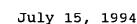
THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION 8787 Georgia Avenue • Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760



#### MEMORANDUM

TO:

Historic Preservation Commission Members Attending July 18th Meeting in Takoma Park (Booth, Brenneman, Harris, and Norkin)

FROM: Gwen Marcus, Historic Preservation Coordinator

SUBJECT: Background Materials for July 18th Meeting in Takoma Park

As you know, on Monday, July 18, 1994, there will be a meeting in Takoma Park to discuss the administration of the Takoma Park Historic District and the review of Historic Area Work Permits in the area. The meeting will be at 6:30 p.m. and will be held on the 2nd floor of the Takoma Park City Hall, 7500 Maple Avenue, Takoma Park.

The attendees for this relatively informal meeting will include the Mayor and City Council of Takoma Park, planning staff from the City of Takoma Park, an interested citizen (Nina Seavey), and historic preservation staff (Nancy Witherell and myself). I haven't been able to get firm information on whether other citizens may be attending the meeting, but the City staffperson who I spoke with did not get the impression that Nina Seavey would be bringing in a group.

It is hoped that this can be a productive meeting which will not dissect the details of specific cases but will instead focus on the HAWP process - how it can be improved and made more understandable for citizens - and on the application of the Takoma Park guidelines.

There are at least four City Council members who were not on the Council when the historic district was designated and who have very limited information on that process. In fact, a number of the City staff are new and have little information on how the district was created and how the guidelines were developed.

As this may well be a major educational opportunity, we will bring copies of the Approved and Adopted Amendment for Takoma Park to distribute to everyone. We will also bring our standard handouts on the HAWP process, on tax credits, etc. As general information, the HPC may want to know that - from August, 1992 through July, 1994 - we will have reviewed a total of 82 HAWPs in Takoma Park. Of these, there have been 2 actual denials: the Manahan vinyl siding case at 66 Walnut Avenue and the Trager back-porch demolition at 1 Columbia Avenue. The Manahan case went to the Board of Appeals, who allowed them to retain the vinyl siding. The Trager case was not appealed and the porch was appropriately rebuilt.

I know we are all hoping that the July 18th meeting can be productive and not simply an argument about Nina Seavey's specific case (which, incidentally, the HPC approved and construction of which is almost completed); however, issues related to that case may arise. Therefore, I'm attaching to this memo a copy of the staff report and HAWP application for the Seavey case.

Thanks for your participation in this upcoming meeting. Please call either Nancy or myself if you have questions, comments, or suggestions before the meeting.

# APPROVED BY HPC ON 8/18/93 (4-2 VOTE)

## HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION STAFF REPORT

Address: 7214 Spruce Avenue	Meeting Date: 8/18/93
Resource: Takoma Park Historic District	Review: HAWP/Alteration
Case Number: 37/3-93Y	Tax Credit: No
Public Notice: 8/4/93	Report Date: 8/11/93
Applicant: Nina and Ormond Seavey	Staff: Nancy Witherell
PROPOSAL: Construct Rear Addition	RECOMMEND: Deny

The applicants and their architect appeared before the Commission for a preliminary consultation at its July 14, 1993, meeting, during which the Commission was shown three schemes for constructing an addition on a one-story Craftsman-style house designated a contributing structure in the Takoma Park Historic District. The one-story house, with its porch and roof gables facing toward the street, has a relatively recent (1988) onestory addition at the rear. The addition's gable roof slope is flatter than that of the house.

At the meeting, the Commissioners were divided in their support for adding a second story above the 1988 addition (two of the schemes used this approach) or for adding a one-story addition behind the 1988 addition. The applicants and their architect strongly favored the second-story addition for reasons of cost and for possible future use of the rear yard; the Commission appeared to lean toward that proposal, as well.

The 1988 addition projects 4' on either side of the side walls of the original house. This projection would be maintained on the second floor, if constructed. The new roof would also reflect the flatter pitch of the existing addition's roof. The new roof would rise 5' above the house's gable roof. A small porch would be built in front of the side projection on the right side of the house.

The fenestration pattern and existing masonite finish of the rear addition are distinct from the house; the exterior surface and windows of the addition have been redesigned in order to make them more sympathetic to the Craftman-style elements and rough pebble dash stucco finish of the original house.

# STAFF DISCUSSION

The staff had previously recommended in favor of constructing an additional one-story section behind the house, believing that the proposed second story, visible above the roof of the historic house, would not meet the ordinance criteria, the Secretary of the Interior's Standards, or Takoma Park guidelines.

The staff continues to find the second-story proposal, now submitted as a HAWP with the encouragement of some of the Commissioners, to be inconsistent with accepted historic preservation practice and and cannot recommend in favor of it. In the staff's judgment, the proposal sets a poor precedent for the review of other one-story houses in the historic district. This house, with its one-story addition and the desired addition, is not unique in the Takoma Park Historic District.

More important, however, is the future appearance of this house with a rear addition that looms five feet above the roof line of the historic house. An addition should be ancillary to, not taller than, the historic structure to which it is added. Given that the 1988 addition is four feet wider than the current house and that the roof slope is flatter than the existing roof, the second story would exacerbate these distinctions. It is understood that the 1988 addition is a given factor in any scheme; however, a new addition at the rear would not elevate the nonhistoric dimensions for greater public visibility.

The issue raised at the preliminary consultation about loss of yard space at the rear is an appropriate and important one. The historic district encompasses more than the public zone at the street front. Nevertheless, the staff would prefer that an addition to the house impinge on that more private space rather than on the streetscape, the most visible area under the purview of the Commission.

The staff sympathizes with the applicants' and architect's dilemma and understands why the Commission was divided in its response to the two proposals at the preliminary consultation. Nevertheless, the staff reiterates its opinion that the two-story proposal is inconsistent with the ordinance criteria.

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATION

The staff recommends that the application be found not to be consistent with the purposes of Chapter 24A, as stated in 24A-8(a):

The commission shall instruct the director to deny a permit if it finds, based on the evidence and information presented to or before the commisison that the alteration for which the permit is sought would be inappropriate or inconsistent with, or detrimental to the preservation, enhancement or ultimate protection of the historic site, or historic resource within an historic district, and to the purposes of this chapter;

#### or with Secretary of the Interior's Standards #2 and #9:

The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.

New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

and with the Takoma Park guidelines for the review of contributing structures in the historic district:

All exterior alterations, including those to architectural features and details, should be <u>generally</u> consistent with the predominant architectural style and period of the resource and should preserve the predominant architectural features of the resource; exact replication of existing details and features is, however, not required.

Major additions should, where feasible, be placed to the rear of existing structures so that they are less visible from the public right-of-way; additions and alterations to the first floor at the front of a structure are discouraged by not automatically prohibited.

Second story additions or expansions should be <u>generally</u> consistent with the predominant architectural style and period of the resource (although structures that have been historically single story can be expanded) and should be appropriate to the surrounding streetscape in terms of scale and massing.



**Historic Preservation Commission** 

51 Monroe Street, Suite 1001, Rockville, Maryland 20850 217-3625

# APPLICATION FOR HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT

ταχ α	1063035
	OF PROPERTY OWNER NIDA& Ormond Searcy TELEPHONE NO. 301 270 044
INAME	(Contract/Purchaser) (Include Area Code)
ADDR	ESS 7214 Spruce Ave Tahoma, Doule Md 20814
CONT	RACTOR TELEPHONE NO.
PLANS	SPREPARED BY BARBARA SIEGEL TELEPHONE NO. 301 654 3303
	REGISTRATION NUMBER # 8629
LOCA	TION OF BUILDING/PREMISE
House	Number Street Spruce Ave
	City Tahoma Pork, Md Election District
Neares	t Cross Street TUID AVE
	35 Block 13 8 Subdivision 25 Takoma Park District 13
Liber_	Folio Parcel
1A.	TYPE OF PERMIT ACTION: (circle one)       Circle One: A/C       Slab       Room Addition         Construct       Extend/Add       Alter/Renovate       Repair       Porch       Deck       Fireplace       Shed       Solar       Woodburning Stove         Wreck/Raze       Move       Install       Revocable       Revision       Fence/Wall (complete Section 4)       Other
1B.	CONSTRUCTION COSTS ESTIMATE \$ 75,000
10.	IF THIS IS A REVISION OF A PREVIOUSLY APPROVED ACTIVE PERMIT SEE PERMIT #
1D. 1E.	INDICATE NAME OF ELECTRIC UTILITY COMPANY PEPCO IS THIS PROPERTY A HISTORICAL SITE?
PART	TWO: COMPLETE FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION AND EXTEND/ADDITIONS
2A.	TYPE OF SEWAGE DISPOSAL 2B. TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY
	01       1       1       WSSC       02       () Well         03       () Dther       03       () Other       03       () Other
PART	THREE: COMPLETE ONLY FOR FENCE/RETAINING WALL
4A.	HEIGHTfeetinches
4B.	Indicate whether the fence or retaining wall is to be constructed on one of the following locations:
	On party line/Property line       Entirely on land of owner
	3. Dn public right of way/easement (Revocable Letter Required).

I hereby certify that I have the authority to make the foregoing application, that the application is correct, and that the construction will comply with plans approved by all agencies listed and I hereby acknowledge and accent this to be a condition for the improve of this recent (

# SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION FOR HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT

# REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS

# 1. WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of existing structure(s) and environmental setting, including their historical features and significance:

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b. General description of project and its impact on the historic resource(s), the environmental setting, and, where applicable, the historic district:

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# 2. Statement of Project Intent:

Short, written statement that describes:

a. the proposed design of the new work, in terms of scale, massing, materials, details, and landscaping:

This is an atternist to improve the 1998 addition justich to colonial revocal in style. New addition will part change terristration to more cratisation style. Also, change from Maschite to style is an advantage more of out cuticity desireable, but is limited by existing for mations & roof trusses.

b. the relationship of this design to the existing resource(s):

proposed addition is cleanly delineated from existing burgalow in that it poos out tho pach side. Also the new work will be about 5-04 higher that the Deale of the PX HIM

c. the way in which the proposed work conforms to the specific requirements of the Ordinance (Chapter 24A):

Meets secretary's Standards	toy clearly delineated crusting
to new; respects anainal and	minimized damaco to original
	Especially 24A-86 1,5 %
244-86 20	

# 3. Project Plan:

Site and environmental setting, drawn to scale (staff will advise on area required). Plan to include:

- a. the scale, north arrow, and date;
- b. dimensions and heights of all existing and proposed structures;
- c. brief description and age of all structures (e.g., 2 story, frame house c.1900);
- d. grading at no less than 5' contours (contour maps can be obtained from the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring; telephone 495-4610); and
- e. site features such as walks, drives, fences, ponds, streams, trash dumpsters, mechanical equipment, and landscaping.

4. <u>Tree Survey</u>: If applicable, tree survey indicating location, caliper and species of all trees within project area which are 6" in caliper or larger (including those to be removed).

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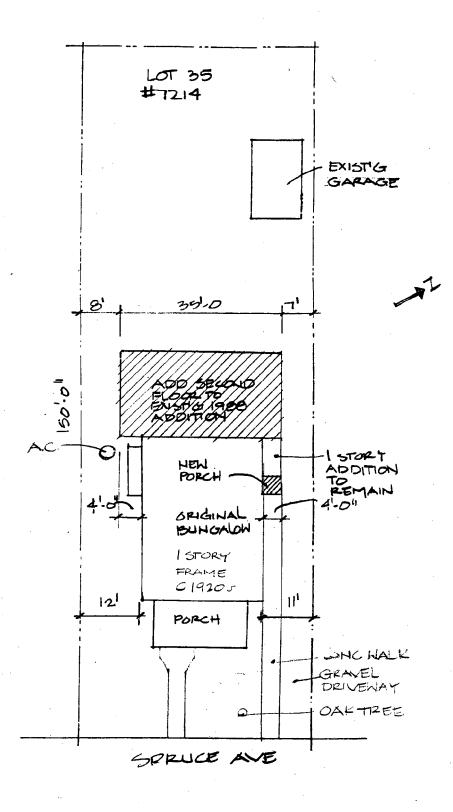
- 5. <u>Design Features</u>: Schematic construction plans drawn to scale at 1/8" = 1'-0", or 1/4" = 1'-0", indicating location, size and general type of walls, window and door openings, roof profiles, and other fixed features of both the existing resource(s) and the proposed work.
- 6. <u>Facades</u>: Elevation drawings, drawn to scale at 1/8" = 1'0", or 1/4" = 1'0", clearly indicating proposed work in relation to existing construction and, when appropriate, context. All materials and fixtures proposed for exterior must be noted on the elevations drawings. <u>An existing and a proposed elevation drawing of each facade affected by the proposed work is required</u>.
- 7. <u>Materials Specifications</u>: General description of materials and manufactured items proposed for incorporation in the work of the project.
- 8. <u>Photos of Resources</u>: Clearly labeled color photographic prints of each facade of existing resource, including details of the affected portions. All labels should be placed on the front of photographs.
- 9. <u>Photos of Context</u>: Clearly labeled color photographic prints of the resource as viewed from the public right-of-way and from adjoining properties, and of the adjoining and facing properties.

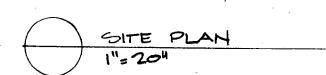
Color renderings and models are encouraged, but not generally required.

Applicant shall submit 2 copies of all materials in a format no larger than  $8 \ 1/2$ " x 14"; black and white photocopies of color photos are acceptable with the submission of one original photo.

10. <u>Addresses of Adjacent Property Owners</u>. For <u>all</u> projects, provide an accurate list of adjacent and confronting property owners (not tenants), including names, addresses, and zip codes. This list should include the owners of all lots or parcels which adjoin the parcel in question, as well as the owner(s) of lot(s) or parcel(s) which lie directly across the street/highway from the parcel in question. If you need assistance obtaining this information, call the Department of Assessments and Taxation, at 279-1355.

Way applebaum & Betsy Cohen 1. Name Address 7209 Whilow au 20912-City/Zip Jalematan Ma 2. Name assessme 6.29.76 kst Wiln Address transfer -according Ma. City/Zip lahona tark. to people on Street there is a possibility. -3rewowners







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SPRICE: REAR 7214

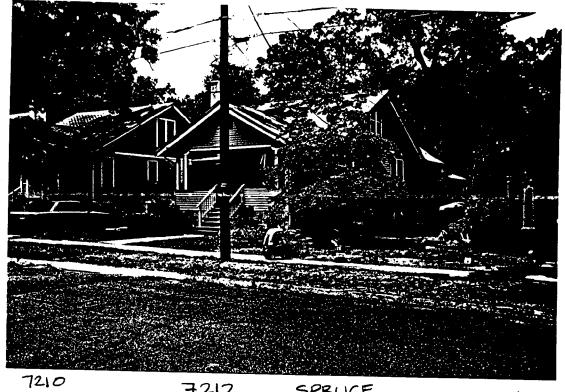
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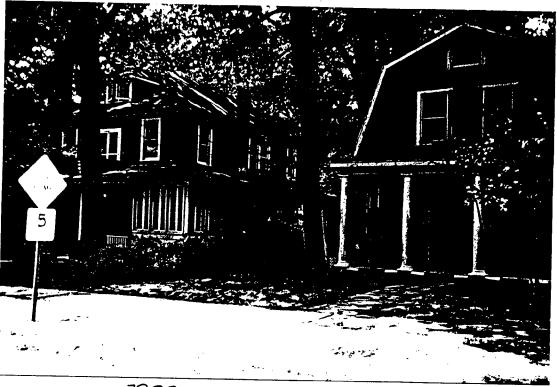
7214 SPRUCE SIDE (SOUTH)



7214 SPRUCE: FRONT & NORTH SIDE

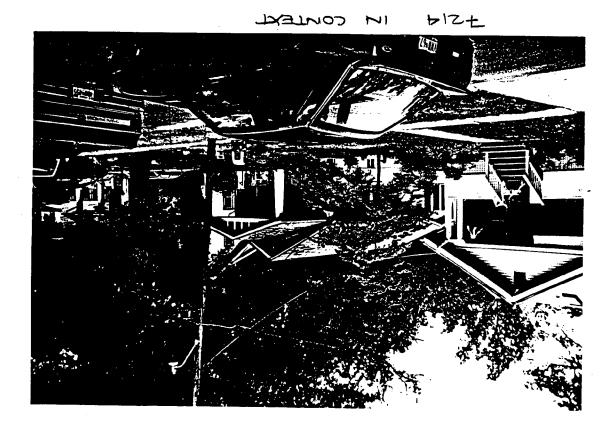


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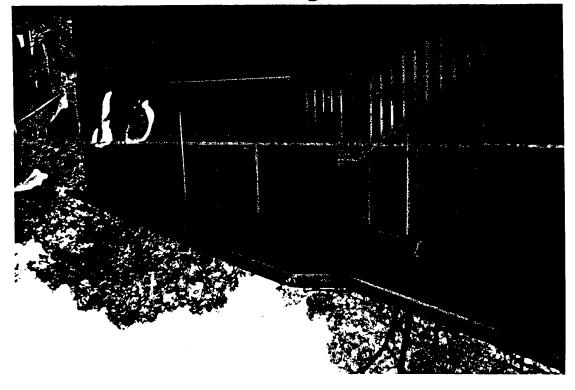
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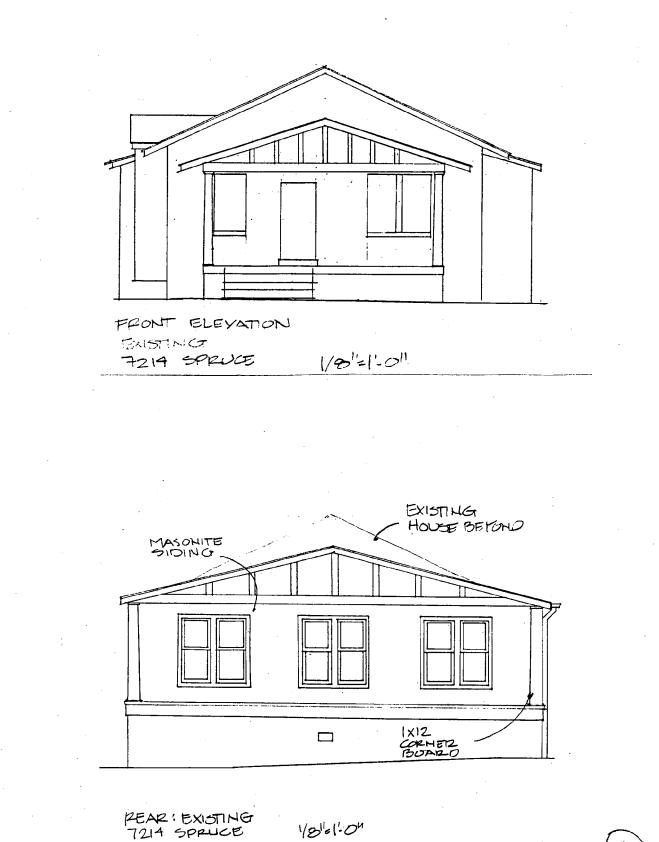


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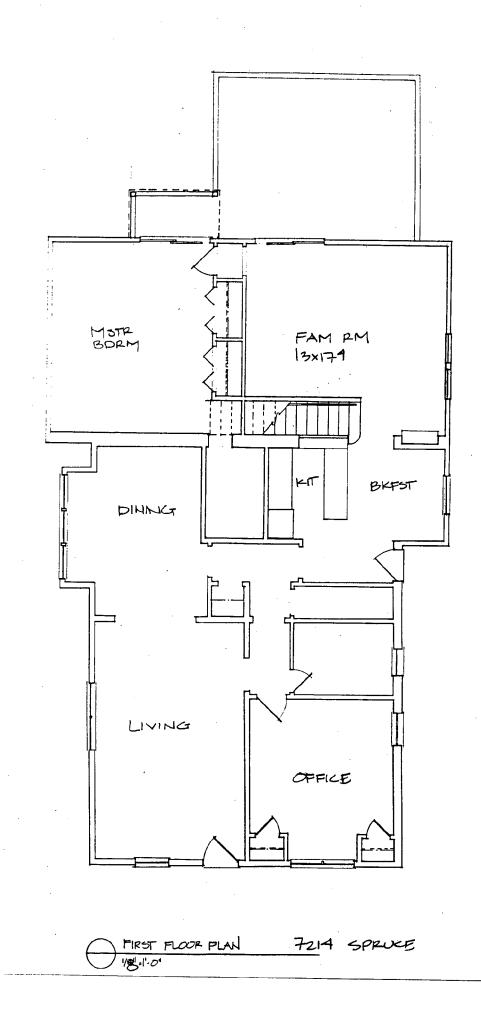


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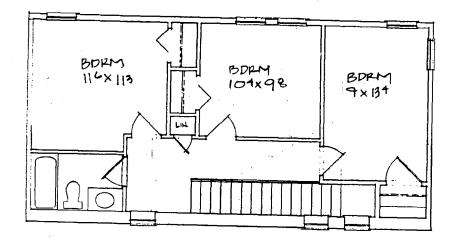
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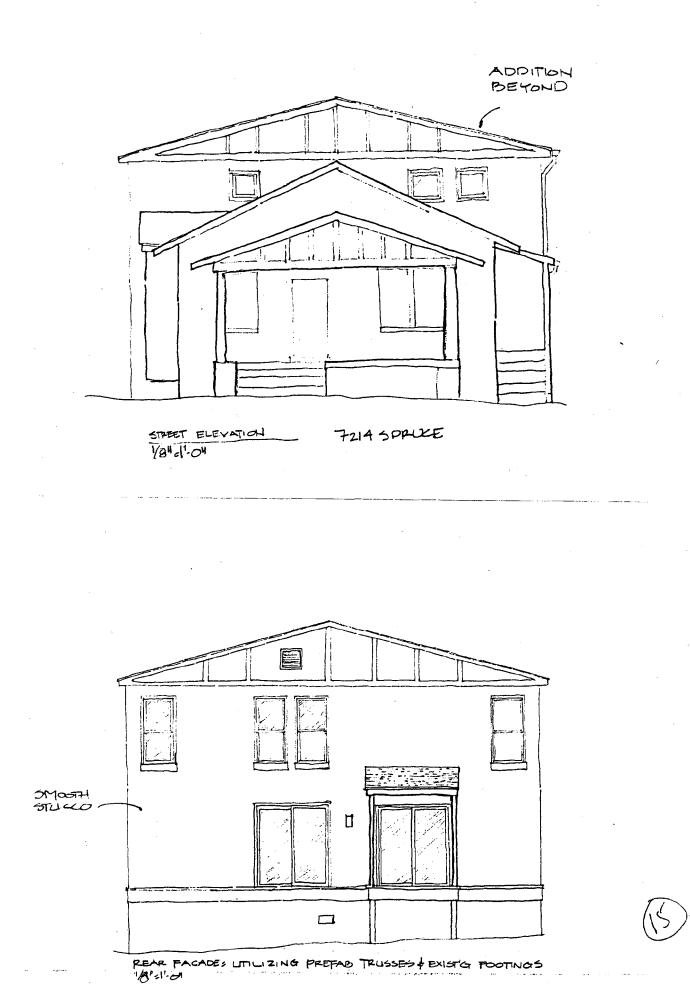


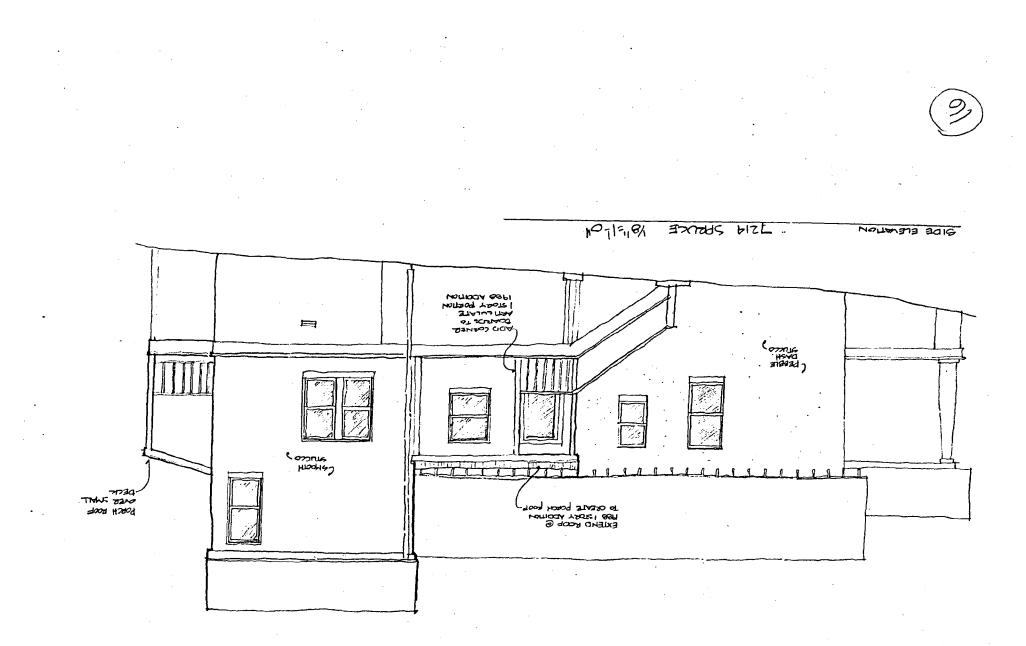


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BECOND FLOOR DLAN 7214 SPROCE





# MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION

#### COMMISSION MEETING

July 14, 1993

7:45 p.m.

### **BEFORE:**

Albert Randall, Chairperson Walter Booth, Vice Chair Joseph B. Brenneman, Commissioner Ellen Pratt Harris, Commissioner George Kousoulas, Commissioner Martha Lanigan, Commissioner

STAFF:

Gwen Marcus, Historic Preservation Coordinator Christopher Hitchens, County Attonney Nancy Witherell, Planner Patricia Parker, Flanner

> JOHNSON & WARREN Reporting and Transcribing Upper Marlboro, Maryland (301) 952-05111

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1	three in favor, two opposed, one abstaining, and the motion
2	carries. I just want to make sure that gets on the record.
3	CHAIRMAN RANDALL: All right, is that how it
4	stacks out? It takes a simple majority of those voting for
5	or against.
6	MR. WILSON: Let me understand. Does that give
7	us your approval we now have the HAWP, is that correct?
8	MS. WITHERELL: Once you give us revised
9	drawings, yes; then we'll send it to DEP and you can
10	proceed with your building permit.
11	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
12	MR. BOOTH: Nancy, before we start, would
13	everybody like a five to ten-minute break? No? Keep
14	going. All right.
15	This will bring us to III, Preliminary
16	Consultation. The preliminary consultation for Ormond and
17	Nina Seavey for an addition at 7213 Spruce Avenue in Takoma
18	Park. May we have the staff report?
19	MS. WITHERELL: This is a preliminary
20	consultation. The house is a contributing structure in
21	Takoma Park Historic District. The applicants and the
22	architect, Barbara Siegel, submit three schemes. Scheme 1,
23	which is their preferred scheme, is the most flushed out.
24	Scheme 1 and Scheme 2 both propose going up for
25	a second story above an existing one-story addition that

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was constructed in the 1980s, and that addition shows in
 this photograph because the addition projects beyond the
 side wall of the house.

Here's a view from the other side. Again, the
left side of the house showing the bump-out at the rear.
There is also a bay projection in front of that. And
here's the view on this side showing the driveway and the
garage at the rear.

9 Both of those proposals would -- the second-story 10 would take the addition then above the height of the 11 existing roof, and the reason is to add bedrooms inside and 12 to have some room for a family room down on the first 13 floor.

The third proposal is to continue back with a one-story addition beyond this house. That is shown in your packet, one of the last pages, Scheme 3. That's on page 15 and 16, in particular. That would be to continue the construction that you see that was done in the '80s, and to continue that back an additional 18 feet.

I've suggested that of the three schemes, Scheme 3, which I know is the least preferred by the applicants, is the one that would stand the best chance of being found to be consistent with the ordinance and also with the Secretary's standards.

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And that's because a two-story addition above a

one-story house is just fundamentally inconsistent with the style and character of this craftsman house, which is basically a one-story house. Rear additions should be 3 ancillary to the house and should not be taller because that does change the character of what is a one-story 5 house. 6

My only concern about going on the back is 7 continuing the wider width and also just adding so much 8 onto the house. The house essentially would be -- counting 9 the '80s addition and the new addition, would essentially 10 doubled in length. And so I would suggest that the walls 11 somehow be articulated so there be a distinction there 12 13 about moving on without a -- some kind of articulation of the planes of the side walls. 14

would recommend that the 15 applicants So Ι 16 reconsider Scheme 3 and see if there's some way that they can present something that's acceptable to them as well. 17

18 MR. BOOTH: Would the applicant -- and I believe 19 the architect is also here. Please come forward.

Let me explain that in a preliminary consultation 20 that the applicant comes forward, makes a presentation, in 21 22 this several different alternatives, and case the Commission tries to give you some guidance as to what might 23 be acceptable or not acceptable. 24

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MS. SIEGEL: What we're starting with is a house

that is very, very small, the original bungalow. My name is Barbara Siegel. I'm the architect. We are starting with a very, very small original bungalow. An addition was put on in 1988. At that time Nina and Norman Seavey had one child and Nina was pregnant with her second child. They thought they would stop at two.

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mal-proportioned The addition is and 7 It has masonite siding on it. 8 unsympathetic. It has 9 rather a Georgian facade on the rear rather than the more informal craftsman style fenestrations that you find in 10 11 Takoma Park.

What has happened is that there are program problems. The family has grown and the family does not want to move. They are very committed to Takoma Park and to the street. They need an additional bedroom, and they've also discovered with three children they need a place for the children to play.

I have known this house for awhile. I did 72 -this house is 7214. 7213 is across the street. I did 7213 before Takoma Park became an historic district. I think it's a fairly sympathetic addition. I feel that I understand what the parameters are. This is just simply a problem house.

The rear addition is the wrong size and I don't have a lot to work with. If this were coming to me clean,

I would not have drawn this the way that it's coming to you.

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I am actually -- disagree even on historic preservation grounds with Nancy about whether or not it should be a long railroad style addition. That would take 5 it pretty much back to as far as zoning would allow. And I really feel that the open space in Takoma Park is 7 extraordinarily valuable. 8

9 Additionally, the plan for the railroad style has the same problem that they're experiencing right now. They 10 don't have access to the rear yard. And when I went out to 11 measure the house the rear yard was overgrown and empty and 12 the front yard had all the toys in it. And you don't see 13 that in this slide, but I think in the picture that I sent 14 around this is the house that always had the toys on the 15 front porch. 16

17 I'd like to open up the family to the rear yard 18 so that they begin landscaping that back space and start caring for it the way many of the backyards in Takoma Park 19 And I think that the two-story schemes will help 20 are. that. 21

I'd like to add to this that I have gotten 22 preliminary estimates from the builder. And the scheme 23 that is up there right now, his estimate is \$87,000. 24 The second-story with the bump-outs and the gable which was, I 25

knew, more expensive -- I didn't realize how much more 1 expensive -- he has at 134. And for the caboose, it's at 2 3 124. I guess the only comment I have is MS. SEAVEY: 4 that obviously we could move. We could move out of Takoma 5 6 Park. We could try to move someplace else in Takoma Park. 7 As Barbara said, I have three children. I am president of the Oldster Home Citizens Association. I am very involved 8 9 in the Takoma Park PTA. We are very committed to what Takoma Park stands for and don't want to move. 10 I think at this point we are in a situation, and 11 I know this is not your problem but is my problem, we have 12 too much family for too little house. And the idea of 13 spending at this point money that is already -- we're going 14 15 to be hard-pressed to gain. If we go for what is the 16 cheaper version and ultimately the version we would like to 17 see happen, which is to go up in the back which gives us a fairly large family room, I think that --18 My husband is a professor at George Washington 19 20 I'm a professor of history at University. George Washington and an independent film maker. We just don't 21 make all that much money. 22 I know that this is not your problem, but the 23 difference between borrowing the \$90,000 that it's going to 24 25 take to build even the first scheme versus the \$123,000

which it would take to build the scheme that I know the staff would recommend, is a massive jump for people in our income bracket.

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We could move to Gaithersburg. But as I said, our involvement in the community is such -- my particular involvement as the president of the Citizens Association is such that we have made a true commitment to what Takoma Park is all about. And I think we're one of the reasons why Takoma Park is kind of a valuable place to live as it is.

Our neighbors have supported us in this 11 Again, I know this is probably less of an 12 consideration. 13 issue for you, but we did disseminate a petition. And our neighbors, in wanting to keep us in Takoma Park, have 14 signed onto a petition recommending that we be allowed to 15 build onto the second floor of this house. 16

Again, I don't know how that fits into the deliberation, but certainly the neighborhood is very supportive of our making the addition and to our remaining in our current home.

21 MR. BOOTH: Ms. Siegel, why don't you show us the 22 three alternatives that you've got.

> MS. WITHERELL: Can you see them? MR. BOOTH: Barely.

> > MS. WITHERELL: Do you want this moved forward?

MR. BOOTH: If it's possible to move it forward, 1 that would be better. 2 3 MR. SIEGEL: To this line is the original house. It's a one-story bungalow. If you block out that, that's 4 the street facade that we have right now. This is a porch 5 which is utilized by the family and is always just occupied 6 by toys if not children. And then this is the existing 7 house. 8 Here is the little dining room bump-out that's 9 existing to the original home. This bump-out here is part 10 11 of the addition, and you see it here. This bump-out is the only alteration that -- other than at the rear of the house 12 13 is the only alteration that happened to the original bungalow. 14 15 There is a one-story addition here right now with 16 a low slope that parallels the slope of the porch in the 17 front. It's a much lower slope than the slope of the 18 existing house. What I'm proposing to do in this scheme is build 19 20 on the existing walls and just go up another floor and 21 actually recycle the trusses. It's a very economical 22 solution. I'm reusing the existing windows in the 23 addition. The one thing I was able to beg Nina to do is to put a little shed roof on the back here, which you see them 24 all over Takoma Park for the side entries. And that's 25

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1	about as much aesthetic non-functional effort she was
2	willing to go with.
3	That's Scheme 1. Oh, we are also removing the
4	masonite siding and putting up stucco, real stucco, not
5	dried.
6	This is Scheme 2, where I've pulled back I
7	think we shouldn't even talk about that because it really
. 8	was so way beyond the budget. This evolved out of
9	conversations with Nancy where I trying to figure out a way
10	to articulate the second floor and do something that wasn't
11	quite as massive and more modest and rambling, the way that
12	you see the Takoma Park houses go.
13	This is the one-story addition which would keep
14	the roof line below. My problem is that it really does
15	make a caboose, and if I were starting fresh with this I
16	think I would have had a pinched bag of some sort, or
17	skewed it slightly just to indicate that this is not part
18	of the original house. But because we already have this
19	bump-out here, it starts kind of wrapping the house and
20	causes some problems.
21	MR. BOOTH: And is there a third scheme?
22	MR. SIEGEL: This was the third scheme, but I
23	think that the estimates are just so beyond.
24	MS. MARCUS: I think they're essentially asking
25	you to focus on Scheme 1 and Scheme 3.

MR. KOUSOULAS: Is there an addition -- how large 1 is that addition? 2 This is the size of the existing 3 MS. SIEGEL: house right now. So it's about 16 feet, and I'm proposing 4 adding another 18 feet. 5 MR. KOUSOULAS: Okay. 6 MR. BOOTH: We're not considering Scheme 3? 7 MS. MARCUS: This is the one we're considering. 8 9 MS. SIEGEL: We're looking at whether it makes 10 more sense to go on one-story far back into the open space, which causes some plan problems and will keep the family 11 from using the backyard and I feel would actually -- not 12 13 only are we losing open space, but I feel that if I can get 14 the family into the backyard that they will landscape the 15 backyard, utilize it, and take care of it. Right now it's 16 overgrown and not appreciate. 17 MR. BOOTH: That's the bottom scheme. 18 MS. MARCUS: Right. The top of the page is what 19 you're not considering, the bottom of the page is what 20 you're considering. Just don't look at the top of the page that I'm holding up. 21 22 MR. BOOTH: And Scheme 1 is what's up on the 23 board. 24 MS. SIEGEL: This is Scheme 1. 25 MR. BOOTH: Question for either Ellen or Nancy.

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1	What do the Takoma Park guidelines say about taking a
2	bungalow and putting a second floor on?
3	MS. WITHERELL: Well, the guideline that refers
4	to the possibility of going up is going up on a historic
5	bungalow. And so that's separate from this. Perhaps this
6	guidelines is more like rear additions, or alterations are
7	characteristic with this style of the house.
. 8	We have looked at just going up on the roof
9	overall.
10	MR. BOOTH: And in general we don't like it.
11	MS. WITHERELL: Well, we have
12	MR. BOOTH: We have approved a few dormer
13	situations.
14	MS. WITHERELL: Right.
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	MR. BOOTH: Ellen, did you have a
16	MR. BOOTH: Ellen, did you have a MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that
16 17	
	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that
17	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that this is not this case doesn't specifically address the
17 18	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that this is not this case doesn't specifically address the guidelines as far as roof raisings because your roof
17 18 19	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that this is not this case doesn't specifically address the guidelines as far as roof raisings because your roof talking about making a further alteration to an existing
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17 18 19 20 21	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that this is not this case doesn't specifically address the guidelines as far as roof raisings because your roof talking about making a further alteration to an existing addition which is different than altering the existing roof of the original house.
17 18 19 20 21 22	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that this is not this case doesn't specifically address the guidelines as far as roof raisings because your roof talking about making a further alteration to an existing addition which is different than altering the existing roof of the original house. MR. BOOTH: All right. We need to start this
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MS. HARRIS: No. I was just going to say that this is not this case doesn't specifically address the guidelines as far as roof raisings because your roof talking about making a further alteration to an existing addition which is different than altering the existing roof of the original house. MR. BOOTH: All right. We need to start this somewhere. If the choice is between what's at the top up

would be a shame to keep the house running in a straight line, almost like what they used to refer to as a shot-gun shack.

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It consumes whatever yard there is, and, Lord 4 knows, children need a yard. That would be only in light 5 of the fact that Takoma Park guidelines don't address the 6 situation of raising a second floor on an addition as 7 opposed to on the regular part of the house. I think it's 8 just less impact on the lot to put a second story on, 9 although a second story is probably more disconcerting to 10 the neighboring houses. 11

MS. MARCUS: If I could just jump in, what the Takoma Park guidelines say, really, is that in general with contributing structures like this the changes should be viewed in terms of their impact upon the streetscape and their impact upon the overall rhythm of the street and the community.

It also does say in general additions should be 18 made to the rear. Now, it doesn't specify that additions 19 should be made to the rear at one-story or to the rear at 20 two-stories. But I think when the guidelines were adopted 21 the idea was if you have a choice in general of going up or 22 going back, go back. And I know we've had a lot of cases 23 where people haven't taken that option for one reason or 24 another and have gone either up or wanted to do dormers in 25

order to get more second-story space.

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But the guidelines did emphasize if you have a choice between going up or going back, they did basically say go back.

5 MR. BOOTH: With that in mind, then, what are the 6 neighboring houses like? What we're trying to consider is 7 the situation with the streetscape, and is this the only 8 single-story house on the block and every other house of 9 one-and-a-half story or a two-story; whereby putting this 10 addition on are you making this the tallest house on the 11 block?

As a matter of fact, we are 12 MS. SEAVEY: No. probably one of the few one-story houses on the block. 13 Almost all of the block is two-story houses. Across the 14 street, which Barbara also did, is now two-stories, had 15 been a one-story structure. Next door to myself on both 16 17 sides are two-story structures, one with a dormer, one with 18 a full second floor.

19 I can think of maybe only two other houses on the
20 block that are one-story structures.

21 MS. SIEGEL: Also, my recollection of this street 22 is that this would not be the tallest house, even in terms 23 of original structures. As I walk down the street on that 24 -- I'm actually more familiar with the other side of the 25 street.

As I walk down the street, on that side of the street, there are some very tall two-story structures that are the very traditional craftsman style with the big overhanging eaves. This is probably one of the more modest houses on this side of the street.

I would concur that this is MS. WITHERELL: 6 probably the shortest house because it doesn't even have --7 I mean, the second story is not even an attic. You 8 9 couldn't add dormers and get anything out of it. I would 10 characterize most of the houses around it as being 11 craftsmen and bungalow houses that, with the exception of the two-story you mentioned, are one-and-a-half stories. 12

Across the street they're all taller, for one thing because they're up. There's a big grade change, and some of them have gone up. The one that you passed the picture around on is the one you did across the street. And you recently approved -- recall the yellow house for Jane Hurst that came in last time. That's typical of what you would see on that side of the street.

20 MR. BOOTH: I'd like to hear from the other 21 Commissioners. Start at either end. Commissioner 22 Brenneman, any comments?

23 MR. BRENNEMAN: No. On this case I was ---- hear
24 the comments from the architect.

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MR. BOOTH: Okay. Let's move down the other end,

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MS. HARRIS: I think this is one of the most difficult design projects we've seen in quite a while. It seems rather simple because it's a simple structure, but design-wise it's very difficult because there's an existing condition that's going to be difficult to deal with.

And to be quite honest about it, I'm sort of 7 In the long scheme, which is Scheme C, makes some 8 torn. 9 sense to me because the ridge line of the roof is lower 10 than the front, which is something that we always talk 11 Yes, it does extend on either side and, yes, it about. does sort of wrap the original house. 12 But it's still pretty easy to read the original house. 13 Although that's 14 also true of Scheme A. The house is there and there's just simply something going up sort of behind it. 15

I think that from a massing standpoint, Scheme A 16 17 does bother me some, however. There is a house on Maple Avenue that's sort of in the block corresponding with this 18 19 one. It's a gray bungalow. And its roof line runs 20 parallel to the street on the original part of the house, 21 and they put a two-story addition on the back with the ridge line that's perpendicular to it. And in my view it's 22 23 one of the worst additions in Takoma Park. Unfortunately, 24 it was done under the Atlas status, and, hopefully, you weren't the architect. 25

And so it's a little bit different condition in 1 that the front part of the house is a bungalow with a ridge 2 3 running parallel to the street. It's a very odd looking bungalow because there's no dormers. But, again, it's one 4 of the least successful additions in Takoma Park. I think 5 that this is a little better because all the ridges would 6 be running in the same direction and it would be facing 7 front. 8

9 I also think that the second-story part of it, 10 it's good that you've kept the ridge line low. And it's 11 hugging the original house rather than being something much 12 taller which some of these other additions have been.

13 I'm not giving you a whole lot of direction. I'm
14 just sort of talking because I honestly am not real sure
15 how I feel about it. I guess I could see either one being
16 an acceptable solution.

MR. BOOTH: Commissioner Kousoulas?

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18 MR. KOUSOULAS: I'd agree with just about 19 everything that's been said negatively about the bottom 20 one. Other than we won't see it, really, there's very 21 little to commend it in terms of how it uses the site, the 22 kind of house it ends up being, all that.

23 So Scheme A -- maybe there are other ways to 24 treat the volume because the massing does bother me. But 25 I think, essentially, the bulk of the house is going to

need to be there in some places. There's just no other 1 2 place to put it. Right now I gather it's going to be stucco, the 3 general character and finish of the house is going to wrap 4 everything once it's done. 5 MS. SIEGEL: Right now in the original bungalow 6 there's pebble-dash stucco. The new addition will have 7 smooth stucco, partly for cost reasons, partly because I 8 think that I would have problems with the man on the street 9 thinking this was original. So that it's a sympathetic but 10 not identical. 11 So you're suggesting the addition MS. HARRIS: 12 will be stucco but a different texture? 13 MS. SIEGEL: Yes. 14 MR. KOUSOULAS: But at a glance it will still 15 16 sort of be this beige thing that's looming up over another 17 beige thing. MS. HARRIS: And it's proposed to have another 18 19 roof pitch, too. MS. SIEGEL: Yes. The roof pitch will match the 20 roof pitch of the front porch as opposed to the house 21 portion, which is a steeper pitch. 22 23 Do the windows that you have MR. BOOTH: indicated on the second floor there, do they pass code? I 24 know second floor bedroom windows have to be of a certain 25

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1	size, don't they?
2	MS. SIEGEL: These are very big windows. They're
3	existing on the first floor and they're going to go up to
4	the second floor. So, yes.
5	MS. WITHERELL: Walter, are you referring to the
6	front windows on page seven, the front of the two-story
7	section or on the back?
8	MR. BOOTH: I was looking at the design on the
9	board.
10	MS. SIEGEL: These or these?
11	MR. BOOTH: It would be the second floor front
12	windows.
13	MS. SIEGEL: They're not in bedrooms. That's
14	actually bringing light down into the hall onto the first
15	floor.
16	MR. BOOTH: Commissioner Lanigan, any comments?
17	MS. LANIGAN: I agree with the staff report. I
18	think the longer one-story addition, it does have some
19	problems, but I think the second story, raising the second
20	story in the rear like that is really much more visible and
21	more incompatible with the existing house.
22	MR. BOOTH: Commissioner Brenneman, do you want
23	to take a second shot?
24	MR. BRENNEMAN: I would go with 3. I'm not that
25	impressed with any of them.

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<b>1</b> ·	MR. BOOTH: Okay. That's kind of it.
2	MS. HARRIS: Does that give you a sense? If it
3	doesn't, say so because we don't want people to walk away
4	and have no idea of what they're supposed to do.
5	MS. SIEGEL: Should I resubmit Scheme 1 and take
6	it to a vote, develop it further and see if I can
7	articulate it a little bit better?
. 8	MR. BOOTH: That might be. The problem with any
9	preliminary consultation is you may or may not get a
10	consensus. We try to give you a sense of where it would go
11	when it would appear, and you're also dealing with the
12	problem that there's only five out of nine commissioners
13	here right now.
14	MS. HARRIS: And one of them, being me, didn't
15	make a preference one way or another. So that literally
16	means it was two-and-a-half to two-and-a-half, I think.
17	MS. SEAVEY: Can I ask a question about
18	procedure, please?
19	MR. BOOTH: Certainly.
20	MS. SEAVEY: If there is some level of
21	ambivalence granted, if you all had existed five years
22	ago, I would not be having this problem right now because
23	we would have gone and you would have said the massing on
24	this house is terrible, and we wouldn't have done it the
25	way that we did it. But now we're kind of stuck.

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When we're looking at what is nearly a \$45,000 cost differential between Scheme 1 and Scheme 3, do you 2 take that into consideration in terms of whether or not you 3 would look more favorably on what is already not -- on 4 either side is not a very acceptable solution. It's not 5 the greatest solution no matter what. Does that -- is that 6 an issue for you all, the same way it is, obviously, for 7 me? 8

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It does not enter into our 9 MR. BOOTH: No. And with that, I'll make a caveat. 10 considerations. And the caveat to that is upon few occasions we will entertain 11 These are very rare. They're hardship applications. 12 granted infrequently and it usually requires a substantial 13 amount of financial proof, both financial statements from 14 the applicants as well as comparison. 15

Where these inevitably come in is where someone 16 wants to use a -- the classic case would be where someone 17 wants to put on a new roof and there's an existing slate 18 roof, and the existing slate roof, to replace with slate, 19 is going to cost \$60,000. Or they can have a -- they now 20 actually make asphalt shingles that kind of look like slate 21 and it will only cost them \$10,000; and they come in with 22 a financial hardship application. 23

But in something like this, I don't think it 24 would even come into the question. It's strictly -- as we 25

mentioned earlier, we are just judging the exterior of the house: does it destroy the fabric of the historic structure; does it interfere with the streetscape; and what is its capability with the historic district that it's in.

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5 MS. SEAVEY: Well, let me ask you one last 6 question, then, which is if -- you know, from our point of 7 view, which is we can't live in the house and certainly the 8 kids can't grow up in the house as it currently is; and if 9 you approve a plan that is well beyond our reach, are you 10 really saying that you want us out of the house?

I mean, at what level does the owner and the fact that we're kind of stuck in this situation of having what is -- albeit, I'm sorry that we built the first addition. There's nothing we can do about that now. But we need a place for our children to grow up.

And this -- and inasmuch as we have made a commitment to the community and the community has made a commitment to us, where does -- you know, where does the individual fall into that, you know, kind of the decision about whether what is already kind of a historically marginalized situation come into play?

22 MR. BOOTH: I'm afraid there's just no easy 23 answer to that question. It's a situation that we have to 24 deal with with some frequency. Unfortunately, there is no 25 simple solution. I mean, at times I've sure we've had

people who have applied for -- in fact, I know that we have 1 had people come in, apply for a Historic Area Work Permit, 2 have it granted, and then decide that rather than spend 3 \$100,000 on an addition, it's just simpler to move. 4 And you can find another house, and they move. 5 I know that has happened. And I'm not suggesting 6 that you do it, but I am suggesting that, you know, that is 7 something we can't control. 8 MS. SEAVEY: I understand that. But let's -- you 9 10 know, I am president of the Citizens Association of Old Takoma and we've been very supportive of the existence and 11 certainly the participation of Takoma Park in the historic 12 district, and certainly as it relates to your governing 13 body. But it was never intended that it would throw people 14 15 out of their homes. MS. MARCUS: I just want to jump in here. 16 Ι 17 don't think there's any intention at all of saying you have 18 to move out of your house. I don't think that's what the 19 Commission is intending. They are by law given a fairly narrow set of 20 21 things that they are allowed to look at even, and they 22 can't look at interior floor plans. They are limited to just looking at the outsides of buildings and what impact 23 24 they have on the neighborhood. 25

Certainly, in Takoma Park there are a lot of very

small houses, and as families grow people want to expand 1 them. I think there's an important community purpose in 2 that, in keeping an intact community. 3 And I think the Historic Preservation Commission has really tried to be 4 very -- to recognize that, to work very closely with people 5 and allow a lot of different kinds of additions that maybe 6 they even had some qualms about, but they felt would aid 7 the homeowner in meeting their needs as well. 8

9 The time comes occasionally when because of 10 design issues there may be just some houses that are hard 11 to really effectively add onto. I think there's probably 12 a lot of different ways to skin a cat from a design 13 perspective, and maybe -- you have a very skilled 14 architect. Maybe she can have some additional thoughts in 15 terms of how to accomplish that.

But sometimes -- and it's a very hard decision for the Commission. Sometimes there are houses that are just really, really hard to add onto, and it's not a matter of throwing anyone out of their house.

20 Another issue is -- again, it's late and we 21 probably need to keep going, but a lot of houses in Takoma 22 Park which started off as small starter-homes for families 23 that didn't have children or maybe had one child are now 24 becoming four-bedroom houses. And the day is going to come 25 eventually when there aren't going to be any more starter

homes in Takoma Park for people who are just starting off 1 with one child who want just two bedrooms or three 2 bedrooms. 3 It's a problem maybe for Takoma Park to look at, 4 too, because the folks who live there now are making the 5 houses bigger. Obviously, when they get around to selling 6 them at some point down the road they may be pricing some 7 of these young starting families out of the market because . 8 all these houses are big now. 9 I think for a civic association that's interested 10 just in historic preservation but sort of the 11 not 12 continuity of the neighborhood and the mix of the neighborhood, that may be an issue to think about. 13 Well, I would like to continue to 14 MS. SEAVEY: 15 serve as the president of the organization. I don't think I heard -- I don't MS. SIEGEL: 16 17 feel like I'm leaving this meeting with you advising me not to add to this house. I think we're all recognizing that 18 this is not an easy house to add to, but that there is no 19 20 problem with this particular house to add to it. It's just a matter of what we're going to do that works. 21 MR. BOOTH: And, unfortunately, we couldn't even 22 23 give you a lot of consensus on that. Some people like the 24 longer one, some people like the two-story one. And to be 25 quite honest, to answer the applicant, I'm not sure which

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1	was the cheaper one. And if you are governed by your
2	finances, then my suggestion would be to proceed.
3	You've gotten a very mixed I mean, you've got
4	five people here. And as Commissioner Harris said, you've
5	got kind of a two-and-a-half to two-and-a-half split. I'd
6	proceed with the cheaper alternative and bring it in for a
7	second prelim or even make an Historic Area Work Permit and
. 8	proceed on that basis.
9	MS. HARRIS: And mine was the split decision.
10	And as an architect, if it were my client, we would be
11	going with the cheaper scheme. I guarantee you that.
12	MR. BOOTH: Okay?
13	MS. SIEGEL: Thank you.
14	MS. SEAVEY: Thank you.
15	MR. BOOTH: We will now move into subdivisions.
16	This will be Number A, Subdivision 1-90065, the Keys
17	Property, which directly involves Master Plan Site Number
18	22/14, Oatland Farm. Staff report?
19	MS. PARKER: This parcel contains 127.14 acres
20	and is in a TDR receiving zone. It is located near the
21	intersection of Olney Laytonsville Road and Bowie Mill
22	Road. The proposal includes Master Plan Site Number 22/14,
23	Oatland Farm, and Oatland Farm includes a circa 1875 house,
24	transitional Greek revival, Italian 8 style; a small log
25	house, possibly early slave quarters, a stone spring house

## MONTGOMERY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION

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## COMMISSION MEETING

August 18, 1993

7:30 p.m.

## BEFORE:

Walter Booth, Vice Chair Joseph B. Brenneman, Commissioner Ellen Pratt Harris, Commissioner George Kousoulas, Commissioner Martha Lanigan, Commissioner Gregg Clemmer, Commissioner

STAFF:

Gwen Marcus, Historic Preservation Coordinator Patricia Parker, Planner Nancy Witherell, Planner

> JOHNSON & WARREN Reporting and Transcribing Upper Marlboro, Maryland (301) 952-0511

30 1 and you have your brochure over here, too. 2 MS. WITHERELL: Mr. Chairman, the applicants for 3 Case G are here. 4 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Okay. Reversing ourselves a 5 little bit, we will call Item G, which was called earlier, 6 the application of Nina and Ormond Seavey for an addition 7 at 7214 Spruce Avenue, Takoma Park; HPC Case Number 37/3-93Y in the Takoma Park Historic District. 8 **C**ould we hear from staff? 9 10 MS. WITHERELL: The house is a contributing one-11 story craftsman style house in the Takoma Park Historic 12 District. The applicants and their architect appeared before the Commission for a preliminary consultation a 13 14 month ago at its July 14th meeting. At that time they presented several schemes for how to add an additional 15 16 bedroom, bedroom space at the rear of the house. 17 The house is intact now in its current 18 configuration except that there is a later addition built 19 in 1988 at the rear. And you can see this in the left 20 corner of this slide. The addition is one story and it 21 projects beyond the width of the house. That first 22 projection is the bay and then the second projection is the 23 addition. And you can see it again on this side. 24 The applicants' very strong preference is to 25 build up above this existing 1988 addition. And so their

proposal, based on what they heard at the preliminary consultation a month ago, was to proceed with that scheme for the Historic Area Work Permit, and that's what they've produced for you to review tonight.

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5 The proposal would fill the footprint of the existing rear addition. The side walls would go up the 6 7 same degree and the roof ridge would measure five feet above the roof ridge of the existing house. 8 In addition, the current materials and fenestration pattern on the 9 10 existing one-story addition that it would be added to would 11 be made more compatible with the materials and style of the 12 house.

13 Staff is troubled by having a rear addition that 14 is taller than the house and is troubled with this not only 15 just as a precedent but also as an issue for its appearance 16 on the streetscape, and so continues to recommend that this 17 not be the most favored approach.

Let me just show you the slides. There's a close-up. There's a garage in the rear, the driveway is on the right side. And I guess those are the only slides I have. There's a view of the full house.

The houses around this property are a variety of one-and-a-half and two-story houses. I think this is probably the lowest one in the immediate area, although some of them are bungalows that are one-and-a-half story on

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1	either side. This house has no livable space above one
2	story.
3	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: I would add that I believe the
4	applicant was in on July 14th for a preliminary
5	consultation.
6	MS. WITHERELL: That's correct.
7	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: And those are the minutes that
. 8	were in everybody's packets. And if I recall at the time,
9	I don't think the applicant got a very good consensus. I
10	think it got very much of a as I recall it was an
11	absolute split vote. So I think as Commissioner Harris
12	stated, you got two-and-a-half for and two-and-a-half
13	against.
14	That's just for the record and just for the
15	information of any Commissioners who weren't here at that
16	time.
17	Are there any questions for staff from the
18	Commission at this time?
19	(No response)
20	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Okay, I'd like to hear from the
21	applicant.
22	MS. SIEGEL: What I've done here is it seems
23	that to review what the staff wrote for the first
24	preliminary consultation, we were in agreement that any
25	addition is an improvement on this house. There are some

massing problems with this house and also material problems with the house. The siding right now is masonite siding and it's somewhat colonial in its look, Georgian colonial at the rear.

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5 Any improvement on that is appreciated. So that 6 we're debating whether to go up or whether to go to the 7 rear. So I thought that it would be worthwhile to build a 8 very rough massing model of the house and investigate these 9 two options. And, actually, I think they kind of speak for 10 themselves.

11What I discovered and realized is that -- I'd12like to come forward.

MS. MARCUS: Get the hand-held mike.

14 MS. SIEGEL: I'll need help with the hand-held 15 mike in order to show this.

16 This is the original bungalow without any 17 addition. It does not exist like this any longer. You can 18 see that the land is sloping. If you see that the roof is 19 flat, the land slopes down. Here is the addition that I am 20 proposing, the second story on the existing one-story 21 bungalow. And I admit it's not the most wonderful bungalow. 22

When I wrote to you for the preliminary consultation, I did say I know this is not going to be the best addition in Takoma Park. I feel that it's probably

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## the more modest intrusion on this house.

2 What you can see is that if the one-story 3 addition is extended back, it's now twice the width that it is -- this is the existing width. By doubling the width 18 4 5 feet back further it becomes equal almost in massing to the 6 original house. What happens is that as the land slopes 7 off it turns out that to build further back is a much large 8 volume than building up. Building up, all of the volume that's built is truly livable space. Building back, I've 9 10 got about seven feet of crawl space underneath here which, 11 really, that's the first floor right there. That's a lot 12 of dead space underneath there, and it makes this one-story 13 addition seem extremely massive.

I'd like to also remind you that I did go through a design process with this addition. The Takoma Park guidelines do say that we can go two stories on the existing homes. I tried not to impact the existing house and keep the original bungalow intact as much as possible, and felt that as long as there was this intrusion to the rear, that's where I would look.

21 So the three schemes that we investigated last 22 time on July 14th were all to the rear.

The other issues as to why a two-story scheme is a better scheme have to do with open space. And although the streetscape is perhaps affected by a two-story scheme,

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1	I believe it's equally affected by the one-story scheme,
2	and we're losing open space by going further back.
3	Also, with the two-story scheme, in the plan, if
4	you look, the family room leads into the backyard, which
5	means that the kids and the family will use the backyard.
6	They will start maintaining it. The backyard is not very
7	well maintained because there's not easy access to it.
. 8	And, in fact, what's happening right now is that all of the
. 9	toys and the kids play in the front.
10	. The mother called me up today and said, "Listen,
11	if we have to live with this house the way that it is, my
12	children are going to be continuing to play in the street.
<b>1</b> 3	I want my children playing in the backyard." So that it's
14	also a functional issue. Going upstairs is a much more
15	efficient use of the existing space.
16	The owner is here also.
17	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Would you please introduce
18	yourself.
19	MR. SEAVEY: I'm Ormond Seavey. I don't really
20	have a great deal to add to what Barbara said.
21	I think that the by going up, we are not
22	the plan the staff report would suggest to one reading
23	it casually that we're proposing something that looms over
24	the existing structure, the older structure. But, in fact,
25	from I think one can see from the model that Barbara

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brought along that it would in fact not really be easy to 1 2 see that there is an addition from -- by walking along the -- and, in fact, one of the things that staff suggested is 3 that the -- that passers-by, looking at it in terms of the 4 5 public space, would be affect -- would see some kind of But, in fact, we see, my wife and I see the 6 change. 7 backyard as being a kind of public space, that it would be 8 infringed upon by, in fact, creating -- by being consumed by an addition, further large addition. 9

10Those are the reasons that we have for preferring11the plan that Barbara suggested.

12 The owner has a petition of all of MS. SIEGEL: the neighbors on the street, saying that they like these 13 14 people and they understand that this is perhaps not the 15 most gorgeous addition, but they really would like to see 16 this happen because this family needs this space. They 17 have more children than they have room for, as it was 18 described to me when they hired me.

19 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: If you would hand the petition
20 in to staff it can be made part of the record.

21 MR. SEAVEY: I'm actually looking for that 22 petition.

CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Also, before we get into full questions from the Commission or a discussion, I would ask whether there is anyone else present who would like to

speak on this proposal.

Yes, sir, please come forward. And if you would,
take the chair over and speak into the microphone, and
introduce yourself.

5 MR. COMISIAK: Hello. My name is Stosh Comisiak. 6 I am the neighbor directly across the street. And I feel 7 that if anybody has to look at this property, it's me.

My house looms. It's the highest point on the 8 street. And I, frankly, think that the extension to the 9 10 back is going to be very ugly. I don't like the idea of that. I really look at it -- you know, from an aesthetic 11 12 point of view, I would rather see the slightly raised 13 design. I think it makes the building look a bit better, and anything you can do to improve it is, frankly, a 14 15 benefit to the neighborhood.

I really do like the idea of keeping yards and garden areas open. One thing that they do is they have --they garden in the back of that house, and if there was any of that space eaten up they couldn't do any of that. That's an important aspect of my life, so I know it would be important to them.

22 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Does your house sit higher than23 this house?

24 MR. COMISIAK: Oh, yes. My house is directly 25 across the street and it's a bungalow also, but it sits up

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-- my yard, front yard starts about five feet above the
 street level, with a brick wall. And then the house goes
 up another five or six feet up, stairs to the porch level.
 And it's one level back.

And then we have a sort of a **copul** on the top of the house which is a small room about 13 feet, all windows, which we spend some time up in quite often. So I get to look at the neighborhood from a kind of birds' eye view.

9 The aesthetics of the neighborhood are very 10 important when you're looking at it from that point of 11 view, and I really just think this house would<sub>A</sub>like it went 12 on forever with that long extension. It's kind of like a 13 long caterpillar; whereas I think this has a much better 14 eye appeal to me, looking at it.

15 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: From your vantage point of that 16 Cuffold 16 copula on top of your roof, would it be your estimate that 17 the two-story addition will not affect the streetscape in 18 terms of its height as opposed to the other houses on the 19 street?

20 MR. COMISIAK: Well, from up there, no. From 21 down below, I think if anything, it's going to be an 22 improvement. One thing about the house is, the way it is, 23 I'm familiar with it inside and out. It is very difficult 24 to use the back area. And it's a cumbersome house. So 25 this idea and the way it's designed now looks to me like

it's going to look a lot better.

I feel that it would also make the house more usable. It would also make their backyard space more usable. I can't see anything negative about it. I think she's done a very good job with very little to work with, in improving the concept there. I think it would look better, actually.

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8 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Thank you. Are there any 9 questions for the applicant, the architect, or the neighbor 10 from the Commission?

(Inaudible)

12MS. MARCUS: We need your mike. We can't get you13on the --

MR. CLEMMER: I'll repeat. What's the difficulty with your backyard? I'm having a hard time grasping, visualizing what's back there that makes it "difficult" for you --

MR. SEAVEY: If you turn to one of the other slides, you can see that the door to -- the door just beyond that red van, that's the door to the backyard. It opens out to the side. So there isn't ready access from the house.

23MR. CLEMMER: So it's an access problem, it's not24a rough ground or something, or a jungle back there?

MR. SEAVEY: No. In fact, it's -- no, it's not

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a problem -- it's kept up well enough.

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2 MS. SIEGEL: I wasn't -- what I'm implying is 3 that there's no motivation to really be landscaping in 4 there. Usually in families with young children you see the 5 swing sets in the backyard. They're just clearly not using 6 this yard. They cut the grass and that's about it. It's 7 not something that's developed, that they have a lot of 8 affection for, which I think that if we can get them in the backyard easily, if their family room is off the backyard 9 10 they'll enjoy it.

11Right now the back -- the rear addition has three12bedrooms. What I'm proposing is to take two of those13bedrooms and turn them into a family room for the children.

MS. HARRIS: Is it my understanding that the reason for the roof pitch and roof line that you're proposing for the addition is that existing trusses are to be reused?

MS. SIEGEL: Yes. Also, the front porch is
repeated in the truss slope. That's where that slope comes
from. The existing bungalow house, the slope is much
steeper and, in fact, would make a much larger addition.

22 MR. KOUSOULAS: Can I see the model a second? 23 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: What the model doesn't show is 24 that there would also be a small porch off the back that 25 you tend to see in the plans?

1 MS. SIEGEL: Yes. The theory behind the porch roof is that they're very common in Takoma Park. And this 2 3 addition as it exists extends four feet beyond the existing bungalow. I'm trying to make that four-foot extension to 4 5 look meaningful by putting a porch roof on, so that in some ways one could tell a story to oneself that, oh, this porch 6 7 roof was here and that's why the addition extends four feet. It's a cosmetic repair to the four-foot problem, the 8 9 extension. 10 I'm looking through the staff MR. CLEMMER: 11 report that we get, and I'm trying to find the figures for 12 total square footage that's in there now and what you want 13 to end up with. Do you know those figures off the top of your head? 14 15 MS. SIEGEL: I'm sorry, I don't. 16 MR. CLEMMER: Staff? 17 MS. WITHERELL: We base our report on the volume, 18 looking at the massing. 19 MS. SIEGEL: Both additions are approximately the 20 same size and square footage. 21 MS. WITHERELL: If you went off the back -- you 22 have 18 feet now and you'd go another 18 feet, and this is 23 adding 18 feet --24 Well, this is where I was going MR. CLEMMER: 25 with this. We're going to continue to get these cases on

these modest bungalows in Takoma Park. It seems like
 there's one a month or two a month or three a month. And
 we've already settled four or five of these with different
 solutions to different houses.

5 Based on what we've done so far, and Takoma Park 6 is a relatively new historic district, how does this stack 7 up against what we've granted as far as percentage of 8 addition? I.e., if we've got 2000 square feet there now, 9 are we adding 50 percent more square feet as an average to 10 our projects, or is this one way out in a field?

11MS. WITHERELL:We've seen such a variety, I12really don't know how to answer that question.We --

MR. CLEMMER: It's too early?

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MS. WITHERELL: Well, no. But we have had large rear additions, we've had adding extra space upstairs that didn't previously exist.

17 MS. MARCUS: The Commission has approved 18 additions not only in Takoma Park but other places in the 19 past that have substantially doubled the footprint of a 20 particular house, in some cases, even of a two-story house. 21 So I think in terms of percentage of increase that may not 22 be the biggest issue here. I think it's sort of where does 23 the extra space go rather than how much extra space is there. 24

MR. CLEMMER: How much distortion can we permit

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1	on a modest bungalow?
2	MS. MARCUS: Or where is the most appropriate way
3	to add onto a modest bungalow.
4	MS. HARRIS: The one comment I would make just
5	following that line of thinking is that doubling the square
6	footage and the footprint of a one-story, very modest
7	bungalow seems like proportionately a bigger alteration
8	than adding approximately the same percentage to the
9	footprint of the bigger house.
10	. I mean, it's sort of not totally rational
11	thinking in some ways, but when you have something you
12	know, there's just proportional things. When it's bigger
13	to begin with, adding more to it doesn't seem to be as much
14	as when something is small. If that makes any sense.
15	MS. MARCUS: I think maybe what you're saying is
16	the smaller the house, the maybe more small the addition
17	needs to be; the bigger the house, the bigger the addition?
18	MS. HARRIS: Right.
19	MS. MARCUS: That kind of thing
20	MS. HARRIS: Right.
21	MS. MARCUS: that might work, essentially.
22	MS. HARRIS: Just something large seems to be
23	able to take a larger addition. But that's getting into
24	philosophy that's not directly related to this case
25	exactly.

1 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: I'd like to make a comment. 2 Looking at this and having seen the two plans that were 3 proposed at the preliminary, and I believe I'm being 4 actually consistent. I think I said at the time I 5 preferred the two-story. The reasons for that mostly 6 concur with what the applicant has said.

I think the other approach to build going all the
way back just makes the house too long. The footprint then
becomes very, very large, very long, and I think at that
point then we've eaten up the entire backyard.

It doesn't appear that this two-story addition which, when you look at the existing house, is really oneand-a-half stories in comparison, because it seems to slope away and it's not like a full two stories on top of the back part. I think the architect has made a serious effort to not put a two-story addition on the front part of the house but to keep it in the back.

I would also just say that I think this is a good example of trying to make the best out of a small house, out of a bungalow. There aren't a lot of things you can do with them. And I think one of the things we have done in Takoma Park is we've been very leery of raising the roof on the front part, and I think we've managed to -- the architect has managed to avoid that with this.

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If I've got to consider two alternatives, and one

is to go straight back in a straight line, or to make the 1 addition a one-and-a-half story addition on the back part, 2 I think this is much preferable. And if it meets the 3 applicant's needs, I think this is the way to go. 4 5 I think this is the preferable way and I would be in favor of the plan as suggested. 6 7 I would ask for any other comments. Well, the reason I was asking --8 MS. HARRIS: 9 just bringing up the point about the roof truss is that one 10 possible improvement to the design would be to not reuse those trusses and to make the plate height on the side 11 12 walls a bit lower than normal and just bring down the whole 13 mass of the roof and, you know, allow the volume of the 14 bedrooms to go up into the slope, slope of the roof. Would you make it consistent 15 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: 16 with the existing roof on the front part? Well, I was hoping to avoid that 17 MS. HARRIS: question. You know, that's sort of a toss up. I mean, you 18 19 look at the elevation and the main roof of the original 20 house is a little bit more dominant than the porch roof. 21 So my first reaction is why aren't you matching what was 22 there. But you may have to, in order to get the proper 23 head room for that kind of scheme. 24 The other thing that I -- but I also realize that's going to make this project more expensive. 25 And

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1	having had one of my own projects a block away come in
2	considerably over budget on a bid, I can also be sort of
3	sympathetic to that standpoint of it.
4	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Is the pitch of the roof on the
5	addition the same as on the front porch?
6	MS. SIEGEL: Yes. That's where the pitch was
7	developed. I did not do the original addition.
8	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Okay.
9	MR. KOUSOULAS: I think it's pretty clear that
10	the two-story one is better than the one-story addition.
11	I guess is it good enough? That's the more important
12	question.
13	Because of the nature of perspective, I think the
14	addition will be perceived smaller and less obtrusive than
15	it does in the model and the elevations. I mean, you tend
16	to never really see it straight on and from 2000 feet away,
17	but you always
18	MR. SEAVEY: Well, that's the perspective you
19	would have if you were driving by on a cherry-picker.
20	MR. KOUSOULAS: Yeah. So you'll usually be
21	seeing it from a distance.
22	The other virtue it has, which a lot of additions
23	that are, let's say, taking the same volume, a two-story
24	house and adding onto the back, is that it really keeps the
<b>2</b> 5	original volume intact and very separate, very distinct in

perception. So it's better than some other ones I can
 think of where even a slightly smaller addition has been
 butted up but basically extrudes the gable too much and
 really turns it into a different thing.

5 The one concern I have, and maybe that's handled 6 through paint color, because if the addition is the same 7 color as the house, well, that's going to have one 8 appearance. But if the addition is darker, sort of a 9 recessive color, that especially makes the corners, these 10 little tips kind of recede, that could be even better, and 11 work with the perspective. So I would look into a 12 different, darker recessive color.

13 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Keeping in mind, of course, we
14 don't have any purview over color.

MR. KOUSOULAS: Yeah. But without the darker
recessive color, the addition might not be good enough.
CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Okay, understood.

MR. SEAVEY: Well, the architect and I have an interest in color and the appearance of the house. I think the suggestion is interesting to hear.

MS. HARRIS: We just can't make it a requirement.
It has to be a suggestion.

23 MR. CLEMMER: Since I didn't have the benefit of 24 being here for the preliminary consultation, I'm going to 25 have one of my own right now for about two minutes.

There's no basement to this house, I take it? 1 MR. SEAVEY: There is a basement for the original 2 part of the house. There is under the -- under the 3 addition is simply a crawl space, the existing addition. 4 5 MS. SIEGEL: The existing basement is wet, 6 though. 7 MR. CLEMMER: Pardon me? It's wet. 8 MS. SIEGEL: 9 MR. CLEMMER: Wet. But that's a problem that could be taken care of. 10 The --11 MS. SIEGEL: Not really. There's a very high 12 water table on this property. 13 MR. CLEMMER: Where I'm going with this is it 14 seems to me you've got the same amount of volume if you dug 15 down and had a walk-out basement, that you would by gaining this second floor. I don't know if that was addressed last 16 month or not, but I'd certainly like to hear from the 17 Commission on that, and maybe from you all, too, of course. 18 19 MS. HARRIS: So what you're suggesting is that 20. instead of going up with the rear addition that it should 21 be down. MR. CLEMMER: She said there would be this huge 22 23 wasted space if they had the addition as a one-floor going all the way back. And it seems to me that -- make use of 24 25 that space. There are lots of walk-out basements. Now, I

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didn't know there was a wet problem, but --

2 MR. SEAVEY: I can offer the perspective offered 3 by our contractor, the contractor who built the present 4 addition. He said that the chances of building back there, 5 given the water table, would make the project prohibitively 6 expensive. We're talking about \$100,000.

7 MS. MARCUS: And I think realistically, you may want to talk about this, I don't know if the grade change 8 is such in the backyard of that house that it -- you'd have 9 10 to dig out quite a bit to have a walk-out basement. There 11 is a grade change and maybe the model doesn't really 12 clearly show it. But I don't think there is a grade change 13 like you normally see with a walk-out basement, where it's 14 a real change in grade of almost one story. I think it's 15 much more gentle than that.

MR. CLEMMER: I'm just going by the drawing.

MS. MARCUS: But the applicant may mention that.
MS. SIEGEL: No. Actually, you would still be
above -- the lower level would still be below grade, so you
would have to step up to come outside. It would not be a
true walk-out basement.

CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Martha, Joe, any comments?
MS. LANIGAN: I would just like to say this is an
extremely difficult case. I think I tend to agree with the
staff report. However, the comments of the two architects

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1	on the Commission are pretty persuasive, also.
2	I don't know what to say. I don't see this as
् 3	sort of either alternative as attractive additions. That's
4	about all I can say.
5	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Joe, any comment?
6	MR. BRENNEMAN: I'm not really excited about
7	either one, but I think I lean more toward the two-story
. 8	addition at this point.
9	CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Any further discussion, any
10	questions?
11	MR. CLEMMER: I guess I'm just I'm over here
12	in Never-Never Land. I can't believe that we only have two
13	plans for this site and both of them at best are lukewarm.
14	Certainly we have architectural talents in Washington that
15	can come up with a good plan for this.
16	MS. SIEGEL: Actually, I began this process with
17	Nancy quite a long time ago and I approached her with a lot
18	of schemes and we spent a long time kind of shredding,
19	trying to come up with a good solution.
20	My original letter to you all sort of said I
21	really think I'm quite proud of my architectural talents.
22	And I did the house across the street at 7213 Spruce, which
23	is kind of a nice house.
.24	MR. CLEMMER: I didn't mean to disparage you.
25	MS. SIEGEL: No, no. But I was saying this is

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definitely not my best effort. I am hindered by what I have to work with in this addition. And, certainly, if I had come to this project with no addition on it, I think I could have come up with something quite nice. But we have an existing addition that has to be dealt with.

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I feel I'm improving it, but there's -- the reality is that although this Board is not required to consider budget, when I draw I have to. And I am hampered.

9 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: If no further discussion, I'd
10 like to hear someone, I guess, try to make a motion and see
11 what we've got.

12 MR. KOUSOULAS: I'd like to make a motion that a Historic Area Work Permit be granted to the applicants for 13 14 Case 37/3-93Y based on the applicants' -- I guess this is 15 their first application, so based on the application before us, and with a condition, or maybe you can accept it as an 16 amendment, that the material of the addition, two-story 17 18 addition, be distinguished sufficiently from the original 19 so as to somehow make it recede. It doesn't have to be 20 color but the material.

Based on -- I've got to get my numbers straight. Excuse me. Based on Chapter 24A-8(b)(2), in that it's consistent with the character of the existing structure and nature of the historical, archaeological, architectural and cultural features of the site. And I think that should do

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2 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: And consistent with the 3 Secretary of Interior guidelines.

MR. KOUSOULAS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Can I hear a second?

MR. BRENNEMAN: I'll second.

CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Okay. There is a motion before
us. Any further discussion of the motion?

9 MS. HARRIS: I have a question of the motion-10 maker. In regard to your comment about the exterior 11 cladding of the addition so that it recedes, the 12 application that is before us is stucco. I would assume 13 that the motion-maker is not suggesting that that material 14 be changed. Is that correct?

MR. KOUSOULAS: Actually, I am, because there
aren't that many choices. You could go to a different
texture, but I would think that the texture would --

MS. SIEGEL: Right now the bungalow --

MR. KOUSOULAS: Let me -- I mean, you can change
the color of it, that would certainly help, or if you went
to some kind of siding that created a pattern. But that
may actually bring it forward. So the choice is up to you.
You can stick with stucco.

I would like staff to work with the applicant onthat.

MS. HARRIS: Could I -- well, I'm just -- the reason why I bring this is up is that we've had cases where the whole discussion has been centered around what the exterior cladding material is. And I think we've got an application before us for stucco. I think that that's probably acceptable to most of us, if I can make that assumption.

8 And I think we need to be very careful here, 9 because if it's a different material I think it needs to 10 come back to us, to be quite honest about it.

MS. MARCUS: Perhaps instead of material it could be stated that the detailing and treatment of the addition would be something that would make it appear to recede, rather than specifying that it would be the material. That might be a way of handling the motion that seems to be accomplishing what Commissioner Kousoulas is after.

17 CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Would that be acceptable to the18 motion-maker?

MR. KOUSOULAS: I would accept that.

20CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Would that be acceptable to the21second?

MR. BRENNEMAN: Yes.

CHAIRMAN BOOTH: Okay. With the motion amended,

is there any further discussion?

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(No response)

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CHAIRMAN BOOTH: There being none favor of the motion please signify by rais hand.

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(Vote taken in favor of the motion.) CHAIRMAN BOOTH: All those opposed? (Vote taken in opposition to the motion.) CHAIRMAN BOOTH: The motion carries four to two For the record, Commissioners Kousoulas, Harris, Booth, an Brenneman voted in favor of the motion. Commissione: Clemmer and Lanigan voted against.

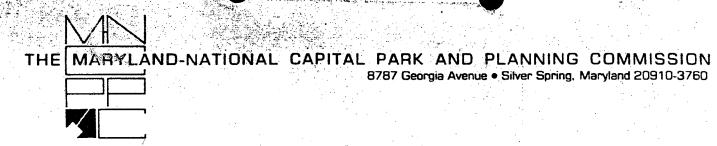
Thank you.

MS. SIEGEL: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BOOTH: The next item is II preliminary consultation for Jim and Mary Gordon for porch addition at 10909 Kenilworth Avenue, Garrett Park the Garrett Park Historic District. May we hear from the staff?

MS. WITHERELL: This is an outstanding resour in the Garrett Park Historic District built in, I believ 1899. The original porch was removed from the house. Th applicants and their architect have submitted histor photographs, which you see in your packet, particularly page four and five.

A house was built to the left of this hous There's the exposed turret that originally had a por-



### MEMORANDUM

- TO: Robert Hubbard, Acting Chief Division of Development Services and Regulation Department of Environmental Protection
- FROM: Gwen Marcus, Historic Preservation Coordinator Design, Zoning, and Preservation Division M-NCPPC

SUBJECT: Historic Area Work Permit

DATE:

The Montgomery Historic Preservation Commission has reviewed the attached application for a Historic Area Work Permit. The application was:

Approved		Denied
Approved wit	h Conditions: <u>add</u>	litur's setterior
material will be	Distucuished In	in substitute stucco
•		

The Building Permit for this project should be issued conditional upon adherance to the approved Historic Area Work Permit.

Applicant:	SEQUEN			• • • •
Address:	7214 Spn	ice Ausnus	, takuna Pont	

Montgomery	Historic	Preservation Commis	sion ;
County Covernment	51 Monroè S	Street, Suite 1001, Rockville, Maryland 2 217-3625	20850
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#### HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION STAFF REPORT

Address: 7214 Spruce Avenue	Meeting Date: 8/18/93
Resource:Takoma Park Historic District	Review: HAWP/Alteration
Case Number: 37/3-93Y	Tax Credit: No
Public Notice: 8/4/93	Report Date: 8/11/93
Applicant: Nina and Ormond Seavey	Staff: Nancy Witherell
PROPOSAL: Construct Rear Addition	RECOMMEND: Deny

The applicants and their architect appeared before the Commission for a preliminary consultation at its July 14, 1993, meeting, during which the Commission was shown three schemes for constructing an addition on a one-story Craftsman-style house designated a contributing structure in the Takoma Park Historic District. The one-story house, with its porch and roof gables facing toward the street, has a relatively recent (1988) onestory addition at the rear. The addition's gable roof slope is flatter than that of the house.

At the meeting, the Commissioners were divided in their support for adding a second story above the 1988 addition (two of the schemes used this approach) or for adding a one-story addition behind the 1988 addition. The applicants and their architect strongly favored the second-story addition for reasons of cost and for possible future use of the rear yard; the Commission appeared to lean toward that proposal, as well.

The 1988 addition projects 4' on either side of the side walls of the original house. This projection would be maintained on the second floor, if constructed. The new roof would also reflect the flatter pitch of the existing addition's roof. The new roof would rise 5' above the house's gable roof. A small porch would be built in front of the side projection on the right side of the house.

The fenestration pattern and existing masonite finish of the rear addition are distinct from the house; the exterior surface and windows of the addition have been redesigned in order to make them more sympathetic to the Craftman-style elements and rough pebble dash stucco finish of the original house.

#### STAFF DISCUSSION

The staff had previously recommended in favor of constructing an additional one-story section behind the house, believing that the proposed second story, visible above the roof of the historic house, would not meet the ordinance criteria, the Secretary of the Interior's Standards, or Takoma Park guidelines.

The staff continues to find the second-story proposal, now submitted as a HAWP with the encouragement of some of the Commissioners, to be inconsistent with accepted historic preservation practice and and cannot recommend in favor of it. In the staff's judgment, the proposal sets a poor precedent for the review of other one-story houses in the historic district. This house, with its one-story addition and the desired addition, is not unique in the Takoma Park Historic District.

More important, however, is the future appearance of this house with a rear addition that looms five feet above the roof line of the historic house. An addition should be ancillary to, not taller than, the historic structure to which it is added. Given that the 1988 addition is four feet wider than the current house and that the roof slope is flatter than the existing roof, the second story would exacerbate these distinctions. It is understood that the 1988 addition is a given factor in any scheme; however, a new addition at the rear would not elevate the nonhistoric dimensions for greater public visibility.

The issue raised at the preliminary consultation about loss of yard space at the rear is an appropriate and important one. The historic district encompasses more than the public zone at the street front. Nevertheless, the staff would prefer that an addition to the house impinge on that more private space rather than on the streetscape, the most visible area under the purview of the Commission.

The staff sympathizes with the applicants' and architect's dilemma and understands why the Commission was divided in its response to the two proposals at the preliminary consultation. Nevertheless, the staff reiterates its opinion that the two-story proposal is inconsistent with the ordinance criteria.

### STAFF RECOMMENDATION

The staff recommends that the application be found not to be consistent with the purposes of Chapter 24A, as stated in 24A-8(a):

The commission shall instruct the director to deny a permit if it finds, based on the evidence and information presented to or before the commisison that the alteration for which the permit is sought would be inappropriate or inconsistent with, or detrimental to the preservation, enhancement or ultimate protection of the historic site, or historic resource within an historic district, and the purposes of this chapter;

or with Secretary of the Interior's Standards #2 and #9:

The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.

New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

and with the Takoma Park guidelines for the review of contributing structures in the historic district:

All exterior alterations, including those to architectural features and details, should be <u>generally</u> consistent with the predominant architectural style and period of the resource and should preserve the predominant architectural features of the resource; exact replication of existing details and features is, however, not required.

Major additions should, where feasible, be placed to the rear of existing structures so that they are less visible from the public right-of-way; additions and alterations to the first floor at the front of a structure are discouraged by not automatically prohibited.

Second story additions or expansions should be <u>generally</u> consistent with the predominant architectural style and period of the resource (although structures that have been historically single story can be expanded) and should be appropriate to the surrounding streetscape in terms of scale and massing.

Montromore	
2º IONBOUNTY	Historic Preservation Commission
Covernment	51 Monroe Street, Suite 1001, Rockville, Maryland 20850 217-3625
APPLICATION FOI	
	035
NAME OF PROPERTY DWNER NIO	2 & Ormond Seavery TELEPHONE ND. 301 270 044
(Contract/Purchaser) ADDRESS 72450	va Ave Tamona, Dance Md 20814
CONTRACTOR	CITY STATE ZIP TELEPHONE NO.
AND DEEDA DED BY BAD BAR	CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION NUMBER
LANS PREPARED BT.	(Include Area Code)
and see	REGISTRATION NUMBER
OCATION OF BUILOING/PREMISE	
louse Number	Street Spruce AVE
Town/City Tahoma Pon	k, Ma Election District
Vearest Cross Street	Ave
Lot 35 Block 18 8	_ Subdivision _ 25 Takona Park District 13
Liber Folio	Parcel
1A. TYPE OF PERMIT ACTION: (ci Construct Extend/Add Wreck/Raze Move Ins	rcle one) Circle One: A/C Slab Goom Addition Alter/Renovate Repair Porch Deck Fireplace Shed Solar Woodburning Sto tall Revocable Revision Fence/Wall (complete Section 4) Other
18. CONSTRUCTION COSTS ESTIN	NATES 45,000
1D. INDICATE NAME OF ELECTRI	PREVIOUSLY APPROVED ACTIVE PERMIT SEE PERMIT #
1E. IS THIS PROPERTY A HISTOR	ICAL SITE? CATEGORY 2. STRUCTURE,
PART TWO: COMPLETE FOR NEW CO	NSTRUCTION AND EXTEND/ADDITIONS
2A. TYPE DF SEWAGE DISPOSAL 01 (+) WSSC 02 ()	2B. TYPE DF WATER SUPPLY Septic 01 WSSC 02 () Well
01 (P) WSSC 02 () 03 () Other	•
PART THREE: COMPLETE ONLY FOR	FENCE/RETAINING WALL
4A. HEIGHTfeet	inches
1. On party line/Property line	taining wall is to be constructed on one of the following locations:
2. Entirely on land of owner	
3 Do public right of way/accor	nent (Revocable Letter Required).

- -

in in

I hereby certify that I have the authority to make the foregoing application, that the application is correct, and that the construction will comply with plans approved by all agencies listed and I hereby acknowledge and accept this to be a condition for the issuance of this permit.

### SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION FOR HISTORIC AREA WORK PERMIT

### **REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS**

## 1. WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of existing structure(s) and environmental setting, including their historical features and significance:

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b. General description of project and its impact on the historic resource(s), the environmental setting, and, where applicable, the historic district:

20 1152 not 0

2 Statement of Project Intent:

Short, written statement that describes:

a. the proposed design of the new work, in terms of scale, massing, materials, details, and landscaping:

This is an attempt to improve the 1988 adduction which	_
to colonial revolution style. New addition will par charge	
terrestration to more cratistian style. also, change from Masonite	۔ 
to stirco is an advantage. Morsung is not entirely desireable.	ì
but is limited by existing for matures & roof trusses.	)

b. the relationship of this design to the existing resource(s):

The proposed addition is clearly delineated from
the existing burgalow in that it poos out 4'-phat
Pack side. Also the new work, will be about D'M
himer that the peak of All existing.

c. the way in which the proposed work conforms to the specific requirements of the Ordinance (Chapter 24A):

Meets Secretary's Standards	by clearly delineated crusting
to new; respects arrayal and	minimized dranges to orginal
1528 compatible materials.	Especially 24A-86 1,5
24A-BC 2D	

### 3. Project Plan:

Site and environmental setting, drawn to scale (staff will advise on area required). Plan to include:

- a. the scale, north arrow, and date;
- b. dimensions and heights of all existing and proposed structures;
- c. brief description and age of all structures (e.g., 2 story, frame house c.1900);
- d. grading at no less than 5' contours (contour maps can be obtained from the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, 8787 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring; telephone 495-4610); and
- e. site features such as walks, drives, fences, ponds, streams, trash dumpsters, mechanical equipment, and landscaping.
- 4. <u>Tree Survey</u>: If applicable, tree survey indicating location, caliper and species of all trees within project area which are 6" in caliper or larger (including those to be removed).

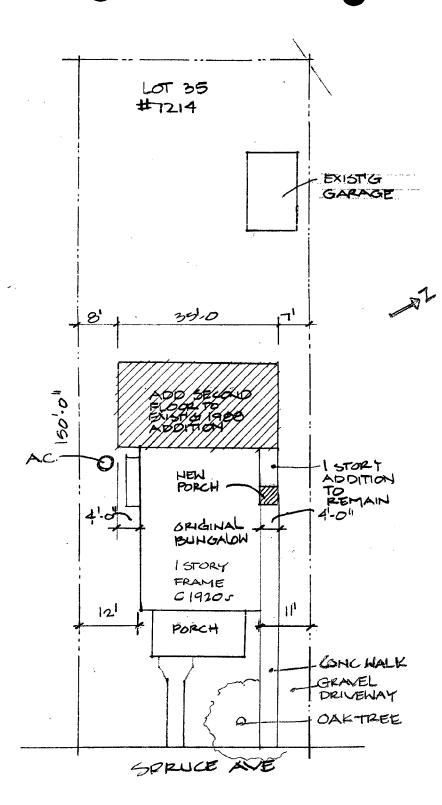
- 5. <u>Design Features</u>: Schematic construction plans drawn to scale at 1/8" = 1'-0", or 1/4" = 1'-0", indicating location, size and general type of walls, window and door openings, roof profiles, and other fixed features of both the existing resource(s) and the proposed work.
- 6. <u>Facades</u>: Elevation drawings, drawn to scale at 1/8" = 1'0", or 1/4" = 1'0", clearly indicating proposed work in relation to existing construction and, when appropriate, context. All materials and fixtures proposed for exterior must be noted on the elevations drawings. <u>An existing and a proposed elevation drawing of each facade affected by the proposed work is required.</u>
- 7. <u>Materials Specifications</u>: General description of materials and manufactured items proposed for incorporation in the work of the project.
- 8. <u>Photos of Resources</u>: Clearly labeled color photographic prints of each facade of existing resource, including details of the affected portions. All labels should be placed on the front of photographs.
- 9. <u>Photos of Context</u>: Clearly labeled color photographic prints of the resource as viewed from the public right-of-way and from adjoining properties, and of the adjoining and facing properties.

Color renderings and models are encouraged, but not generally required.

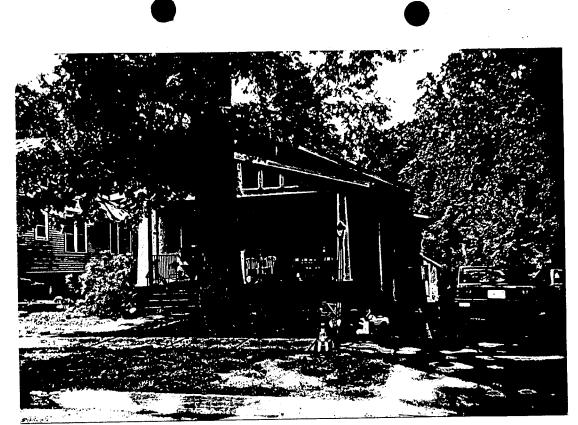
Applicant shall submit 2 copies of all materials in a format no larger than  $8 \frac{1}{2} \times 14$ ; black and white photocopies of color photos are acceptable with the submission of one original photo.

10. <u>Addresses of Adjacent Property Owners</u>. For <u>all</u> projects, provide an accurate list of adjacent and confronting property owners (not tenants), including names, addresses, and zip codes. This list should include the owners of all lots or parcels which adjoin the parcel in question, as well as the owner(s) of lot(s) or parcel(s) which lie directly across the street/highway from the parcel in question. If you need assistance obtaining this information, call the Department of Assessments and Taxation, at 279-1355.

1.	Name	Vay applebaum & Betoy Cohen_	
	Address	7209 willow Que	
	City/Zip	Taliema Paris, M& 20912	
2.	Name	Cathyrn D Mckight	Laure of Dept of assessments
÷.,	Address	7241 WILOW QUE	6.29.76 hst .
	City/Zip	Taliona, Park, Md. 20912	transfer -according
·			to people on street there is
		-3-	a possibility of rewowners)



SITE PLAN 1"= 20"



7214 SPRUCE : FRONT



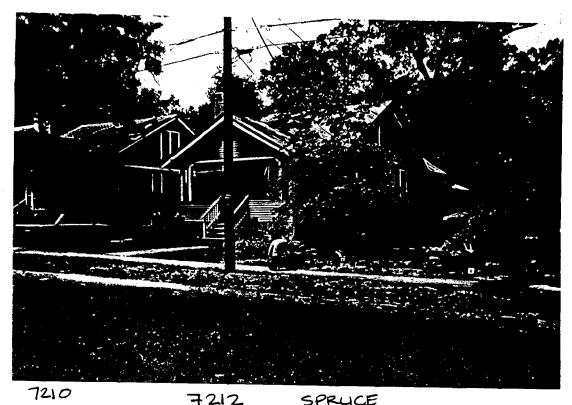
SPRUCE : REAR 7214



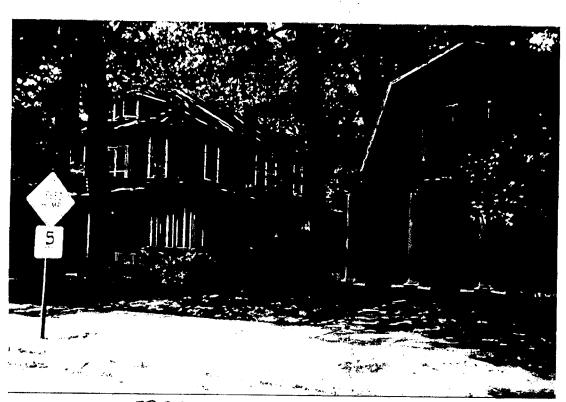
7214 SPRUCE SIDE (SOUTH)



7214 SPRUCE : FRONT & NORTH SIDE

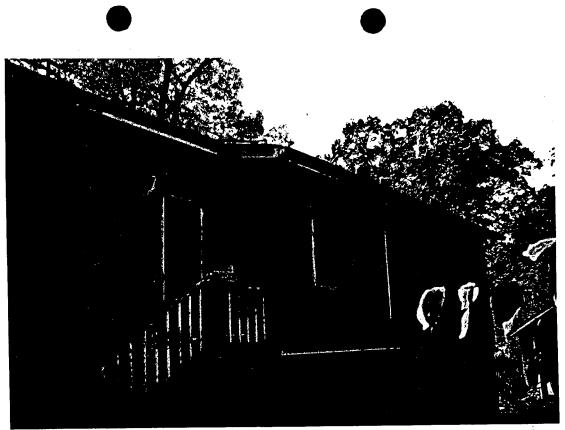


7212 SPRUCE



72.22 SPRUCE 7224

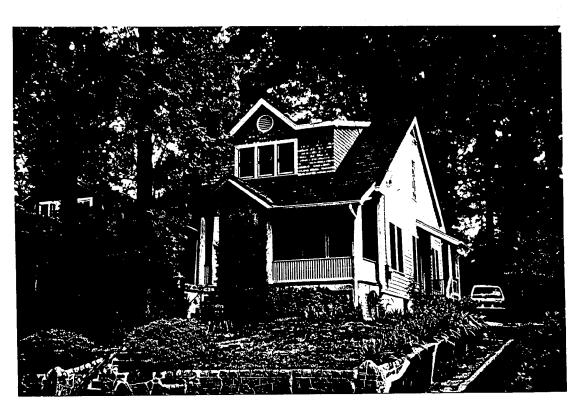
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7214 SPRUCE: LINK @ OLD TO NEW



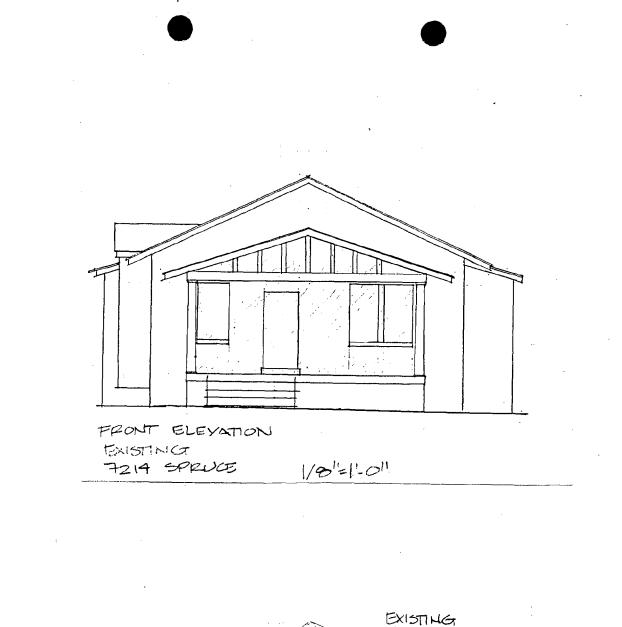
7214 IN CONTEXT



7213 SPRUCE

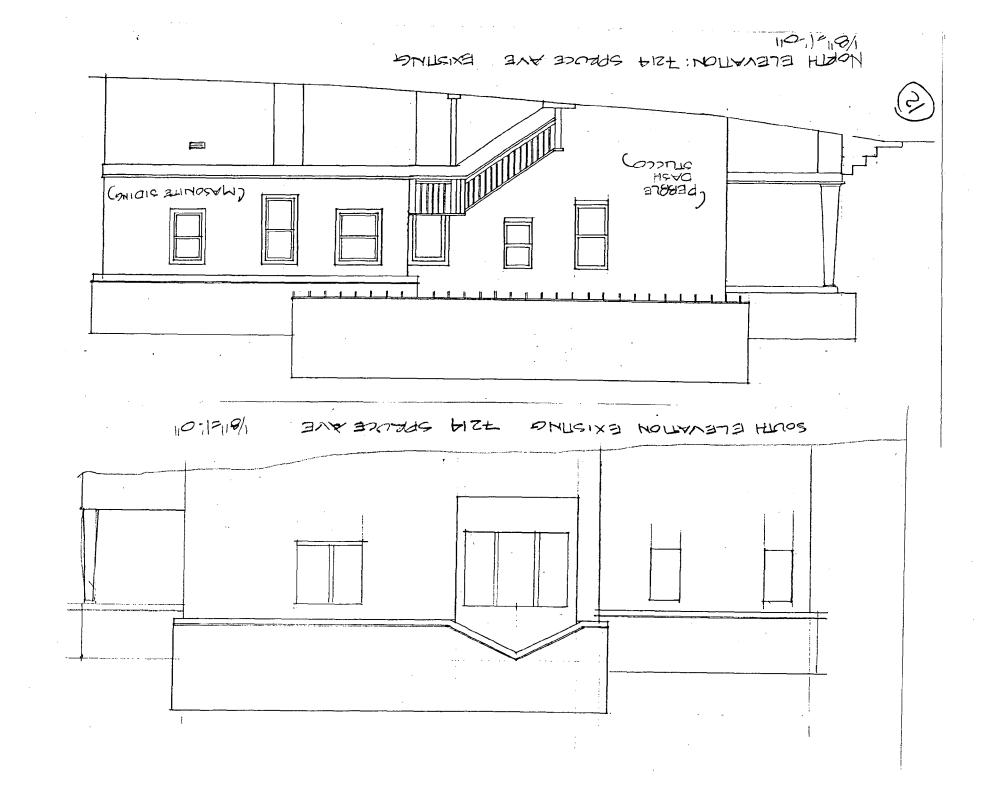


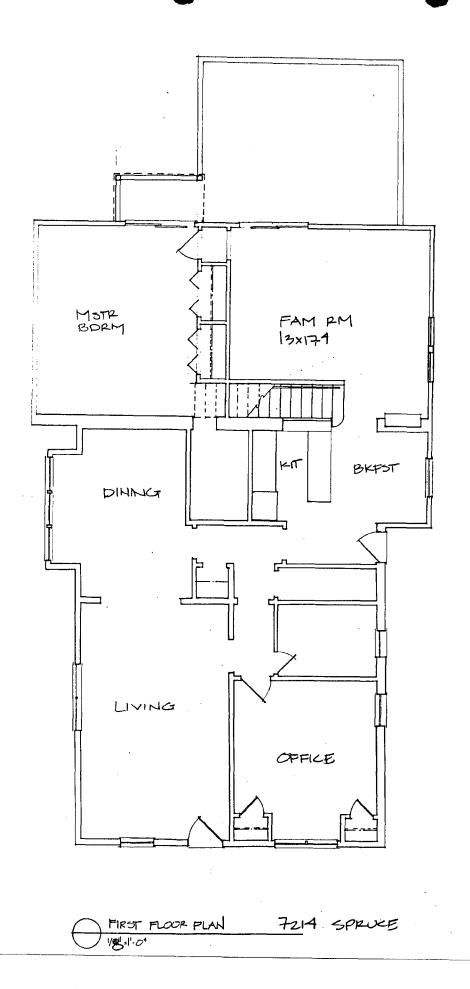
7214 SPRUCE 7216



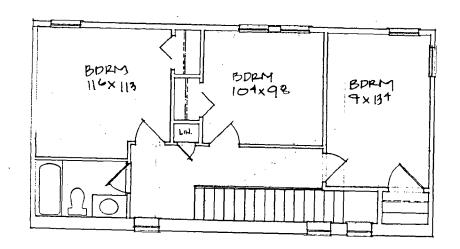


PEAR: EXISTING 7214 SPRUCE 1/81/61/-04



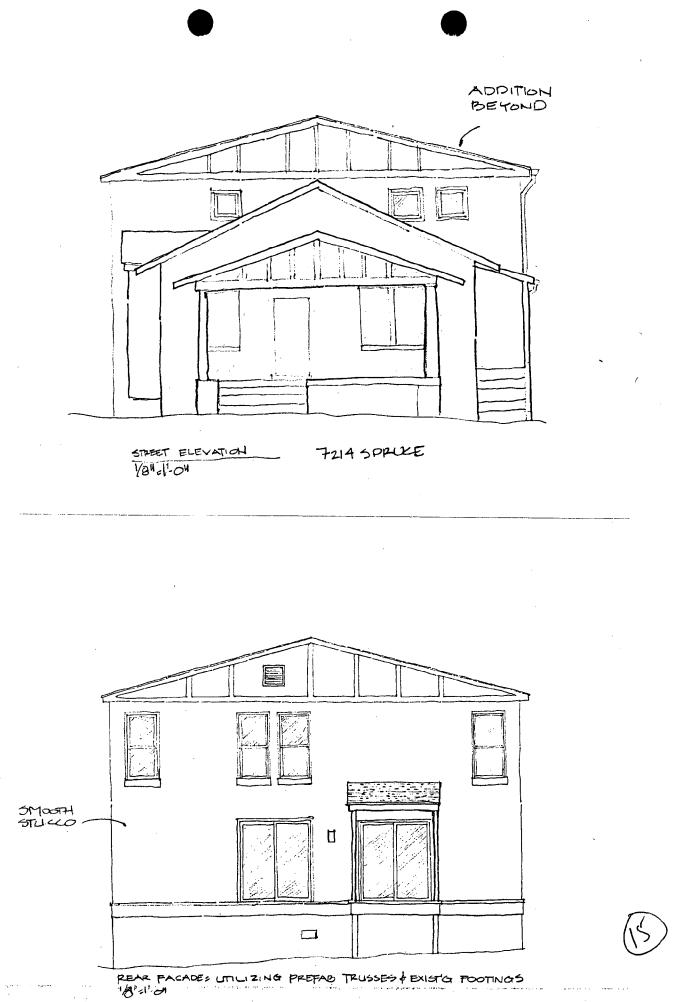


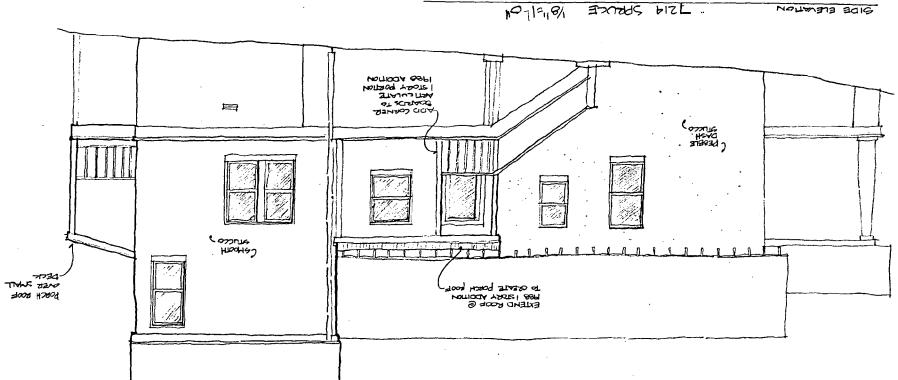




BECOND FLOOR DLAN 7214 SPROCE

(k)





# TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

We, the undersigned, as neighbors of the Seavey Family, applicants to the Montgomery County Historical Commission, do hereby request that the plan for the building of a second story in the back of their home be granted. The Seaveys have been a true asset to this neighborhood and we look forward to having them as a part of our community for years to come. Further, the addition, as it is currently proposed, is acceptable to us. We would like the commission to regard this second-story addition over a currently-existing structure as an economical and architecturally sound solution to the need for more space by the Seavey Family.

We thank you for your consideration of our opinion.

Address **Telephone Number** Name 72,7 SPRUCE AVE William AtIOMOR (30)891-2891 pruce ave. 301) 891-289 dmaro 670 829 -270-1 pruce ave 301 70-02 18 Tru 301 2 d idwe 301-270-5846 301-891-3070 220 NVNIC 301-270-6287 Spruce 301-270.628 7222 JARCE AVE H)-034/L 7207 (301) Z70-0542 SDRUG Ave 1301-270-05 72 7207 AVE. (301) 891-3236 1213 Price (301) 591 - 3236 Spruce Ave.



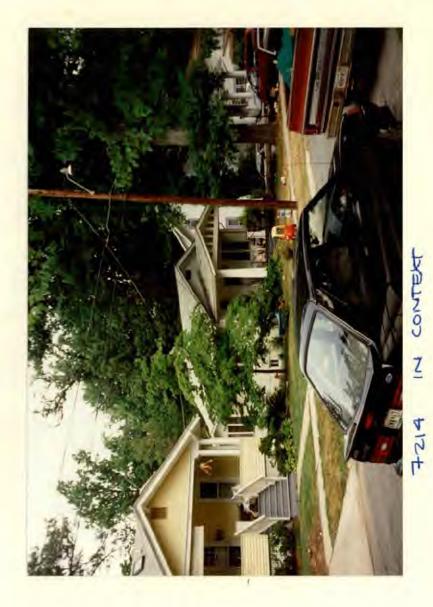
7210 7212 SPRUCE



7222 SPRUCE 7224



7214 SPRUCE: LINK @ OLD TO NEW



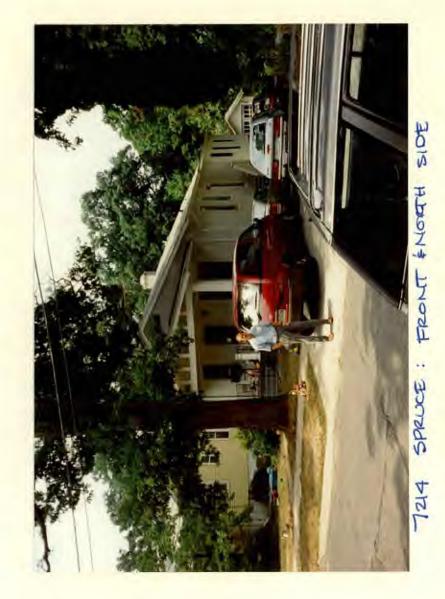




7214 SPRUCE ; REAR



7214 5PRUCE SIDE (SOUTH)





7213 SPRUCE



