and benefits the community. But in this case,

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we believe it is more important to ensure Silver Spring's future commercial success and by encouraging new investment, which will have a great impact on the quality of life for all of Silver Spring. We are here this evening to support the Silver Spring that lives and breathes today, and the future investment that will keep it healthy. We ask that you not designate the Canada Dry site as historic.

Silver Spring is in tenuous times. While we are fortunate to have new development happening here, we have a long way to go before we can claim victory over decades of decay. We ask you to consider the danger that preserving this piece of the past would pose to jeopardizing the area's future.

The site's location, along the East-West Highway corridor, is just beginning to see redevelopment. Empty and abandoned properties are now being considered for new uses, with retail, office, hotel, residential, and a small business development that would bring life to this location and infuse Silver Spring with choice properties in walking distance to the Metro. Downtown Silver Spring is a large area that needs a lot of new investment, and we are concerned that historic designation will give potential investors no choice but to seek projects elsewhere that are less costly to develop. The Canada Dry site will remain abandoned, and continue to be a source of urban blight in

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the middle of a landscape that is new for new investment.

Silver Spring has been waiting a long time for the kind of interest developers are showing today. This community, the residents, office workers and the businesses here deserve a chance to have their community realize its long-awaited potential.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you, sir. Bob Blaker. Blaker. Elnora Harvey.

MS. HARVEY: Good evening everyone. My name is Elnora Harvey and I am the chair of the Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board. The board is selected by the County Executive to represent the views of the citizens of Silver Spring. On behalf of the board I am here to testify against the inclusion of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant in Silver Spring on the county's Historical Atlas. The board approved a resolution recommending that the Montgomery County Preservation Historic Commission not approve historic designation for the former Canada Dry Bottling Plant located at the intersection of East-West Highway and Blair Mill Road in Silver Spring. And I want you to know that I live directly across the street from that plant and it has been an eyesore. The vote was unanimous with one abstention. I have provided a written version of my testimony, and I ask that it be made part of the record of these proceedings.

As you know, historic preservation is an issue that has attracted a great deal of attention in Silver Spring experiences -- regarding redevelopment. However, what appears to be ignored is that the historic significance of Silver Spring is that it was once an important center of commercial activity and entertainment. In fact, in the 40's and 50's, Silver Spring was the second largest retail and entertainment district in the State of Maryland.

Accordingly, we view redevelopment as an effort to restore Silver Spring to its historical status as an area of vigorous commercial, retail, and entertainment opportunities, rather than as a threat to Silver Spring's history.

We urge, therefore, that any decision on historic designation be made in the context of balancing the architectural significance of a particular structure against the opportunity to re-establish Silver Spring to its historic prominence as a vibrant downtown where people come to work, shop, and be entertained. I'm not going to read everything because you have copies of it, because it's rather lengthy.

With regard to the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, we believe that the balance should weigh against the inclusion of the building on the Historical Atlas. This building is an industrial structure that has not operated as a

functioning bottling plant for several years. It has increasingly become a visual eyesore and public nuisance. The Canada Dry building was built during an era when warehouses, a lumber yard, a rail yard, and light industry characterized the area around the B&O railroad tracks in Silver Spring. The warehouses, lumber yards and industrial uses have given way to modern office buildings, apartment buildings and townhouses.

The Canada Dry site faces an apartment complex, it's adjacent to the new NOAA headquarters, and it's across the street from the Discovery Annex and a soon-to-be-constructed technology incubator. The Canada Dry building severely detracts from the look and feel of the more attractive structures now in place.

There have been a number of proposals to use the site in a manner consistent with surrounding development that will further support the redevelopment of Silver Spring. The current owner has proposed using it for a high-tech center. Another developer has been in negotiations to purchase the site to construct housing. None of those proposals will go forward if the use of the site includes the cost of rehabilitating the Canada Dry Bottling Plant.

We want to ensure that private capital is attracted to Silver Spring and encumbering the building with an historic designation will discourage investment that will

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support the community and the county objectives. There is no realistic possibility that this building will be restored to its former use or be adapted to a new use. An historic designation will seal the fate of an important parcel of CBD real estate.

With regard to restoration, some proponents of historic designation compare the bottling plant to the Silver Theatre, the so-called crown jewel of the redevelopment of Silver Spring. However, the Silver Theatre is unique. It is being restored to its original use as a grand movie theater. And the state and county have contributed \$20 million to make that restoration a reality. No one can seriously believe that public funds will be used to restore the Canada Dry building to be a functioning bottling plant. And even if such restoration took place, no bottling company has shown any interest in operating a bottling plant in the middle of Silver Spring.

If the Canada Dry Bottling Plant receives historic designation, it will likely remain a vacant, withering eyesore. There is no evidence of demand to adapt this structure to a new use. Preserving the building on this site would impose economic hardship on a new owner, make it impossible to maintain the structure, and works against effective use of the zoning envelope of the entire site.

In summary, the Silver Spring Citizens Advisory

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much.

Board asks that you apply common sense and reason to your
decision regarding the Canada Dry Bottling Plant. Some
buildings are worth saving at any cost. Some are worth
saving because the value of historical preservation
outweighs benefits of new development. Other buildings,
like the Canada Dry Bottling Plant in Silver Spring, should
not be preserved because the benefits of proposed
alternatives clearly outweigh the benefits of preservation.

On behalf of the citizens of Silver Spring, I thank you for your attention and your courtesy.

MR. HOLMES: As an aside, I think you missed one sentence.

> MS. HARVEY: There was some --

MR. HOLMES: I'm only kidding you.

MS. HARVEY: I saw you earlier. Thank you very

Bryant Foulger. MR. HOLMES:

MR. FOULGER: I'm glad I didn't submit my testimony for you to follow. Good evening, Mr. Chairman, Planning Board members. My name is Bryant Foulger. principal of the Foulger Pratt Companies. I've been developing properties in Silver Spring -- oh, I want to go on record; Bob Dalrymple is not representing me tonight, and I want to make sure I don't get a bill, because he and I are in the same building at the same time.

MR. HOLMES: He would do that, too.

MR. FOULGER: Yeah, he would. I want to get that clear. I've been developing properties in Silver Spring now for over 15 years and I speak tonight as an owner of the property located immediately adjacent to the Canada Dry property. Our firm developed the Silver Spring Metro Center known as the -- otherwise known as the NOAA Headquarters and we continue to own and manage three of the four buildings that have been built on that complex. Our firm is also working with the Peterson Companies on the development of the downtown Silver Spring Redevelopment Project and we've also been designated with Mid-Cities Urban as the developer of the Silver Spring Transit Center and its air rights private development.

over the past 15 years, we have worked hard -very hard -- to convince the marketplace that Silver Spring
is a great place to live and work and play. And at time, as
you can imagine, that has been a tough sell. While the
demographics of Silver Spring are impressive, while Silver
Spring's access and transit availability are as good as
there is in the metropolitan area, and while its location
inside the Beltway is very desirable, its appearance and the
impression one gets as one travels through Silver Spring has
been a difficult hurdle to overcome.

We were able to overcome that hurdle in the

downtown Silver Spring project primarily because we have a large 22-acre tract that was assembled for the project by the county. We were, thus, able to create our own environment. We were able to overcome those same Silver Spring hurdles with the NOAA project because we were able to do the same thing; we were able to create -- assemble a large site that allowed us to create a whole new environment for NOAA.

Much progress has been made in Silver Spring.

Significant joint efforts of the county, the state, the private sector and the community have all resulted in a new direction and a wonderful new momentum in Silver Spring.

Much has been done; there remains much still to do and hurdles still remain.

Nearly 10 years ago we obtained the necessary development approvals for the Silver Spring Metro Center project. As I mentioned before we had built four phases and those are all occupied by NOAA. The fifth and final phase has never been built. It's a 200-unit apartment project.

For the past 10 years our firm has had every incentive and every interest in building our phase five, but we have been unable to do so because of the economic conditions and the physical environment that did not allow us to move forward. Financing was unavailable, and most importantly, the adjacent Canada Dry Bottling Plant

continued to operate as an industrial facility, negatively affecting our ability to lease the nearly half of our units that look over the site.

You might look at the picture on the right. The caption there is Canada Dry Bottling Plant, and down below, view from NOAA. That is what half of the units of our proposed apartment building would look over, and our ability to lease with that kind of view was doubted by us and by the financing community, and so our site -- our residential site -- has remained undeveloped.

And then things have begun to change in Silver Spring. Silver Spring, with the development of the Downtown Silver Spring Project, the Discovery Communications Headquarters building, Discovery's redevelopment of the Caldor Building, the -- townhouse project, etcetera all began to create a new interest and vibrancy in Silver Spring. For the first time in many years, apartment rental rates reached levels that would support new apartment construction, and then came the news that AT&T had purchased the Canada Dry site with the idea of developing the site.

We, then immediately, began planning the construction of our apartment building.

And then things changed again. AT&T decided to sell the site with its development now on hold. And then the Historic Preservation Commission proposed designating

the entire Canada Dry site historic.

As someone who has worked hard, as many have, to make good things happen in Silver Spring and to bring good things to Silver Spring, I oppose this designation. My development experience tells me that if the designation is approved, the range of possible development scenarios that conform with the historic designation become extremely limited. And the more limited the possibilities, the longer the property will languish and deteriorate and we don't need any more deteriorating buildings in Silver Spring.

As an adjacent property owner who is planning a new attractive residential building, one that people have been waiting a long time for, I also oppose the designation. It will hurt our efforts to finance and lease over 200 new apartment units, possibly delaying the construction of the first new apartment units to be built in downtown in many, many years.

I'm not an expert in historic preservation, but I do have a lot of experience in it. We are, as you know, working closely with the State Historic Trust, the Historic Preservation Commission, the county and the Planning Board to bring about the rehabilitation of the historic Silver Theatre and the historic Silver Spring Shopping Center. Work, as you know, is already under way and when completed, these buildings will have been successfully rehabilitated to

their former glory, while housing very modern and desirable
uses.

While I am aware of technical requirements and

definitions as to what is historic and what is not, in my mind what makes those buildings historic is the wonderful connection that exists between the community and those buildings. I can't tell you how many times people have come up to me and said, "I remember as a kid going to the Silver Theatre." Two days ago it was Coach Morgan Wooton --

MR. HOLMES: Can you summarize?

MR. FOULGER: I'm summarizing. These buildings are historically significant, but -- and architecturally significant, but more than anything, there is a connection between this community and those buildings. I have never in all of my time in Silver Spring ever heard anyone say, "I remember going to the Canada Dry Plant when I was a kid."

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Mary Riddon -- Reardon, I'm sorry, and Jerry McCoy.

MR. McCoY: Good evening ladies and gentlemen.

For the record, my name is Jerry A. McCoy. I am a resident of downtown Silver Spring and the founder and president of the Silver Spring Historical Society. To my right is downtown Silver Spring resident Mary Reardon, chair of the Society's preservation committee. We have prepared a brief

presentation in which I will cover the significant highlights of Silver Spring's Canada Dry Bottling Plant and its architect, Walter Monroe Cory. Mary will conclude with additional remarks.

Next. The -- of Silver Spring's historic 1946

Canada Dry Bottling Plant has once again placed the Silver

Spring community, as well as Montgomery County, at the

crossroads of balancing historic preservation with new

development. This evening we have the opportunity to

continue the process of placing this architecturally

significant structure on Montgomery County's Locational

Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and the Master Plan for

Historic Preservation.

Next. Located at 1201 East-West Highway, the

Canada Dry Bottling Plant is the finest example of

industrial streamlined moderne architecture in Montgomery

County and, perhaps, in Maryland. Designed by New York City

architect Walter Monroe Cory, Cory was nationally renowned

for his specialty in the design of industrial buildings.

Next. Canada Dry represents Silver Spring's post-World War II industrial and commercial growth. The building features uncluttered design, sweeping lines suggesting motion, ribbon windows, rounded corners, as well as abundant use of aluminum and glass brick.

Next. The curve is a prominent architectural

feature found throughout the building, characteristic of a streamlined moderne design element. The following year, in 1949, Hecht's opened up its first suburban department store with its massive curving facade at the corner of Ellsworth and Fenton, stylistically akin to Canada Dry's glass block curved facade.

Next. Originally partnered in the 1920's with his brother Russell, the firm's motto was, "Factory's can be beautiful". Some of the firm's major accomplishments they were among the handful of American architects in the Seminole Modern Architecture International Exhibition held at the Museum of Modern Art in New York City in 1932. "Walter Monroe Cory's work is now firmly established as an important part of 20th century architecture in America", stated Robert A.M. Stern, the esteemed architectural historian.

And the Corys still influence architecture today.

The condo building at 68th Street and Broadway in New York

City is "obviously derivative of the 1931 Starrett-Lehigh

Building designed by the Corys." That comes from the

Architectural Guidebook to New York City.

The Starrett-Lehigh Building takes up an entire city block in the Chelsea District of New York City. This 19 story combination factory/warehouse features nine miles of ribbon windows with elevators large enough to transport

trucks to each floor. It features -- well, simple but sweeping lines, horizontal ribbon windows and rounded corners, all found in the Canada Dry building.

Next. The Starrett-Lehigh Building in Manhattan was declared a landmark by the New York Landmarks

Preservation Commission in 1988 and architect Stern has said of the building that from an aesthetic point of view, it came as close as any American building of its time to the stylistic tenets of the European-based international style.

Next. Today the Starrett-Lehigh Building is a center of the newly trendy Chelsea District. Said Stern, it is one of the most powerful demonstrations of the horizontal continuities which reinforced concrete, aluminum, and slab construction made possible; continuities that proponents of international style deem virtually indispensable to modern aesthetics. Today, the Starrett-Lehigh Building is used as film and photo studios. Fashion designers have their corporation headquarters. Even Martha Stewart has her corporate offices there. And, you know if Martha is in there, this Cory-designed building has to be a good thing. I just had to throw that in.

Other major Cory buildings -- the Cory designed for the Johnson & Johnson Company in New Brunswick, New Jersey in 1948 two buildings; one was the Johnson & Johnson Ligature Laboratory, which the 1941 architectural forum

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1	deemed probably the most modern monumental defense plant in
2	the United States
3	MR. HOLMES: Just a question about that. Didn't
4	they Johnson & Johnson, in terms of building their new
5	building, didn't they get rid of that? In Brunswick, right?
6	New Brunswick?
7	MR. McCoy: Yes.
8	MR. HOLMES: I think they got rid of that, didn't
9	they?
10	MS. REARDON: There are there's at least one of
11	those New Brunswick buildings still standing today. I know
12	the ligature building is get rid of it, you mean by
13	demolishing it or
14	MR. HOLMES: Yeah. Yeah.
15	MS. REARDON: No, I'm not
16	MR. HOLMES: They did not include it on their
17	expansion of their new campus. They got rid of it when they
18	built their new campus, I thought.
19	MS. REARDON: I don't know, but I know that at
20	least one of these buildings is still standing.
21	MR. HOLMES: Okay.
22	MS. REARDON: We can find that out.
23	MR. McCOY: And the other building; the Johnson &
24	Johnson Industrial Tape Building, which was featured in
25	Depression Moderne 30's Style in America, which was

published in 1975. And here's a photograph of the Industrial Tape Building.

And then continuing, other major Cory buildings, the Cashman Laundry Plant, which still exists in the Bronx, built in 1932. It's referred to as the Starrett-Lehigh's little brother and Stern describes this building in that it rebuilt the impact of a self-conscious modernism on a building type whose aesthetics normally would have been less highly -- and the building was included in the AIA Guide to New York City. Lewis Mumford who was the then architecture critic of the New Yorker said that its cantilevered construction permitting uninterrupted ribbon windows and abundant light and air was praised by Lewis Mumford.

Next. During our research, we discovered that a twin of the Canada Dry building exists in Portland, Oregon. Since 1981 it has been totally renovated and provides office and warehouse space to that community.

Next. Supporters include -- for the preservation of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant -- the Art Deco Society of Washington, Montgomery Preservation, Inc., Preservation Maryland, Allied Civic Group, Montgomery County Civic Federation, and the Woodside Park Civic Association.

And I'll end with a few testimonials specifically directed to the Canada Dry building. Richard Longstreth, associate professor of architectural history at George

Washington University and past president of the Society of Architectural Historians, has said that the Canada Dry is a superb example of streamlined design put to industrial use; without question, the best example of its kind in the county and certainly one of the very best in the greater Washington area.

Richard Guy Wilson, who is the Commonwealth professor and chair of the Department of Architectural History at the University of Virginia has said that "Canada Dry is an excellent example of commercial architecture of a post-Depression era, well designed and evocative. The architect Walter Monroe Cory has a reputation as an important designer of industrial buildings. This is an important building that played an important role in the industrial and commercial history of the Washington/Maryland area.

And ending with Robert A.M. Stern. He has said the Canada Dry plant is an excellent example of the streamlined moderne style in its synthesis of classical composition and modernist elements, including horizontal strip windows, curved corners and a large expanse of glass brick which defines the principal entrance.

Concluding, with restoration and adaptive reuse,

Canada Dry will be a magnificent centerpiece for south

Silver Spring's industrial and commercial corridor. And I

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end with a quote from John Sawhill of the Nature Conservancy. "In the end our society will be defined not only by what we create, but by what we refuse to destroy."

MS. REARDON: Good evening, Mr. Chairman and members of the Board. I'm Mary Reardon. I'm preservation chair of the Silver Spring Historical Society, the organization that nominated the Canada Dry building to the Master Plan. I live right near the Canada Dry plant and, unlike my neighbor, Elnora Harvey, I get a great deal of pleasure from looking at this building and I can see past boarded up windows to imagine something that could be really spectacular.

Tonight's hearing is about whether the Canada Dry building meets the criteria for historic designation in the County Code -- criteria such as the architectural and historic merits of the building and the importance of the work of its architect, Walter Monroe Cory. This is what the ordinance provides, and this is the intent of the law. hearing is not about accommodating the plans of any developer or potential developer of the site. It's not a project plan hearing, although listening to some of the earlier speakers, it almost sounded as if it were a project plan hearing.

It is true that the 1979 Master Plan for Historic Preservation provides for these criteria to be balanced with

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other public interests. Nevertheless, it is the intent of preservation law -- the ordinance -- 24A -- to protect historic resources that meet the criteria from falling victim to the demands of the market. Otherwise, preservation law is meaningless.

We have a strong case for county designation of this site. We even have an informal statement from Maryland Historic Trust that the building would merit National Register eligibility. The Silver Spring Historical Society supports the recommendation of the Historic Preservation Commission to include the Canada Dry site on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. Having said that, we recognize the legitimate concerns of planners and public officials for revitalization of south Silver Spring. It is a concern of ours as well. It was never our intent to tie up the entire site and prevent it from development. Our intent is to be flexible, as is the intent of two other organizations spearheading this designation effort; the Art Deco Society of Washington and Montgomery Preservation, Inc.

We believe that maximum flexibility for use of the site can be achieved by designating the entire site, as the HPC recommends. Here are the reasons. First, the Master Plan designation could include language to accommodate a development plan that might call for partial preservation. Second, if a developer were interested in an adaptive re-use

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project, that developer could benefit from federal and state, as well as county, preservation tax credits. short, full designation would leave options open. The language, of course, would have to be specific in indicating the minimum portion of the building that would have to be Precise language would be in the interest of preserved. developers, who would then know the parameters up front, and also in the interest of preservationists, who want to avoid any open-ended permission to demolish parts of the building.

What makes this building aesthetically interesting and that captures its Streamline Moderne style are its key architectural features; the walls of yellow brick with horizontal wraparound windows, the second-story curved corners, in addition to the rotunda. Can we show that slide?

MR. HOLMES: Could you summarize? Your time has expired.

> MS. REARDON: I thought I had five minutes.

MR. HOLMES: You have a total of 10 minutes between the two of you.

MS. REARDON: Can anybody cede me time? Because we're the ones who nominated this, and I think --

MR. HOLMES: Marcie --

MS. PEARSALL: Lorraine Pearsall.

MS. REARDON: Lorraine Pearsall. Thank you.

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I want you to see what we're talking about when we -- we think it would be helpful to specify in the Master Plan what could be the minimum that would have to be preserved.

Any language in the Master Plan to accommodate development would have to specify preservation of the two-story section of the building that incorporates those features. Anything less would be a mockery of preservation. Preserving this section would leave most of the site available to redevelopment, and a creative architect could work with this to produce a successful project.

You have heard from the County Executive and you heard tonight from opponents of the Master Plan inclusion that this structure has been reviewed and rejected a number of times by the county since 1975. The fact is that before 1993 there was no more than one paragraph of information about the Canada Dry building or its architect in county files. The fact is that the building was never considered on its own outside of the district collection of buildings for Atlas or Master Plan placement. The fact is that sector plans and project plans do not constitute review for historic designation. Sector plans generally only discuss buildings already on the Atlas of Historic Sites. These are not final decisions on the merits of this building and whether it should be designated. This is the first time the building has been formally reviewed for historic designation

on its own and with sufficient information. Letters last summer from former HPC Commissioner Eileen McGuckian and former HPC staffperson Roberta Hahn, who were around in 1984, confirm this and express strong support for Master Plan designation today.

The Canada Dry building should be a source of pride for Silver Spring and for the county. One of the most famous architects in the country, Robert Stern, has written about the work of the architect, has looked at the photos of the Canada Dry building, and has urged that the building be preserved. Two of the country's foremost experts on midcentury commercial industrial architecture have also weighed in on the side of designation. You have letters from these professionals on file; some of them sent very recently. One building designed by the architect, Walter Monroe Cory, has been featured in recent years in major magazines and is the centerpiece of a revitalized industrial area of Manhattan. And these experts, who are not paid experts, will disagree strongly about what was said earlier about Walter Monroe Cory by opponents of designation.

When the Armory was demolished three years ago, the county promised to commission an inventory of 20th century buildings in Silver Spring. The implication of this mitigation initiative was that no significant buildings would be summarily demolished; there would be a thorough

believe --

review and recognition of buildings based on historic
preservation criteria. In effect, the promise of an
inventory, because of the gravity of demolishing the
historic Armory the promise of this inventory implied a
moratorium on demolition until the inventory was done
MR. HOLMES: Could you summarize? You've used
your ceded time also.
MS. REARDON: It would be ironic if this building
were demolished before the inventory is underway. It is
inconceivable that a building of this caliber could not be

MR. HOLMES: Ma'am, would you please --

designated. If we can't designate this building, the

implications for county preservation law are grim.

MS. REARDON: One sentence -- with some flexibility in the Master Plan this site can be productively redeveloped while preserving a valuable county landmark.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you.

MS. REARDON: Thank you for your patience.

MR. HOLMES: It's not that we don't want to give time --

MS. REARDON: I understand.

MR. HOLMES: -- but we do have a lot of people and we'd like to get them in also. Marcie Stickle.

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MS. STICKLE: Imagine yourself in Walter Monroe Cory's mind, what skill and cleverness you would call upon in designing the Montgomery County's Canada Dry Ginger Ale Bottling Plant in Silver Spring to be productive, utilitarian, and full of grace. Imagine your joy at selecting your building materials, mixing them together exuberantly in a recipe to create a functional and artistic building for all seasons, now to be reused creatively, and in an economically vital way. Imagine the craftsmanship and vitality of the men and women who took these elements and built this structure; steel beams rising proudly into the sky, skillfully placing brick upon brick, creating streamlined art deco curves and wings as functional inside as aesthetically beautiful on the outside. Imagine working here. Coming through its awesome circular rotunda two stories high, entering the plant either through the rotunda or spiraling up cantilevered steps to second floor offices only last year still bustling with activity. Then heading across the remarkable dynamic bridge and catwalk; another architectural treat and feat, leading across and then down into the vast cavernous bottling arena with incredible reuse potential.

We request and recommend and will be grateful that the Planning Board take a tour of the Canada Dry building accompanied by HPC staff Gwen Wright and Robin Ziek and a

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member of the preservation community. We believe you will be delightfully surprised. Let your imaginations freely range. I speak to an exciting collaboration.

One; the HPC with a unanimous amendment and clearly indicates, "development at the site is anticipated and welcomed." The building has 66,000 square feet and a setting of 2.93 acres, endless possibilities to work with this site in conjunction with its elegant centerpiece building.

Two; the historic inventory. Remember the inventory. The Canada Dry building should already be on required Maryland Historical Trust -- Historical Inventory for potential National Register designation of Silver Spring's CBD to have been initiated in September, 1999. "With a strong potential for nomination of a thematic Art Deco district." June 1998. Historic Area Work Permit signed by Mr. Bryant Foulger. This exciting requirement is a priority "mitigation" for the loss of our historic 1927 Silver Spring Armory and is to be a blue print, a road map of our CBD treasures to respect and especially incorporate into our redevelopment projects, expressing the drama of combining the best of the old with the best of the new.

It is now November 2001 and although so much hard work has already going into it by HPC staff, the consultant

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already chosen, the County Executive has yet to carry out his legally required commitment, as Bryant Foulger-Pratt Companies. We ask you to immediately unglue the sticking place and speak with the County Executive and with Foulger-Pratt. We ask tonight for a moratorium on demolition of significant buildings, 50 years of age or older, structures that will be embraced by the inventory.

Rodney Little, MHT director -- Maryland Historical Trust director, June 1998 to the Silver Spring Redevelopment manager: "This intensive architectural survey should be one of the first priorities of the mitigation measures. overall redevelopment project would benefit greatly from this step because it could accelerate the rehabilitation of buildings that qualify for federal and state historic preservation tax credits." The Maryland Historical Trust and the County Executive Office Memorandum of Understanding: "By September 1999, the County will initiate an intensive architectural survey of the Silver Spring CBD." We are all eager to have this inventory kickoff so we can all collaborate together in this wonderful interplay of the best of the old and the best of the new.. It flows also into the Montgomery County Entertainment Master Plan, with the use of older buildings as exciting venues.

We request that the Planning Board require now that the inventory commence. Give us the green tape go-

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ahead. Set the stunning precedent with our precious Canada
Dry building, allowing no harm to befall it, raising up and
praising the purchaser and developer who works with it. Let
the collaboration begin. Unleash our mutual energies.

Three, heritage tourism. The Canada Dry building will be an intrinsic part of the State of Maryland Certified Heritage Tourism Management Area in the railway cluster. Montgomery County was approved for this state certification fall 2000. Heritage tourism is economic development. David Edgerly, County Economic Development Chief, and Kelly Groff, Conference and Visitors Bureau Executive Director, have pledged to work energetically together with us to promote heritage tourism in Montgomery County, drawing tourists and their trade from around the country to visit our vital treasures. If we destroy our heritage treasures, how will we ever compose our heritage clusters for trails. We will have nothing to put into them. Heritage tourism is a state/county collaboration. The state offers broad economic and program support through its many agencies to target investment zones, grants, loans, and much more. Allow this economic incentive to come to fruition.

Adaptive reuse. The bottling plant dressed and retrofitted for success. A prime example is Canada Dry West, our twin by Walter Monroe Cory. The Davis Business Center in Portland, Oregon is a 20-year success story. We

have a request -
MR. HOL

MR. HOLMES: Ma'am, would you summarize. Your time --

MS. STICKLE: Yes, I will. We have requests in to the DBC to provide us with their retrofitted floor plans for Canada Dry West, which was able to achieve its level of success since 1982. They say the distinctive architecture of the DBC building makes it easy to find and it's at the center of it all, which is exactly where our Canada Dry --

MR. HOLMES: Ma'am, you have three more pages and you're continuing to read. I will ask you to summarize, please.

MS. STICKLE: I -- let our elegant Canada Dry building east have this opportunity for success through its rightful place on the inventory, through its rightful place in the Heritage Tourism Railway Cluster, it's rightful place on the Historic Preservation Master Plan, and let us all proudly carry out our Silver Spring history forward, all in concert with each other; the best of the old with the best of the new, promoting each other --

MR. HOLMES: Ms. Stickle, please --

MS. STICKLE: -- at every opportunity. Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Maria Hoey.

MS. HOEY: Good evening. For the record, my name is Maria Hoey. I'm president of Montgomery Preservation,

also known as MPI. For those of you not familiar with our group, our organization is -- consists of individuals, businesses, and organizations that support our mission to promote the preservation, protection, and enjoyment of Montgomery County's architectural heritage and historic landscapes.

I thank you for this opportunity to provide comments on behalf of MPI's members regarding the inclusion of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant in the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The testimonies presented this evening have, and will prove, the Canada Dry building's architectural merits and its contribution to the industrial development of south Silver Spring. MPI supports this designation; however, we would be remiss if we did not address economic development issues as well.

MPI would like to tell you about some programs which happen to be viewed as nationwide models that are making historic preservation an important and viable component of community revitalization and economic development.

Tax incentives offered by federal, state, and local governments are luring developers and private property owners to historic preservation projects. The 20 percent federal income tax credit, 25 percent state income tax credit, and 10 percent county property tax credit reduce the

cost of rehabilitating historic properties and provide enough savings to make rehabilitation more feasible than tearing down and building new. To be eligible for such credits, however, a property must be historically designated.

MPI has provided you with copies of this informative brochure, which was recently published by the Department of Housing and Community Development and describes these incentives and provides examples of their benefits. One example shows how property tax incentives on a \$100,000 rehab of a commercial building reduced the net cost of improvements to \$45,550.

We have all visited communities where rehabilitated historic structures have helped fuel revitalization. Even smaller communities like Ellicott City and Gaithersburg have used historic buildings to turn their economies around. Of course, such successes don't just happen, but require vision, commitment, and incentives to make them fiscally viable. And that is where these rehabilitation tax incentives play an important role. Another program that supports the rehabilitation of designated historic buildings is the new Maryland Building Rehabilitation Code. Known as Smart Codes, the program makes it easier and less costly to rehabilitate existing buildings, particularly ones that are designated historic.

Besides providing the basis for these attractive incentives, historic buildings provide cities and towns the character that new buildings often lack. MPI encourages you to unleash the economic potential of historic preservation. Your support of designation will avail to developers the economic benefits that our historic buildings hold. As renowned architect Arthur Cotton Moore notes: "Preservation is a carefully considered pro-growth attitude that takes the most practical and economic position of working with the equity we already have." MPI encourages you to take advantage of this equity by supporting the designation of the Canada Dry building. Such will encourage the rehabilitation and reuse of this landmark site and trigger other development projects and investment in south Silver Spring.

Imagine how this unique building could serve those who live, shop, work, and play in south Silver Spring and surrounding communities. A trendy restaurant, a popular brew pub, a spacious fitness center, a sprawling dance club — all dynamic uses that this area so badly needs. Plus, the site still offers ample land on which to build housing for the many professionals who would love to make revitalized Silver Spring their home.

South Silver Spring hold great promise and the Canada Dry building and other historic structures in this

industrial area provide wonderful revitalization opportunities. The designation, rehabilitation, and reuse of this structure will help create a south Silver Spring that is both a popular tourism destination -- not a Williamsburg, but a popular place to visit, and a sought-after place to live and work.

MPI asks that you look at this historic building as the asset that it is. Silver Spring does not need to see another vacant lot, like the one created by the wrongful demolition of the Armory.

Thank you for considering Montgomery

Preservation's comments.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Next speakers are Wayne Goldstein and Linda Lyons.

MS. LYONS: We need to decide who goes first.

MR. HOLMES: You have a total of 10 minutes between you.

MS. LYONS: Yes, thank you. The Art Deco Society of Washington fully supports the position of the Silver Spring Historical Society in recommending to the Montgomery County Planning Board that the Canada Dry Bottling Plant in Silver Spring, Maryland be added to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation of Montgomery County.

I speak to you tonight as an architectural historian, the education chair of the Art Deco Society, and

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a former preservation chair of the society. I know that the incontrovertible merits of this building and the procedural details for its designation will be discussed at length tonight, and I do not need to repeat them for you yet again. Therefore, I will address my remarks to a case study from our archives that demonstrates very effectively, I believe, the value of reusing a significant Art Deco building in a larger project that is now one of the most valuable properties in Washington, D.C. Many of you may know this building as either 100 New York Avenue, N.W., or as simply the Greyhound Bus Station Building, one of the most soughtafter Class A office buildings in the city which commands the highest rentals.

The story of how this project came to be the success that it is is not a simple one, but it speaks well to the importance of historic preservation, quality design, and creative and flexible thinking. This is the outcome that we seek for the Canada Dry Bottling Plant site in Silver Spring.

To quickly review the history of this nationallysignificant building, the original Greyhound Terminal of
1940, designed by the bus station specialists Wischmeyer,
Arrasmith and Elswick of Louisville, Kentucky, epitomized
that era's Streamline Moderne style and evoked the
efficiency and adventure of bus travel, which at that time

was something very new and exciting. This particular terminal in the nation's capital was intended to be the flagship structure for the ambitious Greyhound company. During its heyday, and especially during World War II, when it operated 24 hours a day, it was a major hub in the city's and the nation's transportation system. Both inside and out, it was the latest in plan and design and fully supplied with artistic decoration and extensive services. Alas, as its use declined after the war, it was modernized in 1976 by being encased in a cheap covering of indifferent design and then closed for good in 1987. Preservationists first had to pioneer the concept of landmarking a structure that could not actually be seen and then insist on new construction that would adapt its distinctive features to a new commercial use.

This latter story involved dealing with the intense development pressure created by the location, zoning, and the attendant land value of the site -- pressure that threatened to turn the building into a facade fragment. Several design proposals that the Art Deco Society was able to ward off would have literally reduced the terminal to a sliver of a building. In addition, hoped for public incentives were not forthcoming in a city that was severely short of funds at the time. So, I do want to emphasize there was no city input into this project.

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But all was not lost, for the right developer and architect. We expressed our willingness to endorse a preservation-development compromise, but only if the compromise saved enough of the building and provided a sufficiently harmonious design setting to be philosophically defensible. It was three developers and two architects later that such a solution was reached. And again, I want to say, that the solution was not, and is not today, a burden for its owner and tenants. I'm going to repeat, it is one of the most sought-after Class A office buildings in Washington and commands the highest of rentals. To give credit where it is due, the owners were and still are Manufacturers Real Estate, now known as Manulife; the architects were Keyes Condon Fl'orance, now known as SmithGroup; and the preservation consultant was Hyman Meyers.

MR. HOLMES: And what's his name --

MS. LYONS: He still has his name. In this excellent project, all of the salient features of the terminal remain standing free and clear, although the new construction cantilevers over the rear of the terminal and is supported by some very -- by some skillfully inserted columns. Only the bus loading docks were not retained. The new construction consists of a dignified building that recognizes and salutes the smaller historic building in a

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respectful manner, creating an overall composition of harmony and sophistication. In no way is it another jarring "Red Lion Row" facade project in which the new building clashes loudly with the mere remnants of historic buildings. The new building is not only decent and respectful, it is handsome and strong, yet nothing of consequence was lost. That is how to do a preservation project and not lose your shirt.

I hope this case study will be helpful to you as you consider the fate of Silver Spring's Canada Dry Bottling Plant this evening. Thank you very much for your attention.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: I'm Wayne Goldstein. County

Executive Duncan has written a letter to the Board which
says in part: "The Canada Dry building has an architectural
feature that is of significance to the Silver Spring

community. The curved glass block corner feature with the
Canada Dry sign is very interesting and contributes to the
historic architectural style that was used in the design of
several buildings throughout downtown Silver Spring."

By these words Mr. Duncan demonstrates the basic understanding of historic preservation that can be the basis for his becoming a good architectural historian. Mr. Duncan also wrote at length about the need for economic development. Although economic development is critically important to downtown Silver Spring, the historic

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preservation ordinance does not deal with non-historic criteria during the designation process, although there is language in the guidelines of the Master Plan for Historic Preservation that contradicts the law.

It is appropriate that the Board study the site in relationship to the Master Plan and to make its recommendations as to how the vision of the Master Plan can be best realized on this site. The Board does recall that plans were presented nearly a decade ago to develop this site for high-rise housing. However, no housing was built on this historically undesignated site during the recent years of a booming economy. The site was also considered as a new campus for Montgomery College and most recently as a telecommunications switching station.

As you formulate your recommendations, I urge you to rethink the possibilities of the site. Historic designation would make available a whole host of tax credits. There are a number of very successful developers in Washington and Baltimore who intentionally seek out designated buildings because they know that the tax credits provide them with economic protection for their work of economic revitalization. A particularly resourceful developer might also figure out a way to access federal transportation grants like those that are enabling Montgomery Preservation to restore the B&O Train Station.

The designation of the Canada Dry building can lure these creative businesspeople to Montgomery County.

All of your recommendations will be seriously considered by the HPC when they review a project for this site. Please remember, though, that concerns about the presence of historic preservation on economic development will not preclude development and should not be the basis for rejecting the recommendation of designation of this entire building. At the appropriate time, the HPC will fulfill its lawful duty to weigh and balance other public interests with historic preservation.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Our next speaker is Charles Wolff.

MR. WOLFF: Good evening. I'm speaking for the Montgomery County Civic Federation, and we have discussed the Canada Dry building twice at our monthly meetings, and twice we voted in favor of recognizing its historic and architectural significance.

We see no reason why important parts of the Canada Dry building can't be incorporated profitably into a new development. We favor preserving, at the very least, the two-story section where the white collar staff worked. This section has a square footprint, rounded corners, wrap around windows and above all, it contains that rotunda which is

brightly lit by all its tall glass block windows. This part is a little gem and it would add interest and charm and historical context to any new structure.

Furthermore, it sits at one end of the site, giving a developer great flexibility in designing a project. The square two-story section covers less than eight percent of the footprint of the entire building, and if you include the asphalt parking area, it covers less than four percent of the entire land parcel. So, a developer would have complete freedom by saving this portion. He'd have complete freedom to lay out 96 percent of a large site while reusing the historical asset at one end.

Now, we've heard that well this shouldn't be done; it would kill a project. And I know that it is not a project hearing, but it's in the back of your minds how this site is going to be developed. Well, any landowner or developer who can't make money just two blocks from a Metro stop in a booming CBD with 96 percent of the land available to him without restriction lacks imagination or competence and we'd all be fortunate to see him sell out to a more capable businessman.

The Civic Federation supports revitalization of Silver Spring. We also support concentrating development near the Metro stops as long as traffic standards, reasonable for an urban center, are maintained. Historic

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preservation doesn't conflict with this. It's beneficial to a town. It gives a sense of place. People really feel they're in Silver Spring. Historic preservation increases property values if it's done well. And seeing familiar old structures mixed among the new, that's comforting, and this comfort subconsciously encourages people to return and spend more money helping a town to proper.

So, the Civic Federation urges you to recommend historic designation for the Canada Dry building with special emphasis on the square two-story section that I have mentioned.

In closing, I enjoy seeing this building. more than 20 years I've been parking half a block from it once or twice a month when I eat at the original Crisfield's. I get out of the car, see the building, I feel at home. Even though it's forlorn and it's -- there's weeds growing up and it looks rather poor at the moment, its tall glassed-in rotunda just radiates great pride. You can almost feel the architect and you can sense the spirit of optimism that there was in 1946-7 just after World War II when they built this structure. So, I hope you'll save it, or help save it.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Our next speaker is Barry Soorenko. MR. SOORENKO: Good evening. My name is Barry

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Soorenko and I own a small business in south Silver Spring named Photo Group. In 1994 I made an important decision to move my business from Bethesda to south Silver Spring. I purchased the property adjacent to the Canada Dry building and over the last seven years I've seen a great deal of changes. Most of these changes have been very positive, but the existence of a large vacant building is not.

The Canada Dry warehouse has been an eyesore to this community and impediment to the revitalization of south Silver Spring. As one of the first businesses to begin reinvesting in this area, I must express my strong opposition to any historic designation of this property. I support historic preservation, but historic preservation should not be a roadblock for the desperately needed redevelopment of this area.

Seven years ago I began to renovate the stressed and abandoned buildings adjacent to this property. I spent over \$3 million changing chop shops and drug dens into buildings that house vibrant businesses. But Silver Spring is still on the edge. The longer this site remains a vacant blight in this neighborhood, the greater the chance of redevelopment stalling.

I urge everyone to remember what this area looked like in the very recent past. Do we really want a distressed warehouse with little distinction to become an

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impediment to new businesses, restaurants, homes, and retail that we so desperately need in this area?

The historic designation of this property will prevent or delay an economically feasible use of three acres in the heart of south Silver Spring. My employees will still have to be concerned about safely walking to Metro, will still have to drive five miles to buy a gift, and my clients will wonder where are all the restaurants.

We have a wonderful window of opportunity to remake this area into a vibrant urban district with shopping, restaurants, and music. We would be foolish to believe that we're already there.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. The next speaker is Arnold Kohn.

MR. KOHN: Mr. Chairman, and members of the Commission, thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak to you today on behalf of the Tower Companies. I'm the general counsel of the company and we own the Blair tract, which is a 27-acre tract of land almost directly across the street from the Canada Dry Bottling Plant.

The -- one of the principals of the company, Jeffrey Abramson, has written a letter to the Commission, and we ask that it be incorporated into the record. We've owned this property for more than 40 years and we've

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developed 1,300 apartments and a nice shopping center with a Giant and a CVS and small office building, which we redeveloped, and we've got more planned -- in fact, thanks in part to you in giving us additional zoning density, we are eager to -- in a measured way to continue with the development and redevelopment of the property.

The Abramson family owns Tower Construction and every one of Mr. Abramson's sons as one time or another lived at The Blairs, along with nieces and nephews and various people. They've gone to school near there and they consider it one of their hometown areas, even though they've since moved away. And they are very skeptical, as am I, that the development that is -- as a historic structure is feasible. It just does not seem to us -- if something were going to be done, it would have been done long before now. The building has been vacant for a long time and it's -vacant buildings are an impediment to economic recovery. They discourage people from moving into the community, they discourage new businesses from locating nearby, and if the County Executive, for example, were to come forward with a plan like he came forward with for the Silver Theatre and pump millions of dollars into the site, then perhaps something could be done. But I think strictly as a private development, it isn't going to happen.

And we've heard Mr. Reilly say today that the

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County Executive is not in favor of the historic designation. So, I think you're -- if you -- if you designate the property as a historic site, you're sending the wrong message, I think, to the business community, to the people in Silver Spring who are actively trying to redevelop various parcels and -- because all -- all we can see and all they can see is a vacant building that has no real economic viability unless there were substantial subsidies from some source, which we just don't see coming.

So we are opposed to the designation and we, by the way, have spent almost \$25 million on the Blair project in the recent years. We've renovated all the apartments. We're going to be renovating the shopping center. We've signed a new lease with Giant for another 20 years and we're very optimistic about Silver Spring. We've owned this property for 40 years. But we're very pessimistic about the prospects for the Canada Dry site here if it's not redeveloped.

Thank you very much.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. The next speaker is Lorraine Pearsall. Ms. Pearsall, I remind you that you ceded two minutes of your time so you have three minutes remaining.

MS. PEARSALL: Thank you. My name is Lorraine Pearsall. I'm president of Historic Takoma. Historic

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Takoma is a 501(c)(3) non-profit United Way organization that has been active in the community for 22 years. We strongly support the designation of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant.

The Canada Dry building is a unique slice of old Silver Spring. It is a visual landmark. Its architectural merits have been well documented by many and it is certainly worthy of preservation. In the rush to revitalize Silver Spring, it is important to retain significant structures that have a connection to our past and provide visual interest. Such visual interest lends the character that makes a community unique and desirable as a place to live.

Many communities have recognized the advantages of retaining old commercial structures and allowing them to be the seed for new development. Creative redevelopment of the Canada Dry building will make Silver Spring a more interesting place. It can be the spice of our revitalization efforts, the accent, a hook for Heritage Tourism to our area. Designation of the Canada Dry building will allow the Historic Preservation Commission to work closely with a developer for this creative reuse.

Designation will also allow the developer to benefit from significant federal, state, and local tax credits for the restoration and development efforts. We just need to find the right developer, and clearly from what we have heard

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tonight, we have not yet found that developer.

We know from our experience that commercial structures are often the most endangered. In our Takoma community, we succeeded in saving most of our historic residences, but we are sad that we cannot save our significant historic commercial and public buildings. The loss of these wonderful original structures contributed to the decline of our main street, particularly in the vicinity of the Takoma Metro station. It has made our revitalization in this area that much harder. Silver Spring has already lost significant buildings. While it is rarely possible to save them all, it is important to save some of them. Canada Dry building is worthy of your consideration.

It is sad to think of the possible loss of this visual landmark. Please allow us through your wisdom and foresight to retain some of Silver Spring's old character as it develops its new persona.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Robyn Raysor.

MS. RAYSOR: Good evening Mr. Chairman and members of the Board. My name is Robyn Raysor and I'm speaking tonight on behalf of the Allied Civic Group, an umbrella organization representing more than 35 community. organizations and individuals in the down-county area. Allied Civic Group strongly supports the proposed amendment

to add the Canada Dry Plant to the county's Master Plan for Historic Preservation. However, we consider that only a portion of the plant actually is of architectural significance, and urge the Board to specifically designate the architecturally significant portion only, and to craft wording that will require future redevelopment of the total site to incorporate the designated portion into the redevelopment plan.

The purpose of historic preservation is to provide a visual history of a community that can be referenced over time. Designation on this Master Plan is designed to ensure that visual evidence of important periods is maintained for future generations. This particular site has had a checkered past as chronicled in the staff's memorandum, and has finally come of age, and now you must determine its future. To categorically deny this application is to deny the relevance of a significant period of Silver Spring's and the county's development and transition into an industrial/commercial environment. That is not right. To deny the application also is dismissing the architectural legacy of Walter Monroe Cory, an important industrial designer of the Art Deco period. That also is not right.

Arguments for denial of this application center on the premise that to designate the Canada Dry Plant on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation would prohibit or

discourage redevelopment offers. This simple is not true. Examples of successful contemporary redevelopment projects incorporating historic elements can be found across the country. Locally, the Greyhound Bus Terminal is recognized as a success story. It is naive to believe the developers will not seek out a site of this size in an emerging area such as Silver Spring. They really don't have too many options and the land parcels simply do not exist.

A reasonable solution is to specify those portions of the plant that truly reflect historic precedence. The two-story section that illustrates the distinctive character of the Art Moderne period, including the brick and glass curved corners, wraparound windows, rotunda, and short adjoining wing. This solution would also include language to specifically exclude from the historic designation the other parts of the rear of the building that are simply industrial structures with no defining architectural features.

Allied Civic Group restates its previously recorded strong support for a partial designation of the Canada Dry plant as historically significant and deserving of inclusion in the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. We hope this Board will take a creative approach in their review of this application and preserve the visual links to Silver Spring's economic history and also provide the

language to facilitate the redevelopment -- the approach redevelopment around the historic portions of the plant.

This site will be redeveloped. How it gets redeveloped is up to you, and how you vote tonight will demonstrate your commitment to this community; its past and its future.

Is it in the best interest of Silver Spring to allow all significant icons of the past to disappear forever in the interest of expedience, or is a more caring approach to find ways to integrate the past with the future? The choice is up to you.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. The next speaker is Elise Butler.

MS. BUTLER: Good evening. My name is Elise
Butler and I am the program director with Preservation
Maryland. We're a state-wide non-profit historic
preservation organization dedicated to Maryland's rich and
diverse heritage of buildings, landscapes, and archeological
sites. Through advocacy, outreach, and funding programs,
our organization assists individuals and communities with
efforts to protect and utilize the historic resources around
the state. And we have been active I'm pleased to say in
several projects in Silver Spring, most recently including
the Silver Theater and the B&O Train Station.

We support the unanimous recommendations of the

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Historic Preservation Commission, finding that the Canada
Dry Bottling Plant meets the criteria for listing on the
Master Plan for Historic Preservation contained in Chapter
24A of the County Code.

The eventual redevelopment of the site is important to all of Silver Spring and what I'd like to do tonight is to lead you through a couple projects around the state that are examples of successful adaptive reuse. I'd like to begin my journey in east Baltimore at an industrial site called the American Can Company. Long vacant, by many called a white elephant. Today a very successful adaptive reuse project; a 67 -- I'm sorry, a \$19 million adaptive reuse project using federal, state, and local tax credits. It's absolutely the crown jewel'in the community. It's the world headquarters of DAP, Inc. It's home to restaurants. Friday nights come pick it up at the Can; happy hour. I can attest to how much fun that is. There are high-tech design firms, there is life and lights on at the American Can Company. It has increased property values around the entire It has been a tremendous asset.

Next I'd like to jump across the Baltimore Harbor to a project called Tide Point. It was the Proctor & Gamble soap factory, again another very large industrial site, built in 1929, over 400,000 square feet. Whenever I go to Tide Point, everyone says, "Well, it's hip -- it's hip over

there." And I say, "Well, wait a minute; I never thought I'd hear the word preservation and hip in the same sentence."

But it's hip because there's a lot of high-tech firms, and there's a lot of excitement about the space. There's been some very creative interiorscape that was built. Because it was industrial it provided a lot of opportunity to put modern wires because — the computer geeks love it, because they come in and they can wire up anything anywhere, but yet the exterior is signature and it really is considered to be quite hip in what has been a fairly hard scrapple kind of — area. It's a very industrial area in long decline.

Finally, I'm going to give you a sneak preview.

The ribbon cutting occurred yesterday for the Montgomery

Ward building in west Baltimore. It's a one million square

foot industrial site and it will be redeveloped. It will be

part of Baltimore's digital harbor. One state agency has

already committed to office space in it. The developer was

so optimistic about the project he has also acquired other

properties around the area because he is very, very excited

about the opportunity.

What these areas have in common is that there's been a long trend of decline and consequently a tremendous need for redevelopment. In these cases, developers and elected officials have viewed the preservation of the existing historic sites as a key ingredient to the economic

rebirth of the entire surrounding area. And, indeed, these projects have acted as a tremendous catalyst for the redevelopment of these areas.

Just as the historic redevelopment projects have contributed to the economic rebirth in the surrounding communities I've just described, the preservation of the Canada Dry building can contribute to the economic success of Silver Spring. Montgomery County, through its Master Plan and development process, provides really a wonderful and notable framework which once the development process is initiated, it calls for a sensible balance between preservation and development interest to ensure the successful redevelopment of the site.

The Canada Dry building is worthy of Master Plan listing. Given that there is not presently a development plan under review, it would seem premature to limit the environmental setting for the site or to not place it on the Master Plan until adequate information exists upon which to make these important and informed decisions. Therefore, we at Preservation Maryland respectfully urge the Planning Board to approve the listing of the site on the Master Plan and ensure and full and fair review of any development for this site.

I thank you all very much for your time.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you.

MS. BUTLER:

1	MR. BRYANT: Yes, I have a question.					
2	MS. BUTLER: Certainly.					
3	MR. BRYANT: When people come as many of the					
4	speakers have done and talk about examples in other places,					
5	and you talked in terms of you said a common element was,					
6	and the common element was the fact that it was old,					
7	deteriorating and empty for a period of time. But I would					
8	suspect when we get to talk in terms of how those examples					
9	you gave are really they constitute sort of a industrial					
10	master plan in and of themselves, because they feed off of					
11	one another. But is it not true that Tendeko was done					
12	first					
13	MS. BUTLER: That's right.					
14	MR. BRYANT: and, therefore, as a result of					
15	that being done and being an adaptive reuse for					
16	residences					
17	MS. BUTLER: That's right.					
18	MR. BRYANT: people were already there, and					
19	therefore that probably made it even more attractive for					
20	other adaptive uses to come in afterwards.					
21	MS. BUTLER: Right, what happened with Tendeko is					
22	it was it's a residential project and it's located right					
23	on the water					
24	MR. BRYANT: Yes.					

-- so it was done along with slips

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for boats and like a marine-type setting. But I will tell you the American Can Company for a long time -- it's future was far from known, because it had been -- and it was the first -- one of the reasons was because of the environmental consequences. It was the first successful -- field site in the state, so it had some pretty serious environmental issues. So, there were a lot of reasons to walk away from the American Can Company, and even though Tendeko, which is a relatively modest, you know, warehouse site, did bring some new life and vitality to that area, the American Can Company really represented the first kind of commercial or retail presence in that area for -- that I can think of in a very long time. And they always say if you create a residential core, the retail is always a follower --

MS. BUTLER: Yeah, sure. Yeah, but it doesn't happen -- it happens -- you just can't have one project and -- for instance, I think Tendeko was important because it was on the water and it was -- it created wonderful loft spaces, but it has been many, many -- it has been the combination of these things that has been -- acts as a motivator and a catalyst.

MR. BRYANT: That's my point.

And so that's why the adaptive reuse of these industrial buildings has acted as signature projects that have attracted young people, interestingly. Demographically

that's been	critical,	especially	in cities	where	population
is leaving,	if you can	get young	people to	come b	ack, that's
a very excit	ing econom	ic motivate	or.		•

MR. BRYANT: Thank you.

MS. BUTLER: Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: The next two speakers are Anthony Lanier and George French.

MR. LANIER: Good evening. My name is Anthony
Lanier and I have been asked to speak on the subject as to
the adaptive reuse of potentially historic buildings in
major redevelopment.

We are currently involved in approximately \$350 million of historic redevelopment in Georgetown, and I traveled all the way from Georgetown to talk about historic redevelopment in Silver Spring.

MR. HOLMES: Welcome.

MR. LANIER: Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Watch the manhole covers.

MR. LANIER: It's all being fixed. We are well-known for having supported 90-foot smokestacks and 70-foot deep construction holes, having carted old building away on wheels to bring them back onto sites. I would like to say that while many times historic preservation is felt as a major impediment in our process, each building we have completed in the context of historic redevelopment has

become a unique building and a success story to itself.

As developers, we are made -- or, given the charge to overcome obstacles or to master compromises for an optimum outcome and I believe that the Canada Dry building retention will certainly have a positive impact on a redevelopment after it's redeveloped. While I understand that there are certain economic impediments which will encompass such a development, the outcome will certainly make it unique and not just another development, and I think we have the opportunity as developers to leave a positive legacy, and if you enforce retention of the Canada Bottling Plant, you will have enforced positive retention of unique buildings in your community.

And so, therefore, I urge you to raise the bar for the developers and they will find a solution to accomplish it. Thank you.

MR. BRYANT: I'm sorry, you may have said it. What are the buildings that you've done?

MR. LANIER: Well, in -- within the same time period we have retained the historic incinerator in Georgetown; a building which was abandoned for 40 years and I think posed a far larger obstacle for redevelopment that this bottling plant, since it was on a hill and in the middle of the site. It had to be retained in its entirety.

We've retained -- buildings as Little Taverns,

which we've rolled off on wheels and brought back. So, they also make a unique corner building.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. FRENCH: George French. I have lived in the Silver Spring area since 1952 and I've enjoyed viewing the blond brick and glass block Canada Dry building from East-West Highway and the neon signage from locations throughout Silver Spring for almost 50 years. It is truly a significant Silver Spring landmark.

Several years ago Mary Reardon, who I applaud for writing an incredible nomination, along with Judy Reardon, encouraged me to view the inside of the Canada Dry building. Although I was only able to get inside the entrance and into the rotunda, I was not disappointed. It is a spectacular melding of terrazzo, gold brick tiles, glass block, stainless steel, wrought iron, aluminum, and rich wood. A truly remarkable Art Deco streamline moderne structure, by a renowned architect right here in Silver Spring, Maryland. Let us not lose another part of our community's significant historic fabric.

The Historic Preservation Commission has confirmed the importance of this Art Deco building by unanimously approving it for Master Plan designation. I would hope this Board would follow the exerts' lead and approve it also. It is worthy of Master Plan designation.

My mother wrote and received a reply from County
Executive Doug Duncan, which you have a copy of, about
preserving this building. I quote from this letter -- his
letter. "Our redevelopment effort strives to preserve the
benefits of our past while setting the stage for our future.
The appearance of the Canada Dry building is valued in the
surrounding community, and I am pleased to inform you that
the new owner, AT&T, has already been advised that the
original building should be preserved." What better way -and it should be preserved, and this is not just significant
architectural features, if possible. What better way to
preserve that than to designate Master Plan status -- what
better way to preserve the building than to designate Master
Plan status.

I would hope the Executive would not deceive nor disappoint my mother, nor the Silver Spring community, by wavering in his support of the Canada Dry Building, especially in an election year. I can only assume that the imposter just not spoke -- who spoke for the Executive -- I can only assume that an imposter just now spoke for the Executive because our letter is the real deal.

The Gateway Coalition chair originally said that he would support designation of the Canada Dry building, but switched his loyalty only because of preservationist works on saving historic Jessup-Blair Park.

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And since I have more time, I would like to read a comment by Jack Carson of Historic Takoma; a couple of things that he has written. Recent culture -- of the historic Canada Dry building in Silver Spring serves as another warning to us that we must be ever vigilant over our historic resources. Inevitably, many of our historic properties are portrayed as derelict, useless hulks by developers and compliant public figures desperate for redevelopment who asserts that the preservation of such properties is impeding revitalization. In their minds demolition is the solution. In fact, studies have repeatedly shown that historic old -- historically significant preserved properties to adaptive reuse can enhance, not detract, from the economic revitalization of a community.

I beseech our elected and appointed officials to do whatever is necessary to ensure the preservation of the Canada Dry building so that future generations will have this architectural treasure to enjoy and appreciate. As a first step, the county's Historic Preservation Commission has unanimously nominated the structure to be on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. Then let's work on a plan which calls for this building to contribute to, not fall victim to, Silver Spring's revitalization. When we lose an historic property such as the Canada Dry building, we not

only lose some of our legacy, but also our sense of community and ultimately our grasp of the future. Having lived in the community for over half a century, I've seen a lot of my history fall prey to the bulldozer. Let's not let it happen again. And that was by Jack Carson.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Nancy Urban.

MS. URBAN: Good evening. My name is Nancy Urban.

I'm a resident of Silver Spring and I'm one of the project

managers for the Silver Spring Railroad Station Project,

which is located diagonally across the railroad tracks from

the Canada Dry Bottling Plant.

I would like to begin by expressing the hope that you will be as farsighted in your recommendation regarding the Canada Dry Bottling Plant as was the Planning Board who supported the historic designation of the Silver Theatre and Shopping Center. Your predecessors heard many of the same arguments opposing the historic designation of those buildings that you have heard tonight regarding the Canada Dry building. Thanks in part to the good judgment of those who sat in your seats in 1993, the Silver Theatre and Shopping Center exist today as key components in the rebirth of Silver Spring's downtown.

Like the Silver Theatre and Shopping Center, the Canada Dry building is undeniably worthy of historic

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designation, and like those buildings, this structure can be successfully reused. Abandoned bottling plants, with their vast open spaces, have proven to be extremely flexible spaces for reuse. Attached to this testimony you will find a table listing 20 examples of bottling plants all over the country that have been converted to new uses, including housing, offices, restaurants, retail, conference hotel and One example is in Detroit, Michigan where a former Coca-Cola Bottling Plant has been converted to residential In Durham, North Carolina, the 1930 bottling plant lofts. located across from Duke University now houses office space for Duke University as well as for law and architectural In Cincinnati, Ohio a former Coca-Cola Bottling firms. Plant was recycled for use by a publishing company. company is so proud of their 1937 Art Deco building, that it printed a brochure about the building's history. And you've already heard about the Canada Dry building in Portland, Oregon that is an exact twin of the building we have here in Silver Spring. And I wonder, as an aside, if you noticed in the slides -- the 1955 view of that building -- how attractive it is with the simple addition of landscaping. 1 think our Canada Dry building could be an absolutely magnificent building.

Governor Parris Glendening has said that "rehabilitating and reusing older buildings is central to

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Maryland's Smart Growth and Neighborhood Conservation initiative and must be central to our plans for growth in the 21st century." Marie Hoey has already told you about all the state policies which actively encourage new reuse and rehabilitation of existing building in our older town centers. Together the tax incentives and the New Maryland Building Rehabilitation Code that just went into effect this past June helped level the playing field between new and old construction.

The southern area of the Silver Spring business district encompassing the historic railroad station, Acorn Park, and the Canada Dry Bottling Plant has the potential to become as vital and attractive as the area centered around the historic Silver Theatre in the heart of the downtown. The Planning Board can help realize this potential by recommending the addition of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant in its entirety, in my opinion, to the county's Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Judy Reardon.

MS. REARDON: My name is Judy Reardon. I'm a member of the Silver Spring Historical Society as well as Montgomery Preservation, and just to establish my credentials, I have a background in modern European history, which will become clear when I give my testimony.

The Historic Preservation Ordinance, as you know, states that in considering historic resources, the Planning Board shall apply criteria in two categories. One, historical and cultural significance; and, two, architectural and design significance.

I will address in my testimony the second category, specifically criterion (b) which is that the resource "represents the work of a master."

To document Walter Monroe Cory as a master architect, we have to go back to the late 1920's when a young Harvard graduate, Philip Johnson, was named director of the Department of Architecture in the just-opened Museum of Modern Art in New York. As you know, Johnson would become a major star in the firmament of architecture. He's still practicing today at the age of 95, I believe.

What qualified him for the MOMA job were recent travels in Europe with an architectural historian/critic by the name of Henry-Russell Hitchcock. They went to Europe to find examples of a new architectural style that was beginning to make its mark there and to a lesser extent beginning to make its mark in the United States.

While in Europe they observed the work of and met several practitioners of this new style, including Walter Gropius, the designer of the Bauhaus and first director of the Bauhaus, Ludwig Mies Van der Rohe, and Le Corbusier; all

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household names -- today.

What united the work of all these architects was a smooth minimalist geometric look devoid of ornamentation, very severe -- in the words of AT&T's representative today, plain. Plain would be the highest praise that these architects would give to design; the highest -- they even hated Art Deco.

We are all familiar with this style because, like it or not -- and I personally do not like this style, but taste has nothing to do with it -- this style came to dominate architecture for much of the 20th century. Now, back in this country to make this new yet-unnamed style more widely known here, Johnson and Hitchcock organized an exhibit at MOMA in 1932. It was called Modern Architecture: International Exhibition. It documented what Johnson called the "International Style". This was the first ever use of the term International Style and it stuck. This exhibit would become widely recognized as a seminal event, a watershed, a landmark in the history of 20th century architecture. The reason is that the architectural world would be dominated by the values and ideas traceable to the exhibit and style manifesto that Johnson and Hitchcock published at the time.

Where does Cory fit in? Cory was one of the few architects who were -- American architects who were

represented in this exhibit. There were very few Americans.

"Few established architects have attempted modern design",
said Philip Johnson and the two that they named were
factories by Alfred Kahn in Detroit and the Starrett-Lehigh
Building by the New York firm of Cory & Cory. The Corys'
1931 Starrett-Lehigh Building was included in this seminal
exhibit.

MR. HOLMES: Would you summarize your testimony?

MS. REARDON: Yes. So, we have the work of Walter

Monroe Cory among the chosen few in the exhibit that

introduced the International Style to this country. This is

evidence beyond doubt of Cory's status of a master architect

and this Canada Dry Bottling Plant is the sole example in

this county, and probably in the State of Maryland. We're

privileged to have this building in our county and we should

preserve it.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Carolyn Weber.

MS. WEBER: Hello. My name is Carolyn Weber. I'm a lifelong resident of south Silver Spring. I'm also the senior editor of Design for Builder Magazine which is the official publication of the National Association of Home Builders. I support the designation.

Growing up in an area where the federal government is the local industry, the slick yellow bricks and bright green neon sign of a big factory were an anomaly and made a

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great impression on me. I didn't know about the Canada Dry Bottling Plant's architectural significance; just that it was a really cool symbol of downtown Silver Spring. From school field trips to the Acorn Park to buying my first car at the Volkswagen dealer across the street, it was always in the background. And even now when I catch a glimpse of it every night from the Metro, I know that I am home.

But my hometown is changing; for the better. And the Canada Dry building holds much more than just sentimental value. As an editor for a national building magazine, my job includes traveling the country in search of new housing trends. One of the hottest is the renewal of inner and edge cities through the adaptive reuse of historic structures. Preserving the unique facades of former industrial buildings and converting the interiors to residential and mixed-use spaces such as offices, retail, and restaurants.

Former factories with lesser architectural pedigrees than Canada Dry are getting new leases on life and proving profitable. Conversions like the Fulton Cotton Mill Lofts in Atlanta, St. Luke's Hospital in Denver, the American Beauty Flour Mill in Dallas, the Philip Morris factor in Richmond, Baltimore's American Can Factory and dozens of projects in Chicago are fetching top dollars per square foot. And it's more than location and convenience

that's selling and leasing these properties. The history and the novelty of living or working in a one-of-a-kind space. These are types of structures that add character and most importantly value to communities.

After years of neglect, Canada Dry is ripe for a similar transformation. Adaptive reuse units would be a hot ticket in this already eclectic corridor of East-West Highway. There is an entire market segment of urban professionals eager to live in industrial-style atmospheres which are few and far between in the Washington area. This is a great location; we need to encourage people to come to Silver Spring, and just another homogenous monolithic apartment building is not going to cut it.

Detractors say the properties with historic designations are unappealing to developers. Of course there is more cost involved in restoring and augmenting an old building, but a designation opens up a world of financial opportunities in the form of federal and state historic rehabilitation tax incentives. Because sprawl and gridlock have prompted powerful smart growth and back to the city movements, there are many large-scale developers that deal primarily in these types of conversions. It is challenging, but they wouldn't be in the business if it weren't costeffective.

I am pleased with the commitment to the

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revitalization of downtown Silver Spring. We do want development, but not at the expense of our history. Progress and preservation do not have to be at odds. America is often criticized for being a disposable society, and rightly so. Let's move forward without obliterating our past and turning Silver Spring into just another generic artificial stucco-clad suburb. Preserving the Canada Dry building is not a stumbling block to development, but rather a building block. Let's set an example for our region and use this landmark property to our advantage.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Bill Burch.

MR. BURCH: Members of the Board, good evening. My name is Bill Burch. I'm a businessman who recently relocated to Silver Spring from Washington, D.C. currently have an office in the 7900 block of Georgia Avenue, close to the Canada Dry Bottling Plant. testifying tonight in support of the designation of the Canada Dry Plant as an historical building worthy of preservation.

On my walk to work I pass by the plant regularly and often admire the building. It's prominent rounded corner of glass bricks compliments its sleek, low profile. The edifice of the -- Building at Colesville and Georgia owes an obvious debt to the bottling plant. When the

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renovation of the Silver Theatre is complete, the three together will give downtown Silver Spring a unique local character.

However, I doubt the Board needs further testimony on the bottling plant's architectural merits. Instead, I'd like to point out the potential for the plant's neighborhood. As a recent transplant to Silver Spring I see the plant and its environs with a fresh pair of eyes. Where others may see a neglected building that's been declining over the years, I see a unique building with great design sitting in an arts district on its way up.

A visit to the neighborhood finds -- Blair Mill Road create an eddy in the traffic on Eastern Highway, and its relative stillness the Blair Mill Arts Center offers a haven for culture. On Eastern Avenue the Meredith -- Arts Center at 115 Eastern Avenue went under, but left an eye-catching building with a good location for the right retailer. A half block over on Georgia Avenue, Abbey Camera shows how an older brick building can be updated for modern usage. Across Georgia a renovation updates 8025 Georgia Avenue with modern details. On the corner of Georgia and East-West Highway the handsome old Metro building and yellow brick and green tiles presides over the intersection from the northeast corner.

Overall, the neighborhood has the potential to

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develop into a distinctive neighborhood along the lines of

Adams Morgan in the District or Clarendon in Arlington

County.

With the heavy traffic on Eastern Avenue, the bottling plant could be developed for retail. The bottling plant's large parking lot could easily handle customer for several stores. A dual use design like situate offices on the east/southwest corner and shops in the warehouse portion that lines up along Eastern Avenue. The warehouse portion could also be turned into office space with an open floor plan and light wells.

The development of the bottling plant in this neighborhood may take a little time, but it's not a decade away. The Discovery Channel Headquarters, the Borders bookstore, and the new Silver Spring library building are filling in the downtown center. Renovations along the west side of Georgia Avenue north of the -- underpass show development spreading out from the city center. With the bottling plant location on a heavily traveled road, large parking lot, and proximity to the Silver Spring Metro, the building is a prime candidate for renovation. All that's needed is the Planning Board's protection and a little patience.

Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Marilyn Sites.

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MS. SITES: Good evening. My name is Marilyn Sites. I live at 1317 Woodside Parkway in Silver Spring. I'm the president of Woodside Park Civic Association, which represents over 1500 residents in a beautiful neighborhood just north of this building. At a discussion of this issue at our November 2000 meeting, Woodside Park Civic Association voted unanimously to support the preservation of the Canada Dry building. We request that you preserve this historic landmark as proposed by the Historic Preservation Commission. I will not rehash all the details that were provided this evening. I just ask that you remember that once this interesting beautiful architectural building is demolished, it was gone forever.

Thank you. I cede the rest of my time to Patrick Sidwell.

MR. HOLMES: Patrick Sidwell.

MR. SIDWELL: Hi, I'm Patrick Sidwell from Woodside Park. I would like to read a letter from Richard Longstreth, the past president of the Society of Architectural Historians.

"I'm writing to offer my strong support for adding the former Canada Dry Bottling Plant to the county's Master Plan for Historic Preservation. As an architectural historian, I base my evaluation on extensive study of 20th century commercial buildings nationwide during the past 35

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years. I've conducted research on the development of Silver Spring in the mid-20th century resulting in an essay, two anthologies, and an article in the leading American journal devoted to the history of the built environment.

I have taken an active role in efforts to preserve the Silver Spring Shopping Center, the former Hecht Company store, and the Falkland Apartments. In addition to directing the graduate program in historic preservation at G.W. University, I have served on the National Parks Service's internal review committee for the designation of national historic landmarks. I currently chair the Maryland Governor's Consulting Committee on the National Register of Historic Places.

Bottling Plant is a work of great distinction for its type and period within the local context, and also for the State of Maryland. No other building in Montgomery County, save the Silver Spring Shopping Center, embodies the characteristics of streamlined modern design so fully. Examples of comparable quality are, indeed, very rare in Maryland.

The modernism embodied in the Canada Dry plant was especially important in the realm of industrial architecture during the 30's and 40's where -- widely held belief that science, technology, and systemization lay at the heart of

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creating a better future.

The Canada Dry building's exceptional design was created by an architect of considerable reputation for work in this sphere. Most of Walter Monroe Cory's buildings were confined to the New York metropolitan area. We are very fortunate to have such an excellent example in this region. This property more than meets the threshold for local designation. In my personal opinion, too, it easily meets the criteria for the National Register -- level of state significance.

The generous tax credits available for the certified rehabilitation of historic buildings at the federal and now at the state level; former industrial properties are in high demand. There are numerous outstanding examples completed or in progress in Baltimore The Canada Dry building is not only an outstanding work of architecture, it presents a golden opportunity for revitalization, creating a one-of-a-kind atmosphere that carries great appeal to many of the kinds of businesses that have gravitated to the Washington area in recent years."

I also might add that when I was a student at Montgomery Blair in the 60's, our class made a deal with Canada Dry to promote their competitor to Pepsi-Cola and Coca-Cola, which was called Sport Cola. And needless to say, it didn't do too well.

Thank you very much.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Bonnie Rosenthal.

MS. ROSENTHAL: Good evening Mr. Chairman and members of the Planning Board. My name is Bonnie Rosenthal. I'm a resident of Silver Spring and I have also been working professionally in the field of historic preservation for the last 10 years, both in Silver Spring and the District of Columbia. Half of those years were as a staff member of the National Trust for Historic Preservation, and tonight I wish to present and read a letter from the National Trust for Historic Preservation on this issue. The letter was written by Robert Nieweg who is the director of the southern field office, which covers this region; D.C., Maryland, and Virginia of the National Trust for Historic Preservation.

On behalf of the National Trust for -- well, first of all, let me tell you the National Trust was chartered by Congress in 1949 as a private non-profit organization to further the historic preservation policy of the United States and to facilitate public participation in the preservation of our nation's historic resources. With the strong support of our 250,000 members nationwide, including more than 12,707 in Maryland, the National Trust works to protect significant historic sites and to advocate historic preservation as a fundamental value in programs and policies at all levels of government.

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"On behalf of the National Trust for Historic Preservation I express our strong support for the unanimous recommendation of the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission to designate the historic Canada Dry Bottling Plant. We respectfully urge the Planning Board to affirm the expert judgment of the Historic Preservation Commission.

Traditionally, the National Trust does not take a position with regard to local designation decisions. Instead, we typically defer to expert panels with knowledge of local history and architecture, such as the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission. However, in this instance we join the Historic Preservation Commission and a number of nationally renowned architectural historians -including Robert A.M. Stern, Richard Guy Wilson, and Richard Longstreth -- who have determined that the Canada Dry Bottling Plant is worthy of preservation.

Maryland is an acknowledged leader in the nation's smart growth movement. In our view, historic preservation is a critical element of any successful smart growth program. To its credit, Maryland has earned a reputation as an excellent steward of its irreplaceable historic resources.

Ma'am, would you summarize? I know MR. HOLMES: that we have a copy and we have three other people on the

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1 waiting list and I'd like to get to them.

> MS. ROSENTHAL: Okay. The point is that designation is the really first step toward the long term preservation of a community's resources. Preservation can extend the life of existing structures and the adaptive use means the community can support new economic growth.

> We talked about tax credits that certainly the owners should be aware of. In light of the historic and architectural significance of this important landmark, that we encourage the Planning Board to vote to designate the Canada Dry Bottling Plant.

> And just a personal comment. The Canada Dry building has always been a landmark to me that tells me I'm coming home to Silver Spring when I ride the Metro and I would very much like to see that building lit up and used again and Montgomery County should take advantage of that landmark.

> > Thank you.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Amy Conner.

MS. CONNER: Good evening. My name is Amy Conner. I am a member of the Art Deco Preservation Committee and I'm here to read a proposal from a local architect. Proposed site concept plan for the adaptive reuse of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, East-West Highway and Blair Mill Road, Silver Spring, Maryland. Richard S. Rosen, AIA, architect,

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. 1

8910 Third Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland.

When the status of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant came to my attention, I was concerned that this wonderful Art Moderne building would be lost to Silver Spring. Like the Silver Spring Theatre and the shopping center at Georgia Avenue and Colesville Road, the bottling plant is a gateway and symbol of Silver Spring's history, almost catty-corner with the large Acorn marking the original Silver Spring. I offer this site concept plan as one way of adapting and restoring the building while making it part of a viable and diverse site redevelopment.

The proposed site concept plan adaptively reuses the most significant portions of Canada Dry, maintaining both signs on Blair Mill and facing the railroad tracks. Key features of the plan include: Maintaining the corner glass block entry lobby and stairs of Canada Dry, as well as the second story curved corners and a portion of the factory clerestory. This would serve as the entry to a proposed brew pub/restaurant which could have a second floor and roof terrace and ground level outdoor dining.

A proposed 10-story residential apartment building with approximately 324 units and structured parking below grade. The H-shaped apartment building is oriented parallel to East-West Highway, with northwest and southeast-facing courtyards, which create a spatial buffer between it and

Canada Dry and offer opportunity for meaningful outdoor and landscaped areas. This configuration would not cast significant shadows on Canada Dry most of the day. The building would reflect art moderne and deco building shapes and motifs.

The first floor of the apartment building provides resident and community accessible retail, with the apartment building lobby located as part of this one-story base.

Parking and service for both residents and the commercial space is accessible from the existing alley on the north side of the site.

A public park is provided between the apartments/retail and in front of the Canada Dry building on the east corner of East-West and Blair Mill Road. The actual design of this area would be carefully studied if this concept moved forward.

The Canada Dry brew pub is shown to provide an outdoor dining area near its entrance, which would create an opportunity for music and dancing, similar to the plaza at the Bethesda Hyatt Hotel.

This site concept plan puts forth a realistic option for providing residential, retail and dining opportunities on the Canada Dry site while preserving and restoring a significant and beloved landmark to useful life.

Thank you.

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3	MS. PERDUE: Can you tell me what the FAR would
4	be
5	MS. CONNER: No, ma'am. I'm not an architect.
6	MR. HOLMES: Thank you. Steve Gang. Richard
7	Rosen. Those are that was our last speaker.
8	The record will be held open until the 30th of
9	November and what is there a hearing date set yet,
10	Gwen?
- 11	MS. WRIGHT: It is going to be probably December
12	20th, but if some things clear, it may be moved to the 13th.
13	MR. HOLMES: We'll hold the record open until the
14	30th of November.
15	MR. BRYANT: This is not meant to be pejorative,
16	but what would be helpful for me we heard speaker after
17	speaker talk in terms of how this site could be developed in
18	its current mode and the right developer has not come along
19	yet. I would really be impressed if between now and the
20	time the record closed you would be able to identify
21	potential developers who, in fact, have expressed an
22	interest and would like to see this site be preserved and
23	are willing to commit to work with this building. I really
24	would appreciate that. And, again, it's not meant to be

pejorative. It's just meant to look at the reality of south

MR. HOLMES: Thank you.

FORM FED @ PENGAD - 1-800-631-8989

Silver Spring in terms of this development.

MR. HOLMES: Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 10:25 p.m., the hearing was concluded.)

CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC., hereby certifies that the foregoing pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings before the Montgomery County Planning Board.

Judith A. Downey

11/25/01

Fax

Historic Preservation Section

Tel: 301-563-3400

Fax: 301-563-3412

To:

AYANA

Montgomery Journal

FAX:

703-846-8462

VOICE:

703-846-8405

From: (D)

Gwen Wright

Please call me to confirm receipt (301-563-3400).

Date:

October 12, 2001

Total Pages:

2

Re:

Legal Notice for Montgomery County Planning Board

The Montgomery County Planning Board has authorized publication in your newspaper of the enclosed Notice of Public Appearance, for an insertion in your October 15, 2001 issue, subject to the following specifications:

- 1. Text shall be set in regular classified body light-face type;
- 2. Headlines shall be set in bold-face capitals;
- 3. Date and place of hearing to be set as in copy in bold-face capitals and lower case;
- 4. Copy should be limited to one-column width or two-columns if notice exceeds 100 lines or one page.

Please furnish me with two copies of the certificate of publication of this notice.

Thank you.

Enclosure
G:\MCPB/Canada Dry/10/15jrn

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Pursuant to Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland and Chapter 24A and Chapter 33A of the Montgomery County Code, the Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission hereby gives notice that it will hold a public hearing on the following:

PUBLIC HEARING (PRELIMINARY) DRAFT AMENDMENT TO THE MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION: CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT 1201 EAST-WEST HIGHWAY SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND

THURSDAY
November 15, 2001
during the Board's regular agenda
in the
Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, Maryland

to take testimony on whether or not the subject property should be added to the *Locational Atlas* and *Index of Historic Sites* and/or designated as an individual historic site on the Montgomery County *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*. A summary description and map for the potential historic site are included in the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment.

If the site is designated on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*, the property will be protected under the Historic Preservation Ordinance which provides certain controls regarding alteration, demolition, and maintenance of properties.

If not included on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, the resource will not be subject to the provisions of Chapter 24A of the County Code.

Immediately following the public hearing, the Planning Board will hold a worksession and make its determination on this Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment using Ordinance criteria and considering the purposes of the law. Following the submittal of the Planning Board's recommendations to the County Council, the designation process will continue as described in the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft.

The Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment is available for public inspection at the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission's Regional Headquarters, 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland.

The purpose of the public hearing is to allow all interested persons to express their views concerning this action. Please call the Community Relations Office at (301) 495-4600 the Friday before the hearing for an approximate time. Persons wishing to testify should call (301) 495-4600 to sign up. If you are unable to attend, write your concerns to the Montgomery County Planning Board at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910 and they will be made part of the public hearing record.

Allied Civic Group P.O. Box 13238 Silver Spring, Md. 20911

August 10, 2001

Mr. Steven Spurlock
Chairman
Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910

Re: Historic status of Canada Dry building in Silver Spring

Dear Mr. Spurlock:

Allied Civic Group would like to express support for including Silver Spring's Canada Dry Bottling Plant on the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County, followed by placement on the County's Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

An impressive array of evidence, much of it gathered by the Silver Spring Historical Society, offers compelling proof of the building's distinctive architectural style, the eminence of its designer, Walter Monroe Cory, and its significant role in the economic history of Silver Spring and the County. Prompt placement on the Atlas and inclusion in the Master Plan would be an effective means of protecting the building while eventual ownership and plans for the site are still uncertain.

The Canada Dry Building was threatened with demolition in the past, and Allied Civic Group was among the many community organizations and individuals voicing support for preservation. Our support has only grown stronger in light of the Historical Society's findings on the significance of the architect and the architectural and historical merits of the building. The revitalization of downtown Silver Spring, now proceeding apace, is long overdue, and we believe that it must include structures that give the community its unique character and that reflect its history. The Canada Dry building is one of those structures, and we hope to see a successful adaptive reuse of the building as part of the development of the site.

While the bulk of the building deserves historic designation, we would want to afford prospective owners a degree of flexibility in using the site. For this reason, Allied Civic Group is limiting its support for Master Plan designation to the two-story section of the building that incorporates the architectural features that give the building its distinctive character. This would include the walls with curved corners and wrap-around ribbon windows, the rotunda, and the short wings of the first floor on each side. In our opinion, the plain single-story functional extensions along East-West Highway and along the railroad tracks could be excluded from designation.

With that qualification, Allied Civic Group urges the Commission to Include the Canada Dry Building on the Atlas and thereafter to place it on the Master Plan. Representatives of the

Historical Society have informed us that the building may be the only one in the County (and likely in the entire state) designed by Walter Monroe Cory. Given Cory's prominence as a commercial architect, this alone seems sufficient evidence of the building's architectural importance. Added to that is the role played by the building in Silver Spring's and the County's economic history: Its completion was part of the definitive transformation of this part of Silver Spring into a commercial/industrial zone. This imposing, visually pleasing Art Deco structure on one of the County's major east-west thoroughfares has for more than half a century been a familiar "face," providing a sense of continuity with our past.

We hope the Commission will concur with our view that the Canada Dry building, as qualified above, is an eminently worthy candidate for historic designation.

Sincerely,

nthia Rubenstein

President

cc: Blair Ewing, President, Montgomery County Council

Derick Berlage, Montgomery County Council Steven Silverman, Montgomery County Council

Jerry McCoy, President, Silver Spring Historical Society

Ziek, Robin

From: Karin DuPaul [drg2@qwest.net]

Sent: Sunday, November 18, 2001 10:36 AM

To: forum-l@lists.nationaltrust.org

Subject: [forum-I] Hamm Brewery

Dear Forum Members,

Our community is looking for preservation developers who would be interested in working with the community and the owner to redevelop the Historic Hamm Brewery in Saint Paul MN USA.

The Theodore Hamm Brewery was founded in 1865 and grew to become one of the largest breweries in the country. It stayed in the Hamm family ownership for over one hundred years, then a number of other brewery owned it until Stroh sold it in 1997.

When the Stroh Brewery closed its Saint Paul plant, it signaled the beginning of the Historic Hamm Brewery Neighborhood Initiative. Now community members are working with the owner of the Brewery complex to develop the best use of this historic complex.

It is in the center of one of Saint Paul's most historic neighborhoods, 5 minutes from downtown. The brewery is at the head of Swede Hollow Park, nestled between Dayton's Bluff and Railroad Island neighborhoods, along the Bruce Vento Regional Trail, and numerous ecological amenities, at the end of Old Town Payne Avenue, the commercial heart of East Side Saint Paul.

The Historic Hamm Brewery Neighborhood Initiative is an informal collaborative of interested parties that have come together because we believe that the brewery offers unique opportunities for business and technology development education, arts and entertainment housing and other mixed uses. The older buildings with their high ceilings, natural lighting, and neighborhood surroundings make the brewery an ideal location to be renovated into studios, performance spaces, galleries, classrooms, and other art and educational space. Housing, offices and other functions may find the brewery to be an ideal location.

The Historic Hamm Brewery Neighborhood Initiative seeks to find partners that are interested in pursuing the renovation of part of the brewery complex into a multi-use community in Saint Paul.

The brewery has a number of unique building that could give a business an of air old time elegance and be part of a exciting new business community. Technology, education and arts facilities may also find exciting infastrucor and location to be ideal.

At a Glance

- The brewery owner is Everest LLC who saved it from the wrecking ball and is renovating the buildings.
- Spanning 25 acres, the brewery contains about 50 buildings.
- Floor space equals approximately 1.3 million square feet.
- The oldest brewery building dates back to the 1860s.
- Many of the buildings are beautiful Victorians.

- A number of buildings contain large open space rooms with ceilings that are 7-8 stories high amenable to unique configurations.
- A number of buildings are ideal for light industrial use from 10,000 to 100,000 sq. ft.
- The brewery is 5 minutes from Downtown Saint Paul.
- Easy access to I-35E and I-94 and near the proposed Phalen Corridor Industrial Boulevard.
- Located on the Bruce Vento Regional Trail.

To see some of the buildings look at www.DaytonsBluff.org Hamm Brewery News, photo tour and design charette photos. If you are interested in finding out more about the Historic Hamm Brewery contact Karin DuPaul at DRG2@Qwest.net or 668 Greenbrier Street, Saint Paul MN 55106, phone 651.776.0550

You are currently subscribed to forum-l as: ziek@mncppc.state.md.us To unsubscribe send a blank email to unsubscribe-forum-l@lists.nationaltrust.org.

72 pm.
Public Hearing - Draft amendment 11/15/01 1. Commy Expec - Scott Reilly OPPOSES Kin williams, Steve Sportock 3. ATT Not wishing significant not consistent with other PB decisions uned thant restalization Subjugation to APC. - 7 sector plans recommend reder. "Threat of designation" JBG will buy property it not his twic. No Wistmiz significance Calmir Caronda - of Goodun -Blog not away master. Wilten Not aunel destguer The bldg. Not a now orch. Style; not unque. a copy; Put the bolly in S.S. Sor (west district. Net context of industrial der. Contept today ... Development & demolstin ...

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6. Ray Tommernan - Reject. Speedy Pronter Business...

7 NO SHOW

8. Elmora Harvey - 85 Cit. Bond Reject

9. Bryant Folger - NO subnitted testining - Reject
-local developer.

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10 Mary Reardon. Jerry McCoy.
- CBO Swrey?
11. Marcie Strelle

- Bringing up CBD Survey

12. Maria Hoey. MPI Toeled don't economic benefits... Work with the gruty we already have 14. Charles Walf - Supports Designation.
Claquent speaker
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15. Bry Sevenko - Photographer - Opposes Fear.

16. Arnold Kohn - Opposes Designation Blan Apts.
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18. Robyn Rayon - Allied Covic Asser. Coroup - 35 emmity organizations. R. Surports!! - locus on the 2 stry section Very detailed. Strong support...

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- Some 3 examples of redevelopment of Industrial
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20. Anthy Lawier George French also reading Jack Carsm's letter. French - with human! A. Navey Orban-- Info m Rehalong other softling plants 22 Muly Readon, PhD. 23 Carolyn Weber - Sevin Elitu for Destyn Huguzine Sugaport It. Bill Bords - Businessman - Supports Long. 25. Marslyn Sykes. - 13 Pres y Extradiste Carc. Assec - Supports designation. 26. Patriz Sidwell - Supports. Read Congestrate Mis lettere 27. Bonnie Rosminal 28. Ony Conors Record open until Nov 30.

Heaving probably Dec 20; or Dec 13



MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

October 15, 2001

<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

TO:

Bruce Romer

Chief Administrative Officer Office of the County Executive

FROM:

Gwen Wright, Supervisor

Historic Preservation Section

County-wide Planning Division, M-NCPPC

SUBJECT:

Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, Silver Spring, Maryland.

I am pleased to transmit to you this *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, Silver Spring, Maryland.*

This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

The Montgomery County Planning Board will hold a public hearing on this amendment on Thursday, November 15, 2001, during their regular meeting agenda, in the Auditorium of the Montgomery Regional Office at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring.

Should you have any questions concerning this *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment*, please do not hesitate to contact Robin Ziek of our staff at (301)563-3400.

Attachment

PUBLIC HEARING (PRELIMINARY) DRAFT

AMENDMENT TO THE APPROVED AND ADOPTED MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT (#36/44) 1201 EAST-WEST HIGHWAY SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND

An amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation; an amendment to the 2000 Silver Spring CBD Sector Plan; and an amendment to the General Plan for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District within Montgomery County, Maryland.

Prepared By:

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION
Montgomery County Planning Board
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3760
October 2001

Reviewed By:

THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY EXECUTIVE (Date to be established)

Approved By:

THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY COUNCIL (Date to be established)

ABSTRACT

TITLE: Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver

Spring, Maryland

AUTHOR: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

SUBJECT: Public Hearing: (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver

Spring, Maryland

DATE: October 2001

PLANNING AGENCY: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

SOURCE OF COPIES: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

8787 Georgia Avenue

Silver Spring, MD 20910-3760

NUMBER OF PAGES: 2

ABSTRACT: This document contains the text, with supporting maps, for a proposed amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation in Montgomery County, being also an amendment to the 2000 Silver Spring CBD Sector Plan and the General Plan (On Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District Within Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

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ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

COUNTY COUNCIL

Blair Ewing, President
Steven Silverman, Vice-President
Philip Andrews, Council member
Derick Berlage, Council member
Nancy Dacek, Council member
Howard A. Denis, Council member
Isiah Leggett, Council member
Marilyn J. Praisner, Council member
Michael L. Subin, Council member

COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Douglas M. Duncan

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

Elizabeth M. Hewlett, Chairman Arthur Holmes, Jr., Vice-Chairman

Montgomery County
<u>Planning Board</u>

Arthur Holmes, Jr., Chairman Wendy C. Perdue ,Vice-Chair Allison Bryant John M. Robinson Meredith K. Wellington Prince George's County <u>Planning Board</u>

Elizabeth M. Hewlett, Chairman William M. Eley, Jr., Vice Chairman James M. Brown George H. Lowe, Jr. Albert C. Scott

HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION

Steven L. Spurlock, Chair Susan Velasquez, Vice-Chair Steven Breslin Douglas A. Harbit Nancy Lesser Julia O'Malley Lynn B. Watkins Kimberly Prothro Williams

MASTER PLAN AMENDMENT PROCESS

Master Plans provide policy guidance concerning the private and public use of land, for use and reference by private landowners, public agencies, and interested parties generally. Every master plan amendment also amends the General Plan for Montgomery County. The process of initiation, review, and adoption of amendments is generally as follows:

Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment

This document is a formal proposal to amend an adopted master plan. It is prepared by the Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission. Before proceeding to publish a final draft of the amendment, the Planning Board must hold a public hearing. After the close of the record of this public hearing, the Planning Board holds an open worksession to review the testimony, and to determine whether to make any revisions to the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft.

Planning Board (Final) Draft Amendment

This document contains the Planning Board's final recommendations. It is transmitted to the County Council for review. In addition, the County Executive is sent a copy and has sixty days in which to provide comments on the amendment.

The County Council typically schedules a public hearing on the Planning Board (Final) Draft Amendment. After the close of record of this public hearing, the Council holds an open worksession to review the testimony, and then adopts a resolution approving, modifying, or disapproving the amendment.

Failure of the County Council to act within the prescribed time limits constitutes approval of the plan amendment as submitted to the body which fails to act.

Adopted Amendment

The amendment approved by the County Council is forwarded to The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission for adoption. Once adopted by the Commission, the amendment officially amends the various master plans cited in the Commission's adoption resolution.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION MASTER PLAN AMENDMENT

The Master Plan for Historic Preservation and the Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code, are designed to protect and preserve Montgomery County's historic and architectural heritage. When an historic resource is placed on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, the adoption action officially designates the property as an historic site or historic district, and subjects it to the further procedural requirements of the Historic Preservation Ordinance.

Designation of historic sites and districts serves to highlight the values that are important in maintaining the individual character of the County and its communities. It is the intent of the County's preservation program to provide a rational system for evaluating, protecting and enhancing the County's historic and architectural heritage for the benefit of present and future generations of Montgomery County residents. The accompanying challenge is to weave protection of this heritage into the County's planning program so as to maximize community support for preservation and minimize infringement on private property rights.

The following criteria, as stated in Section 24A-3 of the *Historic Preservation Ordinance*, shall apply when historic resources are evaluated for designation in the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*:

(1) Historical and cultural significance:

The historic resource:

- a. has character, interest, or value as part of the development, heritage or cultural characteristics of the County, State, or Nation;
- b. is the site of a significant historic event;
- c. is identified with a person or a group of persons who influenced society;
- d. exemplifies the cultural, economic, social, political or historic heritage of the County and its communities; or

(2) Architectural and design significance:

The historic resource:

- a. embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction;
- b. represents the work of a master;
- c. possesses high artistic values;
- d. represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- e. represents an established and familiar visual feature of the neighborhood, community, or County due to its singular physical characteristic or landscape.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Once designated on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*, historic resources are subject to the protection of the Ordinance. Any substantial changes to the exterior of a resource or its environmental setting must be reviewed by the Historic Preservation Commission and an historic area work permit issued under the provisions of the County's Preservation Ordinance, Section 24A-6. In accordance with the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation* and unless otherwise specified in the amendment, the environmental setting for each site, as defined in Section 24A-2 of the Ordinance, is the entire parcel on which the resource is located as of the date it is designated on the Master Plan.

Designation of the entire parcel provides the County adequate review authority to preserve historic sites in the event of development. It also ensures that, from the beginning of the development process, important features of these sites are recognized and incorporated in the future development of designated properties. In the case of large acreage parcels, the amendment will provide general guidance for the refinement of the setting by indicating when the setting is subject to reduction in the event of development; by describing an appropriate area to preserve the integrity of the resource; and by identifying buildings and features associated with the site which should be protected as part of the setting. It is anticipated that for a majority of the sites designated, the appropriate point at which to refine the environmental setting will be when the property is subdivided.

Public improvements can profoundly affect the integrity of an historic area. Section 24A-6 of the Ordinance states that an Historic Area Work Permit for work on public or private property must be issued prior to altering an historic resource or its environmental setting. The design of public facilities in the vicinity of historic resources should be sensitive to and maintain the character of the area. Specific design considerations should be reflected as part of the Mandatory Referral review processes.

In the majority of cases, decisions regarding preservation alternatives are made at the time of public facility implementation within the process established in Section 24A of the Ordinance. This method provides for adequate review by the public and governing agencies. In order to provide guidance in the event of future public facility implementation, the amendment addresses potential conflicts existing at each site and suggests alternatives and recommendations to assist in balancing preservation with community needs.

In addition to protecting designated resources from unsympathetic alteration and insensitive redevelopment, the County's Preservation Ordinance also empowers the County's Department of Environmental Protection and the Historic Preservation Commission to prevent the demolition of historic buildings through neglect.

The Montgomery County Council passed legislation in September 1984 to provide for a tax credit against County real property taxes in order to encourage the restoration and preservation of privately owned structures located in the County. The credit applies to all properties designated on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation* (Chapter 52, Art. VI). Furthermore, the Historic Preservation Commission maintains up-to-date information on the status of preservation incentives including tax credits, tax benefits possible through the granting of easements on historic properties, outright grants and low-interest loan programs.

THE AMENDMENT

This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

Site #36/44 Canada Dry Bottling Plant 1201 East West Highway, Silver Spring

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is an excellent example of Art Moderne factory design, and is relatively unaltered and displays a high level of integrity. It was designed by Walter Monroe Cory, of the New York City architectural firm Cory and Cory. This firm was in the forefront of modern architecture in America, and was well known for industrial/factory design. The Canada Dry Bottling Plant was built in the context of Silver Spring's industrial center, along the railroad tracks, and the sociology of the factory process is clearly defined in the architecture.

This brick and concrete factory, built in 1946, has an interlocking office block and manufacturing wing. The manufacturing function took place on the ground floor, while the administrative offices were on the second story. The building uses blond brick of varying sizes, as well as metal strip windows and glass block. The main entrance at the corner of East-West Highway and Blair Mill Road, protected with a concrete canopy, is marked by a two-story curving wall of glass block. There are decorative concrete panels on either side of the entrance.

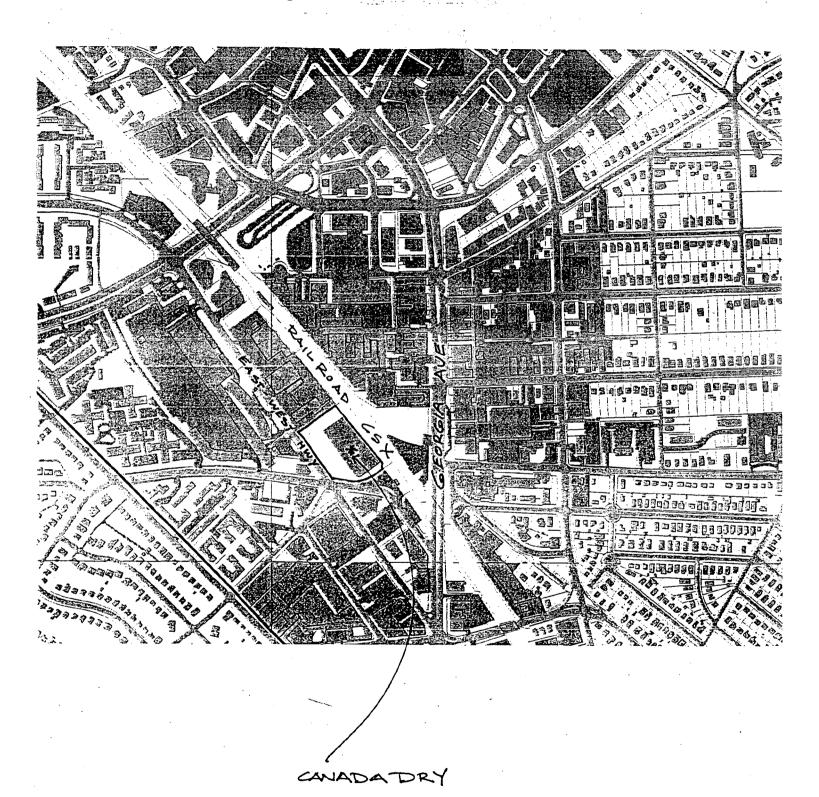
The Canada Dry building is an established and familiar visual feature in Silver Spring. The large neon signs that announce "Canada Dry" face both the railroad tracks and the public streets, and are well-known landmarks. The curving corners and strip windows, along with the use of modern building materials, such as concrete, glass block, and white metal, are all important 20th century architectural elements. When this factory was built, in 1946 after WWII, two architectural styles competed to portray the image of America. The Classical Revival style, seen in the Silver Spring Railroad Station, represented an idealization of the past; and the Art Moderne style, an offshoot of the International Style, promoted an exciting new future.

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is a unique building in the County. When Silver Spring became Montgomery County's commercial center, very little industrial development was permitted. Since down-county development plans regularly included proscriptive language against industrial use (amongst many other proscribed activities and people), industry was a natural match with the railroad. The bottling industry involved a relatively simply production process using relatively heavy materials. These types of plants were built in high population areas near easy transportation. Silver Spring met all the criteria for this industry.

CRITERIA: 1A, 1D, 2A, 2B, 2C, 2E

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING: 2.93 acres, P815, tax map JN33. New development at the site is anticipated and welcomed. Page "v" of this amendment describes the rationale for initial designation of the entire parcel as the environmental setting. This environmental setting may be reduced at the time of subdivision and/or development to accommodate rehabilitation of the historic resource and redevelopment of the site to conform with the Master Plan.

Map of Canada Dry Bottling Plant



M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

October 15, 2001

The Honorable Douglas M. Duncan Montgomery County Executive Executive Office Building 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850

Dear Mr. Duncan:

I am pleased to transmit to you this *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, Silver Spring, Maryland.*

This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

The Montgomery County Planning Board will hold a public hearing on this amendment on Thursday, November 15, 2001, during their regular meeting agenda, in the Auditorium of the Montgomery Regional Office at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring.

Should you have any questions concerning this *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment*, please do not hesitate to contact Robin Ziek of our staff at (301)563-3400.

Sincerely,

Gwen Wright

Historic Preservation Supervisor

Gwen Weight

GMW:rdz Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Blair Ewing

M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

The first state as a market

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

October 15, 2001

The Honorable Blair Ewing President Montgomery County Council Stella B. Werner Council Office Building 100 Maryland Avenue Rockville, Maryland 20850

Dear Mr. Ewing:

I am pleased to transmit to you this Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant. Silver Spring, Maryland.

This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance. Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

The Montgomery County Planning Board will hold a public hearing on this amendment on Thursday, November 15, 2001, during their regular meeting agenda, in the Auditorium of the Montgomery Regional Office at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring.

Should you have any questions concerning this *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment*, please do not hesitate to contact Robin Ziek of our staff at (301)563-3400.

Sincerely,

Gwen Wright

Historic Preservation Supervisor

GMW:rdz Enclosure

cc: The Honorable Douglas M. Duncan

M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

October 15, 2001

Dear Property Owner:

The Montgomery County Planning Board will be holding a Public Hearing on the *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation* to consider the addition of an individual historic site to the *Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites* and its potential designation on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. A copy of the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment is attached.

The public hearing will be held on November 15, 2001 at the Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue in Silver Spring during the Planning Board's regular agenda. Please call the Community Relations Office at 301-495-4600 the Friday before the hearing for an approximate time.

Following the public hearing on this amendment, the Planning Board will hold a worksession and make its determination on the proposed designation using Ordinance criteria and considering the purposes of the law.

If the property is found to warrant historic designation, it will be protected under the Historic Preservation Ordinance which provides certain controls regarding alteration, demolition, and maintenance of property. If the property is found not to warrant designation, it will not be protected under the County's Ordinance.

The Board's recommendations on historic designation will be forwarded to the County Council as a Planning Board (Final) Draft Amendment. The County Executive also has 60 days to review and comment on the amendment. The County Council will hold a public hearing on this amendment and will make a final determination as to the designation of this individual site on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*.

You are invited to testify at the upcoming public hearing and may do so in person by contacting the Community Relations Office at 301-495-4600, or by writing the Planning Board a letter at the address listed in the notice, or both.

Should you have any questions on this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Robin D. Ziek at 301-563-3400.

Sincerely,

Gwen Wright

Historic Preservation Supervisor

INSTRUCTIONS FOR TRANSMITTALS OF PRELIMINARY AND FINAL DRAFT AMENDMENTS March 1999

175 copies of the report are made for transmittals. Extras are given back to Clare. Please place a copy of memos/letters in the Clare's Day File and give her another set of copies for the Amendment file. Attached are the mailing labels (File: G:\PRESERVE\CLARE\TRNSLABL).

1. COPIES OF REPORT ONLY

Distribution	# of Copies of Report
Archivist, Carol Piper	20
Community Relations	. 75
Information Desk	6

2. MEMORANDUMS

On letterhead and signed by the Division Chief, are sent to:

Distribution	# of Copies of Rep
Chief Admin Officer, County Executive (See Attachment #2)	20
Mgr. Regional Transportation Planning	1
✓Dir, Md Office State Planning	1
Dir, Council of Govts	1
Dir, NCPC	1
(See Attachment #3)	
Planning Manager, Planning Implementation Section	on 1
Dir, State Hist Pres Office	1
Chair, HPC	1
(See Attachment #4)	

Die: 45 capies to Deuise Smith for Planning Board, with stall report, in Nov.

3. LETTERS

On letterhead and signed by the Planning Board Chairman, are sent to:

Distribution # of Copies of Report County Executive 1 (See Attachment #5) Copies of County Exec letter to: Park Historian 1

Copies of County Exec letter with NO REPORTS:

Dir, Dept of Transportation
Chief, Dept of Police
Dir, Dept of Public Libraries
Dir, Dept of Fire & Rescue
Dir, Office of Economic Development
Dir, Dept of Recreation
Dir, Office of Mgmgt & Budget

<u>Distribution</u>	# of Copies of Report
President, County Council (See Attachment #6)	1
Copies of County Council letter to: Legislative Analyst, County Council	15
Sounty Executive	0

Albert J. Genetti, Jr., Director Montgomery County Dept. of Public Works and Transportation Executive Office building 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850 Col. Charles A. Moose Chief Montgomery County Police Department 2350 Research Boulevard Rockville, MD 20850

Robert K. Kendal, Director Office of Management & Budget Executive Office Building 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850 Harriet Henderson Director Department of Public Libraries 99 Maryland Avenue Rockville, MD 20850

Jean Arthur Legislative Analyst Montgomery County Council 100 Maryland Avenue Rockville MD 20850 Roger W. Strock, Division Chief Department of Fire and Rescue Services Executive Office Building 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850

The Honorable Douglas M. Duncan Montgomery County Executive Executive Office Building 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850 David W. Edgerley Director Office of Economic Development 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850

The Honorable Blair Ewing President Montgomery County Council Stella B. Werner Office Building 100 Maryland Avenue Rockville MD 20850 Gregory A. Bayor Director Department of Recreation 12210 Bushey Drive Silver Spring, MD 20902 James A. Caldwell Director Dept. of Environmental Protection 255 Rockville Pike, Suite 120 Rockville; MD 20850

Mike Dwyer Park Historian 18400 Muncaster Road Rockville, MD 20855 Robert Hubbard
Director
Department of Permitting Services
250 Hungerford Drive
Rockville, MD 20850

G:\preserve\clare\trnslabl.wpd

Updated 5-2001

Ms. Carol Piper Archives Saddlebrook Ms. Harriet Tregoning, Secretary of Planning Maryland Department of Planning 301 W. Preston Street Baltimore MD 21201-2365

Mr. J. Rodney Little, Director State Historic Preservation Office Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 Douglas Simmons
Director
Office of Planning and Preliminary Engineering
State Highway Administration
707 North Calvert Street
Baltimore MD 21202

Steven Spurlock Chairperson Historic Preservation Commission 1350 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036 Bruce Romer Chief Administrative Officer Office of the County Executive 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850

Scott Reilly
Assistant Chief Administrative Officer
Office of the County Executive
101 Monroe Street
Rockville, MD 20850

Elizabeth Davison Director Dept of Housing and Community Affairs 51 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850

Michael Rogers
Executive Director
Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments
777 North Capitol Street, N.E.
Suite 300
Washington, D.C. 20002

Richard L. Friedman Executive Director North Capital Planning Commission 1325 G Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20576

Letters received by HPC & Planning Bow! TO DATE. 10/18/01

Anthoy L. Wilner 8110 Buttercup Lane Wets Pasadena, MD 21122

Cynthia Rubenstein Allied Civic Group, President P.O. Box 13238 Silver Spring, MD 20911

Anthony L. Wilner, Art Deco Socity of Washington P.O. Box 11090 Washington, D.C. 20008

Chuck Dolan Woodside Park Civic Association, Vice-President 1509 Dale Drive Silver Spring, MD 20910

Tyler Gearhart Preservation Maryland, Executive Director 24 West Saratoga Street Baltimore, MD 21201-4227

Dana Lee Dembrow
The Maryland House of Delegates
Annapolis, Maryland 21401-1991

I Dean Ahmad, President Montgomery County Civic Federation 4323 Rosedale Avenue Bethesda, MD 20814

Wayne Goldstein, Chair Preservation Committee Art Deco Society of Washington P.O. Box 11090 Washington, D. C. 20008 Mary Reardon 8007 Eastern Avenue #110 Silver Spring, MD 20910

Jack Carson Treasure, Historic Takoma Inc. Box 5781 Takoma Park, MD 20913

Marie Hoey President, MPI 15613 Allnutt Lane Burtonsville, MD 20866

Nancy Urban 1325 Dale Drive Silver Spring, MD 20910

Daniel Maijer 929 Gist Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

Elnora Harvey Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board Silver Spring MD 20910

Judy Reardon 8031 Eastern Avenue #310 Silver Spring, MD 20910

Silver Spring Historical Society Jerry McCoy, President 800n Thayer Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

October 15, 2001

TO:

Interested Parties

FROM:

Montgomery County Planning Board Staff

SUBJECT:

Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver

Spring, Maryland

The Montgomery County Planning Board will be holding a Public Hearing on the *Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation* to consider the addition of an individual historic site to the *Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites* and its potential designation on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland.

The Public Hearing will be held at the Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue in Silver Spring, during the Planning Board's regular agenda. Please call the Community Relations Office at (301) 495-4600 the Friday before the hearing for an approximate time.

Following the public hearing on this amendment, the Planning Board will hold a worksession and make its determination on the proposed designation using Ordinance criteria and considering the purposes of the law.

Copies of the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment are available at the Planning Board office at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910.

You are invited to testify at the upcoming public hearing and may do so in person by contacting the Community Relations Office at (301) 495-4600, or by writing the Planning Board a letter at the address listed in the notice, or both.

Should you have any questions on this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Robin D. Ziek at (301) 563-3400.

Sincerely.

Gwen Wright

Historic Preservation Supervisor

M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

October 15, 2001

TO:

Interested Parties

FROM:

Montgomery County Planning Board Staff

SUBJECT:

Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver

Spring, Maryland

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The Public Hearing will be held at the Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue in Silver Spring, during the Planning Board's regular agenda. Please call the Community Relations Office at (301) 495-4600 the Friday before the hearing for an approximate time.

Following the public hearing on this amendment, the Planning Board will hold a worksession and make its determination on the proposed designation using Ordinance criteria and considering the purposes of the law.

Copies of the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment are available at the Planning Board office at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910.

You are invited to testify at the upcoming public hearing and may do so in person by contacting the Community Relations Office at (301) 495-4600, or by writing the Planning Board a letter at the address listed in the notice, or both.

Should you have any questions on this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Robin D. Ziek at (301) 563-3400.

Sincerely,

Gwen Wright

Historic Preservation Supervisor

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Pursuant to Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland and Chapter 24A and Chapter 33A of the Montgomery County Code, the Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission hereby gives notice that it will hold a public hearing on the following:

PUBLIC HEARING (PRELIMINARY) DRAFT AMENDMENT
TO THE
MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION:
CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT
1201 EAST-WEST HIGHWAY
SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND

THURSDAY
November 15, 2001
during the Board's regular agenda
in the
Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, Maryland

to take testimony on whether or not the subject property should be added to the *Locational Atlas* and *Index of Historic Sites* and/or designated as an individual historic site on the Montgomery County *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*. A summary description and map for the potential historic site are included in the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment.

If the site is designated on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*, the property will be protected under the Historic Preservation Ordinance which provides certain controls regarding alteration, demolition, and maintenance of properties.

If not included on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, the resource will not be subject to the provisions of Chapter 24A of the County Code.

Immediately following the public hearing, the Planning Board will hold a worksession and make its determination on this Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment using Ordinance criteria and considering the purposes of the law. Following the submittal of the Planning Board's recommendations to the County Council, the designation process will continue as described in the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft.

The Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment is available for public inspection at the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission's Regional Headquarters, 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland.

The purpose of the public hearing is to allow all interested persons to express their views concerning this action. Please call the Community Relations Office at (301) 495-4600 the Friday before the hearing for an approximate time. Persons wishing to testify should call (301) 495-4600 to sign up. If you are unable to attend, write your concerns to the Montgomery County Planning Board at 8787 Georgia Avenue. Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910 and they will be made part of the public hearing record.

Mary Reardon 8007 Eastern Avenue #110 Silver Spring, MD 20910

Jack Carson Treasure, Historic Takoma Inc. Box 5781 Takoma Park, MD 20913

Nancy Urban 1325 Dale Drive Silver Spring, MD 20910

Daniel Maijer 929 Gist Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

Elnora Harvey Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board Silver Spring MD 20910

Judy Reardon 8031 Eastern Avenue #310 Silver Spring, MD 20910

Marie Hoey President, MPI 15613 Allnutt Lane Burtonsville, MD 20866

Silver Spring Historical Society Jerry McCoy, President 800 Thayer Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910 Anthoy L. Wilner 8110 Buttercup Lane Wets Pasadena, MD 21122

Cynthia Rubenstein Allied Civic Group, President P.O. Box 13238 Silver Spring, MD 20911

Anthony L. Wilner, Art Deco Socity of Washington P.O. Box 11090 Washington, D.C. 20008

Chuck Dolan Woodside Park Civic Association, Vice-President 1509 Dale Drive Silver Spring, MD 20910

Tyler Gearhart Preservation Maryland, Executive Director 24 West Saratoga Street Baltimore, MD 21201-4227

Dana Lee Dembrow The Maryland House of Delegates Annapolis, Maryland 21401-1991

I Dean Ahmad, President Montgomery County Civic Federation 4323 Rosedale Avenue Bethesda, MD 20814

Wayne Goldstein, Chair Preservation Committee Art Deco Society of Washington P.O. Box 11090 Washington, D. C. 20008

Noticing Addresses

Jerry McCoy, President Silver Spring Historical Society P.O. Box 1160 Silver Spring, MD 20910

Stacy P. Silber Wilkes Artis 3 Bethesda Metro Center Suite 800 Bethesda, MD 20814

Craig Bruch AT&T 150 Mount Airy Road Room 2S122 Basking Ridge, New Jersey 07920 Get MCPB agenda/
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Due

TENTATIVE MCPB AGENDA ITEM

SUBJECT:

Public Hearing on Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant (#36/44), located at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Suggested Agenda Date:

November 15, 2001

Suggested Time of Day:

evening

Estimated length of time:

2.0 hours

Public Recorder needed

yes

Staff Member: Robin D. Ziek

County-Wide Planning, Historic Preservation

TENTATIVE MCPB AGENDA ITEM

SUBJECT:

Preservation Easement donation by the property owners, James Graham and Victoria Clarke, for 4728 Avenue, Chevy Chase, Somerset Historic district, to retain in unity the 0.746 acre parcel.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Montgomery County should accept the easement donation.

Suggested Agenda Date:

November 15, 2001

Suggested Time of Day:

Consent Calendar

Estimated length of time:

0 hr.

Staff Member: Robin D. Ziek

County-Wide Planning, Historic Preservation

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Public thanks: Care planning Bol

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301.6526019 phone

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	JOB #		
AGENCY	DATE OCX.15		
DATE JOB NEEDED Oct 15	PHONE EXTENSION 3408		
JOB IDENTIFICATION (TITLE) Public Hearing Lls	oft - Clarda Lly Plant		
PERSON TO CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS (PLEASE PRINT)			
WORK TO BE DONE PLEASE CHECK EACH OPERATION NECESSARY TO COMPLETE JOB			
PRINTING/PHOTOCOPYING COLLATING STAPLING UPPER LEFT TWO ON LEFT S	CUTTING DRILLING FOLDING		
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NO. OF PAGES 10 NO. OF COPIES 175	SIZE. COLOR/TYPE OF PAPER 8/2 XII White		
PRINT ONE SIDE PRINT BOTH SIDES HEAD TO HEAD TUMBLE			
ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS:			
AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE ROHN ZIEK			
JOB RECEIVED JOB COMPLET	TED TOTAL IMPRESSIONS 1,750		
DATE 10-15-01 DATE 10-1	5-01 COPY EQUIPMENT USED Dig- Docu		
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Craig S. Bruch Real Estate Manager Global Real Estate Room 5361C11 295 North Maple Ave. Basking Ridge, NJ 07920 TEL: 908-221-4790 FAX: 908 630-1120 cbruch@att.com

December 20, 2001

The Honorable Arthur Holmes, Jr. Chairman
Montgomery County Planning Board
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

Re:

The Canada Dry Building 1201 East-West Highway

Dear Chairman Holmes:

On behalf of AT&T, we are writing to provide you with our commitment to defer demolition of 1201 East-West Highway (the "Property"). Specifically, AT&T commits to the Planning Board that if the Board rejects full and partial historic designation of the Property to both the Master Plan for Historic Preservation and to the Historic Atlas, AT&T will not demolish the building at this time. Rather, we will defer any demolition until Site and/or Project Plan review.

Sincerely,

'I mid J Au

raig \$ Bruch

ERS/ISD PUBLISHING AND COMMUNICATIONS BRANCH

Fax

To:	From:		
RODIN ZIEK	MARY REARDON		
Agency:	Agency:		
HPC	S5H5		
FAX:	FAX: 202-694-5638		
Phone:	Phone: 202 694 - 513 6		
☐ Urgent ☐ For Review ☐ Please Comment ☐ Please Reply ☐ Please Recycle			
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•Comments:			
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WOALD HAVE	\mathcal{T}		

If all pages are not received, please call sender at the phone number given above.

Ziek, Robin

From: "Mary Reardon" <mreardon@ers.usda.gov> ["Mary Reardon" <mreardon@ers.usda.gov> at inet]

Sent: Tuesday, July 24, 2001 3:13 PM

To: Ziek, Robin; Wright, Gwen Subject: Fwd: Canada Dry hearing

Carl's report on conversatin with Stacy Silber, representing AT&T.

More later.

Received: from relayin.ers.usda.gov

([151.121.68.19])

by mailbox.econ.ag.gov; Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:44:38 -0400

Received: from router-3.ers.usda.gov (ers-68-17.ers.usda.gov) by relayin.ers.usda.gov (LSMTP for Windows NT v1.1b)

with SMTP id <0.000014AE@relayin.ers.usda.gov>; Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:44:45 -0400

Received: by CBIEXI02WA with Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

id <NKC9B1Y0>; Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:42:00 -0400

Message-ID: <F169A5F8002CD4119EE700D0B741D422EFC48A@CBIEXM01NY>

From: "Spataro, Carl" <cspataro@cov.com>
To: 'Mary Reardon' <inreardon@ers.usda.gov>

Subject: RE: Canada Dry hearing Date: Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:43:38 -0400

Importance: high X-Priority: 1

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Mary,

I spoke with Stacy. I have to join a conference call right now, so I can't leave a long message. But, in short, she asked if you could contact Gwen to see if we could delay the sending of the notice until 7/26 so that we could talk tomorrow. I expressed that our concern with an agreement that doesn't survive AT&T's ownership is that we can be blindsided by the buyer. I think that they are open to an agreement that would either include the ability to discuss development plans with potential buyers or that would survive AT&T's ownership. I will send some more thoughts and info when I get a chance.

In the meantime, if you think it is appropriate, you may want to talk to Gwen about delaying the notice.

Thanks,

Carl

----Original Message----

From: Mary Reardon [mailto:mreardon@ers.usda.gov]

Sent: Monday, July 23, 2001 3:12 PM

To: Spataro, Carl

Subject: Canada Dry hearing

Carl,

I don't know if you've contacted Stacy yet, but here is a recap of what we talked about (even if you've already spoken to her this can serve as a reference).

This is what we want to convey to AT&T:

- 1) We wanted to inform them of our move to schedule a hearing on the designation of the Canada Dry Building, before they received a notice from the HPC.
- 2) We felt we needed to take action to ensure the building has

some protection when it changes hands.

3) We intend to be reasonable regarding the extent of the site

that we would prevent from being redeveloped.

4) We would like to know if AT&T has arranged for Stanley Keyser

to view the site. There are other possible preservation developers

that might be interested (of course we would not contact them

Keyser had an opportunity to look at the site and consider if he is

interested).

5) We will ask them to contact us (you) in the next few days if

they have any questions or want to discuss any aspect of this.

As I said (though this is not for AT&T to know), we will contact the

press (exclusively the Montgomery Journal) in a few days and try to

generate a story (unless AT&T calls with an offer). The story

not be adversarial--instead, the angle would be the scheduled hearing

and our alerting the community to the significance of the building and

its architect. I will call Stacy if the Journal says they are

do a story. I will keep you posted on this. Once the Journal does

story we can send the story to other papers (Gazette, Post) to get more coverage.)

Any offer of an easement from AT&T or a potential buyer would have to

be signed before we would put off the hearing again.

ALSO, one thing I didn't mention and that came up at the ARt Deco Preservatin Committee meeting. An option is to nominate the building

for National Register status as well. If we do that we would tell AT&T

after the nomination was in. More on this later.

Thanks for your input and help.

Mary

501.913-9298 Wryn Goldskin

APPROVED AND ADOPTED MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

Amendment to the General Plan for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District (adopted 1964), and the Master Plan of Highways within Montgomery County, Maryland.

Preparation of this report was financed in part through continuing grant-in-aid assistance made available to the Maryland Historical Trust for survey and planning activities, by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, under the provisions of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966.

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission.
Montgomery County Planning Board
8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland

September 1979

district advisory committees would differ from the Commission's advisory panels, which would have research, evaluation, and "watch-dog" responsibilities for large sub-areas of the County.

Types of Districts:

There are two major types of historic resources which are well-suited to district designation: (1) residential and commercial areas illustrating the history of suburban development in the County; and (2) rural areas where the vernacular architecture and agricultural landscape reflect centuries of history. Farming districts, rural villages and especially small crossroads villages deserve special attention. Efforts should be made to assure the continuation of whatever primary functions exist within a district—e.g., farming in the case of rural areas. District designation may also be applied to the historic rural landscape. Most of the rural landscape is seen from the road, thus the protection of byways and scenic roads and their vistas should become an integral part of historic preservation in Montgomery County, as suggested in Scenic Byways, published by Sugarloaf Regional Trails in 1977.

In determining boundaries to historic districts, buffer areas should be included sufficient to protect the district's integrity. Regulations and restrictions necessary to protect the character and special qualities of the district should be developed.

The functions of the districts and how they can best be continued must be a priority concern. Although most districts focus on the architectural and historical features exemplified by the buildings themselves, some districts may have other concerns or foci, such as a market, a vista or prominent natural or man-made feature. Many districts throughout the country have been so popular and successful that their real estate values have risen to a point where long-time residents have been forced out from homes, farms and shops. This displacement must be avoided by efforts to assure the continuation of a healthy mix of people and economic levels.

Historic districts must not become areas where protective concerns override all other activities. Instead, they are living and working areas where special attention is paid to protecting those qualities which make them significant resources for the County. For example, local historic districts in residential areas like Rockville have their architectural and historical qualities protected while all the regular activities go on. Likewise, in rural districts not only can vernacular architecture and important rural settings be protected, but working farms can be sustained to provide close-to-market produce, and rural villages retained to provide local, small-scale goods and services.

Procedure for Adding Resources to the Master Plan

The Commission should review additional sites on a periodic basis, at scheduled meetings, so that interested parties and property owners can be notified and attend. Sites should be evaluated against the criteria listed above. After receiving the recommendation of the Commission, the Montgomery County Planning Board would hold a Public Hearing to make its determination, using the same criteria, considering the purposes of the ordinance, and balancing the importance of the historic property with other public interests. If the Planning Board decides to place the historic resource on the Master Plan, it will then recommend a Master Plan Amendment to the County. The County Council may hold a hearing before it acts if appropriate. Upon approval by the Council and

Stray Silber 30,656.3978



MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK AND PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

PARK PLANNING AND RESOURCE ANALYSIS 1109 Spring Street, Suite 802, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760 Tel: 301-650-4370 Fax: 301-650-4371

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TO: Kim Williams	FROM: RLE ZNEK
Fax no: 301. 986. 7950	
Message:	

Gwen,

This article from the *Baltimore Sun* mentions Caldor in Silver Spring (considers it "old"!). Too bad Canada Dry wasn't renovated in time for the story.

Please share with Robin. I e-mailed the text of the article to the Planning Board Chairman's office. I don't like the last line, but at least it links smart growth to re-use of buildings.

Mary Reardon

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New life for old buildings

Adaptive reuse: Encouraging redevelopment of vacant structures would lead to smarter growth.

Originally published December 14, 2001

IT'S NOT 34th Street, and it's not quite a miracle. But the things happening at some former area department store sites are pretty amazing.

On York Road, just across the city-county line, the former Caldor's (and before that, Stewart's) is being converted into a Baltimore County government office building. From the looks of its beige stucco-like exterior, big energy-efficient windows and office spaces under reconstruction, you'd never know it's a place where shoppers once bought housewares.

In Silver Spring, a former Caldor's has become a loft-style home for Discovery Communications. The building wasn't simply abandoned after the department store chain went under. It was restored, with many of the pipes and much of the ductwork retained in its interior to give it a post-industrial feel.

Both provide an instructive lesson in how deserted buildings can be revived around the inner ring of suburbs -- and in cities like Baltimore.

There are too many instances of vacant buildings simply going to waste.

Northern Anne Arundel County has a slew of deserted buildings that could be transformed into new uses.

They could benefit from a comprehensive adaptive reuse plan that encourages developers to rebuild instead of building in virginal territory.

Sites that could be candidates in northern Anne Arundel once housed stores such as Montgomery Ward, Hechinger, Computer City, Staples and PetsMart, which have either closed or moved to new locations.

There may be hope.

Anne Arundel County Council members Pamela G. Beidle and

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Daniel E. Klosterman Jr. have introduced legislation that would provide tax breaks to developers who rebuild.

Another idea being considered by Ms. Beidle involves a zoning plan that would allow new uses for old buildings. It's the first time the current Anne Arundel County Council has taken a serious look at adaptive reuse.

Success stories like those in Baltimore County and Silver Spring -- and at Tide Point and the American Can Co. in Baltimore -- show that architectural trash can become treasure.

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Ziek, Robin

From: Sent: Mary Reardon [mreardon@ers.usda.gov] Monday, November 19, 2001 1:22 PM

To:

Gwen.Wright-DA@mncppc-mc.org; Ziek, Robin

Subject:

The Corys

Gwen, Robin,

We can refute what Stacy said about Walter Cory. Turns out the "architecural historian" really misrepresented the facts. But don't tell them that, because they will manufacture more untruths that the Planning Board may believe. Details on this later. I am planning to write a letter for the record answering all of Stacy's points. Could you fax me her testimony? 202-694-5638 Thanks.

Ziek, Robin

From:

Subject:

MarciPro@aol.com at inet

Sent:

Wednesday, September 19, 2001 7:33 AM

To:

Wright, Gwen; Ziek, Robin; tymetraveller@att.net at INET; PHILEEN2@cs.com at INET;

director@peerlessrockville.org at INET; JChriste@ci.rockville.md.us at INET;

Jachristen@aol.com at INET; Lblami@aol.com at INET; Twverve@aol.com at INET

NOTE! Canada Dry Bldg! Judy Reardon Letter! Journal, 9/19

NOTE! Canada Dry Bldg! Judy Reardon Letter! Journal, 9/19/01! Call for Demolition `Ironic' Given Past, Journal, 9/19/01, Wed. The owner of Silver Spring's Canada Dry bottling plant, AT&T, claims the

building has no architectural merit and deserves to be demolished. It's unclear whether AT&T is aware of the irony of that claim. What's ironic is

that while AT&T dismisses the design principles of the building's architect,

at one time the company enthusiastically embraced those very principles.

The architect of the Canada Dry building was Walter Monroe Cory, one of

the few Americans whose work was represented in the seminal ``Modern Architecture: International Exhibition" organized in 1932 by the Museum of

Modern Art. One of the organizers was architect Philip Johnson.

Johnson, of course, went on to fame and fortune, and is probably best

known for the Seagram Building in New York, likely the best representation of

the International Style in this country. It was at the 1932 exhibit that

term ``International Style" originated, coined by Johnson to describe the

Bauhaus-derived idiom, with its clean, simple lines and minimalist aesthetic.

Fast forward to 1984, when AT&T decided to build a new headquarters in

New York. For that job, it chose as architect none other than the now world-renowned Philip Johnson. In doing so, AT&T selected someone who, like

Cory, was an early practitioner of the style that dominated architecture

worldwide in the second half of the 20th century.

For the important task of projecting its corporate image, AT&T opted for

a building in the International Style (though with a postmodern adornment)

designed by a pioneer of that style. (Still another irony is that when AT&T

sold its headquarters, it relocated to a landmark-designated Art Deco building.)

When it comes to the Canada Dry building, however, suddenly AT&T repudiates the classical tenets of the International Style. In testifying

before the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission last month

against preservation of Canada Dry, AT&T's attorney dismissed the building as

``simple" and thus not worthy of historic designation. When I heard this, I

wanted to jump up and remind him of the mantra of Johnson's collaborator

on

the Seagram Building, Ludwig Mies van der Rohe: ``Less Is More."

The simple lines of the Canada Dry building, complemented by its rounded

contours, ribbon windows, and glass-block rotunda, are an essential, deliberate element of its design, reflecting a style that continues to influence architecture today. AT&T's fickle taste in architecture should not

be an issue in the designation of Canada Dry to the County's Master Plan for

Historic Preservation.

JUDY REARDON

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PUBLIC HEARING (PRELIMINARY) DRAFT

AMENDMENT TO THE APPROVED AND ADOPTED MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT (#36/44) 1201 EAST-WEST HIGHWAY SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND

An amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation; an amendment to the 2000 Silver Spring CBD Sector Plan; and an amendment to the General Plan for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District within Montgomery County, Maryland.

Prepared By:

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION
Montgomery County Planning Board
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3760
October 2001

Reviewed By:

THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY EXECUTIVE (Date to be established)

Approved By:

THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY COUNCIL (Date to be established)

ABSTRACT

TITLE: Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the Master Plan for Historic

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver

Spring, Maryland

AUTHOR: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

SUBJECT: Public Hearing: (Preliminary) Draft Amendment to the *Master Plan for Historic*

Preservation: Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver

Spring, Maryland

DATE: October 2001

PLANNING AGENCY: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

SOURCE OF COPIES: The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

8787 Georgia Avenue

Silver Spring, MD 20910-3760

NUMBER OF PAGES: 2

ABSTRACT: This document contains the text, with supporting maps, for a proposed amendment to the Master Plan for Historic Preservation in Montgomery County, being also an amendment to the 2000 Silver Spring CBD Sector Plan and the General Plan (On Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District Within Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

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MASTER PLAN AMENDMENT PROCESS

Master Plans provide policy guidance concerning the private and public use of land, for use and reference by private landowners, public agencies, and interested parties generally. Every master plan amendment also amends the General Plan for Montgomery County. The process of initiation, review, and adoption of amendments is generally as follows:

Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft Amendment

This document is a formal proposal to amend an adopted master plan. It is prepared by the Montgomery County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission. Before proceeding to publish a final draft of the amendment, the Planning Board must hold a public hearing. After the close of the record of this public hearing, the Planning Board holds an open worksession to review the testimony, and to determine whether to make any revisions to the Public Hearing (Preliminary) Draft.

Planning Board (Final) Draft Amendment

This document contains the Planning Board's final recommendations. It is transmitted to the County Council for review. In addition, the County Executive is sent a copy and has sixty days in which to provide comments on the amendment.

The County Council typically schedules a public hearing on the Planning Board (Final) Draft Amendment. After the close of record of this public hearing, the Council holds an open worksession to review the testimony, and then adopts a resolution approving, modifying, or disapproving the amendment.

Failure of the County Council to act within the prescribed time limits constitutes approval of the plan amendment as submitted to the body which fails to act.

Adopted Amendment

The amendment approved by the County Council is forwarded to The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission for adoption. Once adopted by the Commission, the amendment officially amends the various master plans cited in the Commission's adoption resolution.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION MASTER PLAN AMENDMENT

The Master Plan for Historic Preservation and the Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code, are designed to protect and preserve Montgomery County's historic and architectural heritage. When an historic resource is placed on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, the adoption action officially designates the property as an historic site or historic district, and subjects it to the further procedural requirements of the Historic Preservation Ordinance.

Designation of historic sites and districts serves to highlight the values that are important in maintaining the individual character of the County and its communities. It is the intent of the County's preservation program to provide a rational system for evaluating, protecting and enhancing the County's historic and architectural heritage for the benefit of present and future generations of Montgomery County residents. The accompanying challenge is to weave protection of this heritage into the County's planning program so as to maximize community support for preservation and minimize infringement on private property rights.

The following criteria, as stated in Section 24A-3 of the *Historic Preservation Ordinance*, shall apply when historic resources are evaluated for designation in the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*:

(1) Historical and cultural significance:

The historic resource:

- a. has character, interest, or value as part of the development, heritage or cultural characteristics of the County, State, or Nation;
- b. is the site of a significant historic event;
- c. is identified with a person or a group of persons who influenced society;
- d. exemplifies the cultural, economic, social, political or historic heritage of the County and its communities; or

(2) Architectural and design significance:

The historic resource:

- a. embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction;
- b. represents the work of a master;
- c. possesses high artistic values;
- d. represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- e. represents an established and familiar visual feature of the neighborhood, community, or County due to its singular physical characteristic or landscape.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Once designated on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation*, historic resources are subject to the protection of the Ordinance. Any substantial changes to the exterior of a resource or its environmental setting must be reviewed by the Historic Preservation Commission and an historic area work permit issued under the provisions of the County's Preservation Ordinance, Section 24A-6. In accordance with the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation* and unless otherwise specified in the amendment, the environmental setting for each site, as defined in Section 24A-2 of the Ordinance, is the entire parcel on which the resource is located as of the date it is designated on the Master Plan.

Designation of the entire parcel provides the County adequate review authority to preserve historic sites in the event of development. It also ensures that, from the beginning of the development process, important features of these sites are recognized and incorporated in the future development of designated properties. In the case of large acreage parcels, the amendment will provide general guidance for the refinement of the setting by indicating when the setting is subject to reduction in the event of development; by describing an appropriate area to preserve the integrity of the resource; and by identifying buildings and features associated with the site which should be protected as part of the setting. It is anticipated that for a majority of the sites designated, the appropriate point at which to refine the environmental setting will be when the property is subdivided.

Public improvements can profoundly affect the integrity of an historic area. Section 24A-6 of the Ordinance states that an Historic Area Work Permit for work on public or private property must be issued prior to altering an historic resource or its environmental setting. The design of public facilities in the vicinity of historic resources should be sensitive to and maintain the character of the area. Specific design considerations should be reflected as part of the Mandatory Referral review processes.

In the majority of cases, decisions regarding preservation alternatives are made at the time of public facility implementation within the process established in Section 24A of the Ordinance. This method provides for adequate review by the public and governing agencies. In order to provide guidance in the event of future public facility implementation, the amendment addresses potential conflicts existing at each site and suggests alternatives and recommendations to assist in balancing preservation with community needs.

In addition to protecting designated resources from unsympathetic alteration and insensitive redevelopment, the County's Preservation Ordinance also empowers the County's Department of Environmental Protection and the Historic Preservation Commission to prevent the demolition of historic buildings through neglect.

The Montgomery County Council passed legislation in September 1984 to provide for a tax credit against County real property taxes in order to encourage the restoration and preservation of privately owned structures located in the County. The credit applies to all properties designated on the *Master Plan for Historic Preservation* (Chapter 52, Art. VI). Furthermore, the Historic Preservation Commission maintains up-to-date information on the status of preservation incentives including tax credits, tax benefits possible through the granting of easements on historic properties, outright grants and low-interest loan programs.

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THE AMENDMENT

This amendment considers the addition of an individual historic site to the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites and its potential designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The property is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, at 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland. If designated on the Master Plan, this resource would be protected under the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code.

Site #36/44 Canada Dry Bottling Plant 1201 East West Highway, Silver Spring

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is an excellent example of Art Moderne factory design, and is relatively unaltered and displays a high level of integrity. It was designed by Walter Monroe Cory, of the New York City architectural firm Cory and Cory. This firm was in the forefront of modern architecture in America, and was well known for industrial/factory design. The Canada Dry Bottling Plant was built in the context of Silver Spring's industrial center, along the railroad tracks, and the sociology of the factory process is clearly defined in the architecture.

This brick and concrete factory, built in 1946, has an interlocking office block and manufacturing wing. The manufacturing function took place on the ground floor, while the administrative offices were on the second story. The building uses blond brick of varying sizes, as well as metal strip windows and glass block. The main entrance at the corner of East-West Highway and Blair Mill Road, protected with a concrete canopy, is marked by a two-story curving wall of glass block. There are decorative concrete panels on either side of the entrance.

The Canada Dry building is an established and familiar visual feature in Silver Spring. The large neon signs that announce "Canada Dry" face both the railroad tracks and the public streets, and are well-known landmarks. The curving corners and strip windows, along with the use of modern building materials, such as concrete, glass block, and white metal, are all important 20th century architectural elements. When this factory was built, in 1946 after WWII, two architectural styles competed to portray the image of America. The Classical Revival style, seen in the Silver Spring Railroad Station, represented an idealization of the past; and the Art Moderne style, an offshoot of the International Style, promoted an exciting new future.

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is a unique building in the County. When Silver Spring became Montgomery County's commercial center, very little industrial development was permitted. Since down-county development plans regularly included proscriptive language against industrial use (amongst many other proscribed activities and people), industry was a natural match with the railroad. The bottling industry involved a relatively simply production process using relatively heavy materials. These types of plants were built in high population areas near easy transportation. Silver Spring met all the criteria for this industry.

CRITERIA: 1A, 1D, 2A, 2B, 2C, 2E

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING: 2.93 acres, P815, tax map JN33. New development at the site is anticipated and welcomed. Page "vii" of this amendment describes the rationale for initial designation of the entire parcel as the environmental setting. This environmental setting may be reduced at the time of subdivision and/or development to accommodate rehabilitation of the historic resource and redevelopment of the site to conform with the Master Plan.

Montgomery Preservation, Inc. testimony, given by Maria Hoey, president, to Historic Preservation Commission, August 15, 2001, supporting Canada Dry Bottling Plant's nomination to Master Plan for Historic Preservation. Page 1 of 2

Good Evening. My name is Maria Hoey and as president of Montgomery Preservation, Inc., also known as MPI, I thank you for this opportunity to provide comments on behalf of our members regarding the inclusion of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

In cities and towns across the country, developers with an interest in preserving our heritage and intent on making sound economic investments are preserving historic structures. They realize the tax benefits available to owners of local, state, and federal designated historic sites and are putting their creative genius and business savvy to work to revitalize communities.

Areas throughout Washington DC, and Baltimore, Maryland, in Brooklyn, New York; Hoboken, New Jersey; Alexandria, Virginia; South Miami Beach, Florida; Charleston, South Carolina; Providence, Rhode Island; Norwalk, Connecticut; Houston, Texas, and beyond, are enjoying a rebirth. These cities weren't always grand and were often victims of neglect, poor economies, and decreasing populations, until a few smart leaders unleashed the opportunities hidden in their historic sites. In Seattle, Washington, alone, where the interest in renovated, old spaces continues to grow, one major restoration project has attracted nearly \$1 billion in new investment.

Such successes can happen in Silver Spring, as well. MPI has to its testimony two articles -- "Back to the City 2" and "Taking Credits" -- that show how tax credits and designated historic properties help make projects fiscally possible and encourage revitalization and reinvestment.

Already in Silver Spring, plans to restore the Silver Theater and Shopping Center and the Hechts building are creating excitement and stimulating investment. These historic structures make Silver Spring unique and give it character. These historic structures, thanks to local, state, and federal tax credits, also provide substantial opportunities for investors.

Let's face it, when it comes to Silver Spring, what is most on people's minds is the successful revitalization of this 20th century city. You can help ensure that success by designating the Canada Dry Bottling Plant.

Why designate?

Designation opens the door to substantial local, state, and federal tax credits. Designation encourages the preservation and reuse of significant historic structures.

Designation helps retain a community's character and uniqueness.

Why is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant worthy of designation?

On its architectural merits alone, the Canada Dry Bottling Plant clearly meets the criteria for listing on the County's Master Plan for Historic Preservation. Many prominent historians and architects view it as the best example of industrial Art

Testimony on the Canada Dry Building November 15, 2001

Carolyn Weber

Growing up in an area where the federal government is the local industry, the slick yellow bricks and bright green neon sign of a big factory were an anomaly and made a big impression on me. I didn't know about the Canada Dry Bottling Plant's architectural significance, just that it was a really cool symbol of downtown Silver Spring. From school field trips to Acorn Park, to buying my first car at the Volkswagen dealer across the street, it was always in the background. And even now, when I catch a glimpse of it every night from the Metro, I know that I am home.

But my hometown is changing, for the better. And the Canada Dry building holds much more than just sentimental value. As an editor for a national building magazine, my job includes traveling the country in search of new housing trends. One of the hottest is the renewal of inner and edge cities through the adaptive re-use of historic structures. Preserving the unique facades of former industrial buildings and converting the interiors to residential and mixed-use spaces such as offices, retail, and restaurants.

Former factories with lesser architectural pedigrees than Canada Dry are getting a new lease on life and proving profitable. Conversions like the Fulton Cotton Mill Lofts in Atlanta, St. Luke's hospital in Denver, the American Beauty Flour Mill in Dallas, the Philip Morris factory in Richmond, Baltimore's American Can Factory, and dozens of projects in Chicago, are fetching top dollars per square foot. And it's more than location and convenience that's selling and leasing these properties, it's the history and the novelty of living or working in a one-of-a-kind space. These are the types of structures that add character, and most importantly, value to communities.

After years of neglect, Canada Dry is ripe for a similar transformation. Adaptive reuse units would be a hot ticket in this already eclectic corridor of East/West Highway. There is an entire market segment of urban professionals eager to live in industrial-style atmospheres, which are few and far between in the Washington area. This is a great location, we need to encourage people to come to Silver Spring, and just another boring, monolithic apartment building is not going cut it.

Detractors say that properties with historic designations are unappealing to developers. Of course there is more cost involved in restoring and augmenting an old building, but a designation opens up a world of financial opportunities in the form of federal and state historic rehabilitation tax incentives. Because sprawl and gridlock have prompted powerful "smart growth" and "back to the city" movements, there are many large-scale developers that deal primarily in these types of conversions. It is challenging, but they wouldn't be in the business if it weren't cost-effective.

I am pleased with the commitment to the revitalization of downtown Silver Spring. We want development, but not at the expense of our history. Progress and preservation do not have to be at odds. America is often criticized for being a disposable society, and rightly so. Let's move forward without obliterating our past and turning Silver Spring into just another generic, artificial stucco clad suburb. Preserving the Canada Dry building is not a stumbling block to development but rather a building block. Let's set an example for our region and use this landmark property to our advantage.

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2	MARYLAND NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION
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_	: HISTORIC PRESERVATION MASTER PLAN : EVALUATION :
	1201 East-West Highway, : HPC No. M-36/44
6 7	Silver Spring :
	UTGTODIC ADEA WORK DEOMIT
	HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT : HPC No. 35/13-01V 25 Oxford Street, Chevy Chase :
9	: x
10 11	HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT : HPC No. 37/3-01GG 7112 Maple Avenue, Takoma Park :
12	: x
13	HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT : HPC No. 32/5-01A 9904 Colesville Road, Silver Spring:
14	: x
15 16	HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT : HPC No. 35/13-01W 1 East Melrose Street, Chevy Chase :
17	x
18	PRELIMINARY CONSULTATION : MP Site No. 17/02 19501 Darnestown Road, Beallsville :
19	: x
20	PRELIMINARY CONSULTATION : 7000 Poplar Avenue, Takoma Park :
21	
22	ORIGINAL
23 24	A hearing in the above entitled matters was held on
25	Monday, September 24, 2001, commencing at 7:40 p.m., in the

Deposition Services, Inc.

8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland before:

SUSAN VELASQUEZ Committee Chairman

LYNNE WATKINS

STEVEN BRESLIN

NANCY LESSER

JULIA O'MALLEY

DOUGLAS HARBIT

ALSO PRESENT:

ROBIN ZIEK, Staff

MICHELE NARU, Staff

GWEN WRIGHT, Staff

PERRY G. KAPSCH, Staff

APPEARANCES:

JOE DEROSA

RENATA GOULD

BOB DALRYMPLE, ESQ.

YA CHANG

JOE MEYERHOFF

ALAN KURKJIAN

JERRY ELSBURY

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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 MS. VELASQUEZ: Good evening and welcome to the 3 September 24th, 2001, meeting of the Historic Preservation 4 Commission. I am Susan Velasquez, Vice-Chair and I would like our Commissioner and staff to introduce themselves, starting on my left. 7 MS. LESSER: Nancy Lesser, Bethesda. 8 MR. BRESLIN: Steve Breslin, Bethesda. 9 MS. WATKINS: Lynne Watkins, Silver Spring. 10 MS. O'MALLEY: Julia O'Malley, Kensington. 11 Doug Harbit, Takoma Park. MR. HARBIT: 12 MS. WRIGHT: Gwen Wright, Historic Preservation 13 Supervisor. 14 MS. NARU: Michele Naru, Historic Preservation 15 planner. MS. KAPSCH: Perry Gephardt Kapsch, Historic 16 17 Preservation planner. 18 MS. ZIEK: Robin Ziek, Historic Preservation 19 planner. 20 MS. VELASQUEZ: Thank you. The first item on our 21

MS. VELASQUEZ: Thank you. The first item on our agenda is a worksession for the Commission on the Canada Dry Bottling Plant application, number M-36/44. And I just want to remind everybody that this is a worksession for the Commission. No further public testimony will be taken. I do understand that there are some people here who are available

to answer questions, should the Commissioners have a question.

Will you start?

MS. ZIEK: Sure. This proposal is to consider the potential historic designation of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant. It's a Montgomery County, M-36/44, and it is being nominated as a historic site by the Silver Spring Historical Society.

The nomination was received in our office in November of 2000, and the staff held the nomination for many months while the owner of the property and the Silver Spring Historic Society met many times to discuss the implications and discussed their interest and concerns, and then at a certain point staff felt that there was an obligation to go forward with the nomination.

I think that there is a sense that this property has been talked about for many years in terms of its potential historic significance. But this is the first opportunity that anybody in the County has had the formal, undertaking the formal designation process. This is Canada Dry's time in the limelight, as it were, or the beginning, perhaps. We'll see.

Anyway, the basic history of the bottling plant is that it was built in 1946. It was a factor designed by Walter Monroe Cory. He's an architect in New York City. He had, was well known in the field of architecture. He and his brother, Russell Cory had a business of longstanding by 1946. Russell

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Cory had already died. And the building is designed in the art moderne category.

The Cory brothers were known for embracing the international style, and one of the, part of the significance of this is that Canada Dry went to a well known architectural firm nationally known to design a forward-looking building in the most modern style of the day. And that's what they received. That's what they asked for. That's what they received. And that's what the Canada Dry Bottling Plant represents in Silver Spring.

The building is a factory. It's, I talk about it as architecture that is explicit in its sociology with the white color section of the two-story section, which is the office block, and it is wonderfully dramatic entrance piece, the lobby; and the blue collar area, which is the factory portion of the factory.

The other thing that is interesting about this is the building is designed essentially as a skin building, an exterior. It is designed to have a presence on the street, which it does have, but the interior spaces are designed to be complete flexible. And the only truly designed interior space is the lobby, and everything else could be whatever would serve the moment, the purposes of the moment.

I have some slides. I would like to walk us through the site a little bit. It's actually very interesting going

through the building today. It looks like we are very grateful to AT&T for facilitating an on-site tour of the building. They opened up the building. They welcomed us in. They let the community planners, HPC staff, and community representatives to talk through the building and get a good sense of what it is inside and the exterior. And basically, Canada Dry closed up shop and left, left it looking like you will see it.

This is a corner office off of the factory portion.

This is the famous Canada Dry heading, the neon signs. There are two of them. One faces the intersection of Blair Mill and East-West Highway. This is the name that stands as an icon.

And also there is a duplicate Canada Dry in these huge letters that faces the railroad tracks. So no matter how you were passing through Silver Spring in this part of town, you would see Canada Dry. It would just really flash in your face.

And this is a view stepping back. The factory portion is to your left and the two-story office block is at the corner there. The parking lot is deep between East-West Highway and the building facade today, reflecting the need at that point, where the trucks could just drive in, park at the loading dock, and them pull out again.

The area here in the master plan for Silver Spring there, is a desire to have street-facing retail in this area, rather than, this is sort of future development. There's been

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a lot of discussion of what could happen here. And I'll address that in my comments about my recommendation, staff recommendation for the Commission.

This is the loading dock facing East-West Highway; another loading area or -- this is the entrance directly into the factor portion, so I think trucks could probably back right into the building. This is, pilferage of any form will result in immediate dismissal. It's on the entry door, that you just saw through the garage entry that also had a little door.

And this is a view of the office block that partially extends over the factory area, so you see the one-story/two-story relationship, as the buildings, in a sense, those portions of the buildings intertwine, and you see the strip windows which were a notable feature of the art moderne style.

A new development beyond. This is another view, looking at the same area, the relationship between the onestory factory, which is, you are seeing the roof of, and then the two-story office block.

This is inside the factory portion, and you can see large beams to support the floors above. It is a totally open floor plan. It's got some really interesting features that were very specific. I think this is a very big refrigerator or big, very big beautiful doors. They are solid wood.

And this is another view of that with the walkway. You can see the door that's open there leads into the office block, and there is this relationship and hierarchy established between the office block and the supervisors and the work floor of the factory below.

And this is a view standing in the two-story office block looking across that walkway. It's this straight shot, and there are some other storage rooms, including the room where you saw that first sign of the Canada Dry advertisement on the other side of the walkway.

This is a view of the corner, showing the way the strip windows come together. This is a view of the little hallway where it is one of the corners, one of the curving corners on the exterior, which always looks like a very significant space, but on the interior I think it is interesting that more likely than not they've squared out their offices and let this be the special space.

I just wanted to see you some of the details of the work. The brickwork changes. There is a, you can see to the left where there is this running bond, brick pattern. And then it's a staff brick. And then they actually move to more like a tile. And then you move into the glass block, so that in terms of the details, even though it is all the same color, and your eye would blend everything together, when you look closely, this building is filled with architectural details

1 || showing the thought that went into it.

This is the glass block wall standing inside the lobby. It is a very difficult space to photograph. It's a compressed space, and all of the directions are, it is an upward directional space.

This is the staircase that is in that lobby. You can see it is cantilevered. Another view of that. The door under there goes into the factory portion. This is after you've come up the stairs, you are up in the office portion of the building, lighted by this. It is almost glaring, but it is also muted at the same time. The glass block filters the light.

And here is just a view of another detail. I think where people look at this and say it is a very simple factory building, I think the architect was exuberant in the details where he could be, and it shows again and again.

Here is another detail at the entrance. This is concrete, but it is formed, ad it is active. This is an interior lamp, art moderne. It is really beautiful. And a lamp that's hanging in the factory, I took this from the bridge.

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is vacant now. It is no longer in operation. Canada Dry doesn't own it. They left the letters, they left the sign. We're happy about that. We had thought that another property owner could come in and

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value that and be such and such a shop at the Canada Dry building, and in that way celebrate the history of Silver Spring's past, as well as continue developing a present and a future in Silver Spring.

Canada Dry today is over 50 years old, and this is a fair and reasonable test of its significance. When the first discussions were taking place about Canada Dry, Canada Dry was 30 years old. That's much too young, unless it is basically the work of somebody the caliber of Frank Lloyd Wright, whose buildings, perhaps the next day, would have had landmark status.

30 years is too young a time to stand the test of time and to be able to evaluate where it sits and fits in. We believe, now, Canada Dry is old enough, and that there is a sense of its place in history.

The staff feels that the Silver Spring Historical Society has provided an in depth nomination form for this as a master plan site. We always think of research as, this is a beginning, not an end, but there is, they've provided information to put it in a context of a national history in terms of the art moderne style. And also, in terms of the Silver Spring history, in recognition of this area by the railroad tracks being one of the few industrial areas in Montgomery County.

I think that Andrea Rebeck's research in 1987

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pointed out that there were covenants in Montgomery County protecting most of the, many of the residential areas against encouragement by industry or commercial uses. It was seen very much as a way to upgrade your development by including all of these covenants. And that's a whole other area of research that I hope somebody will really go into depth sometime.

But it is clear that in terms of industry, the areas, there were very few restricted areas in Montgomery County. This is one of them. It is by the railroad tracks. In that time period people would say, who would want to live there. I think maybe times have changed, but the Canada Dry building represents a mind set, and a place in time, and a philosophy of a certain period.

And for all of those reasons, staff would recommend that the Commission support its designation as a historic site in the County. I have suggested that you would include some language in a recommendation recommending this as a master plan site, that you would include language that would go to the County Council, go to Planning Board first, of course, and then to the County Council, that new development is anticipated at this site, and we don't know what form that will take. And that at the point where a development proposal comes forward, you would like to work with that developer to work out a suitable environmental setting.

There have been various proposals that range from, range from having a new development incorporate some of the architectural ideas that exist at the site now, through maintaining just a portion of the building, perhaps just the office block, to maintaining the whole building and incorporating it, somehow, into a new development.

I think that this is not too early to have these thoughts in your mind, but this site is no different than many of the other large property sites, historic sites that you all have considered, and which have been designated. 300-acre farms, for example, which have been designed in its entirety, which have been reduced to an appropriate historic setting at the time when a developer came through. We've seen sites reduced rather to a large degree of 300 to 25 acres, for example.

It's possible. You've done it many times. You have a track record of supporting growth and development and change in Montgomery County. But I think that we all have the goals of preservation, preservation of our past and preservation of what that has meant to us, and how these buildings, which are really wonderful, can continue to play a role in the County.

And so as staff we recommend that you support the designation of the entire parcel as a historic site, with some language that recognizes the development potential here. I'll be happy to answer any questions that you may have. Also,

this is the worksession where you all get to discuss all these ideas and formulate a recommendation.

MS. VELASQUEZ: Thank you, Robin. I want to thank you for an absolutely wonderful report. It is very extensive work. Commissioners?

MS. LESSER: Robin, I have a question. The recommendation doesn't specifically address whether the sign or signs, because there are two, would be considered so integral a part of the historic structure, that they would receive protection. What is your position on that?

MS. ZIEK: Well, I think that I would like to see the signs, I recommend that the signs be retained. I think that a business could embrace that as, you know, we are the great restaurant, blah, blah, blah, at the Canada Dry building.

We did hear some concerns when we discussed this with AT&T. I would expect that different property owners would take a different point of view. But we think it could work. And you might want to include some encouraging language, or whatever stand you want to say. But staff, we think it could work. It's Canada Dry name is part of the icon.

I will say that the sister building that the Historical Society found, didn't keep the name. We were assuming that it was there, because these buildings are twins.

So that was a decision that somebody else made. And I think that it is a question, but certainly that's something that you could feel free to address.

MS. LESSER: Do you feel that it would, if the Commission chose to retain the signs, do you feel it would be necessary in the designation to so specify?

MS. ZIEK: Yes, definitely. Designations have a long history. They are supposed to go on in perpetuity. And everybody always refers back to the original amendment, which this would eventually be amended to the master plan. And we all would keep then on file. We refer back to them. They give everybody guidance and direction. So as specific as you, things that you feel are very important, should be mentioned.

MS. WRIGHT: And just to add, I mean, that would act as direction for future Commissions who might be reviewing an application to remove the sign. It's not to say that a future applicant couldn't apply to remove the sign. But if you include language saying that the signs are an important part, an important part of the historicity of this site, and should be retained, if that language is in the amendment, it certainly gives future Commissions direction.

MS. LESSER: I have another question. In our last discussion of the site, there was, there were some slides and testimony, I believe, on the part of the attorney for the contract purchaser that because part of the building had been

altered to allow for the enlargement of the tracks on the railroad site, that that somehow constituted an alteration so severe as to remove its eligibility. I take it you've considered those arguments?

MS. ZIEK: Yes, we have. Actually, we had an informal consultation with the state, the National Register administrator at the state level who would be making a recommendation, if this ever were to come to the National Register.

And his opinion is that it was a small enough portion, it's at the back of the building, that the building does, at this point, retains sufficient integrity to understand it is in its entirety. You can understand the sense, the philosophy, the design of the building. So it is our sense that this would clearly merit, well, National Register nomination and County designation.

MS. LESSER: Thank you.

MR. BRESLIN: Robin, you didn't get any pictures of the terrazzo flooring with the bubbles.

MS. ZIEK: I know that I tried to, and I looked through my slides. I remember taking a picture. But when I look through my slides, nothing looked very good. So I didn't show you. I could show you something that I think is that. You know, interior photography is a little hard, and I'm standing high at the top of the stairs looking down. But the

16 1 terrazzo is still there and the circles are in the floor. 2 MS. WATKINS: I have no questions. 3 MS. VELASQUEZ: Are there any other questions of staff, or any questions of any of the applicants or anyone 4 5 else? Would we like to formulate a recommendation? recommending to the Planning Commission at this point. 6 MS. ZIEK: It's the Planning Board. Yes. MS. LESSER: I'll start the ball rolling. 8 9 MS. VELASQUEZ: Okay. I strongly support the application. 10 MS. LESSER: 11 First, I want to thank the Silver Spring Historical Society 12 and commend them for an outstanding job of research. 13 historical information, the supporting letters were extraordinarily well done and helpful. And I thank the 14 15 Society. Secondly, this is an absolutely marvelous site. 16 17 reminds us that there was a time when people cared about all 18 kind of spaces, not just big houses, but lowly, quote-unquote, 19 lowly spaces, industrial plants. And I think for no other reason it should serve as a reminder that we can do better 20 21 than we are doing today. But in terms of its eligibility, I think it more 22 than meets the criteria on a number of different criteria. 23

And I would very strongly support the application as a master

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plan site.

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1	MR. HARBIT: Do you need a formal resolution?
2	MS. ZIEK: We need a vote.
3	MS. WRIGHT: Yes.
4	MS. VELASQUEZ: Okay. Can you translate that to a
5	motion?
6	MS. LESSER: Sure, but does anyone else have any
7	comments before I begin?
8	MR. HARBIT: I would encourage you to add the
9	signage in the resolution.
10	MS. LESSER: Yes, I was planning to, and that's why
11	I asked Robin about that.
12	MS. O'MALLEY: And I just wanted to comment that I
13	was grateful that AT&T was so helpful in allowing you to come
14	in and tour it, and that they hadn't made any drastic changes
15	during the time they owned it.
16	MS. LESSER: Well, if that's the case, Madam
17	Chairperson, I would move that the Historic Preservation
18	Commission recommend the Canada Dry Bottling Plant number
19	36/44 for designation as an individual master plan site under
20.	criteria 1(a), 1(d), 2(a), 2(b), 2(c), and 2(e).
21	I would include in that motion language that the
22	Commission hopes and expects that there will be new
23	development at the site, and therefore, the Commission may, in
24	the future, choose to reduce the environmental setting, but at
25	this point is recommending that the entire site be designated.

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	And an additional recommendation is that the two signs, the
	two Canada Dry signs be specifically called out as part of the
	historic structure, and therefore protected under our Historic
	Preservation Ordinance.
	MS. WATKINS: I'll second.
	MS. VELASQUEZ: Okay. All in favor, please raise
	your right hand? All opposed? The motion passes unanimously.
	Thank you.
	MS. LESSER: Thank you very much.
	MS. VELASQUEZ: Okay. The next thing on the agenda,
	the historic area work permits. Have these been duly
	advertise?
	MS. WRIGHT: These were advertised in the Montgomery
	Journal of September the 10th, 2001.
	MS. VELASQUEZ: Is there anyone here to speak in
	opposition to case B or case E?
	MR. HARBIT: Madam Chairperson, I would like to move
	that the staff reports be approved for HPC case number
	37/3-01GG at 7112 Maple Avenue in Takoma Park, and for case
	number 35/13-01W at 1 East Melrose Street, Chevy Chase.
	MS. O'MALLEY: I second.
	MS. VELASQUEZ: Okay. All those in favor, please
	raise your right hand. The motion passes unanimously. The
	next case is case number 32/5-01A in the polychrome houses

historic district for a home located at 9904 Colesville Road,

RESPONSES TO PLANNING BOARD PUBLIC HEARING TESTIMONY CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT (#36/44)

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Scott Reilly County Executive	Don't designate, but preserve some significant architectural features	Difficult to require without designation. Planning Board does not typically review architecture so much as footprint in context of site plan.
Steven Spurlock, Chair Historic Preservation Commission	Support designation. Project meets Criteria for designation, and HPC supports redevelopment of the site.	HPC routinely reviews and approves new development in the context of historic sites. Will work with the Planning Board to develop language to pinpoint area of historic concern on the site.
Stacy Silber, attorney for AT&T	Site is not historically significant; inconsistent with previous Council and Planning Board decisions; would harm Silver Spring revitalization efforts; would subrogate the Planning Board to the HPC.	Architectural historians and architects of national prominence, as well as Art Deco Associations in New York and Washington all agree that the site is historically significant. No documentation has been presented by AT&T to support their dismissal of the input from these many prominent professionals. The architects of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant were both engineers, with a national reputation for modern industrial design.
		Canada Dry was restricted in their choice of industrial sites because Montgomery County did not offer many choices. They chose to be part of the Silver Spring market, in the industrial section of Silver Spring. This was an important element of Montgomery County's development, with manufacturing close to the new residential areas, for jobs and sales. The choice of Art Deco design was an important statement in 1946, when the other style option was Classical Revival.
		Historic preservation is not about keeping everything. The designation of this site would not be a literal dedication of the property to always be a bottling plant. Zoning law takes precedence, and countless historic sites have been successfully adapted to a new use, thereby preserving an artifact of the past while promoting redevelopment for a new use at the site.
		The HPC and the Planning Board work together in the county on planning and development when historic sites are involved. Neither public body is independent of the other, as outlined in Chapter 24A of the County Code.

(Silber cont)		
(Silber, cont.)		
		Historic designation has nothing to do with the
		fact that this property has not been already re-
•	•	developed over the years, and may actually be
	·	a useful financial tool for redevelopment.
	·	An amendment to the Master Plan for Historic
		Preservation may parallel the approval steps of
		a new Master Plan, but this is not required.
		The recent Silver Spring Sector Plan was
		developed on a fast track, and only those sites
		already noted on the <i>Master Plan</i> or
		Locational Atlas were included, due to the
		rapid schedule, and historic preservation
		staffing schedule. The comprehensive survey
1	•	of all sites in the Silver Spring CBD funded as
		compensation from the County for the
		demolition of the Armory Master Plan
		[parking lot] site is anticipated in the near
		future, but has not been yet begun.
Gateway	Property has no significant	The site meets the criteria for designation.
Coalition (Dan	historical role.	HPC supports redevelopment of the site,
Meijer)	mstorrear rote.	incorporating all or part of the historic
(Vicijei)		resource into the new development.
		<u> </u>
Ray	Designation jeopardizes future	The site has not been re-developed in the past
Timmermann	economic development of	few years due to economic factors totally
	south Silver Spring.	independent of HP issues. The HPC supports
		redevelopment of the site, incorporating all or
		part of the historic resource into the new
		development.
	•	
Silver Spring	Poses an opposition between	There is no opposition between historic
Citizens	historic designation and	designation and economic revitalization. The
Advisory Board,	economic revitalization.	HPC supports redevelopment of the site,
Elnora Harvey		incorporating all or part of the historic
		resource into the new development. Historic
		designation affects the exterior only, and has
		no oversight on interior alterations.
		no oversight on interior attendions.
Silver Spring	Designate two-story section of	The HPC supports redevelopment of the site,
Historical	the building.	incorporating all or part of the historic
1	the building.	
Society, Mary Reardon		resource into the new development. There is
L K Pardon		
[Caldon		no project plan currently under consideration
Marcie Stickle	Designate	for HPC comment.

Art Deco Society	Designate	
of Washington		
Wayne Goldstein	Designate	
Montgomery	Designate two-story section of	The HPC supports redevelopment of the site,
County Civic	building	incorporating all or part of the historic
Federation		resource into the new development.
Historic Takoma	Designate	
Allied Civic	Designate	
Group		
Preservation	Designate	•
Maryland		
George French	Designate	
Nancy Urban	Designate	
Judy Reardon	Designate	
Carolyn Weber	Designate	
National Trust	Designate	
for Historic		
Preservation,		
Robert Nieweg		
Richard Rosen	Designate and develop the site	Illustrates one scenario for re-development, to
		be used to attract a developer.

C. Robert Dalrymple

Oppose designation. Statements that site meets the Criteria for designation are fabricated. Sites meets Criteria 1(a): Exemplifies the expansive mid-20th Century development of Montgomery County, with Silver Spring as the commercial center. The area of South Silver Spring was zoned for industrial development to complement the residential and commercial growth of the premier suburb of Washington at the time.

Site meets Criteria 1(d): Exemplifies the growth of full-service suburbs. After the close of WWII, suburban growth was supported with government planning (zoning), and with government financial support (subsidized roads, transit, low-cost housing). South Silver Spring was the only part of town zoned for industrial development. This relates to a long-standing practice in the county, pre-dating zoning – where developers included proscriptive language in their deeds against certain activities and populations.

Site meets Criteria 2(a): Exemplifies industrial building type, which was highly celebrated in the early 20th century. The factory buildings were seen as examples of progressive thinking and the architectural styles were chosen to illustrate that sociological position. The Art Deco and Art Moderne styles stood in opposition to the concurrent style of choice – the Classical Revival style – as a style which looked to the future rather than to the past.

Site meets Criteria 2(b): Walter Cory Monroe was made a full partner in a firm established by his older brother after his apprenticeship period was finished. Both brothers were trained engineers, not atypical in the early part of the century. They were known as designers of factory buildings, and nationally recognized for their contributions for innovative building design and technology. Their work was included in the defining show on modern architecture developed by the Museum of Modern Art in New York.

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(Dalrymple,		
cont.)		Site meets Criteria 2(c): The building uses materials and methods of construction to illustrate the forward thinking of the Canada Dry company. This includes the use of glass block as a curtain wall, and strip windows which also highlight the non-structural qualities of the exterior walls. The curving lines, and large neon signs are integral elements of the Art Deco style, associated with speed, new development, and progress.
		Site meets Criteria 2(e): The building and the Canada Dry signs are prominent features from the railroad tracks and from East-West Highway, and mark this entry into Silver Spring. Highly notable features include the curving corners, the glass block curtain wall, and the neon signs. Visibility from the railroad tracks was as important as visibility from the public roads.
Michael Virts	Designate site.	
Richard Wagner	Designate site.	
Jack Carson	Designate site.	
Art Deco Society	Designate site.	
of New York,		
Kathryn		
Hausman		
Nina Patel	Designate site.	
Bruce Lee	Opposed designation as a barrier to redevelopment.	The HPC supports redevelopment of the site, incorporating all or part of the historic resource into the new development.
Richard Longstreth, George Washington University	Designate site.	"A work of great distinction for its type and period within the local context and also for the State of Maryland."
Barry Soorenko	Opposed designation as a barrier to redevelopment	The HPC supports redevelopment of the site, incorporating all or part of the historic resource into the new development.



OFFICE OF THE COUNTY EXECUTIVE ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20850

Douglas M. Duncan County Executive

August 31, 2000

Mrs. Laura French 13383 Renshaw Road Princess Anne, Maryland 21853-3505

Dear Mrs. French:

Thank you for your recent letter. Your concern for downtown Silver Spring and, specifically, the future of the Canada Dry Building is appreciated. Our redevelopment effort strives to preserve the benefits of our past while setting the stage for our future.

The appearance of the Canada Dry Building is valued in the surrounding community, and I am pleased to inform you that the new owner, AT&T, has already been advised that the original building should be preserved.

Meanwhile, a new downtown Silver Spring has begun to emerge. Strosniders Hardware is open and the Fresh Fields grocery will soon arrive. Construction of the redevelopment project's retail and entertainment core is about to begin. In addition, a transformation of the area around the Canada Dry property has been spurred by Discovery Communications, which has renovated the vacant Caldor department store, across East-West Highway from the Canada Dry building, as high technology office space. Discovery will build a world headquarters in the center of downtown Silver Spring and recently announced a project for more high tech office space near the Canada Dry site.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts. I hope you will continue to support the revitalization of downtown Silver Spring.

Sincerely,

Douglas M. Duncan

County Executive

DMD:vl

HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

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A hearing in the above-entitled matter was held on Wednesday, August 15, 2001, commencing at 7:45 p.m., in the Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium at the Montgomery County Department of Park & Planning at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, before:

STEVEN L. SPURLOCK Board Chairman

KIMBERLY PROTHRO WILLIAMS
JULIA O'MALLEY
LYNNE B. WATKINS
STEVEN BRESLIN
NANCY LESSER
MARILYN BOYD DEREGGI
Board Members

ROBIN ZIEK PERRY KAPSCH MICHELE NARU GWEN WRIGHT Staff



Deposition Services, Inc.

GERRY MCCOY
MARY REARDON
ROBERT HARRIS
ROBERT ERICKSON
ROBERT METZ
WAYNE GOLDSTEIN
JUDY REARDON
MARIA HOEY
MARCIE STICKLE
GEORGE FRENCH
NICOLA HAIN
MAUREEN THOMPSON

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We'll next hear the contract purchaser who will have five minutes and then anyone else who's signed up will have three minutes or the normal amount, perhaps it's more if you have an official presentation. Please try to keep it to the time allocations. We have a lot of people who want to speak and we do have a very full agenda this evening.

So, with that said, would the nominating group please step forward, proceed. That will be Gerry McCoy and Mary Reardon.

MR. McCOY: Good evening. We have a power point presentation. And I understand someone at the control panel. Okay. Good evening ladies and gentlemen and of the Commission, for the record my name is Gerry A. McCoy. I am the President and founder of the Silver Spring Historical Society and also a resident of Silver Spring. To my right is Silver Spring resident, Mary Reardon, Chair of the Society's Preservation Committee. We've prepared a brief presentation in which I will have rather significant highlights of Silver Spring's Canada Dry Bottling Plant, and it's architect, Walter Monroe Cory. Mary will conclude with additional remarks.

The pending sale of Silver Spring's historic 1946
Canada Dry Bottling Plant has once again placed the Silver
Spring community as well as Montgomery County at the
crossroads of balancing historic preservation with new

PROCEEDINGS

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MR. SPURLOCK: Good evening and welcome to the		
August 15th meeting of the Historic Preservation Commission		
My name is Steven Spurlock and I'm your Chair person. And,		
I'd like to have our Commissioners and staff introduce		
themselves starting to my left.		
MS. WATKINS: Lynne Watkins, Silver Spring.		
MR. BRESLIN: Steve Breslin, Bethesda.		

MS. LESSER: Nancy Lesser, Bethesda.

MS. WILLIAMS: Kim Williams, Chevy Chase.

MS. O'MALLEY: Julia O'Malley, Kensington.

MS. WRIGHT: Gwen Wright, Historic Preservation Coordinator.

MS. ZIEK: Robin Ziek, Historic Preservation Planner.

MS. NARU: Michele Naru, Historic Preservation Planner.

MR. SPURLOCK: The first item on our agenda this evening is a Historic Preservation Master Plan evaluation. If there's anyone who wishes to speak, our speaker forms are at the rear. Please fill one of those out. We're going to deviate slightly from our normal time allocations for this evening. We're going to hear the nominating group first. They will have 15 minutes. Then we're going to hear the owners, friends, the builders, they'll have 15 minutes.

This evening we have the opportunity to start development. the process of placing this architecturally significant structure on Montgomery County's locational atlas and index of historic sites and master plan for historic preservation. Next. Located at 1201 East-West Highway, Canada Dry is the finest example of industrial streamline modern architecture in Montgomery County and perhaps in all of Maryland. Designed by New York City architect Walter Monroe Cory, Cory was nationally renowned for his specialty in his design of industrial buildings. Next.

The Ridgely partnered in the 1920s with his brother, Russell, the firm's motto was factories can be beautiful. Some of the firm's major accomplishments, diverse bulletin point, back up, please. Oh, you're not going to deal with the backup. Okay. Well, I'll just read what was on the previous slide. Some of the Cory brothers major accomplishments among the handful of American architects, they were among a handful of American architects invited to participate in the seminole modern architecture international exhibition which was held in New York in 1932, curated by Henry Russell Hitchcock and Philip Johnson. Among the architects that were invited to that exhibition was no other than Frank Wade Watt. Walter Monroe Cory's work, according to architect and architectural historian Robert A. M. Stearn is now "firmly established as an important part of 20th

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Century Architecture in America." And the Corys still influence architecture today.

The Condo building located in Manhattan at 68th Street and Broadway is obviously derivative of the 1931 Starrett Lehigh High Building. And that can be found in the ARAR Architectural Guide book to New York City. Next please.

Here is a photograph today of Cory's 1931 Starett Lee High Building in Manhattan. This building's been described as the skyscraper laying on its side. It takes up an entire city block in the Chelsea District. It is a 19story combination factory warehouse which features nine miles of rivet windows with elevators large enough to transport trucks to each floor. Next.

The Starett Lehigh Building was declared a landmark by the New York Landmark's Preservation Commission in 1988. And said architect Stearn from aesthetic point of view it came as close to any American building at its time to the stylistic tenets of the European based international style. Next.

Today the Starrett Lehigh Building is in the center of newly trendy Chelsea District. The October 2nd, 2000 issue of the New Yorker called it the Brill Building "de nos jours" which means it's comparing the Starrett Lehigh Building to the Brill Building which was the, at the center in the late '50s and early '60s of doo woop and rock and

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And today the Starrett Lehigh Building is occupied by fashion designers, film and photo studios, art galleries, dot.coms, at least those that haven't gone out of business yet. And even Martha Stewart is placing her corporate headquarters in the building. And if Martha is there then you know this Cory design building has to be a good thing. just had to throw that in.

And, next slide, please. And according to Stearn again, the Starrett Lehigh has one of the powerful demonstrations of the horizontal continuities which reinforce concrete, column and slab construction made possible. Continuities the proponents of the international style deemed virtually indispensable to modern aesthetics.

Two other buildings that the Cory brothers designed are located in New Brunswick, New Jersey. They were designed in 1941 for the Johnson and Johnson Company. Design for Johnson and Johnson was the ligature laboratory which the 1941 issue of Architectural Form described as probably the most modern mine mental defense plan to the United States. And also the Corys designed for Johnson and Johnson the Industrial Tate Building which is noted in March and Price Depression Modern 30 style In America. And the next slide shows an image of the Industrial Tate Building.

And you can see all of these images very stylistic similarities between Canada Dry. And in the last building

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PENGAD • 1-800-631-6989 FORM FED that the Corys designed was the Cashman Laundry Plant located in the Bronx in 1932. And according to Stearn it revealed the impact of a self conscious modernism on a building time whose aesthetics normally would have been less highly keyed. And its tense lever construction permitted uninterrupted ribbon windows and abundant light in the area was placed by Lewis Mumford, the architecture critic of the New York. still makes a strike as the little brother to the Starrett Lehigh Building. Next please.

And I like to think the Canada Dry maybe as the country cousin. It has a less restrained beauty about it, but it still has common design features that were evident in all the other previous buildings. Per linear, use of brick work, aluminum, glass brick, ribbon windows. The interior of the lobby is quite beautiful and if you have an opportunity go over there and visit it. I would highly suggest you do so. It features a Candelabra staircase with aluminum banister, a trestle floor that has a bubble motif designed into the overall pattern, with a cathedral light two-story curve brick glass wall that adds a very beautiful ethereal glow to the inside of the lobby. Next, please.

And we were very excited to discover that there is a virtual twin of this building that's located in Portland, It's now called the Davis Business Center and it's Oregon. been in operation since 1981. And the building was totally

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rehabbed and today invites office space and warehouse and storage space with an extensive line of administrative services that the Davis Corporation provides to the tenants in the building. Next.

In 1971 part of the rear facing of the building was removed when Metro construction came through. And the arrow shows the I will call it the raw center block wall that was exposed when they basically sliced off the rear portion when they doubled it with the railroad tracks. Next, please.

Here's a view of Canada Dry from East-West Highway. Canada Dry represents Silver Spring Post World War II industrial and commercial growth. Its neighbor across the tracks, the Baltimore and Ohio train station opened earlier that year and it was a completely modern facility which replaced the original 1878 station. The following year, 1947, Hecht's opened its first suburban department store on Fenton Street which was architecturally akin to the Canada Dry Building with the curvature main entrance that they designed for that building.

Now and with a few testimonials that we have obtained various individuals on Canada Dry. Richard Longster, Associate Professor of Architectural History at George Washington University described Canada Dry as a perfect example of streamline design put to industrial use. Without question the best example of its kind in the country

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and certainly one of the best in the Greater Washington area.

Richard Guy Wilson a Commonwealth professor and chair of the Department of Architectural History at the University of Virginia described Canada Dry's excellent example of commercial architecture of the post depression era, well designed and evocative. The architect Walter Monroe Cory has a reputation as an important designer of industrial buildings. This is an important building that played an important role in the industrial, commercial history of the Washington-Maryland area. Next, please.

And then ending with Mr. Stearn again. Canada Dry is an aesthetically important building and a fine example of the streamline modern style. A productivity American hybrid that combined the solidity of traditional classical monumentality with a symbolic technical morphology of European modernism of the '20s and '30s. You can tell he's a teacher.

And then I'd like to end with this quote here by

John Sawhill of the Nature Conservancy. In the end our

society will be defined not only by what we create but by

what we refuse to destroy. With restoration and adaptive

reuse Canada Dry will be a magnificent centerpiece for south

Silver Spring's industrial and commercial corridor. Thank

you.

MS. REARDON: I'd just like to underscore a few things that Gerry said. We're very fortunate to have in Montgomery County and Silver Spring a building that some of the country's leading architectural historians consider so significant architecturally that they agreed to write statements endorsing preservation. There are testimonials in favor of preserving the Canada Dry building are appended to the nomination papers you had.

They were not paid consultants fees to do this.

They simply recognize the merits of the building when they studied photos and were all familiar with the work or architect Walter Monroe Cory. One of these is Robert A. M.

Stearn whose name is known even outside professional circles. He was recently a commentator on Rick Burns PBS series on the history of New York City. Earlier he hosted a PBS series on architecture. A prolific author, he has written a series of meticulously researched volumes covering 100 years in the history of New York and its architecture, a series that has drawn high praise. Based in New York City, Stearn is a prominent architect in his own right.

Richard Guy Wilson also endorsed preserving the Canada Dry Building. He is the Architectural History Chair of the University of Virginia School of Architecture. Among his numerous works is the highly praised Machine Age in America published to a company in major 1986 exhibit on Art

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and Architecture held at the Brooklyn Museum. He was also curator of that exhibit. The book will be reissued this wall. Richard Guy Wilson has served as advisor and commentator for programs on PBS and the History Channel. saw the Canada Dry Building recently when visiting the area and he communicated with Silver Spring Preservation in the past week and said he wishes them well in their efforts to have the building designated.

Richard Longster is professor of American Civilization at George Washington University and Director of their Graduate Program in Historic Preservation. He was recent past president of the Society of Architectural Historians and is nationally known among preservationists. Professor Longster in particular is familiar with the Canada Dry Building because he lives in the area. He is published widely and is recognized as an expert in the design and influence of commercial buildings. City center to regional ball, architecture of the automobile and retailing in Los Angeles is the title of one of the books he has written on that topic.

Our Canada Dry Building is the work of an architect whose buildings in other locations have been preserved and celebrated. There are citations to Walter Monroe Cory's work in a number of books on architectural history. Also, popular magazines such as Gourmet, the New Yorker and New York

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Magazine have featured Cory's landmark status Starrett Lehigh Building. I have a few of these with me tonight. New York Magazine, this is about two years ago. I have several pictures. I'll pass this around, but several pictures of the Starrett Lehigh Building and a major article on the Chelsea District. And the New Yorker in October, Gerry mentioned this article, actually did a drawing of the Starrett Lehigh Building and talked about how stylish the building is.

This building is the ground rule of the trendy
Chelsea District in Manhattan. A number of Cory buildings
are also in architectural guides to the New York area
including the AIA guide. Silver Spring preservationists have
considerable support in the immediate and surrounding
community for placing the Canada Dry Building on the master
plan. Among the civic and preservation organizations
expressing support are the Art Deco Society of Washington,
Montgomery Preservation, Inc., Preservation Maryland, Allied
Civic Group, Montgomery County Civic Federation and Woodside
Park Civic Association.

In the 1980s when the fate of many downtown Silver Spring buildings was debated, the Canada Dry Bottling Plant was overlooked for historic designation. Most of the efforts and research focused at the time on the downtown core where the Silver Theater and other buildings were threatened with replacement by high rises. It was hardly more than a

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paragraph of information available then to the HPC staff on the Canada Dry Building and its architect. That situation has improved considerably as a result of the in-depth research conducted by the Silver Spring Historical Society. I believe the nomination document before you presents a strong case for placing the building on the master plan for historic preservation.

We believe that the entire building including the signs, the neon signs is worthy of historic designation. First, all of it is part of the original structure. Second, the identity of the building and its place in Silver Spring history is its function as a bottling plant. Without the plant section of the building as well as a two story office section this identity would be somewhat muted. Third, Gerry mentioned the twin Canada Dry Building in Portland which has been preserved in its entirety and successfully reused.

We realize, however, that the property is large, three acres in large. We want to be flexible and we want to work with the new owners in arriving at a plan that incorporates preservation while successfully redeveloping the site with a stylish result that will be beneficial to the entire community. Thank you.

MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you very much. Would the owners like to step forward, Bob Harris.

MR. HARRIS: Good evening. I'm Bob Harris of

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Holland and Knight. With me tonight is Bob Erickson of AT&T. We're going to share the time. Bob will speak first.

MR. ERICKSON: Good evening. For the record my name is Robert Erickson. I'm a real estate asset manager for AT&T and I handle projects throughout the country.

I've come here from our corporate offices in New
Jersey to discuss with you how important it is for AT&T that
you do not recommend that 1201 East-West Highway be added to
the locational atlas or to the master plan for historic
preservation. AT&T purchased the property in December of
1999 to build a central office, provide telephone service for
Silver Spring. At the time of the purchase there was no
indication that this property had any historic significance
and every indication that full development was permitted. In
fact, as Bob Harris will discuss, the County had made a
determination of no historic significance on many occasions
over the years, including shortly before AT&T's purchase.

Accordingly, our purchase and our development plans did not contemplate preservation of the building. Due to changes in AT&T's corporate business plan, however, we decided that we could not use the property to serve AT&T's needs and decided to sell it. As we informed your staff and the historical society, a potential purchaser has recently signed a contract to buy the site for development. As I am sure the contract purchaser's representatives will discuss,

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like AT&T, the purchaser is very concerned about the request before you tonight. We are particularly concerned about the timing of this review because we purchased the site, because we purchased the site after historic designation had been rejected and because we now have a contract to sell the property on that basis.

We ask that you reject this request as has been done when considered previously. And that you do so promptly so that we can complete the sale. On behalf of AT&T we appreciate your consideration of our request.

MR. HARRIS: Good evening, Bob Harris of Holland and Knight. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. We've been discussing this property with your staff and with the parties requesting preservation for several months. And I appreciate the businesslike manner in which those discussions have been held. Having since researched their repeated efforts to have this property designated historic, I also have to say that I admire their perseverance in the face of a number of rejections. Nevertheless, we do respectfully disagree with their request and with the allegations on which it's based.

Due to the limited time we've had filing the hearing notice within which to prepare for the hearing, even though we knew there was a request out there, and the limited time we have to speak tonight, we can only summarize our

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opposition. We reserve the right to present additional information if and when this goes to the Planning Board.

We want to make three major points. First, the major recommendation, the many recommendations and approvals for redevelopment of this property with no historic preservation requirement should not be reversed. Redevelopment of this property including demolition of the subject building has been evaluated by Montgomery County in various ways at least 15 times since 1975. While these reviews have sometimes differed in scope or purpose, preservation of the Canada Dry Building has never been required by any of them. Demolition and redevelopment have always been called for. The property owner has a right to rely upon those determinations and not be subjected to continued preservation requests contrary to their development objectives and the County's plans for redevelopment of the property. At the risk of sounding like a broken record, let me recite for you the long history.

Number one, July '75 sector plan called for multifamily redevelopment of this property indicating that the central location of the Canada Dry Building would tend to discourage the type of redevelopment sought by the plan, thereby contemplating its demolition.

Second, the 1976 locational atlas. While hundreds of properties throughout the county including others in this

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immediate area were identified as potentially significant, this property was not included in the list and has not been Three, in 1984 historic master plan, the HPC there added. voted unanimously that the building should not be recommended for placement on the master plan "as it met none of the criteria of the Ordinance." And that was on a motion of Commissioner McGaukien after commenting that the building did not stand on its own merits given its location and lack of context.

Number four, the January '86 amendment to the historic master plan. The County amended the master plan designating four Silver Spring sites for preservation. Canada Dry was not among them. Five, the 1987 sector plan. The County reviewed the Silver Spring Sector Plan, amending it to provide for additional redevelopment opportunities after giving "particular attention to the issue of historic preservation." Unlike other sites, however, recommendations were not made to preserve Canada Dry.

Number six, the '89 sector plan studies. County undertook a complete study of Silver Spring again. The plan confirmed five historic sites, identified a new historic district in the core and also recommended adding the Silver Spring Garden Apartments and evaluating the Silver Spring Fire Station. The Canada Dry Building was not recommended.

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Seven, the 1990 Sector Plan Amendment. The Plan replaced the County's plan from '87. It incorporated the earlier historic resources review including the addition of four sites to the master plan and three to the atlas. It made no recommendation for Canada Dry thereby reconfirming all of the earlier recommendations.

Eight, the '93 Sector Plan. This plan provides for redevelopment of the property under CBD R-2 zoning. Although someone suggested that this sector plan did not really look at historic preservation, the HPC held three work sessions in '92 and '93 to review, specifically to review historic resources in Silver Spring. The plan itself has an entire section dealing with the issue including the six sites on the master plan and three on the atlas. It also has a section on additional historic resources and recommends evaluating the fire station for listing on either the atlas or the master plan. Certainly given the fact that the Canada Dry Building was obvious to anyone in the area, and had been studied for potential preservation previously, the HPC, Planning Board, and County Council were well aware of it and could have proposed it for preservation had they deemed it significant. This particularly so given that applicants were requesting such actions and presented the information about the building's alleged historic significance.

Nevertheless, after specifically reviewing the

issue of Canada Dry for the Council, the planning director indicated that the existing language provided for redevelopment of the property without preserving the building was adequate and the Council adopted that position.

Number nine, the '93 project plan. Following the affirmation of redevelopment recommendation for the property during the sector plan process, the Planning Board unanimously approved a project plan for development of the property. The HPC considered whether to recommend preservation of the building as part of the project plan but did not do so. Significantly as part of the sector plan and its subsequent project plan approval, the proponents for preservation submitted a number of letters and supporting information explaining why they believed the property should be preserved. This included information about the architect of the building and virtually the same assertions that are being made today about the building's alleged significance.

The Planning Board rejected those requests and all those free and partial preservation. Summarizing then, number ten was the June '93 subdivision approval for that project. Number 11 the June '93 reconsideration of the project plan asked by the preservationists to prevent the demolition being rejected. Number 12, the June '94 project plan extension. Number 13, a January '96 project plan project plan extension and then in May '96 a detailed site

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plan approval for it. At that time staff advised the
Planning Board that the existing Canada Dry Building, and I
quote "Was considered for addition to the locational atlas in
1984, but the Planning Board chose not to place it on the
atlas." It added "This issue was raised during the approval
of a '93 sector plan but rejected by the Council." The
Planning Board once again rejected the request for
preservation.

Fifteen, the last of the litany. February 2000 Silver Spring Sector Plan, very recent. As part of that update the HPC held hearings on the significance of various structures within Silver Spring. Despite the presence of all of the previous research regarding the Canada Dry property and renewed requests, the plan did not include any preservation requirement for the property, noting that South Silver Spring has a deteriorating building style and particularly deteriorated warehouse buildings. And that the County has a over arching goal of revitalization. Planning Board and County Council and approved and adopted a sector plan update with no preservation requirement for Canada Dry and no objection from the HPC. In fact, the Council added language to the master plan regarding South Silver Spring calling for redevelopment and revitalization, rezoning the property to a more flexible zone, adding an overlay to it to provide a maximum of flexibility to allow

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and encourage redevelopment. We agree with those conclusions.

I apologize for the repetitive nature of the testimony, but it's frustrating to a property owner like AT&T to have a property recommended and approved for redevelopment with demolition of the existing of the structure numerous times only to face the same preservation requests again when they are attempting to sell the property to a developer committed to revitalizing the area. Were the HPC to reverse its earlier actions it would seriously discredit the entire historic preservation process and all its standards. A property owner deserves finality and the public is entitled to consistency in decision making.

Our second point is that preservation and reuse of the building would be inconsistent with redevelopment concepts and is not really feasible. A number of people are suggesting that the building should be reused either for telecom purposes or some other technology uses. We do not believe that's possible. AT&T purchased the property as a development site with no intention to use the Canada Dry Building. Nevertheless, over the past six months at the request of local preservation groups they did consider the issue. Having done so, they concluded that such reuse is not feasible. Moreover, AT&T has found since offering the property for sale, that such reuse conflicts with the

purchaser's redevelopment plans as it had with the previously approved development project on the property.

With respect to reusing the property for telecom functions, we caution the HPC not to be taken in by the adaptive reuse of some other industrial buildings in other areas either for Web hosting tech hotels, telecom uses or other things such as the Starrett Lehigh Building.

First, this building bares little resemblance in terms of size, shape, structural components, ceiling heights, location and other features to most of those buildings. Each of these features is inconsistent with the structural and design requirements for telecom functions.

Second, Montgomery County in general and Silver Spring in particular are not centers for such uses and the demand for such space would be extremely low even for a good building and an active economy. Significantly, not only is the market demand for such space not good, it's terrible. There is a hugh supply of excess capacity for such space throughout the Washington Metropolitan Area and literally no demand in Silver Spring. With severe declines in the technology and telecom sectors over the past year or two, there is no prospect in the foreseeable future of a demand for such space.

When AT&T placed the property on the market it received no interest, whatsoever, from the technology or

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telecom sector. In the meantime, preservation with such a reuse concept would simply preclude redevelopment of the site and revitalization of South Silver Spring while perpetuating the current blight. While it may be argued that a similar building was reused in Portland, Oregon, we think the situation is very distinguishable, a much better market there, a different use and a totally different situation. just don't see how it would work here and we have explored it.

Third point, the property fails to meet the criteria for designation. Without the credentials of an architectural historian, I'm reluctant to walk through each of the criteria. Instead, my comments are more general in nature. What I would offer in the meantime is my personal observation. I believe it is at least debatable that the architect is considered a master. Moreover, even if he were so classified, not every building of Frank LLoyd Wright merits protection and certainly not every building of Walter Cory does. Rather, preservation depends upon the building itself, its context and other features, all of which we believe are missing here. It would also normally require that the building be a particularly significant representation of the architect's work. Instead, although containing components of that architectural period and movement, this is a very simple building.

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Additionally, unlike the Silver Theater and Silver Spring Shopping Center, it has no context. In fact, my recollection of East-West Highway having lived in the area since childhood is one primarily of a series of car dealerships and strip retail. The building is not part of or contiguous to any other art deco, art modern properties such that Commissioner McGaukien and the HPC concluded in '94 that it was not worth preserving. To the extent there was ever a context that disappeared long ago. The only context now unfortunately is a blighted South Silver Spring in need of revitalization.

This building also does not represent an overall industrial area nor any significant trend in Montgomery County's evolution. It was simply a basic, utilitarian building. Additionally, the building is in substantial disrepair because the site has been held for redevelopment. Moreover, a significant portion of the building was demolished when Metro came through Silver Spring. If there was ever any integrity to the building it was destroyed at that time.

We respectfully request that you once again do not propose this building for listing on either the atlas or on the master plan and that AT&T be allowed to complete its sale so that the property can be redeveloped as the County has planned for a long time.

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Thank you very much.

MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you. Next we will hear from Bob Metz, the contract purchaser.

MR. METZ: 'Good evening. I'm Bob Metz for the law firm Linowes & Blocher, 1010 Wayne Avenue in Silver Spring. Our office in 1974 represented Canada Dry when Metro condemned a portion of it. At no time during that proceeding was there any mention of historic or significant features of the Canada Dry site or building and it should be protected. A little more history, this Commission staff, Bobby Hahn wrote a memo to the Planning Board on September 7, 1984 urgently requesting that certain sites be placed immediately on the atlas. They were the old Post Office Building, the Tastee Diner, the Armory, Masonic lodge, Silver Spring Railroad Station, Little Tavern and the Silver Spring Historic District. No mention of Canada Dry.

This Commission sent a letter to the Planning Board on December 18, 1994 reflecting the action of the Commission approving the sites mentioned in Bobby Hahn's memo. preliminary draft amendment to the master plan for historic preservation in October 1984 included six Silver Spring sites but did not recommend Canada Dry.

The Planning Board sent a letter to the Director of Environmental Protection on October 8, 1984 recommending six sites in Silver Spring to be placed on the atlas, but did not

⊕

include the Canada Dry. The technical staff of the Planning
Commission prepared a report on the Silver Spring CBD

Historic District and historic sites recommendation on May 3,

by Site be placed on the atlas. The technical staff planner

for community planning north by memo June 7, 1985 also

recommend that the site be placed on the atlas. However, the

final draft of June 1985 rejected those recommendations and

did not recommend that the Canada Dry site be placed on the

atlas.

The County in January 1986 amended the master plan for historic preservation, included four Silver Spring sites but which did not include the Canada Dry site. The County in 1987 amended the Silver Spring CBD Sector Plan and again did not recommend that the Canada Dry site be designated or preserved.

The 1983 approved and adopted Silver Spring CBD Master Plan recommended CBD R-2, a residential zone for the Canada Dry site and stated on page 159 "Eventually if all approved projects are built in the area, Canada Dry facility will be surrounded by residential buildings. There are no plans for the Canada Dry facility to be relocated at this time. However, should the company decide to move from its present location, the plan recommends that the site be redeveloped as a multi-family residential project under the

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1 CBD R-2 zone."

The plan goes on --

MR. SPURLOCK: Could you sum up, please.

MR. METZ: Yes. The plan went on to designate six sites on the master plan, three sites on the atlas, none of which was Canada Dry. The project plan and the site plan Mr. Harris went through which had support for historic preservation from various organizations, the Professor Guy Wilson, Professor Richard Longstrip and Richard Striner all recommending and using the same arguments in the record The Planning Board rejected those both in the tonight. project plan and in the site plan.

Our client, Vargas and Vesmiss as the contract purchaser, is in the process of preparing plans and obtaining financing to reinstate the residential project which does not permit preserving any portion of the building, all in accordance with the master plan.

Thank you.

MR. SPURLOCK: Okay. Would Wayne Goldstein like to step forward, please.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: I'll be speaking as representative I'm Wayne Goldstein, preservation chair of the of a group. Art Deco Society of Washington. My colleague, Tony Wilmer could not be here tonight. He wants you to know that having grown up in Bethesda he continues to be dismayed by the

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overdevelopment and the loss of our County's heritage in both his hometown and in Silver Spring. He believes that resources like the Canada Dry Building need to be designated, preserved and reused because of the insight they provide into how people once lived and worked.

Tonight we look across the years, 55 of them to be To a Silver Spring of a different era and temperament. The Silver Spring of 2001 is full of ambivalence. Where some of our corporate citizens see opportunity, massive new office and apartment towers are rising out of the ground in fact and on paper. Where others see uncertainty. Lost resources have left behind empty fields that now symbolize projects that are quiescent or perhaps even comatose.

Oh, but the Silver Spring of 1946, you should have been there. When where we sit right now could instead be the center lane of the northern parkway that was to have connected Washington and Baltimore except that the residents of adjacent Woodside Park spent 1944 and 1945 fighting a road that would have divided and destroyed their community. Instead this site became Park and Planning County Headquarters in 1956. The Tastee Diner's new streamliner diner was about to open on Tuesday, August 27th. And you were cordially invited to enjoy a cup of their fragrant coffee. Cecil Sax and Post number 41 of the American Legion

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PENGAD - 1-800-631-6989 ⊕ FORM FED had had 500 veterans turn up at the Silver Spring Armory for a meeting dance on February 21st. And on August 8th, their new commander and his predecessor had posed in front of the armory and made the local paper's front page. There were articles in the paper all summer long about the new Montgomery College that would open in Bethesda on September In April the Silver Spring standard wanted to know why 16th. the "second largest metropolis in the state lacks even a passenger airport."

The frequent ads sponsored by a dozen real estate brokers, builders and lenders said "Invest in Silver Spring, the fastest growing quality suburb of the Nation's Capitol." 1946 was shaping up to be the best year ever. headline said "Grow with Silver Spring." Silver Spring is the fastest growing community in the United States exclaimed a local businessman. "Other new businesses building in Silver Spring are the Canada Dry company with their million dollar bottling plant, the national electric machine shops and Hecht's department store. By the time you read this there will likely be a dozen more." In July the standard reported that "Some of Silver Spring's biggest commercial construction jobs will soon be finished if everything continues to function smoothly. Canada Dry's new plant is going to be an immense building when it is finally completed. The structure is laid out in three join sections, all steel

beamed. It is being finished exteriorly in a yellowish brick."

However, tomorrow's standard would report that

"Materials and labor are to blame for most of the tieups in

construction. There is a shortage of both." Next Thursday,

April 22nd, the Montgomery County Sentinel would report that

"Silver Spring is state's second largest city and Silver

Spring on the march. The real estate editor of a Washington

paper sees a rosy future for a town which has but recently

come to be known as Maryland's second city. Washington

business interests have faith in the future of Silver Spring.

Many with folding money have practically knocked each other

over in their rush to put up branch stores, he writes.

Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc. is finishing its plan on East—

West Highway. Coca Cola has for several years had its county

headquarters in Silver Spring."

This picture from 1947 or '48, courtesy of the Silver Spring Historical Society shows that the Canada Dry Plant dwarfed the Coca Cola plant just across the road suggesting both a burgeoning post war market for its products as well as a decision to concentrate resources in Silver Spring. This carefully designed industrial building was at the time one of many symbols of Silver Spring's success. It now stands as a rare and beautiful reminder of the once common marriage of art and industry. Although the divorce

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rate between business and beauty has been high for many 1 years, this building is a testimony to what we once expected. It is one of the cornerstones upon which this city can be renovated and reused and rebuilt.

The Art Deco Society asks that you cement the symbolic historic cornerstone firmly in place by designating this entire building.

Thank you.

MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you. Okay. We have Judy Reardon next, please.

MS. REARDON: I'll submit my written testimony later. I'm Judy Reardon. I live, actually I live near the Canada Dry Building. I'm a member of the Silver Spring Historical Society although I'm not speaking on behalf of it.

I would like to address some of the statements made by Mr. Harris and Mr. Erickon and Mr. Metz. And the basic point that I'd like to make about their talk about rejections is that first of all these weren't rejections as such. if they were I'd like to remind the Commission, in fact, you probably don't need a reminder of this. That up till 1993 virtually nothing was none about this building. It wasn't until the Silver Spring Historical Society members began to do a great deal of digging and a great deal of research which took months and in fact is still going on, that we found out about the distinctiveness of the architect and of his work.

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And I think that that being the case, we should go back over that 26 year history and in a sense erase it because really no one was aware even that this was a building by such a distinctive, such an eminent architect.

We have it on good authority that this building even though there's a piece missing because of Metro construction would be eligible for the national register, even with that part missing. I'm not at liberty to disclose who told us that, but we do have it on good authority.

Mr. Harris indicated that this building was evaluated at least 15 times, but these were not real evaluations. Again, when you evaluate something you weigh the evidence, but there was no evidence to weigh. The 1984 vote of the Historic Preservation Commission, I don't know if any of you were there at the time, the HPC had one paragraph of information as evidence in favor of saving this building.

A couple of other issues that were raised is the context issue. There is context there. There's the train station. There's the coca cola building which dates the same era. If you're talking about context now, there's the transportation center. That part of Silver Spring is coming back. It's not blighted. I live there. I don't think that area is blighted. You've got the Acorn Park. It's going to be a beautiful setting. You've got the Discovery people across the street. Also the Starrett Lehigh Building, we use

the Starrett Lehigh Building as an example, not of uses, but of the distinctiveness of the architect. That's the reason that we use, we are talking about Starrett Lehigh Building in the context of the distinctiveness of the architect and not the uses of the building. I wouldn't want the stewart to be in the Canada Dry Building.

MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you. Maria Hoey. You're representing Montgomery Preservation?

MS. HOEY: Yes, I am. Good evening. My name is
Maria Hoey and as prescient of Montgomery Preservation, Inc.
also known as MPI, I'd like to thank you for this opportunity
to provide comments on behalf of our members regarding the
inclusion of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant on the master plan
for historic preservation.

In cities and towns across the country, developers with an interest in preserving our heritage and intent on making sound economic investments are preserving historic structures. They realize the tax benefits available to owners of local, state and federally designated sites and are putting their creative genius and business savvy to work to revitalize communities.

Areas throughout Washington, D.C and Baltimore,
Maryland, in Brooklyn, New York; Hoboken, New Jersey;
Alexandria, Virginia; South Miami Beach, Florida; Charleston,
South Carolina; Providence, Rhode Island; Norwalk,

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Connecticut; Houston, Texas and beyond are enjoying a 1 These cities weren't always grand. They were often victims of neglect, poor economies and decreasing populations. Until a few smart leaders unleashed the opportunities hidden in their historic sites. In Seattle, Washington alone where the interest in renovating old spaces continues to grow, one major restoration project has attracted nearly one billion dollars in new investment. Such successes can happen in Silver Spring as well.

Montgomery Preservation has attached to its testimony two articles, Back to the City Too and Taking Credits that show how tax credits and designated historic properties help make projects fiscally possible and encourage revitalization and reinvestment. Already in Silver Spring plans to restore the Silver Theater and Shopping Center and the Hecht's building are creating excitement and stimulating investment. These historic structures make Silver Spring unique and give it character. These historic structures thanks to local, state and federal tax credits also provide substantial opportunities for investors.

Let's face it, when it comes to Silver Spring, what is most on people's minds is the successful revitalization of this 20th century city. You can help ensure that success by designating the Canada Dry Bottling Plant. Why designate? Designation opens the door to substantial local, state and

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federal tax credits. Designation encourages preservation and reuse of significant historic structures. Designation helps retain a community's character and uniqueness. But why is the Canada Dry Bottling Plant worthy of designation? On its architectural merits alone it clearly meets the criteria for listing on the County's master plan. Many prominent historians and architects view it as the best example of industrial art deco streamline design in Montgomery County and the entire Washington Metropolitan Area. Significant both for its unique architecture and contribution to the industrial development of South Silver Spring. The Canada Dry Building helps define this area even today.

MPI encourages you to nominate this landmark building to the master plan, to encourage its being adapted for new use more suitable to 21st century needs. As renown architect Arthur Cotton Moore notes, preservation is a carefully considered pro growth attitude that takes the most practical and economic position of working with the equity we already have. MPI encourages you to take advantage of this equity by nominating the Canada Dry Building to the master plan. MPI believes that local historic designation will encourage the preservation and adaptive reuse of this grand 1946 landmark site which in turn will trigger numerous other development projects and result in substantial private investment in South Silver Spring.

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FORM FED PENGAD - 1-800-631-6989

By nominating the Canada Dry Building you are showing your commitment to keeping Montgomery County's heritage alive and also proving your understanding of the economic value of historic preservation. South Silver Spring holds great promise. The Canada Dry Bottling Plant should be part of its rebirth.

As owner of the soon to be restored Silver Spring B&O Railroad Station, MPI believes that the historic structures in this industrial area provide wonderful revitalization opportunities for Silver Spring residents and The Canada Dry Building is an important component investors. of this effort. As a property owner with a vested economic interest in South Silver Spring's industrial area, MPI feels strongly that the designation, preservation and reuse of this structure will positively influence the success of our project and help ensure that South Silver Spring becomes a property owner, heritage tourism designation and sought after place to live. South Silver Spring can be a vital, attractive complement to Silver Spring's Central Business District. You can make this happen by nominating the significant art deco structure to the master plan for historic preservation.

Thank you for your time.

MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you. Next we're going to bring two speakers up next, Marcie Stickle and George French.

One is representing an organization and one is an individual.

Mr. French has indicated he wants to cede part of his time so

I'm going to request that staff give you eight minutes total

and you can use it as you see fit.

MS. STICKLE: Thank you. Marcie Stickle, Save our legacy.

In the late '50s, my family and I as a child moved from S.E. D.C. to Silver Spring. I loved Silver Spring Parks, Sligo and Northwest Branch. I love downtown Silver Spring's architectural simplicity, elegance, variety and its vibrant entertainment, shopping, dining. Its business district was always a treat.

Etched in my early consciousness is the elegant grace and simplicity of the glowing blond brick and glass block curvilinear Canada Dry Bottling Plant building; it's two tiaras silhouetted against the sky proclaiming Canada Dry for all to see, one in glowing green, the other red. What a compliment that Canada Dry chose Silver Spring and Montgomery County as its site for such an amazing plant.

A year or go or more when Canada Dry continued to owned and operate out of their building before moving to their new location I was lucky enough to be able to tour the whole building from stem to stern, appropriate technology for an art deco streamline industrial moderne building, implying motion and its stillness.

·. .

A joy to behold its lovely grace from the outside with ribbon stripped windows, awesome to enter its two story curved rotunda with spiral cantilevered staircase. And to set foot on its soda pop bubble design terrazzo floor, characteristic of bottling plants of the era. The lobby is light and effervescent as the light pours in from the outside through the glass block curved wall adjacent to the yellow glaze brick walls inside.

Mounting the spiral staircase to the second floor I arrived at the Canada Dry offices still then bustling with activity. These light filled offices are ready to be used again. The lobby is ready to be entered and travelled through again. Then another architectural feat and treat, as my guide led me to low and behold and across a remarkable bridge or catwalk inside the building along the second floor. The bridge runs across the length of the cavernous bottling operation down below with at least one enormous remaining soda pop vat.

It is exciting visually and physically to experience the startling bridge as you walk across and can view from above the enormity and utility of this facility. You can envision the complete building's enormous productive reuse and repurposing potential and its economically advantageous heritage tourism draw and appeal.

One, Montgomery County has been approved as, and is

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in the process of becoming a State of Maryland Certified 1 2 Heritage area. The Canada Dry Building falls within the "Railway Cluster" category on the heritage tourism trail. 3 And it will tourists from around the country and locally to experience this symbiosis of elegance and industrial utility 5 by the renown architect Walter Monroe Cory. (A former Art 6 Deco, Coca Cola Bottling plant also is only two blocks away 7 on East-West Highway.) And it also belongs in the Railway 8 Cluster.

Two, last year at a Montgomery Preservation, Inc., Heritage Action Coalition meeting at County Council Headquarters, David Edgerly, Economic Development Director and Kelly Groff, Conference and Visitors Bureau Executive Director at the invitation of Council president Blair Ewing pledged to and are now working industriously with all concerned parties to vigorously and energetically promote Montgomery County Heritage Tourism.

Three, County Executive Doug Duncan in an August
31, 2000 letter which is enclosed to Laura French (former 25
year area resident and now Maryland Eastern Shore
preservationist and historian) says: "Our redevelopment
efforts strive to preserve the benefits of our past while
setting the stage for our future." County Executive Doug
Duncan in this letter says "The appearance of the Canada Dry
Building is valued in the surrounding community. And I am

pleased to inform you that the new owner, AT&T has already been advised that the original building should be preserved."

Four, very importantly an architectural survey of Silver Spring's Central Business District Historic Sites and Structures is required by the Maryland State Historic Trust as of September 1998 and the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission as of June 23, 1998 to determine "National register eligibility of the Central Business District" and would be "strong potential for the nomination of a thematic art deco district." This state and county requirement is a condition and amenity that grows out of the sacrifice and loss, 1998 of our historic 1927 national guard armory. Now, this legal stipulation and promise, commitment can be vibrantly realized for the very first time with recognition that the Canada Dry Building fills the bill.

The Canada Dry Bottling Plant is a treasure and resource ready to productively be used in so many different ways again. Let's celebrate its beauty, utility, and versatility. Continue to use it and bequeath upon it now and for all future generations designation on our Montgomery County Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

Thank you.

MR. FRENCH: I'm George French. I'm member of the Silver Spring Historical Society. I'm speaking as an individual. I would just like to clear up one point made

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earlier by the seller. When AT&T put the building up for sale they knew preservationists had nominated it for the placement on a historical atlas. So Mr. Margas was not surprised by this when he decided to purchase the building. That's all I have. MR. SPURLOCK: Thank you very much. We have two

individuals left. In the interest of time I'd like to have you both come up, Patrick Sidwell and Christine Morgan.

MS. MORGAN: We'll submit written testimony.

MR. SPURLOCK: You don't wish to --

MS. MORGAN: Right.

MR. SPURLOCK: Okay. Okay. Well that concludes our public testimony for this evening. We will be keeping the public record open until August 31st. You are welcome to submit additional written testimony until that date. We have a tentative work session scheduled for the 12th of September. However, that may be, staff requirements, that may be postponed till the 26th of September. But I thank you all for your testimony and we will take a five minute break and let everyone stretch and we'll move on in five minutes.

Thank you.

(Whereupon, a brief recess was taken.)

MR. SPURLOCK: Okay. We're going to get started again. If everybody could take their seats. The next item on our agenda this evening are the Historic Area Work

Gwen,

I forgot t leave copies of my testimony at the hearing (though I faxed Robin a copy the morning after). Here are 12 copies.

Under separate cover I am sending copies of the articles I passed around. Kim Williams requested a copy of the New York article, but I am sending enough copies of both articles for all the commissioners and you and Robin.

Mary

Canada Dry

August 15, 200,

15 min. 1. Silver Spring Historical Society.

Jerry McCoy, Mary Leardon

Powerpoint presentation - into to the site + The

UNK of The Cory Bros.

1974 RK tracks expanded.

2 Mary Reardon Speaking - to emphasize the "testinomials" lay Stern, the Kidard Coung wilson, Longstreth;

[Derrick Berlage, present to observe, oly].

APC Present : O'Malley, williams, Spurlock, cesser, Breslin, Watkins.

15 min 3 Bob Harris, Attorney for AT&T

Bob Ericson Rue 20 tate asset Mgn for AT&T

Please don't list or designate

At time of purchase, no indication of hist designation.

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Contract purchaser - is concerned about this request. They have a contract based on not designating The property.

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(15 x!) That always included demislation of the 6/15 west the recites the development wisting - 1775, 1976, 1984, 1986, 1984, 1990, 1993, 1994, 1994, 2000 Mostpl.

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Bob Harris

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(3) Preservation / designation.

architect not a wister not every blog www.ts den statin. building not a significant example.

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S. S. bullengs. 1984 - HPC agreed.

Bob Metz (1584) reventing history of HPL & Planning Bornet review of Solver Spring Doth not metable Canada Dry. Chy? What buildings were Proventance of Nor time? Il Jame 1505 - 1eft out of Atlan.

June 1585 - Tept out of Atlas...
1984 amendment for HP Moster Play Mckeded
4 5.5. 5. Hes, but not Cambe Dry.
Repeats history. 20 Check dan references,

with re-zong proposals Project approvals for restbutisie

Notes that noting old letters have already below refused by the County Council.

Contrast Purchaser plans to AR-instate The resolutial project & demolith

and Does Society Wayne Colleten =

Kerieus Silver Spring in 1946, Mentimby all Hil landings, -> armony, taster onex. Hecht as, Canada an, Not y Electric Muslim slop, Crea Colon, Mongland & Ind City! Ort + Industry.

Gwen,

These are copies of the New Yorker article about Cory's Starrett-Lehigh building for all the Commissioners and you and Robin. The writer of the article credits the building to Matsui, leaving out the Corys' names-I don't think architecture is this writer's particular specialty and it's not really the subject of the article. I've attached an interesting article from the Web to clarify. It was Cory, Cory, and Matsui.

In two separate packages I will be sending the article from New York magazine about the West Chelsea industrial area featuring the Starrett-Lehigh building prominently (including an inset photo on the cover and 2 inside photos).

Mary Reardon

Judy Resordon Sol, Sp. Historical Society has done all the work.
[why - dodn't HPC staff ever take Pos up? Maria Hoey -MPI 5 MM. Designation opens dow to substantial top coelits, Meets criteria - Work with the equity we have! - Berlage Washs out here -Mareie Stickle - She's reading her tookmany. Cenze French -

Record open until Aug. 31.

M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

July 25, 2001

Dear Property Owner or Interested Party,

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission will hold a public hearing on the date, time, and location listed on the enclosed Notice of Public Hearing to evaluate the historic and architectural significance of the Canada Dry bottling plant at 1201 East-West Highway in Silver Spring. This property is not currently identified on the County's inventory of potential historic recourses – the *Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites*; however, it has been nominated for possible historic designation by the Silver Spring Historical Society.

The Historic Preservation Commission meeting will begin at 7:30 p.m. and will be held in the Maryland-National Park and Planning Commission auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue in Silver Spring.

Following the public hearing, the Historic Preservation Commission will hold a worksession, currently scheduled for September 12. At this worksession, the Commission will make a recommendation to the Montgomery County Planning Board on whether to add the site to the Locational Atlas, and/or place the site on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, based on the criteria set forth in Chapter 24A-3 of the Montgomery County Code. If the property is forwarded to the Montgomery County Council for review, and if it is ultimately included in the Master Plan, all construction, exterior alterations, and demolition plans would be reviewed by the Historic Preservation Commission before issuance of any permits. Properties that are designated on the Master Plan are eligible for State and local tax credits for repair, maintenance and/or restoration projects.

You are encouraged to attend the public hearing. If you wish to testify, you must sign up that night using sign-up sheets that will be provided at the meeting. Alternatively, you may submit written comments to the Historic Preservation Commission at the address listed above.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 301/563-3400.

Sincerely,

Robin D. Ziek

Historic Preservation Planner

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Pursuant to Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland and Chapter 24A and Chapter 33A of the Montgomery County Code, the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission hereby gives notice that it will hold a public hearing on the following:

ADDITION TO THE LOCATIONAL ATLAS AND INDEX OF HISTORIC SITES AND/OR TO THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF THE CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT

WEDNESDAY
August 15, 2001
at 7:30 p.m.
in the
Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, Maryland

to take testimony on whether or not the following property, which, at present, is not identified on the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County, should be included in the Locational Atlas and/or the Master Plan for Historic Preservation:

Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission will review the architectural and historical significance of this resource according to the criteria listed in the Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code. The Commission will formulate a recommendation on whether or not this property merits historic designation and will transmit that recommendation to the Montgomery County Planning Board.

If ultimately designated on the <u>Master Plan</u>, the property will be protected under the Historic Preservation Ordinance which provides certain controls regarding alteration, demolition, and maintenance of properties.

If ultimately not included on the <u>Locational Atlas</u> or the <u>Master Plan for Historic</u> <u>Preservation</u>, the resource would not be <u>subject</u> to the provisions of Chapter 24A.

The purpose of the public hearing is to allow all interested persons to express their views concerning this action. Persons wishing to testify should attend the meeting and sign up to testify at the door. If you are unable to attend, write your concerns to the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910 and they will be made part of the public hearing record.

Date: 8/31/2001
Sender: Kreger
To: Wright, Ziek
cc: IraolaM
Priority: Normal
Subject: Canada Dry

Stacy Silber, attorney for AT&T, informed me this morning that they have not decided whether or not to authorize a demo permit request by their contract purchaser. Alternatively, they might extend his feasibility period. She'll call me when they make a decision about how to proceed.

Can you provide a copy of all hearing testimony to CBP? thanks

Sender: Kreger

See my original message to Robin Ziek, below. I believe that the Silver Spring Historic Preservation Society only nominated the site for the Locational Atlas and I was following up on their request. My biggest concern is that potential purchasers of the Canada Dry site have notice that this is an issue they must consider. Apparently AT&T had no idea that some people consider this building historic.

If you want to make a decision re: historic designation, that would resolve the matter of what portions of the building can be torn down/redeveloped-- and who would have to approve construction-- and give potential buyers more certainty. However, I fully expect that there will be both proponents and opponents of designation. This was apparently a contentious issue when the housing project was approved on this site.

Just speaking for myself, I certainly recognize that redevelopment can take place within the context of a historic structure and the results are frequently terrific. However, requiring that a structure (or a significant component of it) be preserved makes redevelopment more difficult and limits your pool of potential buyers. I'm not sure that this is what the revitalization of South Silver Spring really needs. The East West highway corridor/promenade has NOAA at one end and JBG's incubator coming to the other. Discovery.com looks great near the middle. This leaves Canada Dry as the "hole" in the corridor. I'm very concerned that we support redevelopment/reuse, particularly with new street activating uses along East West Highway and streetscaping consistent with what NOAA has already done to the north.

P.S. How about a microbrewery (e.g., Capitol City Brewing) in the "historic" part of the building? This would be appropriate in a formal bottling plant, provide activity and give us all a place to get a decent beer after work!!! All those young Discovery employees in the former Caldor's building also need a place to wet their whistles.

Forward Header

Subject:

Canada Dry

Author:

Kreger

Date:

06/26/2001 11:15 AM

Now that AT&T has apparently decided to sell the Canada Dry site, will the HPC proceed to consider the request that the property be put on the Locational Atlas or will this issue be tabled until the property has a new owner? I think it is in the best interest of Silver Spring revitalization to have this issue resolved one way or the other. It would certainly be beneficial to a potential purchaser/developer to know whether or not the property will have limitations on redevelopment due to historic considerations.

M-NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

July 25, 2001

Dear Property Owner or Interested Party,

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission will hold a public hearing on the date, time, and location listed on the enclosed Notice of Public Hearing to evaluate the historic and architectural significance of the Canada Dry bottling plant at 1201 East-West Highway in Silver Spring. This property is not currently identified on the County's inventory of potential historic recourses – the *Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites*; however, it has been nominated for possible historic designation by the Silver Spring Historical Society.

The Historic Preservation Commission meeting will begin at 7:30 p.m. and will be held in the Maryland-National Park and Planning Commission auditorium at 8787 Georgia Avenue in Silver Spring.

Following the public hearing, the Historic Preservation Commission will hold a worksession, currently scheduled for September 12. At this worksession, the Commission will make a recommendation to the Montgomery County Planning Board on whether to add the site to the Locational Atlas, and/or place the site on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation, based on the criteria set forth in Chapter 24A-3 of the Montgomery County Code. If the property is forwarded to the Montgomery County Council for review, and if it is ultimately included in the Master Plan, all construction, exterior alterations, and demolition plans would be reviewed by the Historic Preservation Commission before issuance of any permits. Properties that are designated on the Master Plan are eligible for State and local tax credits for repair, maintenance and/or restoration projects.

You are encouraged to attend the public hearing. If you wish to testify, you must sign up that night using sign-up sheets that will be provided at the meeting. Alternatively, you may submit written comments to the Historic Preservation Commission at the address listed above.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 301/563-3400.

Sincerely

Robin D. Ziek

Historic Preservation Planner

H:Canada Dry

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Pursuant to Article 28 of the Annotated Code of Maryland and Chapter 24A and Chapter 33A of the Montgomery County Code, the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission hereby gives notice that it will hold a public hearing on the following:

ADDITION TO THE LOCATIONAL ATLAS AND INDEX OF HISTORIC SITES AND/OR TO THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY MASTER PLAN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF THE CANADA DRY BOTTLING PLANT

WEDNESDAY
August 15, 2001
at 7:30 p.m.
in the
Montgomery Regional Office Auditorium
8787 Georgia Avenuc
Silver Spring, Maryland

to take testimony on whether or not the following property, which, at present, is not identified on the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County, should be included in the Locational Atlas and/or the Master Plan for Historic Preservation:

Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission will review the architectural and historical significance of this resource according to the criteria listed in the Historic Preservation Ordinance, Chapter 24A of the Montgomery County Code. The Commission will formulate a recommendation on whether or not this property merits historic designation and will transmit that recommendation to the Montgomery County Planning Board.

If ultimately designated on the <u>Master Plan</u>, the property will be protected under the Historic Preservation Ordinance which provides certain controls regarding alteration, demolition, and maintenance of properties.

If ultimately not included on the <u>Locational Atlas</u> or the <u>Master Plan for Historic</u> <u>Preservation</u>, the resource would not be subject to the provisions of Chapter 24A.

The purpose of the public hearing is to allow all interested persons to express their views concerning this action. Persons wishing to testify should attend the meeting and sign up to testify at the door. If you are unable to attend, write your concerns to the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission at 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910 and they will be made part of the public hearing record.

Sender: Wright

Robin: FYI

Gwen

Forward Header

Subject:

Fwd: AT&T

Author:

"Mary Reardon" <mreardon@ers.usda.gov>

Date: 07/25/2001 3:37 PM

Gwen,

I'm so glad you sat in on the conference call. As always, your perspective and suggestions were very valuable.

I would make a few alterations to Carl's enclosed ideas, which are intriguing but still do not provide any definite assurances. But here is his report of Stacy's follow-up call and his suggestions. I seems virtually impossible to get anything nailed down today. So I would say go ahead. We DID offer to make a concession--i.e. to scale back our request. So we can appear reasonable. Call me if ther is time. 202-694-5136

Received: from relayin.ers.usda.gov

([151.121.68.19])

by mailbox.econ.ag.gov; Wed, 25 Jul 2001 13:43:21 -0400 Received: from router-3.ers.usda.gov (ers-68-17.ers.usda.gov) by relayin.ers.usda.gov (LSMTP for Windows NT v1.1b) with SMTP id <0.00002002@relayin.ers.usda.gov>; Wed, 25 Jul 2001 13:43:28 -0400 Received: by CBIEXIO2WA with Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

id <NKC9BMNF>; Wed, 25 Jul 2001 13:40:31 -0400 Message-ID: <F169A5F8002CD4119EE700D0B741D422EFC498@CBIEXM01NY>

From: "Spataro, Carl" <cspataro@cov.com>

To: "'mreardon@ers.usda.gov'" <mreardon@ers.usda.gov>

Subject: AT&T

Date: Wed, 25 Jul 2001 13:42:07 -0400

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Mary,

You did a great job of expressing the concerns of those interested in preserving the building.

Stacy just called and said that AT&T has offered to negotiate for the next 30 days with the goal of entering into an LOI, if we agree to stop the notice from being sent out.

I think that, no matter what, we should get something in writing from them (even, for example, before agreeing to stop the notice).

I have summarized some thoughts below on the subject, but you may want to discuss this with Gwen and some of the others.

In order to stop the hearing notice, we'd need to reach resolution by 5 PM, which could be difficult, but we can try.

SSP:

1. Stop notice or defer hearing until the earlier of (a) such time as the SSP and the potential buyer have had an opportunity to

discuss preservation of the two story building; and (b) September

AT&T:

Choice A:

- 1. Will not alter or demolish the building.
- 2. Will deliver to potential buyer a letter from SSP, in which SSP identifies the portion of the property that it would like to preserve.
- 3. Will notify SSP within 2 days of entering into contract to sell the property, identifying the potential buyer.
- 4. Will facilitate meeting of potential buyer and SSP and, if requested by SSP, participate in negotiations.
- 5. If SSP and potential buyer agree upon terms of an easement and determine to have easement in place before purchase of property closes, will grant the easement.
- 6. If SSP and potential buyer are unable to agree upon terms of an easement, will not oppose designation of property on County Atlas and Historical Register.

Choice B:

- 1. Will advise potential buyer of SSP willingness to seek designation only with respect to a portion of the building; and
- 2. Will not oppose designation of that portion in September hearing.

Carl L. Spataro, Jr.
Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20004-2401
(202) 662 5460
(202) 778 5460 (fax)
cspataro@cov.com

Sender: "Mary Reardon" < mreardon@ers.usda.gov>

Carl's report on conversatin with Stacy Silber, representing AT&T. More later.

Received: from relayin.ers.usda.gov ([151.121.68.19])

by mailbox.econ.ag.gov; Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:44:38 -0400 Received: from router-3.ers.usda.gov (ers-68-17.ers.usda.gov) by relayin.ers.usda.gov (LSMTP for Windows NT v1.1b) with SMTP id <0.000014AE@relayin.ers.usda.gov>; Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:44:45 -0400 Received: by CBIEXIO2WA with Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

id <NKC9B1Y0>; Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:42:00 -0400

Message-ID: <F169A5F8002CD4119EE700D0B741D422EFC48A@CBIEXM01NY>

From: "Spataro, Carl" <cspataro@cov.com>
To: 'Mary Reardon' <mreardon@ers.usda.gov>

Subject: RE: Canada Dry hearing

Date: Tue, 24 Jul 2001 14:43:38 -0400

Importance: high
X-Priority: 1

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Mary,

I spoke with Stacy. I have to join a conference call right now, so I can't leave a long message. But, in short, she asked if you could contact Gwen to see if we could delay the sending of the notice until 7/26 so that we could talk tomorrow. I expressed that our concern with an agreement that doesn't survive AT&T's ownership is that we can be blindsided by the buyer. I think that they are open to an agreement that would either include the ability to discuss development plans with potential buyers or that would survive AT&T's ownership. I will send some more thoughts and info when I get a chance.

In the meantime, if you think it is appropriate, you may want to talk to Gwen about delaying the notice.

Thanks,

Carl

----Original Message----

From: Mary Reardon [mailto:mreardon@ers.usda.gov]

Sent: Monday, July 23, 2001 3:12 PM

To: Spataro, Carl

Subject: Canada Dry hearing

Carl,

I don't know if you've contacted Stacy yet, but here is a recap of what we talked about (even if you've already spoken to her this can serve as a reference).

This is what we want to convey to AT&T:

- 1) We wanted to inform them of our move to schedule a hearing on the designation of the Canada Dry Building, before they received a notice from the HPC.
- 2) We felt we needed to take action to ensure the building has

some protection when it changes hands.

3) We intend to be reasonable regarding the extent of the site

that we would prevent from being redeveloped.

4) We would like to know if AT&T has arranged for Stanley Keyser

to view the site. There are other possible preservation developers

that might be interested (of course we would not contact them until

Keyser had an opportunity to look at the site and consider if he is interested).

5) We will ask them to contact us (you) in the next few days if

they have any questions or want to discuss any aspect of this.

As I said (though this is not for AT&T to know), we will contact the $\ensuremath{\text{AT}}$

press (exclusively the Montgomery Journal) in a few days and try to

generate a story (unless AT&T calls with an offer). The story will

not be adversarial—instead, the angle would be the scheduled hearing

and our alerting the community to the significance of the building and

its architect. I will call Stacy if the Journal says they are going to

do a story. I will keep you posted on this. Once the Journal does

story we can send the story to other papers (Gazette, Post) to get more coverage.)

Any offer of an easement from AT&T or a potential buyer would have to

be signed before we would put off the hearing again.

ALSO, one thing I didn't mention and that came up at the ARt Deco Preservatin Committee meeting: An option is to nominate the building

for National Register status as well. If we do that we would tell $\mathtt{AT} \& \mathtt{T}$

after the nomination was in. More on this later.

Thanks for your input and help.

Mary

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Barbara Shepherd, MHT staff

FROM: 207 Robin D. Ziek, HPC staff

SUBJECT:

Canada Dry Bottling Plant

1201 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910

DATE:

July 26, 2001

Enclosed please find the USGS quad map with the project site circled. We would appreciate it if you would assign this project a Maryland State Inventory number. We are in the process of sending this site to the HPC for consideration as a historic site in Montgomery County. I will send you a copy of the completed MHT form within the next few weeks.

Thank you for your help.

cc: Clare Cavicchi, M-NCPPC

Post-it [™] Fax Note 7671	Date 7/26/01 # of pages ▶ 2
To Barbara Shepherd	From RABIN ZIEK
Co./Dept. MHT	CO. M-NEPPE
Phone #	Phone # 301. 563. 3408
Fax# 410-987-4071	Fax # 301. 563. 3412

Sender: Kreger

See my original message to Robin Ziek, below. I believe that the Silver Spring Historic Preservation Society only nominated the site for the Locational Atlas and I was following up on their request. My biggest concern is that potential purchasers of the Canada Dry site have notice that this is an issue they must consider. Apparently AT&T had no idea that some people consider this building historic.

If you want to make a decision re: historic designation, that would resolve the matter of what portions of the building can be torn down/redeveloped-- and who would have to approve construction-- and give potential buyers more certainty. However, I fully expect that there will be both proponents and opponents of designation. This was apparently a contentious issue when the housing project was approved on this site.

Just speaking for myself, I certainly recognize that redevelopment can take place within the context of a historic structure and the results are frequently terrific. However, requiring that a structure (or a significant component of it) be preserved makes redevelopment more difficult and limits your pool of potential buyers. I'm not sure that this is what the revitalization of South Silver Spring really needs. The East West highway corridor/promenade has NOAA at one end and JBG's incubator coming to the other. Discovery.com looks great near the middle. This leaves Canada Dry as the "hole" in the corridor. I'm very concerned that we support redevelopment/reuse, particularly with new street activating uses along East West Highway and streetscaping consistent with what NOAA has already done to the north.

P.S. How about a microbrewery (e.g., Capitol City Brewing) in the "historic" part of the building? This would be appropriate in a formal bottling plant, provide activity and give us all a place to get a decent beer after work!!! All those young Discovery employees in the former Caldor's building also need a place to wet their whistles.

Forward Header

Subject:

Canada Dry

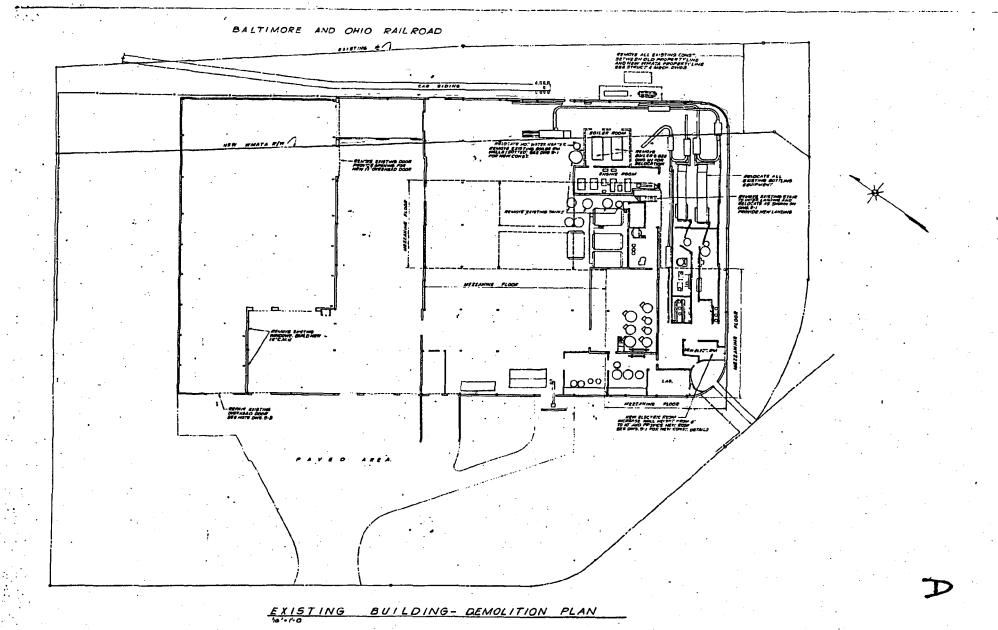
Author:

Kreger

Date:

06/26/2001 11:15 AM

Now that AT&T has apparently decided to sell the Canada Dry site, will the HPC proceed to consider the request that the property be put on the Locational Atlas or will this issue be tabled until the property has a new owner? I think it is in the best interest of Silver Spring revitalization to have this issue resolved one way or the other. It would certainly be beneficial to a potential purchaser/developer to know whether or not the property will have limitations on redevelopment due to historic considerations.



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CANADA DRY CORP SILVER SPRING MD. A 2

DEMOLITION PLAN



SILVER SPRING CITIZENS ADVISORY BOARD

September 12, 2001

Mr. Steven Spurlock, Chair Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

Dear Mr. Spurlock:

The Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board met on September 10, 2001 and, with only one abstention, approved the following resolution from the Board's Central Business District Committee regarding the Canada Dry Bottling Plant:

Resolution:

The Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board recommends that the Montgomery County Preservation Historic Commission not approve historic designation for the former Canada Dry Bottling Plant located at the intersection of East West Highway and Blair Mill Road in Silver Spring.

Thank you for your consideration of our recommendation.

Sincerely,

Elnora Harvey

Marrey

Chair

EH:vl





SILVER SPRING REGIONAL CENTER &

DOWNTOWN URBAN DISTRICT OFFICE 8435 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

Main Number: (301) 565-7300 / Fax Number: (301) 565-7365

01	FAX COV	ER SHEET					
To Men	NEW	From:	1 1	1C/x/	inte	wan	_ ر
Fax:	 y ·	Pages:		1/	<u> </u>		
Phone:	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date:_					
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Urgent	For R	cview		·			
Please Comment	Please	Reply		Please Recyc	le 🗀		

Sender: "Judy Reardon" <JUDYR@OJP.USDOJ.GOV>

Robin:

Thanks. My faxnumber is 202-354-4189.

>>> <ziek@mncppc.state.md.us> 09/13/01 12:36PM >>>
Judy, the staff report is underway and should go out in the mail on the 17th.
I
can fax it to you as well...let me know. Robin

** NOTE NEW DATE **

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION 301-563-3400

MONDAY September 24, 2001

MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION MRO AUDITORIUM 8787 GEORGIA AVENUE SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20910

PLEASE NOTE: The HPC agenda is subject to change any time after printing or during the commission meeting. Please contact the Historic Preservation Commission at the number above to obtain current information. If your application is included on this agenda, you or your representative is expected to attend.

- I. <u>HPC WORKSESSION</u> 7:00 p.m.
- II. <u>HISTORIC PRESERVATION MASTER PLAN EVALUATION</u> 7:30 p.m. in MRO Auditorium
 - A. Canada Dry Bottling Plant (#M-36/44), 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring. HPC Worksession to formulate recommendations to the Planning Board on the potential historic designation of the resource. *No additional public testimony will be heard at this worksession.*
- III. HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMITS 8:30 p.m.
- (Postponed) A. Nancy Novey, for porch addition at 25 Oxford Street, Chevy Chase (HPC Case No. 35/13-01V) (Chevy Chase Village Historic District).
 - B. Jim and Janet Douglass, for garage demolition and shed construction, at 7112 Maple Avenue, Takoma Park (HPC Case No. 37/3-01GG) (Takoma Park Historic District).
 - C. Renata M. Gould, for rear addition at 9904 Colesville Rd., Silver Spring (HPC Case No. 32/5-01A) (Polychrome Houses) Historic District).
 - E. Jeanne & Norm Asner, for gate installation, at 1 East Melrose Street, Chevy Chase (HPC Case No. 35/13-01W) (Chevy Chase Village Historic District).
 - IV. PRELIMINARY CONSULTATION 9:00 p.m.
 - A. Four Streams Golf Associates (Joseph Meyerhoff, Agent), for new construction at 19501 Darnestown Road, Beallsville (*Master Plan* Site #17/02, **Charline Manor/Hanover**).

- (Postponed) B. Helen Wilkes, for rear addition, guesthouse, driveway at 3923 Prospect Street, Kensington. (Kensington Historic District).
 - C. Alan Kurkjian, for new construction at 7000 Poplar Avenue, Takoma Park (Takoma Park Historic District).

V. MINUTES

A. August 15, 2001

VI. OTHER BUSINESS

- A. Commission Items
- B. Staff Items

VII. ADJOURNMENT

G:\Agendas\09-24agn.doc

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Telephone Number: (301) 563-3400

Fax Number: (301)-563-3412

FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Historic Preservation Office Department of Park & Planning

10: MEGAN FAX NUMBER: 3018/6 142
FROM: Pobn Zrek
DATE: 9.25-01
NUMBER OF PAGES INCLUDING THIS TRANSMITTAL SHEET: 13
NOTE:
A3 Reguested

** NOTE NEW DATE **

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION

301-563-3400

MONDAY September 24, 2001

MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION MRO AUDITORIUM 8787 GEORGIA AVENUE SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20910

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A. Four Streams Golf Associates (Joseph Meyerhoff, Agent), for new construction at 19501 Darnestown Road, Beallsville (*Master Plan* Site #17/02, **Charline Manor/Hanover**).

MONTGOMERY COUNTY CODE Chapter 24A

Historic resource: A district, site, building, structure or object, including its appurtenances and environmental setting, which is significant in national, state or local history, architecture, archeology or culture. This includes, but is not limited to, all properties on the "Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County."

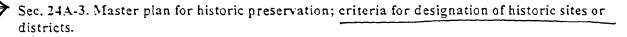
Historic site: Any individual historic resource that is significant and contributes to the historical, architectural, archeological or cultural values within the Maryland-Washington Regional District and which has been so designated in the master plan for historic preservation.

Permit: An historic area work permit issued by the Director authorizing work on an historic site or an historic resource located within an historic district.

Planning Board; The Montgomery County Planning Board of the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

Preservation easement means an easement held by the County to protect, maintain, or otherwise conserve an historic resource. (Ord. No. 9-4, § 1; 1989 L.M.C., ch. 4, § 1; Ord. No. 11-59; Ord. No. 13-37, § 1; Ord. No. 13-114, § 1.)

Editor's note—Section 1 of Ord. No. 13-114, amending Section 5 of Ord. No. 13-37 states: "Sunset. On July 1, 2001, any function transferred by this Ordinance to the Department of Permitting Services reverts to the Department of Environmental Protection."



- (a) As part of the general plan for the physical development of that portion of the county within the Maryland-Washington Regional District, there shall be prepared, adopted and approved a master plan for historic preservation which shall constitute an amendment to the general plan for the Maryland-Washington Regional District. Such plan shall designate historic sites and historic districts and describe their boundaries; it shall propose means for the integration of historic preservation into the planning process; and it shall suggest other measures to advance the goals of historic preservation.
- (b) In considering historic resources for designation as historic sites or historic districts, the planning board shall apply the following criteria:
 - (1) Historical and cultural significance. The historic resource:
 - a. Has character, interest or value as part of the development, heritage or cultural characteristics of the county, state or nation;
 - b. Is the site of a significant historic event;

December 1998

Chapter 24A: Page 24A-3

§24A-3

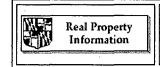
MONTGOMERY COUNTY CODE Chapter 24A

- c. Is identified with a person or a group of persons who influenced society; or
- d. Exemplifies the cultural economic, social, political or historic heritage of the county and its communities.
- (2) Architectural and design significance. The historic resource:
 - a. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction;
 - b. Represents the work of a master;
 - c. Possesses high artistic values;
 - d. Represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
 - e. Represents an established and familiar visual feature of the neighborhood, community or county due to its singular physical characteristic or landscape. (Ord. No. 9-4, § 1; Ord. No. 11-59.)

Sec. 24A-4. Historic preservation commission.

- (a) Created. There is hereby created a commission to be known as the "historic preservation commission of Montgomery County, Maryland."
- (b) Membership. The commission shall consist of 9 members appointed by the county executive with the confirmation of the county council. Each member must be a resident of the county. The 4 fields of history, architecture, preservation and urban design shall be represented by a minimum of 1 member qualified by special interest, knowledge or training. The remaining members of the commission shall, to the extent possible, be selected to represent the geographical, social, economic and cultural concerns of the residents of the county.
- (c) Officers. The county executive shall appoint the chairman and vice-chairman of the commission, who shall serve at his pleasure, but such appointments occurring after the commission's first year of operation shall be made after due consideration has been given to the recommendation of the commission.
- (d) Term. The terms of the members of the commission shall be for a three-year period and members shall continue to serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Chapter 24A: Page 24A-4



Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation

Real Property System

[Go Back]

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

[Start Over]

DISTRICT: 13 ACCT NO: 00951624

Owner Information

Owner Name:

Mailing Address:

MARGAS INVESTMENTS INC

7233 DOCKSIDE LA COLUMBIA MD 21045 **Use: COMMERCIAL**

Principal Residence:NO

Transferred

From: AMERICAN OIL COMPANY

Deed Reference:

1) /13804/ 469

2)

Date: 12/07/1995

Price: \$225,000

Special Tax Recapture:

* NONE *

Tax Exempt: NO

Location Information [View Map]

Premises Address:

Zoning:

Legal Description:

7901 GEORGIA AVE SILVER SPRING 20910 CBD1

PT PAR 54 1 SILVER S

80

PRING

Map Grid

Parcel Subdiv Sect

Block Lot

Plat No: Group **Plat Ref:**

JN32 P261 Special Tax Areas

Town:

Ad Valorem:

Tax Class:

48

Primary Structure Data

Year Built:

Enclosed Area: Property Land Area: County Use:

0000

9,734.00 SF

553

Value Information

Base Value Current Value Phase-In Value Phase-in Assessments

As Of 01/01/2001 07/01/2002 07/01/2001 07/01/2002 330,900

As Of

Impts: Total:

Pref Land:

214,100 1,000 215,100

1,000 331,900

292,966

As Of

254,033

292,966

Partial Exempt Assessments

Code 07/01/2001 07/01/2002 County 000 0 0 State 000 0 0 000 Municipal

[Go Back]

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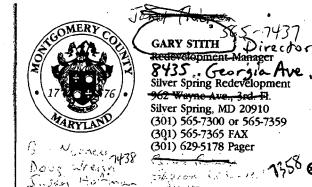


Domenick Fioravanti Senior Vice President

and Administrative Officer

301-771-5814 fax 301-771-3562 dfiorava@discavery.cam

7700 Wiscansin Avenue Bethesda, Maryland 20814-3579



Randy Boehm rboehm Cerols.com
(301) 951-4574 W
7426 Bulfalo Ave.
Takome Pak MD.
20912

Roger Bain 587-6200 Wheeler and Korpeck 7285 8601 Georgie Ave. Slver Spring, MD 20910

Mr. Bryant Foulger 948-0522
Foulger Pratt Construction, Inc.
1355 Piccard Drive
Suite 400
Rockville, MD 20850

Fax (301)948-5949

Racol Garda

Bob Love
588-0614

Bruce Lee

LDG Inc.

Lee Development Group

Lee Plaza

8601 Georgia Avenue, Suite 200

Silver Spring, MD 20910



THE TOWER COMPANIES

11501 Huff Court North Bethesda, Maryland 20895 301 984 7000

301.984.7000 301.984.7601 Fax

CSEGERMAN@TOWERCOS.COM

Jeffrey Abramson

Chare SA SEGERMAN

Peter The JBG COMPANIES

ROD LAWRENCE

5301 WISCONSIN AVENUE, NW SUITE 300 WASHINGTON, DC 20015-2015 (202) 777-7198 FAX: (202) 777-7110 ROD.LAWRENCE@JBG.COM

Sally Sternback 1503 Noyes Drive Silver Spring, MD 20910 (301) 585 - 8848

Barry Sorenko The Photo Group (301) 495-5800 1100 Blair Mill Rd. Silver Spring, MD 20910

Phone EMail

301.562 1400 301.562.5945 gatewaycdc@aol.com WebSite gatewaycdc.com

Mr. Jim Triebwasser

Corporate Offices:

8035 13TH STREET SUITE 2 SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20910 - 4870

Branch Office:

7826 EASTERN AVENUE, NW SUITE 311 WASHINGTON; DC 20012 - 1324

Please sand notice to Any Finan at DED as well. I assume you already have addresses for George + Marcie, Thanks.

Noticing Addresses

Jerry McCoy, President Silver Spring Historical Society P.O. Box 1160 Silver Spring, MD 20910

Stacy P. Silber Wilkes Artis 3 Bethesda Metro Center Suite 800 Bethesda, MD 20814

Craig Bruch AT&T 150 Mount Airy Road Room 2S122 Basking Ridge, New Jersey 07920

ADD: MPI, Inc.

Marcy Stic

M.NCPPC

MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

Fax

Historic Preservation Section

Tel: 301-563-3400

Fax: 301-563-3412

To:

AYANA

Montgomery Journal

FAX:

703-846-8462

VOICE:

703-846-8405

From: 🎶

Robin D. Ziek

Please call me to confirm receipt (301-563-3400).

Date:

July 23, 2001

Total Pages:

2

Re:

Legal Notice for Historic Preservation Commission

The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission has authorized publication in your newspaper of the enclosed Notice of Public Appearance, for an insertion in your April 25, 2001 issue, subject to the following specifications:

- 1. Text shall be set in regular classified body light-face type;
- 2. Headlines shall be set in bold-face capitals;
- 3. Date and place of hearing to be set as in copy in bold-face capitals and lower case; and
- 4. Copy should be limited to one-column width or two-columns if notice exceeds 100 lines or one page.

Please furnish me with two copies of the certificate of publication of this notice.

Thank you.

Enclosure

G:\Preserve\forms\jourhpc

NOTICE OF A PUBLIC APPEARANCE BEFORE THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION FOR THE PURPOSE OF ACTING ON THESE AND OTHER ITEMS:

The regularly scheduled Public Appearance during which these and other items will be considered will be held on August 15, 2001, 7:30 p.m., in the MRO Auditorium, 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland. For further information, contact Robin Ziek or Gwen Marcus of the Historic Preservation Office, M-NCPPC at 301/563-3400, 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, 20910.

- I. <u>HPC WORKSESSION</u> 7:00 p.m. in the Third Floor Conference Room
- II. LOCATIONAL ATLAS EVALUATION 7:30 p.m. in the Auditorium

Public appearance to evaluate the Canada Dry bottling plant, at 1201 East-West Highway in Silver Spring, for listing in the Locational Atlas & Index of Historic Sites. This property is being evaluated at the request of the Silver Spring Historical Society, and, if listed, would be considered at some time in the future for designation on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation. The HPC worksession on this property to formulate recommendations to the Planning Board will be held on September 12, 2001.

h:\wp\canadadry



FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Historic Preservation Office Department of Park & Planning

Telephone Number: (301) 563-3400

TO: Ayana FAX NUMBER: 703846.8462
FROM: ROBIN ZIEK
DATE: July 24
NUMBER OF PAGES INCLUDING THIS TRANSMITTAL SHEET: 3
NOTE:
Please note this is a

Fax Number: (301)-563-3412

Sender: Kreger

Gary Stith

David Edgerley

Bryant Foulger

Dominick Fioravanti

Barry Sorrenko

Tim Minerd

Rod Lawrence and Pete Jervey of JBG

Roger Bain and Jeffrey Abramson

Randy Boehm

Marcy Stickle, George French

Bruce Lee

Sally Sternback

thanks!

Reply Separator

Subject:

Re:Canada Dry

Author:

Ziek

Date:

07/19/2001 1:51 PM

We will move forward with the hearing. The first possible date is august 15, and the noticing will go out on July 25, as per our ordinance...

I have to put together a noticing list. Who are the "usual suspects" in Silver Spring for you? Thanks. Robin

Sender: Kreger

You can contact David Edgerley, Director of Economic Development, and Tim Minerd, Commercial Revitalization Chief at DHCA, through the interoffice mail. I'll get you the other addresses.

Reply Separator

Subject:

Re[3]:Canada Dry

Author:

Ziek

Date:

07/23/2001 3:11 PM

Do you have addresses for all of those people? I'll mail out the notices on Wed. thanks. Robin



P.O. Box 1160 • Silver Spring, Maryland • 20910-1160

JUL 1 7 2001

Mr. Steven Spurlock, Chair Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

Dear Mr. Spurlock:

On November 22, 2000, the Silver Spring Historical Society nominated the Canada Dry bottling plant in Silver Spring for the Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County. We would like to request that you place this issue on the agenda at the Commission's August 15 hearing, and that the Commissioners consider placing the structure on the Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

We would also like to amend our nomination, because new information has come to our attention since we submitted it. That information (enclosed) consists of:

- Evidence of alteration Part of the east side of the building was removed about 1974 to accommodate constructing the WMATA Metro tracks.
- Evidence that preservation and adaptive reuse of this building can succeed The "Davis Business Center" in Portland, Oregon is, as far as we can determine, an exact duplicate of the Silver Spring building. Converted from its original use as a Canada Dry bottling plant, it now houses office and warehouse/storage space.
- Recognition of historic significance Portland, Oregon, recognized the historic significance of its Canada Dry bottling plant by placing it on the city's "Historic Resource Inventory."
- Indication by County Executive Doug Duncan that the Canada Dry building should be preserved.

We believe the supporting research that we submitted constitutes irrefutable evidence of the historic and architectural significance of the Canada Dry bottling plant and the body of work of its architect. We look forward to presenting the case for preserving the building before you and the other Commissioners.

Sincerely,

cc: Gwen Wright - Historic Preservation Coordinator

Amendment to November 22, 2000 Application of the Silver Spring Historical Society to Place the Canada Dry Bottling Plant, 1201 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, on the Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County

Amends:

Description - Alterations/condition

To accommodate the construction of WMATA's Metro tracks, part of the building's east side was removed about 1974. The extent of removal is shown in the accompanying floor plan (Attachment A), and can be seen in recent photographs (Attachment B). The original extent of the building can be seen in an aerial photo taken in 1955 (Attachment C).

Amends:

Criterion 1, d: Exemplifies the cultural, economic, social, political, or historic heritage of the County and its communities; and Appendix: "Adaptive Reuse of Industrial Buildings"

The "Davis Business Center," located at 4370 Northeast Halsey St., Portland, Oregon, appears to be an exact duplicate of Silver Spring's Canada Dry bottling plant (Attachment D). The entire building has been preserved, restored, and adaptively reused, and offers office and warehouse/ storage space (Attachment E).

Amends:

Criterion 2, a: Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction

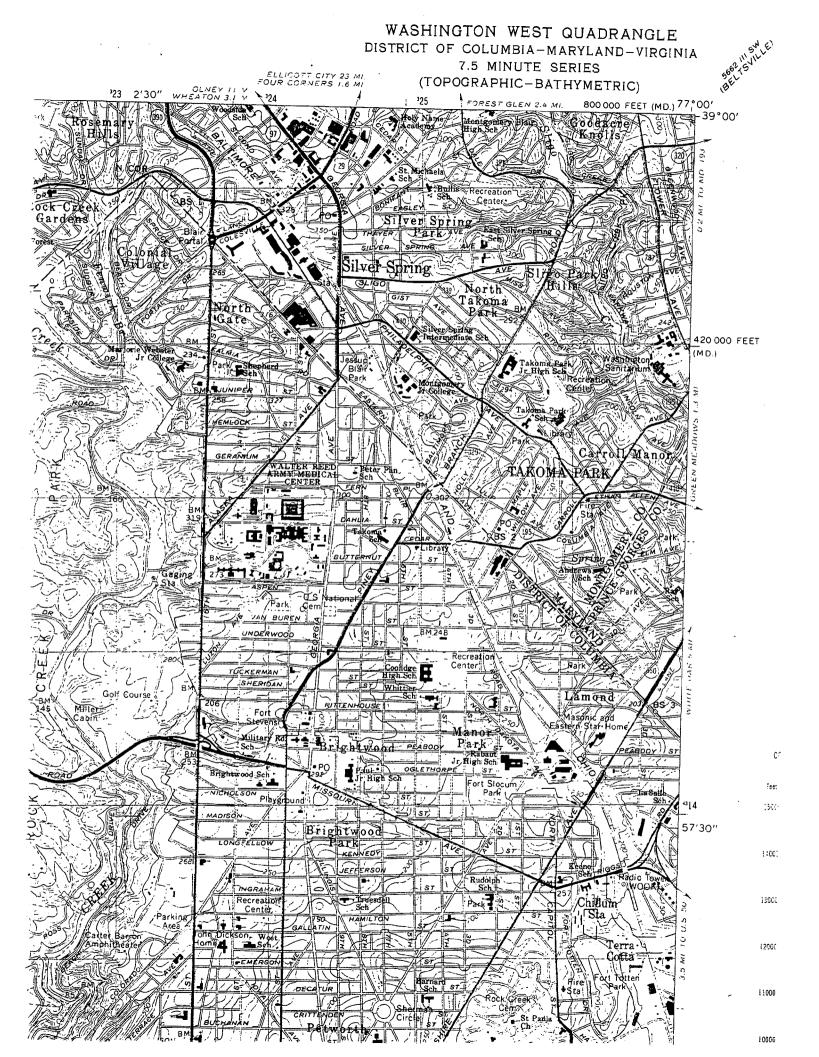
The historic significance of Portland, Oregon's Davis Business Center, which appears to be an exact duplicate of Silver Spring's Canada Dry bottling plant, and was designed by Walter Monroe Cory, has been recognized by the city of Portland through placement on its "Historic Resource Inventory" (Attachment F).

Amends:

Selected Letters of Support

In a letter of August 31, 2000 to Laura French, County Executive Douglas Duncan expressed his interest in preserving the building. In that letter (Attachment G), Mr. Duncan wrote, "I am pleased to inform you that the new owner, AT&T, has...been advised that the original building should be preserved."

July 17, 2001



Historic Context for CD.

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3/23/18
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· Agricultural Wishing - 18, 19, 20 5 · Mardenial 81 tes 18, 19, 20 -c.

Commercial - 19th, 20th (1 times, Mentres)

Industrial.

Pag lebigions - 18, 17, 20 5

When does and industrial corridor get developed? Where? How? Why? Edge of S.S, a lay transportation corridor? Ulm dod E.W. get put Mrough?

- maule letter from previous HPC 1. Timeline - comments
- 2. Owner different / Context different

New Order notified ... Dean't have to go forward ...

3. Bly has surroughed because it is functional & adaptable

O Research Walter Monroe Gray Cory . Canada Dry as a business. E. W. Higham

Modern Architects, by Albred H. Darr, Jr., Henry-Russell Hitchwork, Jr., Philip Johnson, & Cens Mundows 1932. MoMA, Ny.

Moder Architecture: International Coliflation My-Febro - March 23, 1932 Mona Cultural -

Characters - Art Moderne - streamlined development International Style, modern architecture. Friqued lown, Dynamiz.

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More chime in on protecting historic In cities and towns across the counNow at issue is whether to add the Montgomery County, as well as one of

try, developers with an interest in preserving our heritage and intent on making sound economic investments are preserving historic structures. They are taking advantage of tax credits that help make historic rehabilitation and restoration projects fiscally possible and are putting their creative genius and business savvy to work to revitalize communities.

Areas throughout Washington, D.C., and Baltimore - in Brooklyn, N.Y.; Hoboken, N.J.; Alexandria, Va.; South Miami Beach, Fla.; Charleston. S.C.; Providence, R.I., and beyond are enjoying a rebirth. These cities weren't always grand and were often victims of neglect, poor economies and decreasing populations, until a few smart leaders unleashed the opportunities hidden in their historic sites.

In Seattle alone, where the interest in renovated old spaces continues to grow, one major restoration project has attracted nearly \$1 billion in new investment. Such successes can happen in Silver Spring, as well.

Already in Silver Spring, plans to restore the Silver Theater and Shopping Center and the Hecht's building are creating excitement and stimulating investment. These historic structures make Silver Spring unique and give it character.

Canada Dry Co. Bottling Plant Building to Montgomery County's Master Plan for Historic Preservation, Designation of this grand 1946 landmark site will allow for substantial local, state and federal tax credits; encourage the preservation and reuse of this significant historic structure: trigger numerous other development projects that result in substantial private investment, and help retain South Silver Spring's character and uniqueness.

Significant both for its unique architecture and contribution to the industrial development of south Silver Spring, the Canada Dry plant helps define this area, even today, and can successfully be adapted for a new use more suitable to 21st-century needs. As renowned architect Arthur Cotton Moore notes: "Preservation is a carefully considered pro-growth attitude that takes the most practical and economic position of working with the equity we already have." It is the duty of our county officials to realize this

Montgomery Preservation Inc. urges our public officials to show their commitment to keeping Montgomery County's heritage alive and to prove their understanding of the economic value of historic preservation by nominating the Canada Dry building as a site under the Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

As owner of the soon-to-be-restored Silver Spring B&O Railroad Station, MPI believes that the historic structures in this industrial area provide wonderful revitalization opportunities for Silver Spring residents and investors. The Canada Dry building is an important component of this effort.

> MARIE HOEY President Montgomery Preservation Inc.

As a participant in the effort to restore the historic Silver Spring B&O Railroad Station, I have a special interest in the future of the Canada Dry Co. Bottling Plant, located diagonally across the tracks from the station.

The structure, with its yellow brick walls and imposing glass block entranceway, has been called the best example of industrial stream line design in

the very best examples in the Washington Metropolitan region.

Designed by noted New York architect, Walter Monroe Cory, the Canada Dry plant clearly meets the criteria on its architectural merits alone — for listing on the county's Master Plan for Historic Preservation.

The historic designation of the original structure in its entirety need not impede redevelopment of the site. In fact, the former plant could serve as a cornerstone for the revitalization of South Silver Spring.

Abandoned bottling plants, with their vast open spaces, have proven to be extremely flexible spaces for reuse. They have been converted to printing plants, educational facilities, and, in Portland, Ore., imaginative developers successfully rehabilitated a twin of the Canada Dry Bottling Plant for use as a small-business incubator.

The southern area of the Silver Spring business district — encompassing the historic railroad station. Acorn Park and the Canada Dry plant — has the potential to become as vital and at-

tractive as the area centered around the Silver Theatre in the heart of downtown. The Historic Preservation Commission can help this to happen by adding the Art Deco-styled Canada Dry plant to the county's Master Plan for Historic Preservation without delay.

NANCY URBAN Silver Spring

bottling plant





SILVER SPRING CITIZENS ADVISORY BOARD

September 12, 2001

Mr. Steven Spurlock, Chair Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

Dear Mr. Spurlock:

The Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board met on September 10, 2001 and, with only one abstention, approved the following resolution from the Board's Central Business District Committee regarding the Canada Dry Bottling Plant:

Resolution:

The Silver Spring Citizens Advisory Board recommends that the Montgomery County Preservation Historic Commission not approve historic designation for the former Canada Dry Bottling Plant located at the intersection of East West Highway and Blair Mill Road in Silver Spring.

Thank you for your consideration of our recommendation.

Sincerely,

Monta Harney Elnora Harvey

Chair

EH:vl





SILVER SPRING REGIONAL CENTER

de

DOWNTOWN URBAN DISTRICT OFFICE 8435 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

Main Number: (301) 565-7300 / Fax Number: (301) 565-7365

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TAMON		What From: VICK Lotterman
Fax:		Pages:
Phone:		Date:
Re:	·	.CC:
Urgent		For Review
Please Comment		Please Reply Please Recycle —

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ssilber@hklaw.com

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HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP

3 Bethesda Metro Center Suite 800 Bethesda, Maryland 20814-6301

301-654-7800 FAX 301-656-3978 www.hklaw.com

Law Offices

September 13, 2001

VIA FACSIMILE

Mr. Steven L. Spurlock Chair Historic Preservation Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

Re:

1201 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland

Dear Mr. Spurlock:

On behalf of AT&T Communications, the owner of 1201 East-West Highway, we would like to inform you that the contract with Theo Margas, et al. to purchase the property has been terminated. AT&T has been contacted, and is in discussions with other potential purchasers who are interested in redeveloping the property. In all of AT&T's discussions, potential purchasers have expressed concerns regarding the pending historic preservation action, and any ultimate designation of the property. As a result, AT&T must continue to oppose designation for the reasons stated previously.

Please contact us should you have any questions.

Very truly yours.

HOLLAND & KNIGHT, LLP

Robert R. Harris

RRH/SPS:mis BSA1#16003 v1

FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

ERS/ISD/PCB 1800 M STREET NW ROOM S2015 DATE: 3-3/

TO: GWEN WRIGHT OR REGIN ZIEM	FROM: MARY NEARDON			
AGENCY: HPC	AGENCY: SS #JS			
PHONE Number: ()	PHONE Number: (202) 694-5/36			
FAX Number: ()	FAX Number: (202) 694-5638			
Number of pages being sent (including this page)				
Message:				
If all pages are not received, please call sender at the phone number given above.				

To: Guen Harous Wright/ Steven Spurlock

FAX. (301) 563-3412

From: bobbi Hahn

Phine/FAX: (843) 524-4975

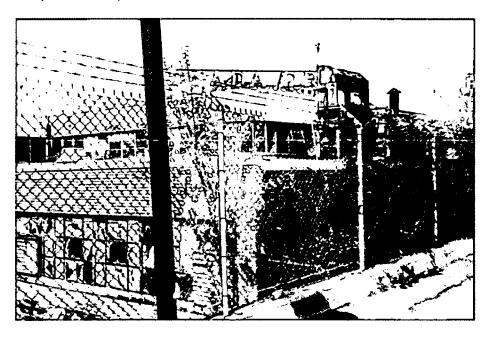
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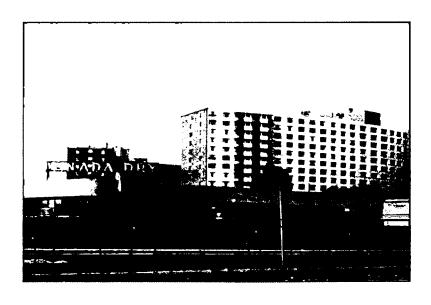
Please enter this letter into the record for the heaving on the Canada Day building. Original carring by 'enailmail'.

Thanks,

pdh

3 pages including cover





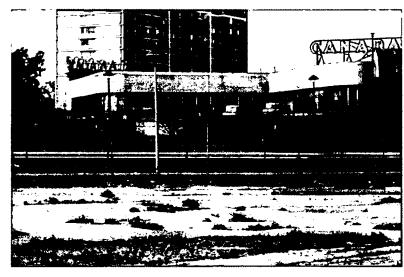


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